CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 30 JUNE 2006 TOGETHER WITH AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

REVIEW REPORT OF THE AUDITOR

To the Board of Directors of Koç Finansal Hizmetler A.Ş.

- 1. We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated interim balance sheet of Koç Finansal Hizmetler A.Ş. ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") as of 30 June 2006 and the related consolidated interim statements of income, cash flows and changes in equity for the six months then ended. These consolidated interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to issue a report on these consolidated interim financial statements based on our review.
- 2. We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2400. This Standard requires that we plan and perform the review to obtain moderate assurance about whether the consolidated interim financial statements are free of material misstatement. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of company personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data and thus provides less assurance than an audit. We have not performed an audit and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.
- 3. Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group as of 30 June 2006, and of the results of its operations and its cash flows for the period then ended in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

We would like to draw your attention to the following matter:

4. As further explained in Note 35 of the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements, the process of the transfer of all rights, receivables, obligations and liabilities of Koçbank A.Ş. to Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş. by virtue of dissolution of Koçbank A.Ş. is still ongoing.

Başaran Nas Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. a member of PricewaterhouseCoopers

Zeynep Uras, SMMM Istanbul, 27 September 2006

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AT 30 JUNE 2006 AND 31 DECEMBER 2005

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	30 June 2006	Restated 31 December 2005
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with central banks	5	3,451,070	2,284,942
Due from banks	6	2,430,880	3,963,913
Trading securities	7	809,029	1,616,203
Investment securities			
- available-for-sale	8	1,193,996	1,219,791
- held-to-maturity	8	13,315,307	8,700,377
Investment in associate	9	46,320	35,917
Loans and advances to customers	10	25,542,816	20,579,334
Derivative financial instruments	11	138,784	25,005
Goodwill	12	1,213,253	1,213,253
Other intangible assets	13	181,926	200,022
Premises and equipment	14	1,312,685	1,364,132
Other assets	15	912,661	654,507
Deferred income tax assets	19	550,278	862,214
Total assets		51,099,005	42,719,610
LIABILITIES			
Due to banks	16	398,393	754,817
Due to customers	17	33,095,045	27,887,696
Other borrowed funds	18	8,153,311	5,106,980
Derivative financial instruments	11	52,465	30,248
Current income taxes payable	19	7,292	19,137
Deferred income tax liabilities	19	199,468	233,209
Other provisions	20	1,041,039	997,657
Reserve for employment termination benefits	21	91,016	88,625
Insurance technical reserves	22	841,717	830,043
Other liabilities	23	3,413,297	2,649,040
Total liabilities		47,293,043	38,597,452
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves			
attributable to the Company's equity holders:			
Share capital	25	2,511,275	2,511,275
Adjustment to share capital	25	82,466	82,466
Total paid-in share capital	25	2,593,741	2,593,741
Other reserves	26	24,003	(46,678)
Retained earnings	26	602,501	841,292
		3,220,245	3,388,355
Minority interest		585,717	733,803
Total equity		3,805,962	4,122,158
Total liabilities and equity		51,099,005	42,719,610

Commitments and contingent liabilities

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These consolidated interim financial statements as at and for the period ended 30 June 2006 have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 27 September 2006 and signed on its behalf by Kemal Kaya, the Chief Executive Officer and by Federico Ghizzoni, the Chief Operating Officer.

The accompanying notes set out on pages 5 to 70 form an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	2006	2005
Interest income	27	2,402,002	765,034
Interest expense	27	(1,420,340)	(385,480)
Net interest income		981,662	379,554
Fee and commission income Fee and commission expense	28 28	619,248 (145,713)	156,889 (24,687)
Net fee and commission income		473,535	132,202
Foreign exchange gains, net Net trading gains Insurance technical income, net		22,369 13,018 48,514	15,334 10,372
Other operating income Operating revenues		40,964 1,580,062	7,161 544,623
Other operating expenses	29	(896,367)	(227,325)
		683,695	317,298
Impairment losses on loans and advances	30	(115,034)	(56,133)
Other provisions Loss on net monetary position	20 2	(55,686)	(2,240) (20,062)
Operating profit		512,975	238,863
Share of profit of associate	9	2,398	
Profit before income tax		515,373	238,863
Income tax expense	19	(332,317)	(68,330)
Profit for the period		183,056	170,533
Attributable to:		209,903	169,713
Equity holders of the Company Minority interest		(26,847)	820
		183,056	170,533

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	2006	2005
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net profit for the period		183,056	170,533
Adjustments for:		01.720	(1.000)
Unrealised gain on trading securities, net	20	81,728	(1,098)
Allowances for losses on loans and advances Measurement of derivative financial instruments at fair value	30	115,034 (91,562)	56,133 16,908
Share of profit of associate	9	(2,398)	10,908
Amortisation of other intangible assets	29	17,114	3,717
Depreciation of premises and equipment	29	75,435	19,247
Impairment charge on premises	14	(1,331)	526
Impairment charge on intangible assets	13	2,770	-
Impairment charge on assets held for resale	15	2,865	2,876
Provision for current and deferred income taxes	19	332,317	68,330
Other provisions	20	55,686	2,240
Employment termination benefits	21	6,382	2,556
Other liabilities		146,912	24,083
Unearned commission income		(257)	4,893
Add back dividend income	27	(4,393)	(270.554)
Interest income - net	27	(981,662)	(379,554)
Interest paid		(1,457,561)	(364,498)
Interest received Inflation effect on non-operating activities		2,071,870	681,297 1,677
Inflation effect on provision for loan losses			(12,136)
Translation difference		67,113	(20,819)
Cash flows from operating profits before		07,110	(20,017)
changes in operating assets and liabilities		619,118	276,911
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Net (increase)/decrease in cash balances with central banks		(1,021,063)	51,316
Net decrease /(increase) in due from banks		11,336	(278)
Net decrease/(increase) in trading securities		725,446	(63,633)
Net (increase) in loans and advances to customers		(4,934,031)	(1,130,882)
Net decrease/(increase) in other assets Net (decrease)/increase in due to banks		93,045	(31,536)
Net increase in due to customers		(357,659)	67,748
Net increase in other liabilities and provisions		5,282,136 320,095	515,222 33,974
Income taxes paid		(132,728)	(91,116)
Inflation effect on operating activities		-	69,331
Net cash from / (used in) operating activities		605,695	(302,943)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property and equipment, net	14	(20,465)	(3,087)
Purchase of intangible assets, net	13	(971)	(811)
Cash outflow on acquisition		(612,620)	-
Purchase of investment securities, net		(4,370,721)	(262,635)
Dividends received		4,393	-
Inflation effect on investing activities		-	(83,762)
Net cash used in investing activities		(5,000,384)	(350,295)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowed funds, net		3,009,983	368,351
Proceeds from issuance of ordinary shares		-	-
Dividend paid to minority Inflation effect on financing activities		(527)	(6) 45,570
Net cash from financing activities		3,009,456	413,915
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(1,385,233)	(239,323)
Inflation effect on cash and cash equivalents		_	(32,815)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		4,390,689	1,867,579
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	4	3,005,456	1,595,441

The accompanying notes set out on pages 5 to 70 form an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Share capital	Adjustment to share capital	Total paid-in share capital	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Minority interest	Total
Balance at 1 January 2005 - as previously reported - effect of revision in IAS 39	581,964 -	387,899	969,863 -	(28,496) 4,292	486,820 (4,292)	5,777 -	1,433,964
- as restated	581,964	387,899	969,863	(24,204)	482,528	5,777	1,433,964
Net change in available for sale investments, net of tax Dividends paid Change in minority rates Currency translation differences (Note 26)	- - -	- - - -	- - - - -	(2,426) - - (20,842)	- - -	(6) - 23	(2,426) (6) - (20,819)
Profit for the period Balance at 30 June 2005	581,964	387,899	969.863	(47,472)	169,713 652,241	820 6,614	170,533 1,581,246
Barance at 30 June 2005	361,704	307,099	707,803	(47,472)	032,241	0,014	1,361,240
Balance at 1 January 2006 - as previously reported - effect of adjustments on preliminary fair values due to business combination (Note 24)	2,511,275	82,466	2,593,741	(46,678)	841,292	753,715 (19,912)	4,142,070 (19,912)
-as restated	2,511,275	82,466	2,593,741	(46,678)	841,292	733,803	4,122,158
Net change in available for sale investments, net of tax Gains on hedges of a net investment	-	-	-	8,153	-	6,025	14,178
in a foreign operation (Note 26) Capital increase cost Transfer from reserves	-	-	-	(22,465) - 6,986	(3,384) (6,986)	(10,985) (2,222)	(33,450) (5,606)
Purchase from minority interests (Note 24) Currency translation differences (Note 26) Dividends paid	- - -	- - - -	- - -	6,986 - 78,007 -	(438,324)	(136,073) 22,556 (540)	(574,397) 100,563 (540)
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	209,903	(26,847)	183,056
Balance at 30 June 2006	2,511,275	82,466	2,593,741	24,003	602,501	585,717	3,805,962

The accompanying notes set out on pages 5 to 70 form an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 1 - ORGANISATION AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Koç Finansal Hizmetler A.Ş. ("KFS" or the "Company" or the "Parent" or together with its subsidiaries it is referred to as "the Group" in these consolidated interim financial statements) was established as an investment company on 16 March 2001 for the purpose of bringing under one umbrella the ownership of Koç Group's financial sector companies by acquiring majority shares and rationalizing their business activities.

On 12 December 2001, a letter of intent has been signed for the establishment of a joint strategic partnership between Koç Group and UniCredit S.p.A. ("UCI") in the financial services area. Within the restructuring of the financial sector companies under KFS, the Company has become the ultimate shareholder of Koçbank A.Ş. ("the Bank"), Koç Finansal Kiralama A.Ş., Koç Factoring Hizmetleri A.Ş., Koç Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş., Koç Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş., Koçbank Nederland N.V, Koç Asset Management Suisse SA ("KAM Suisse") (currently liquidated), Stiching Custody Services KBN and Koçbank Azerbaijan Ltd. On 22 October 2002, after completion of the KFS restructuring, 50% of KFS shares were sold to UCI.

On 28 September 2005, the Group has acquired 57.42% of Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş. ("YKB") from companies of Çukurova Group and Savings Deposit Insurance Fund ("SDIF") (Note 24). During April, the Group purchased further 9.09% of YKB shares traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange ("ISE") and 0.79% of the shares under a foreign mutual fund in YKB's available-for-sale portfolio and as a result, the ownership of the Group increased to 67.31%.

YKB was established with the permission of the Council of Ministers of the Republic of Turkey no. 3/6710 at 9 September 1944 and registered in Istanbul, Turkey. YKB is authorised to perform all banking, economic, financial and commercial activities which are allowed by the laws of the Republic of Turkey. Statute of YKB didn't change since its incorporation. YKB shares are traded on the Istanbul Stock Exchange ("ISE") since 1987. As of 30 June 2006, 31.75% shares of YKB are publicly traded.

The Group provides banking, leasing, factoring and investment services and has operations in Turkey, the Netherlands, Azerbaijan, Germany and Russia. The major activity of the Group is concentrated in the banking sector in Turkey. At 30 June 2006, the Group has 15,761 employees (2005: 16,189).

The Company is registered in Istanbul, Turkey at the following address: Barbaros Bulvarı Morbasan Sok. Koza İş Merkezi C Blok, İstanbul, Turkey.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated interim financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

A. Basis of preparation

These consolidated interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ("IAS 34"). The consolidated interim financial statements are based on the historical cost convention, restated for the effects of inflation and as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale investment securities, financial assets and financial liabilities held for trading and all derivative contracts.

KFS and its domestic subsidiaries maintain their books of account and prepare their statutory financial statements in accordance with Turkish Banking Law and accounting principles promulgated by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") in Turkey, other relevant rules and regulations promulgated by the Turkish Commercial Code, Turkish Capital Market Board and Turkish tax legislation. The foreign subsidiaries maintain their books of account based on statutory rules and regulations applicable in their jurisdictions namely the Netherlands, Germany, Azerbaijan and Russian Federation. The consolidated interim financial statements are based on the statutory records with adjustments and reclassification including, where necessary, restatements for changes in the general purchasing power of YTL, for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with IFRS.

These consolidated interim financial statements are presented in the national currency of the Republic of Turkey, YTL which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

The preparation of consolidated interim financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in the respective accounting policy disclosures.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Restatement for the effects of hyperinflation

Financial reporting in hyperinflationary economies

Effective from 1 January 2006, international accounting and financial reporting bodies have determined that the Republic of Turkey is no longer meets the criteria of IAS 29 for hyperinflation. Beginning in 2006, Group ceased applying IAS 29 to current periods and only recognizes the cumulative impact of inflation indexing on non-monetary elements of the financial statements through 31 December 2005. Monetary items and results of operations as of and for the period ended 30 June 2006 are reported at actual, nominal amounts.

IAS 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" requires that financial statements prepared in the currency of a hyperinflationary economy be stated in terms of the measuring unit current at the balance sheet date, and that corresponding figures for previous periods be restated in the same terms. The inflation rate is determined on the basis of the Turkish nationwide Wholesale Price Index ("WPI") published by the Turkish Statistical Institute ("TURKSTAT") valid up until 31 December 2004. From 1 January 2005 TURKSTAT has introduced the Producer Price Index ("PPI") as a new index measuring inflation.

The restatement for changes in the general purchasing power of the New Turkish lira as of 31 December 2005 was based on IAS 29, which requires that financial statements prepared in the currency of a hyperinflationary economy be stated in terms of the measuring unit current at the balance sheet date, and that corresponding figures for previous periods be restated in the same terms. The restatement of the comparative amounts was calculated by means of conversion factors derived from the Turkish nationwide wholesale price index ("WPI") adjusted for 31 December 2005 with Producer Price Index ("PPI") published by the Turkish Statistical Institute ("Turkstat").

The restatement of the comparative amounts was calculated by means of conversion factors derived from the Turkish nationwide wholesale price index ("WPI") adjusted for 31 December 2005 with Producer Price Index ("PPI") published by the Turkish Statistical Institute.("Turkstat").

The indices and conversion factors used to restate the comparative amounts until 31 December 2005 are given below,

Dates	Index	Conversion factor
31 December 2005	8,627.3	1.000
30 June 2005	8,562.6	1.028

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The main procedures for the above-mentioned restatement are as follows:

- Financial statements prepared in the currency of a hyperinflationary economy are stated in terms of the measuring unit current at the balance sheet date, and corresponding figures for previous periods are restated in the same terms.
- Monetary assets and liabilities that are carried at amounts current at the balance sheet date are not restated because they are already expressed in terms of the monetary unit current at the balance sheet date.
- Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are not carried at amounts current at the balance sheet date and components of equity are restated by applying the relevant (monthly, yearly average, year end) conversion factors.
- Comparative financial statements are restated using general inflation indices at the current purchasing power at the latest balance sheet date.
- All items in the statement of income are restated by applying the monthly conversion factors.
- The effects of inflation on the Group's net monetary position are included in the statement of income as gains or losses on net monetary position.

C. Consolidation

(a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries, in which Group directly or indirectly has power to govern the financial and operating policies, have been fully consolidated. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to Group and are no longer consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The list of subsidiaries at 30 June 2006 is as follows:

				e 2006	31 December 2005	
	Country of	Nature of	Control	Effective	Control	Effective
Name of subsidiary	incorporation	business	rates (%)	rates (%)	rates (%)	rates (%)
Koçbank A.Ş.	Turkey	Banking	99.78	99.78	99.78	99.78
Kocbank Nederland N.V.	Netherlands	Banking	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Kocbank Azerbaijan Ltd.	Azerbaijan	Banking	100.00	100.00	80.00	80.00
Koç Finansal Kiralama A.Ş.	Turkey	Leasing	99.00	99.00	99.00	99.00
Koç Faktoring Hizmetleri A.Ş.	Turkey	Factoring	99.94	99.94	99.94	99.94
Koç Yatının Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Turkey	Investment management		99.92	99.92	99.92
Koc Portföy Yönetimi A.S.	Turkey	Portfolio management	99.97	99.89	99.97	99.89
Yapı Kredi Bankası A.S. ("YKB")	Turkey	Banking	67.31	67.16	58.22	57.75
Yapı Kredi Bank Nederland N.V.	Netherlands	Banking	100.00	67.16	100.00	57.75
Yapı Kredi Bank Moscow	Russia	Banking	100.00	67.16	100.00	57.75
Yapı Kredi Bank Deutschland A.G.	Germany	Banking	97.50	65.49	97.50	56.31
Yapı Kredi Finansal Kiralama A.O.	Turkey	Leasing	98.41	66.08	98.41	56.82
Yapı Kredi Faktoring A.Ş.	Turkey	Factoring	99.98	67.15	99.98	57.74
Yapı Kredi Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	•	Investment management		67.15	99.99	57.74
Yapı Kredi Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Turkey	Portfolio management	97.50	63.35	97.50	54.47
Yapı Kredi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	Turkey	Portfolio management	56.07	37.65	56.07	32.38
Yapı Kredi Bank Holding B.V.	Netherlands	Holding	100.00	67.16	100.00	57.75
Yapı Kredi Sigorta A.Ş.	Turkey	Insurance	93.95	63.10	93.95	54.26
Yapı Kredi Emeklilik A.Ş.	Turkey	Insurance	100.00	63.10	100.00	54.26
Stiching Custody Services KBN	Netherlands	Custody services	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Yapı Kredi Bank Netherland	retileralius	Custody services	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Global Custody B.V.	Netherlands	Custody services	100.00	67.16	100.00	57.88
Koç Kültür Sanat ve	Netherlands	Custody services	100.00	07.10	100.00	37.00
Tanıtım Hizmetleri Tic. A.Ş. ("Koç Kül	tiir) (*) Turkov	Culture / art publications	54.84	54.84	54.84	54.84
Yapı Kredi Koray Gayrimenkul	iui)(') Tuikey	Culture / art publications	34.04	34.04	34.64	34.64
Yatının Ortaklığı A.Ş. ("Yapı Kredi Ko	rav)(*) Turkey	Real estate	30.45	20.44	30.45	17.58
Akdeniz Marmara Turizm Ticaret A.S.	Turkey	Tourism	100.00	67.16	100.00	57.75
("Akdeniz Marmara") (*)	Turkey	TOUTISHI	100.00	07.10	100.00	31.13
Bayındırlık İşleri A.Ş. ("Bayındırlık İşleri) (*) Turkey	Construction	100.00	66.60	100.00	57.40
Agro-san Kimya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	, ()					
("Agro-san") (*)	Turkey	Agricultural chemicals	100.00	66.60	100.00	57.40
Yapı Kredi Kart Hizmetleri A.Ş.		6				
("Yapı Kredi Kart") (*)	Turkey	Member store services	100.00	67.16	100.00	57.75
Yapı Kredi Kültür Sanat Yayıncılık Ticare			100.00	07.10	100.00	55
Sanayi A.Ş. ("Yapı Kredi Kültür") (*)	Turkey	Culture / art publications	100.00	67.16	100.00	57.75
		*				

^(*) These subsidiaries were not consolidated due to immateriality.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

At 30 June 2006 total assets, total shareholder's equity, net profit/(loss) for the period, and number of personnel of above-mentioned subsidiaries that were not consolidated due to immateriality and are carried at cost after deduction for any impairment are as follows:

	Total assets	Total shareholders' equity	Total retained earnings	Net profit/ (loss)	Number of personnel
Yapı Kredi Koray	236,731	94,859	(37,314)	1,974	59
Akdeniz Marmara (**)	30,164	27,374	3,642	(291)	-
Agro-san	19,867	(26,499)	(33,333)	(1,329)	5
Bayındırlık İşleri (**)	18,170	17,347	(3,313)	(3,748)	3
Yapı Kredi Kültür	6,525	4,201	266	266	88
Yapı Kredi Kart	439	421	35	36	1
Koç Kültür	73	68	(32)	(27)	
	311,969	117,771	(70,049)	(3,119)	156

^(**) Figures are as of 30 April 2006.

The balance sheets and statements of income of the subsidiaries are consolidated on a line-by-line basis and the carrying value of the investment held by KFS and its subsidiaries is eliminated against the related equity. Intercompany transactions and balances between the Group companies are eliminated on consolidation. The dividends arising from subsidiaries are eliminated from profit of the period.

Where necessary, accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

(b) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investment in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill (net of any accumulated impairment loss) identified on acquisition.

The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in the income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in Group's equity. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The details of the associate at 30 June 2006 is as follows:

			Historical						
Name of associate	Country of incorporation	Nature of business	Original currency	share capital	Control rate(%)	Effective rate (%)			
Banque de Commerce et de Placements ("Banque de Commerce")	Switzerland	Banking	CHF thousand	75,000	30.67	20.59			

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Transactions and minority interests

The Group applies a policy of treating transactions with minority interests as transactions within the Group, as the minority interests are perceived as genuine equity participations. An acquisition of minority interest is treated as a transaction between equity shareholders which effects the ownership structure of the entity but not its operations. The difference between the acquisition cost and net asset acquired portion is recognised under equity. Disposals from minority interests are also considered as equity transactions and result in changes in the equity of the Group.

D. Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional currency

Items included in the financial statements of each entity of the Group are measured using the currency that best reflects the economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated interim financial statements are presented in YTL, which is the presentation currency of the parent company, KFS.

(ii) Transactions and balances

The financial statements are presented in YTL, the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates ("the functional currency"). Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

(iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of that balance sheet,
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates.

Exchange differences resulting from the different rates applied for the translation of the balance sheet and the income statement as well as differences arising from the translation of the portion of the net asset value in foreign entities pertaining to the Group are recognised as translation reserves in the equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to shareholders' equity.

When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in the income statement as part of the gain or loss on the sale.

E. Related parties

For the purpose of these consolidated interim financial statements, shareholders, companies controlled by or affiliated with them and other companies within the Koç Group and the UCI Group are considered and referred to as related parties (Note 32).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are trading securities, which were either acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing them in the near term or part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking.

Trading securities are initially recognised and subsequently re-measured at fair value. All related realised and unrealised fair value gains and losses are included in net trading income. Interest earned whilst holding trading securities is reported as interest income.

All purchases and sales of trading securities that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention ("regular way" purchases and sales) are recognised at the settlement date, which is the date that the asset is delivered to/by the Group.

G. Investment securities

Investment securities are classified into the following two categories: held-to-maturity and available-for-sale assets. Investment securities with fixed maturity, where management has both the intent and the ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity. Investment securities intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rates, exchange rates or equity prices, or client's servicing activity are classified as available-for-sale. Management determines the appropriate classification of its investments at the time of the purchase.

Investment securities are initially recognised at fair value. Available-for-sale financial assets are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of securities classified as available-for sale are recognised in the equity, until the financial asset is derecognised or impaired at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity is transferred to income statement.

Held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective yield method, less any provision for impairment.

Equity securities classified as available-for-sale are carried at fair values except unlisted equity securities, which are measured at cost after deduction for any impairment (Note 8).

Interest earned whilst holding investment securities is reported as interest income.

All purchases and sales of investment securities are recognised at settlement date, which is the date the asset is delivered to/by the Group.

Unsettled transactions are recorded as off-balance sheet commitments until the settlement date.

H. Sale and repurchase agreements

Securities sold subject to linked repurchase agreements ('repos') are retained in the financial statements as available-for-sale, held-for-trading and held to maturity and a counterparty liability is included in due to other banks or due to customers. Securities purchased under agreements to resell ("reverse repo") are recorded as due from banks. The difference between sale and repurchase price is treated as interest and amortised over the life of repo agreements using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Loans and advances to customers

Loans and advances to customers are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of trading the receivable.

All loans and advances are recognised when cash is advanced to borrowers and carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Impairment on loans and advances are incurred if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset that can be reliably estimated.

The amount of the provision for the loans that are assessed as individually impaired and loans under legal follow-up is the difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount, being the net present value of expected cash flows, including amounts recoverable from guarantees and collateral, discounted at the original effective interest rate of loans.

The provision for loan also covers losses from the collective assessment where financial assets are grouped by using the internal models developed by the Group stemming from the classification of loans into risk rating classes based on the observation of a series of parameters related to the borrower and/or to the utilization of the loan. The methodology and assumptions used for the collective assessment are reviewed regularly by the Group to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

The movement in provision is charged against the income for the period. When a loan is deemed uncollectible, it is written off against the related provision for impairment. The loan is written off after all the necessary legal proceedings have been completed and the amount of the loan loss is finally determined. Subsequent recoveries are credited to the income statement if previously written off. Provisions are reversed, in part or as a whole, if the reason that originated them ceases to exist.

J. Premises and equipment

All premises and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and permanent impairment if any. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to write down the cost of such assets to their residual values over their estimated useful life as follows:

Buildings
Furniture and fixtures and motor vehicles
Office equipment
Leasehold improvements

5 years, or over the period of the lease if less than 5 years

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

Assets that are subject to depreciation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Gains and losses on disposal of property and equipment are determined by reference to their carrying amount and are taken into account for the determination of net profit.

Expenses for the repair of property and equipment are charged against income. They are, however, capitalised if they result in an enlargement or substantial improvement of the respective assets.

Leasehold improvements comprise primarily the capitalised branch refurbishment costs.

K. Other intangible assets

(i) Computer software

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised on the basis of the expected useful lives (not exceeding a period of five years).

(ii) Trademarks and customer relationships related intangibles

Intangible assets such as trademarks and customer relationships related intangibles acquired in a business combination (Note 24) are carried at fair value at the acquisition date. The fair value of an intangible asset reflects market expectations about the probability that the future economic benefits embodied in the asset will flow to the Group. In other words, the effect of probability is reflected in the fair value measurement of the intangible asset. The Group recognises at the acquisition date separately from goodwill an intangible asset of the acquiree if the asset's fair value can be measured reliably, irrespective of whether the asset had been recognised by the acquiree before the business combination. Those intangible assets are amortised using the straight-line method over their useful lives that have been assessed as 10 years.

(iii) Other intangible assets

Expenditure to acquire patents, rights and licenses is capitalised and amortised using the straight-line method over their useful lives of 5 years.

L. Accounting for leases

(i) Group company is the lessor

When assets are sold under a finance lease, the present value of the lease payments is recognised as a receivable. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as unearned finance income. Lease income is recognised over the term of the lease using the net investment method, which reflects a constant periodic rate of return.

(ii) Group company is the lessee

Assets acquired under finance lease agreements are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased asset, which is the amount of cash consideration given for the leased asset. Lease payments are treated as comprising capital and interest elements; the capital element is treated as reducing the capitalised obligation under the lease and the interest element is charged to income. Depreciation on the leased asset is also charged to income on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the asset.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary at the date of acquisition of control. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any (Note 12 and 24).

N. Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities including due to banks, due to customers and other borrowed funds are recognised initially at cost. Subsequently, financial liabilities are stated at amortised cost, including transaction costs, and any difference between net proceeds and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the financial liability using the effective interest method.

O. Income taxes

(i) Income taxes currently payable

Income taxes ("corporation tax") currently payable are calculated based in accordance with the Turkish tax legislation (Note 19).

Taxation for foreign subsidiaries has been provided for in these consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with relevant tax legislations currently in force in countries of the operation of related foreign subsidiaries.

Taxes other than on income are recorded within operating expenses (Note 29).

(ii) Deferred income taxes

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements.

The rates enacted, or substantively enacted, at the balance sheet date are used to determine deferred income tax.

The principal temporary differences arise from measurement of financial assets and liabilities at fair value, provision for loan impairment and provision for employment termination benefits.

Deferred income tax liabilities and assets are recognised when it is probable that the future economic benefit resulting from the reversal of temporary differences will flow to or from the Group. Deferred income tax assets resulting from temporary differences are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred income tax asset can be utilised (Note 19).

P. Employment termination benefits

Employment termination benefits represent the present value of the estimated total reserve for the future probable obligation of the Company and its domestic subsidiaries arising from the retirement of the employees calculated in accordance with the Turkish Labour Law and other legislation in the countries where the Group operate (Note 21).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Q. Other provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

Provision on estimated liability on transfer of the Fund (Note 20)

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası Anonim Şirketi Mensupları Yardım ve Emekli Sandığı Vakfı ("the Fund") is a separate legal entity and a foundation recognised by an official decree, providing all qualified YKB employees with pension and post-retirement benefits.

The Banking Law No. 5411 ("the Banking Law") which was enacted on 1 November 2005, includes the provision that requires the transfer of pension funds of the banks, including the Fund, to the Social Security Institution ("SSK") within three years following the publication of the Banking Law. In accordance with the Banking Law, actuarial calculation of the liability (if any) on the transfer should be performed by taking into account the procedures and other parameters determined by the commission established by Ministry of Labour and Social Security. Accordingly, the Group calculated the estimated liability for transfer of the Fund to SSK in accordance with the methods determined by this commission and the amount of the liability has been accounted for under "Other provisions" in the balance sheet (Note 20).

R. Interest income and expense

Interest income and expense are recognised in the income statement for all instruments measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and points paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, interest income is recognised using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

S. Fee and commission income and expense

Fees and commissions are generally recognised in the income statement on an accrual basis over the life of the transaction to which they refer to or on a cash basis at the time the service is received/ the transaction is performed, whichever is more appropriate.

Portfolio and other management, advisory and service fees are recognised based on the applicable service contracts.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

T. Acceptances

Acceptances comprise undertakings by the Group to pay bills of exchange drawn on customers, if the latter fails to meet their obligation. Acceptances are accounted for as off-balance sheet transactions.

U. Other credit related commitments

In the normal course of business, the Group enters into other credit related commitments including loan commitments, letters of credit and guarantees. These are reported as off-balance sheet items at their notional amounts and are assessed using the same criteria as originated loans (Note 2.I). Specific provisions are therefore established when losses are considered probable and recorded as other provisions. The provision for credit related commitments also covers losses from the collective assessment where the commitments are grouped by using the internal models developed by the Group stemming from the classification of credit related commitments into risk rating classes based on the observation of a series of parameters related to the borrower and/or to the utilization of the loan.

V. Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. Fair values are obtained from quoted market prices in active markets, including recent market transactions, and valuation techniques, including discounted cash flow models. Fair values of derivatives are carried as assets when positive and as liabilities when is negative. The best evidence of the fair value of a derivative at initial recognition is the transaction price (i.e. the fair value of the consideration given or received), derivative financial instruments are classified as held for trading.

Certain derivative transactions, even though providing effective economic hedges under the Group risk management position, do not qualify for hedge accounting under the specific rules in IAS 39, and are therefore treated as derivatives held for trading with fair value gains and losses reported in income statement. Fair value of over-the-counter ("OTC") forward foreign exchange contracts is determined based on the comparison of the original forward rate with the forward rate calculated by reference to market interest rates of the related currency for the remaining period of the contract, discounted to 30 June 2006. The difference between the spot rate at the time of origination and the original forward rate (for matured contracts) and the original forward rate discounted to balance sheet date (for outstanding contracts) is reclassified to interest income or expense.

W. Hedge accounting

The Group documents at the inception of the transaction the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objectives and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in values of hedged items.

Net investment hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of borrowings that are designated and qualify as net investment hedges are recognised in equity. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the income statement.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Any gain or loss on the hedging instrument relating to the effective portion of the hedge is recognised in equity; the gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the income statement.

Gains and losses accumulated in equity are included in the income statement when the foreign operation is disposed of.

X. Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Y. Cash and cash equivalents

The cash and cash equivalents comprise balances with less than 90 days' maturity including cash and balance with the central banks excluding reserve requirements and amounts due from banks (Note 4).

Z. Insurance business

Premium Income

Premium income is recognised in the period over which insurance coverage is provided to the customer. Premiums received relating to future periods are deferred on a daily pro-rated basis and only recognised in the income statement when earned.

Reinsurance premiums are recognised on the same basis as the related premium income.

Claims

A provision is made for the estimated cost of claims notified but not settled and claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) at the balance sheet date, less amounts recoverable from reinsurers.

The provision for the cost of claims notified but not settled is based upon a best estimate of the cost of settling each outstanding claim, on a case by case basis, after taking into account all known facts, recent past experience and assumptions about the future development of the outstanding cases.

Deferred Acquisition Costs

The direct and indirect costs and commission expenses incurred in acquiring the unearned portion of premiums are recorded in the balance sheet under other assets and recognised in income statement on the same basis as the premiums to which they relate.

Unearned Premium Reserve

Unearned premiums are those portions of the premiums underwritten during the year that relate to the period of risk subsequent to the balance sheet date for all policies other than life policies with more than one year of maturity. Unearned premium reserve set aside for unexpired risks has been computed on a daily pro-rated basis.

In calculating the provision for unearned premium, reinsurance commissions are deferred with the same rates used in unearned premium calculation and included in current year unearned premium reserve.

Outstanding Claims / IBNR Reserves

The outstanding claims reserve represents the estimate of the total reported costs of notified claims on an individual case basis at the end of the year, as well as the corresponding handling costs. A provision for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) is also established.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Mathematical Reserves

The mathematical reserves have been calculated on the life policies in force at year-end by using actuarial assumptions and formulas which have been approved by the Prime Ministry Undersecretariat of Treasury ("Treasury").

Profit Share Reserve

Profit share is the portion of investment income allocated to life policy holders from income generated due to premiums of life policies with a savings clause. Such policies normally have at least 10 years of maturity and policy holders are entitled to receive a profit share after 3 years from the date of policy issuance. Profit share is calculated on an individual policy basis. Investment income presented within income from insurance operations represents income generated through utilization of funds associated with mathematical reserves in various investment tools whereas provision for profit share represents the amount allocated to policy holders out of investment income after certain deductions.

Liability adequacy test

At each balance sheet date, liability adequacy tests are performed to ensure the adequacy of the contract liabilities. Any deficiency is immediately charged to profit or loss. The Group has no additional liability with respect to the life insurance portfolio of its subsidiary since in its revised tariffs the subsidiary changed the basis of its life profit share calculation to guarantee an annual return of the lower of the guaranteed rate or the annual inflation rate.

AA. Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform changes in presentation in the current year.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Strategy in using financial instruments

The Group provides a wide range of services to satisfy customer needs that involve the use of financial instruments including derivative transactions.

In particular, the Group accepts deposits from customers and seeks to earn above-average interest margins by investing these funds in high quality assets, mostly Turkish government bonds and treasury bills, and through lending to commercial and retail borrowers with a range of credit standing. Lending activity also involves off-balance sheet transactions, such as letters of credit and other credit related commitments.

The Group also seeks to increase margins by consolidating short-term funds and lending for longer periods at higher rates through money market and interbank borrowings, whilst maintaining sufficient liquidity to manage potential outflows.

Derivative instruments are limited to financial instruments such as forwards, swaps, futures in the foreign exchange and capital markets. These transactions are considered as effective economic hedges under the Group's risk management policies. However, since they do not qualify for hedge accounting under the specific provisions of IAS 39, they are treated as derivatives held for trading.

Net investment hedges

The Group hedges part of the currency translation risk of net investments in foreign operations through currency borrowings.

The Group's Euro-denominated borrowing is designated as a hedge of the net investment in the Group's some EUR denominated subsidiaries. The fair value of the borrowing at 30 June 2006 was EUR110 million. The foreign exchange loss of YTL22,465 thousand, net of tax, on translation of the borrowing to YTL at the balance sheet date was recognised in "other reserves" in shareholders' equity. No amounts were withdrawn from equity during the period as there were no disposals of foreign operations.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

B. Risk management

The Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach is used for measurement of the potential future loss of the Group's portfolio under normal market conditions. The reaction of the portfolio to extreme market movements in terms of market value is measured via Stress Testing.

Risks emerging in the Group's business and activities are defined as credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk and operational risk.

The Board of Directors and senior management supports any development in the use of risk management tools in terms of measurement, monitoring and management of the risks, allocation of the capital through business divisions on a risk/return basis and the determining of the economic capital.

C. Credit risk

Credit risk is defined as the likelihood that the credit standing of a counterparty can deteriorate and, therefore, the counterparty will not be able to meet its obligations (both cash and non-cash ones).

Credit quality is monitored by managing the specific risk of the counterparty as well as the portfolio risk. With regard to the specific risk component i.e. that associated with individual relationships the focus of approaches and tools used to support the lending activity, during both the loan approval phase and in managing customer relationships, is to assign a standardised assessment of each customer. Specifically, loans are made to corporate and commercial customers basing on a process combining both quantitative (balance sheet, income and cash flow analysis, collaterals' value) and qualitative information (management assessment, competitive position, sector performance and environmental factors). Portfolio risk is managed by diversifying lending activity, i.e. by industry, sector or geographical area.

Retail lending assessment, instead, is mostly based on the scoring resulting from the combination of several factors (credit history, salary, time of employment, etc.)

Geographical concentrations of assets, liabilities and other credit related commitments:

30 June 2006	Total	0/	Total liabilities	%	Other credit related commitments	%
30 June 2000	assets	%	Habilities	% 0	commitments	90
Turkey	47,322,915	93	36,808,595	78	13,273,698	90
Other European countries	2,092,314	4	9,266,977	20	652,167	4
Italy	30,873	_	230,621	_	68,788	_
Other countries	1,652,903	3	986,850	2	754,528	6
Total	51,099,005	100	47,293,043	100	14,749,181	100
31 December 2005	Total assets	%	Total liabilities	%	Other credit related commitments	%
Turkey	38,875,894	91	31,480,050	82	12,105,646	92
Other European countries	2,088,466	5	5,478,859	14	454,430	3
Italy	26,301	-	187,162	-	66,107	1
Other countries	1,728,949	4	1,451,381	4	520,635	4
Total	42,719,610	100	38,597,452	100	13,146,818	100

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

D. Market risk

Market risk is the risk of incurring value fluctuations in the Group's positions which are associated with potential changes in prices and other market factors.

The Group, based on its current activities, considers foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk as the most important components of market risk. Currency and interest rate risks are analysed both on a portfolio and product basis.

The monitoring of limits for such risks is performed both with reference to capital structure as well as to VaR analysis.

(i). Currency risk

Foreign exchange exposure is the result of the mismatch of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities (including foreign currency indexed ones) together with exposures resulting from off-balance sheet foreign exchange derivative instruments. These are mainly represented by currency forwards and currency swaps.

Limits for currency risk are set in terms of maximum position and Value-at-Risk allowed and are monitored on a daily basis (both intraday and overnight exposure).

Included in the table are the Group's assets and liabilities at carrying amounts, categorised by currency. The off-balance sheet gap represents the difference between the notional amounts of purchase and sale foreign currency derivative financial instruments.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Concentrations of assets, liabilities and off balance sheet items:

30 June 2006

		Foreig	gn currency	r		
	US\$	EUR	Other	Total	YTL	Total
Assets						
Cash and balances with central banks	,	1,516,032	141,945	2,160,465	1,290,605	3,451,070
Due from banks	953,513	1,178,402	54,846	2,186,761	244,119	2,430,880
Trading securities	245,608	202,454	1,088	449,150	359,879	809,029
Investment securities						
- available-for-sale	623,318	95,709	173,917	892,944	301,052	1,193,996
- held-to-maturity	6,130,355	1,368,570	-	7,498,925	5,816,382	13,315,307
Investment in associates	-	-	46,320	46,320	-	46,320
Loans and advances to customers	8,019,094	3,017,528	275,503	11,312,125	14,230,691	25,542,816
Derivative financial instruments	15,649	1,039	2,213	18,901	119,883	138,784
Goodwill	-	-	-	-	1,213,253	1,213,253
Other intangible assets	-	121	46	167	181,759	181,926
Premises and equipment	-	9,957	12,007	21,964	1,290,721	1,312,685
Other assets	143,720	128,809	10,962	283,491	629,170	912,661
Deferred income tax assets	-	894	57	951	549,327	550,278
Total assets	16,633,745	7,519,515	718,904	24,872,164	26,226,841	51,099,005
Liabilities						
Due to banks	60,403	27,276	161,224	248,903	149,490	398,393
Due to customers	10,310,564	5,254,275	501,474	16,066,313	17,028,732	33,095,045
Other borrowed funds	4,454,397	3,009,679	90,527	7,554,603	598,708	8,153,311
Derivative financial instruments	23,101	1,798	268	25,167	27,298	52,465
Current income taxes payable	-	5,022	795	5,817	1,475	7,292
Deferred income tax liabilities	-	212	3,069	3,281	196,187	199,468
Other provisions	-	2,005	81	2,086	1,038,953	1,041,039
Reserve for employment						
termination benefits	-	1,070	-	1,070	89,946	91,016
Insurance technical reserves	300,985	100,030	-	401,015	440,702	841,717
Other liabilities	344,741	271,099	42,590	658,430	2,754,867	3,413,297
Total liabilities	15,494,191	8,672,466	800,028	24,966,685	22,326,358	47,293,043
Net balance sheet position	1,139,554	(1,152,951)	(81,124)	(94,521)	3,900,483	3,805,962
Off-balance sheet derivative instruments net notional position (Note 31)	(960,897)	1,089,963	209,979	339,045	(305,584)	33,461
Net foreign currency position	178,657	(62,988)	128,855	244,524	3,594,899	3,839,423
11ct for eigh currency position	1/0,03/	(02,700)	120,033	444,324	3,374,077	3,037,423

At 30 June 2006, assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency were translated into YTL using a foreign exchange rate of YTL1.5628 = US\$1, and YTL1.9592 = EUR1 (31 December 2005: YTL1.3094 = US\$1, and YTL1.5506 = EUR1).

For the purpose of calculating currency risks, foreign currency indexed loans and securities have been reported in this table in the relevant currency of indexation.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

31 December 2005

51 December 2005	Foreign currency						
	US\$	<u> </u>	ogn currenc Other	<u>y</u> Total	YTL	Total	
	С5Ф	Lek	Other	10111	112	10001	
Assets							
Cash and balances with central banks	522,723	1,151,286	86,033	1,760,042	524,900	2,284,942	
Due from banks	1,591,784	1,326,667	155,302	3,073,753	890,160	3,963,913	
Trading securities	624,739	224,359	_	849,098	767,105	1,616,203	
Investment securities							
- available-for-sale	357,856	73,354	53,382	484,592	735,199	1,219,791	
- held-to-maturity	4,192,600	890,431	12,351	5,095,382	3,604,995	8,700,377	
Investment in associates	-	_	35,917	35,917	-	35,917	
Loans and advances to customers	6,010,342	1,972,666	206,827	8,189,835	12,389,499	20,579,334	
Derivative financial instruments	7,622	73	204	7,899	17,106	25,005	
Goodwill	-	_	_	-	1,213,253	1,213,253	
Other intangible assets	-	171	46	217		200,022	
Premises and equipment	15,177	2,918	340	18,435	1,345,697	1,364,132	
Other assets	33,650	74,076	4,190	111,916	542,591	654,507	
Deferred income tax assets	-	12,188	47	12,235	849,979	862,214	
		,		,	,	•	
Total assets	13,356,493	5,728,189	554,639	19,639,321	23,080,289	42,719,610	
Liabilities							
Due to banks	238,493	48,184	142,082	428,759	326,058	754,817	
Due to customers	8,624,801	4,906,170	338,755	13,869,726	14,017,970	27,887,696	
Other borrowed funds	3,447,821	948,140	79,716	4,475,677	631,303	5,106,980	
Derivative financial instruments	13,308	3,075	974	17,357	12,891	30,248	
Current income taxes payable	-	4,072	464	4,536	14,601	19,137	
Deferred income tax liabilities	2,022	2,243	-	4,265	228,944	233,209	
Other provisions	_	3,889	62	3,951	993,706	997,657	
Reserve for employment							
termination benefits	-	851	-	851	87,774	88,625	
Insurance technical reserves	244,401	114,680	-	359,081	470,962	830,043	
Other liabilities	225,611	226,184	18,356	470,151	2,178,889	2,649,040	
Total liabilities	12,796,457	6,257,488	580,409	19,634,354	18,963,098	38,597,452	
Net balance sheet position	560,036	(529,299)	(25,770)	4,967	4,117,191	4,122,158	
Off-balance sheet derivative							
instruments net notional position	/F 4 = = 10:	250 201	105011	/50.10	0.12-	/4 = 0000	
(Note 31)	(545,749)	358,281	135,344	(52,124)	36,135	(15,989)	
NI . O	1 / 20=	(454 040)	100 55 1	(4= 4==	1 150 001	4 107 170	
Net foreign currency position	14,287	(171,018)	109,574	(47,157)	4,153,326	4,106,169	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk

The interest rate risk is the exposure of the Group to possible adverse movements in interest rates. Such an exposure can result from a variety of factors, including differences in the timing between the maturities or reprising of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet instruments.

Due to the current balance sheet structure of the Group, particular emphasis is placed on managing the interest rate risk. Duration, gap and economic sensitivity analysis are the main methods used to measure this risk. Furthermore, various simulation techniques are employed in order to analyse the effects of market volatilities on balance sheets of each entity of the Group.

The table below summarises the Group's exposure to interest rate risk at 30 June 2006 and 31 December 2005. Included in the table are the Group's assets and liabilities in carrying amounts classified in terms of periods remaining to contractual repricing dates.

30 June 2006	Up to 3 months	3 months to 1 year	1 year to 5 years	Over 5 years	Non-interest bearing	Total
Assets						
Cash and balances with central ba		-	-	-	977,688	3,451,070
Due from banks	1,738,859	329,593	78,634	-	283,794	2,430,880
Trading securities	90,432	296,791	327,885	33,196	60,725	809,029
Investment securities						
- available-for-sale	41,229	122,192	228,463	203,986	598,126	1,193,996
- held-to-maturity	3,274,274	3,456,619	2,560,054	4,024,360	-	13,315,307
Investment in associates	-	-	-	-	46,320	46,320
Loans and advances to customers	11,038,209		4,242,552	770,431	307,586	25,542,816
Derivative financial instruments	103,111	35,659	14	-	-	138,784
Goodwill	-	-	-	-	1,213,253	1,213,253
Other intangible assets	-	-	-	-	181,926	181,926
Premises and equipment net	=	-	-	-	1,312,685	1,312,685
Other assets	11,698	974	103	-	899,886	912,661
Deferred income tax assets	-	-	-	-	550,278	550,278
	10 ==1 101				- 100 0 -	
Total assets	18,771,194	13,425,866	7,437,705	5,031,973	6,432,267	51,099,005
Liabilities	204 257	<i>5</i> 1 200			50.656	200 202
Due to banks	294,357	51,380	262.502	24.074	52,656	398,393
Due to customers	25,166,492	1,846,881	363,592	24,974	5,693,106	33,095,045
Other borrowed funds	4,549,385	3,160,012	438,428	5,486	=	8,153,311
Derivative financial instruments	37,806	12,841	1,798	20	7.202	52,465
Current income taxes payable Deferred income tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	7,292	7,292
	-	-	-	-	199,468	199,468
Other provisions	-	-	-	-	1,041,039	1,041,039
Reserve for employment termination benefits	_	_	_	_	91,016	91,016
Insurance technical reserves	_	_	_	_	841,717	841,717
Other liabilities	663,396	49,506	13,409	_	2,686,986	3,413,297
	,	- ,	-,/		, , , , , , , , ,	-, -,,
Total liabilities	30,711,436	5,120,620	817,227	30,480	10,613,280	47,293,043
Net interest sensitivity gap	(11,940,242)	8,305,246	6,620,478	5,001,493	(4,181,013)	3,805,962

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

31 December 2005	Up to 3 months	3 months to 1 year	1 year to 5 years	Over 5 years	Non-interest bearing	Total
Assets	5 months	to 1 year	3 years	3 years	bearing	10141
Cash and balances with central bar	nks 1,454,918	_	_	_	830,024	2,284,942
Due from banks	3,371,184	287,456	23,166	_	282,107	3,963,913
Trading securities	431,791	361,758	518,023	180,421	124,210	1,616,203
Investment securities						
- available-for-sale	44,341	135,383	212,167	230,763	597,137	1,219,791
- held-to-maturity	1,930,062	2,099,239	2,406,114	2,264,874	88	8,700,377
Investment in associates	-	-	-	-	35,917	35,917
Loans and advances to customers	10,440,614	5,906,305	2,964,311	926,743	341,361	20,579,334
Derivative financial instruments	21,108	3,714	183	_	,	25,005
Goodwill	-	-	-	-	1,213,253	1,213,253
Other intangible assets	-	-	-	-	200,022	200,022
Premises and equipment net	-	-	-	-	1,364,132	1,364,132
Other assets	81,182	17,687	-	_	555,638	654,507
Deferred income tax assets	-	-	-	-	862,214	862,214
	4====	0.044.740	< 400 0 C 4	2 (02 004	C 10 C 10 2	10 =10 <10
Total assets	17,775,200	8,811,542	6,123,964	3,602,801	6,406,103	42,719,610
Liabilities						
Due to banks	675,334	21,815	_	_	57,668	754,817
Due to customers	19,528,106	1,979,790	401,449	10,855	,	27,887,696
Other borrowed funds	1,937,169	2,855,610	221,642	92,302	257	5,106,980
Derivative financial instruments	18,586	9,445	354	72,302	1,863	30,248
Current income taxes payable	10,500	J, 1 15	33 1	_	19,137	19,137
Deferred income tax liabilities	_	_	_	_	233,209	233,209
Other provisions	_	_	_	_	997,657	997,657
Reserve for employment					<i>>>1</i> ,051	<i>331</i> ,037
termination benefits	_	_	_	_	88,625	88,625
Insurance technical reserves	_	_	_	_	830,043	830,043
Other liabilities	402,537	31,782	26,856	_	2,187,865	2,649,040
	ŕ	·	•			
Total liabilities	22,561,732	4,898,442	650,301	103,157	10,383,820	38,597,452
Net interest sensitivity gap	(4,786,532)	3,913,100	5,473,663	3,499,644	(3,977,717)	4,122,158

The table below summarises weighted average interest rates for financial instruments by major currencies outstanding at 30 June 2006 and 31 December 2005 based on yearly contractual rates.

	30 June 2006			31 December 2005		
	US\$ (%)	EUR (%)	YTL (%)	US\$ (%)	EUR (%)	YTL (%)
Assets	, ,	,	,	, ,	,	
Cash and balances with						
central banks	2.42	1.22	12.29	1.87	1.09	10.25
Due from banks	6,04	3.05	18,23	4.43	2.47	14.33
Trading securities	7.40	5.47	15.58	5.77	3.64	15.45
Investment securities						
- available-for-sale	8,74	7,95	18.14	7.67	6.96	17.01
- held to maturity	7.98	6.24	15.68	7.33	6.06	17.23
Loans and advances to customers	6.70	5.42	24.16	5.90	5.74	18.55
Liabilities						
Due to banks	5.21	3.67	16.82	4.60	3.62	16.17
Due to customers	3.30	2.69	15.03	2.68	2.03	14.71
Other borrowed funds	5.12	3.86	13.31	4.77	3.76	14.12
		26				

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

E. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the ability to fund increases in assets and meet obligations as they come due and the risks associated with transactions made in liquid markets.

The Group is exposed to daily calls on its available cash resources from overnight deposits, current accounts, maturing deposits, loan draw downs, guarantees and from margins and other calls on cash settled derivatives. Liquidity risk limits and consequent availability of cash and cash equivalent instruments are set based on the level of outstanding deposits.

The following table analyses assets and liabilities of the Group into relevant maturity groupings at 30 June 2006 and 31 December 2005, based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date.

30 June 2006

	Demand					
	and up to 3	3 months	1 year to	Over	Term not	
	months	to 1 year	5 years	5 years	specified	Total
Assets						
Cash and balances with central bar	nks 977,688	-	-	-	2,473,382	3,451,070
Due from banks	2,049,854	294,449	86,577	-	-	2,430,880
Trading securities	138,248	257,369	379,958	33,454	-	809,029
Investment securities						
- available-for-sale	266,008	87,293	266,413	218,051	356,231	1,193,996
- held-to-maturity	442,381	2,113,025	6,735,542	4,024,359	-	13,315,307
Investment in associates	-	-	-	-	46,320	46,320
Loans and advances to customers	10,152,336	7,594,334	4,527,761	2,947,701	320,684	25,542,816
Derivative financial instruments	51,111	35,659	52,014	-	-	138,784
Goodwill	-	-	-	-	1,213,253	1,213,253
Other intangible assets	-	-	-	-	181,926	181,926
Premises and equipment	-	-	-	-	1,312,685	1,312,685
Other assets	350,423	150,391	134	-	411,713	912,661
Deferred income tax assets	-	-	123,159	-	427,119	550,278
Total assets	14,428,049	10,532,520	12,171,558	7,223,565	6,743,313	51,099,005
Liabilities						
Due to banks	347,013	51,380	-	-	-	398,393
Due to customers	30,859,030	1,847,433	363,608	24,974	-	33,095,045
Other borrowed funds	3,528,010	2,228,886	699,366	1,697,049	-	8,153,311
Derivative financial instruments	37,806	12,841	1,798	20	-	52,465
Current income taxes payable	7,292	-	-	-	-	7,292
Deferred income tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	199,468	199,468
Other provisions	-	-	723,184	-	317,855	1,041,039
Reserve for employment						
termination benefits	-	-	-	-	91,016	91,016
Insurance technical reserves	-	-	-	-	841,717	841,717
Other liabilities	2,675,032	56,460	55,109	-	626,696	3,413,297
Total liabilities	37,454,183	4,197,000	1,843,065	1,722,043	2,076,752	47,293,043
Net liquidity gap	(23,026,134)	6,335,520	10,328,493	5,501,522	4,666,561	3,805,962

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

31 December 2005

31 December 2005	Demand					
	and up to 3	3 months	1 year to	Over	Term not	
	months	to 1 year	5 years	5 years	specified	Total
Assets						
Cash and balances with central ba		-	-	-	1,454,918	2,284,942
Due from banks	3,556,229	357,143	50,541	-	-	3,963,913
Trading securities	257,258	393,054	785,470	180,421	_	1,616,203
Investment securities						
- available-for-sale	131,456	133,248	228,983	230,763	495,341	1,219,791
- held-to-maturity	539,647	1,257,666	4,638,191	2,264,873	-	8,700,377
Investment in associates	-	-		-	35,917	35,917
Loans and advances to customers	9,221,796	5,649,380	3,382,711	1,985,502	339,945	20,579,334
Derivative financial instruments	21,108	3,714	183	-	_	25,005
Goodwill	-	-	-	-	1,213,253	1,213,253
Other intangible assets	-	-	-	-	200,022	200,022
Premises and equipment	-	-	-	-	1,364,132	1,364,132
Other assets	241,645	104,779	369	-	307,714	654,507
Deferred income tax assets		-	166,685		695,529	862,214
	4.4 = 0.0 4.63	= 000 004	0.050.400	4 664 880	< 40< 4	10 =10 <10
Total assets	14,799,163	7,898,984	9,253,133	4,661,559	6,106,771	42,719,610
Liabilities	701.015	52.002				754017
Due to banks	701,815	53,002	401 450	10.055	-	754,817
Due to customers	25,481,751	1,993,640	401,450	10,855	_	27,887,696
Other borrowed funds	1,769,452	2,585,281	670,487	81,760	1.062	5,106,980
Derivative financial instruments	18,586	9,445	354	-	1,863	30,248
Current income taxes payable	19,137	-	-	-	-	19,137
Deferred income tax liabilities	-	-	-	_	233,209	233,209
Other provisions	-	-	663,009	-	334,648	997,657
Reserve for employment					00.625	00.625
termination benefits	-	-	-	-	88,625	88,625
Insurance technical reserves	<u>-</u>	-		-	830,043	830,043
Other liabilities	2,176,671	33,350	24,496	-	414,523	2,649,040
Total liabilities	30,167,412	4,674,718	1,759,796	92,615	1,902,911	38,597,452
Net liquidity gap	(15,368,249)	3,224,266	7,493,337	4,568,944	4,203,860	4,122,158

F. Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss due to errors, infringements, interruptions, damages caused by internal processes or personnel or systems or caused by external events. Legal and compliance risk is a sub-category of operational risk: It is the risk to earnings from violations or non compliance with laws, rules, regulations, agreements, prescribed practices or ethical standards. Operational Risk Management Department ("ORM") monitors the Company operational risk exposure in accordance to standards and policies, collects operational risk data in a web based database, performs the risk indicators' identification, the scenario analysis assessment and assures the quality of data gathered in accordance to the standards, proposes insurance hedging on operational risks and prepares risk mitigation plans. ORM performs second level controls and measures the Company's operational risks.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

G. Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation, and is best evidenced by a quoted market price, if one exists.

The estimated fair values of financial instruments have been determined by the Group using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, judgement is necessarily required to interpret market data to develop the estimated fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Group could realise in a current market exchange.

The following table summarises the carrying amounts and fair values of those financial assets and liabilities not presented on the Group's balance sheet at their fair value at 30 June 2006 and 31 December 2005.

	30 Ju	ne 2006	31 Decem	ber 2005
	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Financial assets:				
Due from banks	2,430,880	2,443,151	3,963,913	3,976,248
Investment securities				
- held to maturity	13,315,307	12,776,684	8,700,377	8,990,917
Loans and advances to customers	25,542,816	25,621,467	20,579,334	20,706,125
Financial liabilities:				
Due to banks	398,393	397,245	754,817	754,974
Due to customers	33,095,045	33,107,276	27,887,696	27,947,923
Other borrowed funds	8,153,311	8,171,201	5,106,980	5,126,777

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of the Group's financial instruments:

Due from banks

The fair value of overnight deposits is considered to approximate its carrying amounts. The estimated fair value of interest bearing placements is based on discounted cash flows using prevailing money market interest rates at the balance sheet date with similar credit risk and remaining maturity.

Loans and advances to customers

Originated loans are net of provisions for impairment. The estimated fair value of originated loans represents the discounted amount of estimated future cash flows expected to be received. Expected cash flows are discounted at current market rates to determine their fair value.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Investment securities

Investment securities include only interest-bearing assets held-to-maturity, as assets available-for-sale are measured at fair value. Fair value for held-to-maturity assets is based on market prices or prices prevailing at the balance sheet date announced by the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey ("CBRT") in the Official Gazette.

Due to customers, due to banks and other borrowed funds

The estimated fair value of deposits with no stated maturity, which includes non-interest-bearing deposits, is the amount repayable on demand.

The estimated fair value of interest bearing time deposits and other borrowings without quoted market price is based on discounted cash flows using money market interest rates prevailing at the balance sheet date with similar credit risk, currency and remaining maturity.

H. Fiduciary activities

The Group provides custody services to third parties. Those assets that are held in a fiduciary capacity are not included in these interim consolidated financial statements. Fiduciary capacity at 30 June 2006 and 31 December 2005 are as follows:

	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
Investment securities held in custody	20,884,806	19,184,959
Cheques received for collection	4,928,579	4,154,165
Commercial notes received for collection	2,368,072	2,059,917
	28,181,457	25,399,041

NOTE 4 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprises the following balances with less than three months maturity from the date of acquisition:

	30 June 2006	30 June 2005
Cash in hand	321,742	94,831
Cheques received	2,088	1,863
Demand deposits with central banks	518,806	37,799
Gold	123,130	-
Other	11,922	1,114
Due from other banks (with original maturity less than three months)	2,027,768	1,459,834
Total	3,005,456	1,595,441

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - CASH AND BALANCES WITH CENTRAL BANKS

	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash in hand - foreign currency	122,019	186,962
Cash in hand - YTL	199,723	202,298
Cheques received	2,088	1,102
Other	135,052	21,919
	458,882	412,281
Demand deposits at central banks		
Foreign currency	518,644	417,540
YTL	162	203
	518,806	417,743
Reserve deposits at central banks		
Foreign currency	1,384,096	1,133,368
YTL	1,089,286	321,550
	2,473,382	1,454,918
	3,451,070	2,284,942

Reserve deposits include balance with CBRT of YTL2,421,446 thousand (31 December 2005: YTL1,416,524 thousand), balance with Deutsche Bundesbank of YTL4,177 thousand (31 December 2005: YTL2,964 thousand), balance with National Bank of Azerbaijan of YTL5,472 thousand (31 December 2005: YTL4,960 thousand), balance with De Nederlandsche Bank of YTL39,969 thousand (31 December 2005: YTL28,121 thousand) and balance with the Central Bank of the Russian Federation YTL2,318 thousand (31 December 2005: YTL2,349 thousand). These funds are not available to finance the Group's day-to-day operations.

NOTE 6 - DUE FROM BANKS

		30 June 2006			31 December 2005		
	Domestic	Foreign	Total	Domestic	Foreign	Total	
YTL:							
Nostro/ Demand deposits	43,613	10,315	53,928	47,916	123	48,039	
Time deposits	58,788	13,625	72,413	149,037	43,063	192,100	
Interbank money market	117,778	-	117,778	650,021	-	650,021	
	220,179	23,940	244,119	846,974	43,186	890,160	
Foreign currency:							
Nostro/ Demand deposits	25,083	227,129	252,212	13,644	249,589	263,233	
Time deposits	646,952	1,217,431	1,864,383	403,326	2,378,296	2,781,622	
Interbank money market	70,166	-	70,166	28,783	115	28,898	
	742,201	1,444,560	2,186,761	445,753	2,628,000	3,073,753	
	962,380	1,468,500	2,430,880	1,292,727	2,671,186	3,963,913	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 7 - TRADING SECURITIES

	30 June 2006		31 December 2005		
	Cost	Carrying value	Cost	Carrying value	
Debt Securities	Cost	value	Cost	value	
YTL:					
Government bonds	278,494	294,541	542,403	580,609	
Treasury bills	5,387	5,701	52,859	56,136	
Government bonds sold under repurchase agreements	-	_	4,380	5,065	
Treasury bills sold under repurchase agreements	-	-	983	1,085	
	283,881	300,242	600,625	642,895	
E'					
Foreign currency: Eurobonds	100 225	100 201	260 201	276 166	
	190,335	188,281	360,201	376,166	
Government bonds	32,783	33,168	259,927	266,999	
Eurobonds sold under repurchase agreements	208,530	226,613	174,955	205,933	
	431,648	448,062	795,083	849,098	
	715,529	748,304	1,395,708	1,491,993	
Other	20.214	27.022	50.775	64.700	
Mutual funds	38,314	37,932	58,775	64,700	
Equity shares-listed	22,508	21,705	54,772	59,510	
Precious metals	1,088	1,088	_		
	61,910	60,725	113,547	124,210	
Total trading securities	777,439	809,029	1,509,255	1,616,203	

Government bonds, treasury bills and Eurobonds are discount and coupon securities issued by the Government of Turkey. Mutual funds represent A and B type open-ended funds incorporated in Turkey managed by the Group and carried for resale to customers.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006 $\,$

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - INVESTMENT SECURITIES

(i) Available-for-sale

(i) Available for sale	30 June 2006		31 December 2005		
		Carrying		Carrying	
	Cost	value	Cost	value	
Debt Securities					
YTL:					
Government bonds	163,594	163,131	105,442	120,060	
Treasury bills	18,631	19,220	102,011	109,131	
Government bonds sold under repurchase agreements	142	142	2,565	2,938	
	182,367	182,493	210,018	232,129	
Foreign currency:					
Eurobonds	282,397	325,819	304,852	330,601	
Government bonds	41,275	45,973	40,794	41,709	
Treasury bills	20,535	20,661	-	<u>-</u>	
	344,207	392,453	345,646	372,310	
	526,574	574,946	555,664	604,439	
		·	·	·	
Other	770 752	256 221	076 000	405 241	
Equity shares Investment funds	770,753 394,822	356,231 130,335	976,990 304,004	495,341 80,145	
Precious metals - gold	111,560	111,560	21,651	21,651	
Public sector bonds	19,021	19,341	16,042	16,325	
Other	1,571	1,583	1,843	1,890	
	1,297,727	619,050	1,320,530	615,352	
Total available-for-sale securities	1,824,301	1,193,996	1,876,194	1,219,791	

Investment funds represent foreign funds owned and controlled by the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - INVESTMENT SECURITIES (Continued)

The principal available - for sale equity shares at 30 June 2006 and 31 December 2005 are as follows:

Name of the company		2006	2005		
- •	Nature of 1	Effective	Effective		
	Business r	ates (%)	rates (%)	2006	2005
Unlisted					
A-Tel Pazarlama ve Servis Hizmetleri A.Ş.(*)	Telecoms	33.59	28.88	234,420	201,270
Akdeniz Marmara Turizm ve Tic.A.Ş.	Tourism	67.16	57.75	27,373	27,373
Bayındırlık İşleri A.Ş. C	onstruction	66.60	57.28	17,204	17,204
Superonline Uluslararası İletişim					
Hizmetleri A.Ş. (**)	Info-Com	24.23	20.83	14,695	11,906
ISE Settlement and Custody Bank Inc.	Custody	3.26	2.80	12,360	12,243
Enternasyonal Turizm Yatırım A.Ş.	Tourism	9.94	8.55	12,279	12,279
Kredi Kayıt Bürosu A.Ş. Credit Ca	rd Services	15.17	14.32	3,621	3,621
Türkiye Genel Sigorta A.Ş.	Insurance	0.78	0.67	2,414	2,414
Digital Platform İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş.(**)	Media	-	41.76	-	106,041
Fintur Technologies B.V.(**)	Telecoms	-	14.56	-	67,025
Other				3,828	4,006
				328,194	465,382
Listed					
Yapı Kredi Koray Gayrimenkul					
Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. Real estate mai	nagement	20.44	17.58	28,023	28,055
	Telecoms	-	0.01	-	1,888
Other			-	14	16
				28,037	29,959
Total				356,231	495,341

^(*) Based on the "A-Tel Option Agreement" signed between YKB, and Çukurova Holding A.Ş. ("Çukurova Holding") on 28 September 2005, a call option has been granted to Çukurova Group within two years from the agreement date where Çukurova Group or a third party designated by Çukurova Group can purchase 50% of A-Tel Pazarlama ve Servis Hizmetleri A.Ş. ("A-Tel") shares for USD150,000,000 which are owned by YKB. If Çukurova Group does not exercise its option during the above mentioned two years period, YKB will have a put option in order to sell those A-Tel shares to Çukurova Group in three months following the end of the two years. Various mortgages and pledges have been granted in favour of YKB in relation to the "A-Tel option agreement".

As of 30 June 2006, carrying value of A-Tel accounted for as available for sale securities amounted to YTL234,420 thousand (USD150,000,000) (31 December 2005: YTL201,270 thousand) by taking into consideration of the above mentioned "A-Tel Option Agreement". The Share Sale Agreement has been signed on 12 May 2006 and the transfer of the shares was realised at 10 August 2006 as explained in Note 35.

(**) Based on the "Fintur, Digitürk and Superonline Purchase and Sale Agreement" signed between YKB and Cukurova Group on 28 September 2005, the shares of YKB in Fintur and Digitürk has been sold for EUR42.2 million and YTL106,041 thousand, respectively on 5 January 2006. The sale of Superonline in order to complete the necessary permissions for the transfer of the shares has been extended for 3 additional months on 28 August 2006 as explained in Note 35. The carrying amount of Superonline in 30 June 2006 financials is YTL14,695 thousand (31 December 2005: YTL11,906 thousand).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - INVESTMENT SECURITIES (Continued)

(ii) Held-to-maturity

	30 June 2006		31 December 200:	
	Cost	Carrying value	Cost	Carrying value
Debt Securities				
YTL:				
Government bonds	3,674,710	3,851,632	3,080,090	3,251,891
Treasury bills	313,277	332,715	202,151	206,277
Government bonds sold under repurchase agreements	1,473,891	1,564,619	144,391	146,827
Treasury bills sold under repurchase agreements	62,247	67,416	-	-
	5,524,125	5,816,382	3,426,632	3,604,995
Fousier assurances				
Foreign currency: Eurobonds	3,919,350	3,999,290	2,902,331	2,966,378
Government bonds	2,259,448	2,295,886	1,749,255	1,753,039
Eurobonds sold under repurchase agreements	1,167,782	1,181,688	356,175	358,827
Treasury bills	1,670	1,695	550,175	330,027
Other	20,277	20,366	16,936	17,138
	7,368,527	7,498,925	5,024,697	5,095,382
Total securities held-to-maturity	12,892,652	13,315,307	8,451,329	8,700,377

Government bonds, treasury bills and Eurobonds are discount and coupon securities issued by the Government of the Republic of Turkey.

At 30 June 2006, investments securities amounting to YTL3,876,456 thousand (31 December 2005: YTL1,935,482 thousand) were pledged to third parties, namely CBRT for legal requirements, Lehman Brothers, UniCredit SpA, Bayerische Hypo-Und Vereins Bank AG, UBS London, DZ Bank, and other foreign private financial institutions for borrowed funds (Note 18), ISE Settlement and Custody Bank Inc. and Koç Allianz Sigorta A.Ş. and other financial institutions as a guarantee for stock exchange and money market operations.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - INVESTMENT SECURITIES (Continued)

The movement in held-to-maturity securities is as follows

,	2006	2005
Balance at 1 January	8,700,377	4,017,216
Additions	4,978,721	1,260,169
Transfers	60,519	39,631
Redemptions	(1,174,301)	(557,365)
Exchange differences on monetary assets	749,991	(108,129)
Monetary loss	-	(103,098)
Balance at 30 June	13,315,307	4,548,424

NOTE 9- INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE

	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
Balance at opening	35,917	-
Increase due to acquisition of subsidiary (Note 24)	-	37,166
Share of results	2,398	(900)
Dividends paid	(1,340)	-
Exchange difference	9,345	(349)
Balance at closing	46,320	35,917

The Group's interest in its principal associate as of 30 June 2006 is as follows:

	Country of	Total	Shareholder's		
Name	incorporation	Assets	Equity	Revenues	Net Profit
Banque de Commerce	Switzerland	1,668,112	151,034	34,584	11,803

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 10 - LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS

	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
Corporate and commercial originated by the Group		
Direct loans	11,368,105	9,684,784
Export loans	2,939,893	2,095,872
Net investment in finance leases	1,240,576	923,566
Investment loans	780,737	514,391
Factoring receivables	672,909	574,878
Debt securities	155,488	142,431
Other	75,576	55,711
Total corporate and commercial loans	17,233,284	13,991,633
Retail and consumer		
Credit cards receivables	4,959,654	4,099,608
Other consumer and retail loans	2,722,286	1,960,265
Total retail and consumer loans	7,681,940	6,059,873
	24,915,224	20,051,506
Loans under legal follow up	1,620,867	1,585,252
Other impaired loans	836,025	646,238
Total impaired loans	2,456,892	2,231,490
Gross loans and advances	27,372,116	22,282,996
Less: Allowance for losses on loan and advances	(1,829,300)	(1,703,662)
Net loans and advances to customers	25,542,816	20,579,334

Debt securities represent a special type of government bonds issued by the Undersecretariat of Republic of Turkey ("Treasury") as a part of a protocol signed on 30 December 2005 between Treasury, YKB and a government agency from which YKB had a receivable. This security has a maturity of three years and yearly coupon payments.

Other impaired loans represent performing loans either to borrowers or to classes of borrowers (i.e. sectors) in temporary difficulties, which are expected to be resolved within a reasonable period of time.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 10 - LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS (Continued)

Movement in the allowance for losses on loan and advances is as follows:

	2006	2005
Balance at 1 January	1,703,662	464,671
Impairment losses on loans and advances (Note 30)	243,082	73,566
Write - off during the period as uncollectible	(3,045)	(1,184)
Recoveries of amounts previously provided (Note 30)	(124,173)	(34,505)
Translation difference	9,774	(49)
Monetary gain	-	(11,397)
Balance at 30 June	1,829,300	491,102

The loans and advances to customers include finance lease receivables as shown below:

	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
Gross investment in finance leases Unearned income	1,475,569 (234,993)	1,102,067 (178,501)
	, , ,	• • • •
Net investment in finance leases - performing	1,240,576	923,566
Impaired finance lease receivables	83,656	80,786
Less: Allowance for losses on finance lease receivables	(61,482)	(58,922)
Investment in finance leases, net	1,262,750	945,430

Lease payments receivable consists of rentals over the terms of leases. The rentals according to maturity are as follows:

	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
2006	418,164	560,648
2007	562,538	312,940
2008	306,136	144,931
2009 and over	188,731	83,548
Less: unearned finance income	(234,993)	(178,501)
Net investment in finance leases	1,240,576	923,566

The loans and advances include factoring receivables as shown below:

	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
Domestic transactions	365,573	389,723
Export and import transactions	307,336	185,155
Gross factoring receivables	672,909	574,878
Impaired factoring receivables	4,607	9,100
Less: Allowance for losses on factoring receivables	(7,256)	(9,213)
Factoring receivables, net	670,260	574,765

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 10 - LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS (Continued)

Economic sector risk concentrations for performing loans were as follows:

	30 June 2006	%	31 December 2005	%
Consumer and retail	7,681,940	31	6,059,873	30
Financial institutions	2,290,700	9	1,677,303	8
Metal processing	1,846,654	7	1,430,910	7
Textiles	1,841,670	7	1,527,203	8
Construction and cement	1,483,900	6	1,051,209	5
Manufacturing	1,392,435	6	1,310,608	7
Petrochemical industry	1,296,417	5	698,369	4
Food, beverage and tobacco	1,107,669	5	1,190,930	6
Wholesale trade	1,025,069	4	892,221	4
Transportation	673,355	3	46,755	-
Automotive	583,433	2	506,107	3
Tourism	495,515	2	426,636	2
Printing	334,022	1	94,106	-
Agriculture	295,390	1	327,367	2
Durable goods	265,636	1	205,303	1
Communication	193,828	1	27,154	-
Other	2,107,591	9	2,579,452	13
	24,915,224	100	20,051,506	100

The Group's total cash exposure to Çukurova Group amounts to US\$807,051,008 (YTL1,261,259 thousand) including the accrued interest of US\$15,431,917 as of 30 June 2006 (31 December 2005: US\$805,431,881). The annual interest rate for Çukurova Group risk is Libor+2.5 and the maturity of the last payment is 31 December 2015. According to the pledge agreement signed between YKB, Çukurova Holding and Çukurova Investments N.V. on 28 September 2005, the Group has a continuous pledge on 6.682% of Turkcell shares in relation to Çukurova Group loans repayment liability. The market value of those pledged shares amounts to approximately YTL929,050 thousand as of 30 June 2006.

NOTE 11 - DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group utilises the following derivative instruments:

"Currency forwards" represents commitments to purchase or sell foreign and domestic currency, including undelivered spot transactions.

"Currency and interest rate swaps" are commitments to exchange one set of cash flows for another. Swaps result in an economic exchange of currencies or interest rates. Currency swaps involve the exchange of the principal as well. The Group risks are represented by the potential cost of replacing the swap contracts if counterparties fail to perform their obligation. This risk is monitored on an ongoing basis with reference to the current fair value and the liquidity of the market. To control the level of risk taken, the Group assesses counterparties using the same techniques as for its lending activities.

Options are the right to buy or sell for the buyer and are the obligations for the writer an asset at a specified price until a specified expiration date. Options are traded for clients' needs therefore the Group does not carry open position in the options book.

"Interest rate cap and floor arrangements" provides the purchaser with the right to receive interest rate differential payments on a notional amount when the indexed rate is in excess of the specified cap rate and limits the benefit of reductions in interest rates if it occurs.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 11 - DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The notional amounts of certain types of financial instruments provide a basis for comparison with instruments recognised on the balance sheet but do not necessarily indicate the amounts of future cash flows involved or the current fair value of the instruments, and therefore, do not indicate the Group's exposure to credit or price risks. The derivative instruments become favourable (assets) or unfavourable (liabilities) as a result of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and interest rates relative to their terms.

The fair values of derivative instruments at 30 June 2006 and 31 December 2005, are set out in the follows:

30 June 2006	Contract/notional	Fair Values	
	amount	Assets	(Liabilities)
Foreign exchange derivatives			
Currency forwards	2,516,902	44,002	(24,444)
Currency swaps	4,025,371	30,424	(18,489)
Security forwards	1,362	-	-
Interest rate derivatives			
Interest rate swaps, cap and floor arrangements	1,028,568	64,306	(6,050)
Total OTC derivatives held-for trading	7,572,203	138,732	(48,983)
Options (Note 31)	625,631	52	(3,482)
Futures	159	-	(3,462)
	8,197,993	138,784	(52.465)
	0,197,993	130,704	(52,465)
31 December 2005	Contract/notional	Fair Values	
	amount	Assets	(Liabilities)
Foreign exchange derivatives			
Currency forwards	1,546,830	20,660	(15,640)
Currency swaps	2,091,214	3,745	(10,572)
Security forwards	5,750	6	-
Interest rate derivatives			
Interest rate swaps, cap and floor arrangements	487,237	593	(2,172)
Total OTC derivatives held-for trading	4,131,031	25,004	(28,384)
Options (Note 31)	5,924	1	(1,864)
	4,136,955	25,005	(30,248)

As also explained in Note 2.V, even though certain derivative transactions provide effective economic hedges under the Group's risk management position, they do not qualify for hedge accounting under the specific rules in IAS 39 and are therefore treated as derivatives held for trading.

The notional amounts of derivative instruments are further explained in detail in Note 31.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 12 - GOODWILL

Net book amount at 31 December 2005				2006
as previously reported				1,121,170
-effect of adjustments on preliminary				
fair values acquired due to business combination	on (Note 24)			92,083
- as restated at 31 December 2005				1,213,253
Impairment charge Closing at 30 June 2006-09-26				1,213,253
NOTE 13 - OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSE	ETS			
		30 June	2006 31 De	cember 2005
Cost		32	7,380	332,946
Accumulated amortization		(14	5,454)	(132,924)
Net book amount		18	1,926	200,022
Movements of other intangible assets were a	s follows:			
30 June 2006			Trademarks and customer relationships	
	Rights and		related	
Cost	licenses	Software	intangibles	<u>Total</u>
Opening balance at 1 January 2006	90,093	79,769	163,084	332,946
Additions	474	910	-	1,384
Disposals Transfers	(9,409)	(1) 2,258	-	(9,410) 2,258
Translation differences	-	202	-	202
Closing balance at 30 June 2006	81,158	83,138	163,084	327,380
Accumulated amortisation				
Opening balance at 1 January 2006	(56,388)	(71,100)	(5,436)	(132,924)
Amortisation charge (Note 29)	(6,802)	(2,158)	(8,154)	(17,114)
Disposals Transfers	8,996	(1.402)	-	8,997
Impairment charge (Note 29)	-	(1,492) (2,770)	-	(1,492) (2,770)
Translation differences	-	(151)	-	(151)
Closing balance at 30 June 2006	(54,194)	(77,670)	(13,590)	(145,454)
Net book amount at 30 June 2006	26,964	5,468	149,494	181,926

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 13 - OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

30 June 2005			Trademarks and customer relationships	
	Rights and		related	
Cost	licences	Software	intangibles	Total
Opening balance at 1 January 2005	18.984	47,141	<u>-</u>	66,125
Additions	5	806	-	811
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Translation differences	-	1		1
Closing balance at 30 June 2005	18,989	47,948	_	66,937
Accumulated amortisation				
Opening balance at 1 January 2005	(13,216)	(36,213)	_	(49,429)
Amortisation charge (Note 29)	(1,476)	(2,241)	-	(3,717)
Disposals	-	· -	-	-
Translation differences	=	21		21
Closing balance at 30 June 2005	(14,692)	(38,433)	<u>-</u>	(53,125)
Net book amount at 30 June 2005	4,297	9,515	-	13,812

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **AT 30 JUNE 2006**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 - PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT, NET

<i>3</i> 0 June 2006		

30 June 2006			F 4 1		
Opening balance at 1 January 2006	Land and buildings	Office equipments	Furniture and fixtures, vehicles and other	Leasehold improvements	Total
Cost	3,479,588	689,596	306,620	134,234	4,610,038
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(2,345,438)	(561,161)	(233,488)	(94,157)	(3,234,244
Net book amount	1.121.170	120 122			1 2 2 1
as previously reported	1,134,150	128,435	73,132	40,077	1,375,794
- effect of adjustments on preliminary fair values acquired	due to				
business combination (Note 24)		-	-	-	(11,662)
Net book amount					
as restated	1,122,488	128,435	73,132	40,077	1,364,132
Cost					
Opening balance					
at 1 January 2006	3,479,588	689,596	306,620	134,234	4,610,038
Additions	169	18,393	3,394	462	22,418
Disposals	(1,564)	(37,907)	(13,819)	(2,836)	(56,126
Transfers	-	(2,258)	-	-	(2,258
Translation difference	4,517	923	1,622	866	7,928
Claring halance of					
Closing balance at 30 June 2006	3,482,710	668,747	297,817	132,726	4,582,000
30 June 2000	3,402,710	000,747	277,017	132,720	4,502,000
Accumulated depreciation and in	mpairment				
Opening balance					
at 1 January 2006	(2,357,100)	(561,161)	(233,488)	(94,157)	(3,245,906
Depreciation charge (Note 29)	(28,978)	(27,099)	(11,431)	(7,927)	(75,435
Disposals	359	37,569	13,630	2,615	54,173
Transfers	-	1,492	-	-	1,492
Translation difference	(2,462)	(663)	(1,423)	(422)	(4,970
Impairment charge (Note 29)	1,811	-	(480)	-	1,331
Closing balance at 30 June 2006	(2,386,370)	(549,862)	(233,192)	(99,891)	(3,269,315
At 30 June 2006	()- * *)-	(,,-,-)	(,, -)	(,)	(-) = 10
Cost	3,482,710	668,747	297,817	132,726	4,582,000
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(2,386,370)	(549,862)	(233,192)	(99,891)	(3,269,315)
Net book amount	1,096,340	118,885	64,625	32,835	1,312,685

At 30 June 2006, total impairment provision on premises and equipment amounts to YTL765,548 thousand (31 December 2005: YTL766,879 thousand).

Leased assets included in the furniture, fixtures, vehicles and equipment, where the Group is the lessee, amounted to YTL78,665 thousand (31 December 2005: YTL71,568 thousand).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 - PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT, NET (Continued)

20		200	`~
.30	June	200	17

30 June 2005			Furniture and		
Opening balance at 1 January 2005	Land and buildings	Office equipments	fixtures, vehicles and other	Leasehold improvements	Total
Cost	68,220	326,056	22,997	79,399	496,672
Accumulated depreciation	(25,075)	(264,262)	(17,107)	(53,552)	(359,996)
Net book amount	43,145	61,794	5,890	25,847	136,676
Cost					
Opening balance	69.220	226.056	22.007	70.200	406 672
at 1 January 2005	68,220	326,056	22,997	79,399	496,672
Additions	3	2,592	536	1,055	4,186
Disposals Translation difference	-	(13) 13	(684) 89	(1,274)	(1,971) 102
Charlanda					
Closing balance at 30 June 2005	68,223	328,648	22,938	79,180	498,989
Accumulated depreciation and i	mpairment				
Opening balance					
at 1 January 2005	(25,075)	(264,262)	(17,107)	(53,552)	(359,996)
Depreciation charge (Note 29)	(880)	(12,954)	(1,204)	(4,209)	(19,247)
Disposals	-	13	466	393	872
Impairment charge (Note 29)	(526)	-	-	-	(526)
Translation difference	-	(76)	85	-	9
Closing balance	(27, 491)	(255.250)	(17.7(0)	(55.2(0)	(250,000)
at 30 June 2005	(26,481)	(277,279)	(17,760)	(57,368)	(378,888)
At 30 June 2005					
Cost	68,223	328,648	22,938	79,180	498,989
Accumulated depreciation	(26,481)	(277,279)	(17,760)	(57,368)	(378,888)
Net book amount	41,742	51,369	5,178	21,812	120,101

NOTE 15 - OTHER ASSETS

	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
Asset held for resale, net	185,621	187,038
Due from insurance policyholders	169,404	133,619
Collaterals given	141,134	16,788
Prepaid taxes	112,958	64,925
Advances given	60,506	22,830
Payments for credit card settlements	55,022	42,855
Prepaid expenses	51,369	52,826
Accounts receivable	22,198	24,421
Other	114,449	109,205
Total	912,661	654,507

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 15 - OTHER ASSETS (Continued)

Assets held for resale represent mainly foreclosed assets received against uncollectible loans and advances to customers, to be sold as required by the Turkish Banking Law. At 30 June 2006, the total impairment recognised for assets held for resale amounted to YTL321,006 thousand (31 December 2005: YTL316,314 thousand).

Movements in assets held for resale were at 30 June as follows:

	2006	2005
Cost		
Opening balance at 1 January	503,352	20,881
Additions	7,286	8,190
Disposals	(9,274)	(3,704)
Translation difference	5,263	-
Closing balance 30 June	506,627	25,367
Impairment		
Opening balance at 1 January		
as previously reported	(312,323)	(1,589)
- effect of adjustments on preliminary		
fair values acquired due to business combination	(3,991)	-
- as restated at 1 January	(316,314)	(1,589)
Impairment charge for the year (Note 29)	(2,865)	(2,876)
Recoveries	905	-
Translation difference	(2,732)	-
Closing balance 30 June	(321,006)	(4,465)
Net book amount at 30 June	185,621	20,902

NOTE 16 - DUE TO BANKS

		30 June 2006			31 December 2005		
	Current/ Demand	Term	Total	Current/ Demand	Term	Total	
Foreign currency:							
Domestic banks	27,216	453	27,669	26,407	212,614	239,021	
Foreign banks	5,072	216,162	221,234	2,664	187,074	189,738	
	32,288	216,615	248,903	29,071	399,688	428,759	
YTL:							
Domestic banks	15,000	80,483	95,483	19,077	177,438	196,515	
Foreign banks	9,095	44,912	54,007	10,546	118,997	129,543	
	24,095	125,395	149,490	29,623	296,435	326,058	
Total	56,383	342,010	398,393	58,694	696,123	754,817	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 17 - DUE TO CUSTOMERS

	30 June 2006			31 December 2005		
	Current/ Demand	Term	Total	Current/ Demand	Term	Total
Foreign currency deposits:						
Saving deposits	1,836,879	7,858,127	9,695,006	1,752,203	7,298,948	9,051,151
Commercial deposits	2,230,912	2,983,096	5,214,008	1,943,305	2,444,712	4,388,017
Funds deposited under						
repurchase agreements	-	1,155,939	1,155,939	-	430,558	430,558
Public sector deposits	1,360	-	1,360	-	-	-
	4,069,151	11,997,162	16,066,313	3,695,508	10,174,218	13,869,726
YTL deposits:						
Saving deposits	844,582	9,608,461	10,453,043	809,158	7,152,051	7,961,209
Commercial deposits	1,068,372	3,949,086	5,017,458	1,474,888	4,374,564	5,849,452
Funds deposited under						
repurchase agreements	_	1,440,896	1,440,896	-	155,587	155,587
Public sector deposits	97,760	19,575	117,335	24,614	27,108	51,722
	2,010,714	15,018,018	17,028,732	2,308,660	11,709,310	14,017,970
	6,079,865	27,015,180	33,095,045	6,004,168	21,883,528	27,887,696

NOTE 18 - OTHER BORROWED FUNDS

	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
Foreign institutions and banks		
Syndication loans	2,120,282	1,739,047
Subordinated debt	1,684,194	-
Structured finance deal	39,070	273,044
Other	3,419,018	1,881,117
Total foreign	7,262,564	3,893,208
Domestic banks	580,782	876,182
Interbank money market	309,965	337,590
Total domestic	890,747	1,213,772
	8,153,311	5,106,980

At 30 June 2006, syndication loans comprised of original principal amount US\$500 million obtained from Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation on 31 August 2005, original principal amount US\$800 million which is provided by 21 international banks with the Bank of New York acting as agent on 29 December 2005 and US\$55 million obtained from WestLB AG London on 14 December 2005 which bear interest rates of 6 months Libor+0.40%, one year Libor+0.3% and 5.42% respectively.

As of 30 June 2006, Koçbank and YKB have subordinated loans amounting to EUR350 million and EUR500 million respectively with ten years maturity and a repayment option at the end of the first five years with interest rates of Euribor+2.25% and Euribor+2%. The loans have been obtained from Goldman Sachs International Bank and Merrill Lynch Capital Corporation with UniCredit S.p.A. as guarantor.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 18 - OTHER BORROWED FUNDS (Continued)

In November 2003, the Group finalised a structured finance deal of US\$200 million by securitising its foreign currency present and future remittances. At 30 June 2006, the outstanding principal amount of the securitisation deal is US\$25 million. The deal has an interest rate of 3 month Libor+0.45% and maturity 31 March 2007.

Other borrowed funds from foreign institutions and banks include original principal amount EUR100 million obtained from Unicredit S.p.A on 31 December 2005 which bear interest rate of 12 months Euribor+0.85%.

Funds borrowed from domestic banks represent funds obtained from Export Credit Bank of Turkey (Türk Eximbank) in context of Export Financing and International Loans ("EFIL") sourced by World Bank to finance certain export loans provided to customers in line with the prevailing regulations.

NOTE 19 - TAXATION

	30 June 2006	30 June 2005
(i) Income tax expense		
Turkish		
- Current tax expense	17,876	86,819
- Deferred income tax expense/ (benefit)	295,618	(22,409)
	313,494	64,410
Foreign		
- Current tax expense	7,835	4,297
- Deferred income tax expense/ (benefit)	10,988	(377)
	18,823	3,920
	10,023	3,920
Total income tax expenses	332,317	68,330
	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
(ii) Current income taxes payable		
Turkish	4 4 70 7	125.015
- Taxation on income	16,735	127,817
- Prepaid taxes	(15,260)	(113,216)
	1,475	14,601
Foreign		
- Taxation on income	10,327	11,079
- Prepaid taxes	(4,510)	(6,543)
	5,817	4,536
Total current income taxes payable	7,292	19,137

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 19 - TAXATION (Continued)

	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
(iii) Deferred income taxes		
Deferred income tax assets		
- Turkish	549,327	849,979
- foreign	951	12,235
	550,278	862,214
Deferred income tax liabilities		
- Turkish	(196,187)	(228,944)
- foreign	(3,281)	(4,265)
	(199,468)	(233,209)
Deferred income tax assets, net	350,810	629,005

Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent Company and its subsidiaries to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes, as reflected in the consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis.

The Corporate Tax Law has been amended with the law dated 13 June 2006 and numbered 5520. Many articles of the new Corporate Tax Law numbered 5520 have been effective from 1 January 2006. Accordingly, the corporate tax rate in Turkey is 20% for the year 2006 (31 December 2005: 30%). Corporate tax rate is calculated on the total income of the company after adjusting for certain disallowable expenses, exempt income and other allowances. No further tax is payable unless the profit is distributed.

Dividends paid to non-resident corporations, which have a place of business in Turkey or to resident corporations, are not subject to withholding tax. Otherwise, dividends paid are subject to withholding tax at the rate of 15%. An increase in capital via issuing bonus shares is not considered as profit distribution and thus is not subject to withholding tax.

Corporations are required to pay advance corporate tax quarterly at a rate of 20% (30% for 2005) on their corporate income. Advance tax is declared by the 10th and paid by the 17th day of the second month following each calendar quarter end. Advance tax paid by corporations is credited against the annual corporation tax calculated on their annual corporate income in the following year. Despite the offset, if there is temporary prepaid tax remaining, this balance can be refunded or used to offset any other financial liabilities to the government.

Capital gains derived from the sale of equity investments and immovable properties are tax exempt, if such gains are added to paid-in capital by the end of the second year following their sale.

Under the Turkish taxation system, tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to 5 years. Tax losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Tax returns are required to be filled and delivered to the related tax office until the evening 25th of the fourth month following the balance sheet date. Tax returns are open for five years from the beginning of the year following the date of filing during which period the tax authorities have the right to audit tax returns, and the related accounting records on which they are based, and may issue re-assessments based on their findings.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 19 - TAXATION (Continued)

Reconciliation between the expected and the actual taxation charge is stated below:

	30 June 2006
Profit before income taxes	515,373
Theoretical income tax at the applicable tax rate of 20%	(103,075)
Effect of different tax rates in other countries	(2,766)
Effect of change in tax rate	(207,117)
Non-taxable consolidation adjustments	(7,144)
Tax effect of items which are not deductible or assessable for taxation purposes:	, ,
- Income exempt from taxation	246,528
- Non-deductible expenses	(265,241)
- Utilisation of investment incentive	6,498
	(332.317)

Deferred income taxes

For all domestic subsidiaries and parent, deferred income taxes are calculated on temporary differences that are expected to be realised or settled based on the taxable income in fiscal year 2006 under the liability method using a principal tax rate of 20% at 30 June 2006 (31 December 2005: 30%).

For foreign subsidiaries deferred income taxes are calculated on all temporary differences under the liability method using the principal tax rates at 30 June 2006 as follows:

Country	Tax rate (%)		
of incorporation	30 June 2006	31 December 2005	
Germany	26.38	26.38	
Russia	24.00	24.00	
Netherlands	29.60	31.50	
Azerbaijan	22.00	25.00	

The deferred income tax asset and liability represent the tax effect of temporary differences arising due to the different treatment of certain items of income and expenses included in the financial statements compared to the local tax return in accordance with the applicable tax law plus any available tax loss carry forward from previous years.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 19 - TAXATION (Continued)

The temporary differences giving rise to the deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are as follows:

	Cumulative Temporary Differences			ferred Tax set/Liability
		31 December	30 June	31 December
	2006	2005	2006	2005
	2000	2000	2000	2002
Impairment on assets	1,138,777	1,295,262	227,752	388,579
Provision for loan losses	625,964	544,615	125,193	163,385
Estimated liability transfer price of the Fund (Note 2	20) 615,794	555,619	123,159	166,685
Other provisions	163,687	120,745	32,883	36,206
Employment termination benefits	89,627	88,520	18,155	26,581
Revaluation of derivative instruments at fair value	33,894	28,010	6,779	8,403
Tax losses carried forward	7,185	138,030	1,437	43,617
Valuation differences on investment securities	3,710	46,814	742	14,044
Other	70,055	49,017	14,178	14,714
Deferred income tax assets	2,748,693	2,866,632	550,278	862,214
Difference between carrying value and tax				
base of premises and equipment	502,986	627,248	100,597	188,174
Valuation differences on investment securities	296,697	38,863	59,087	11,736
Revaluation of derivative instruments at fair value	127,686	12,332	25,498	3,702
Assets capitalised under finance leases	17,104	15,536	3,421	4,539
Other	51,272	34,980	10,865	25,058
Deferred income tax liabilities	995,745	728,959	199,468	233,209
Deferred income tax assets, net	1,752,948	2,137,673	350,810	629,005
				_
The movements of deferred income taxes were	as follows:			
			2006	2005
			2006	2005
Balance at 1 January previously reported		63	34,572	78,404
- effect of adjustments on preliminary				
fair values acquired due to business combination	(Note 24)	((5,567)	-
as restated at 1 January		62	29,005	78,404
Charge for the period, net		(30	06,606)	22,786
Tax charged to equity		2	27,778	-
Monetary loss			-	(1,395)
Translation difference			633	-
Balance at 30 June		35	50,810	99,795

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 20 - OTHER PROVISIONS

	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
Provision on estimated liability on transfer of the Fund	615,794	555,619
Provision for losses on credit related commitments (Note 31)	150,195	154,070
Tax and other legal provisions	123,647	131,837
Provision for the adjustment on cost of business combination	107,390	107,390
Provision on export commitment estimated liability	41,509	43,574
Other	2,504	5,167
	1,041,039	997,657

Estimated liability on transfer of the Fund

As of 30 June 2006, YKB personnel are members of the Yapı ve Kredi Bankası Anonim Şirketi Mensupları Yardım ve Emekli Sandığı Vakfı ("the Fund") which was established in accordance with 20th temporary article of the Social Security Law numbered 506 ("the Social Security Law"). The 23rd temporary article of the Banking Act No.5387 ("the Article"), which was approved by the Grand National Assembly of the Republic of Turkey ("National Assembly") on 2 July 2005, stated that funds established in accordance the Social Security Law should be transferred to the Social Security Institution ("SSK") within three years following the publishing of the Article. However, the article was vetoed by the President of the Republic of Turkey ("the President") and sent back to the National Assembly for reconsideration on 22 July 2005. Upon discussion in National Assembly the article was approved without any modification on 19 October 2005. Although, on 2 November 2005 the President has applied to the Constitutional Court on revocation of the article, the article is currently enforceable under Turkish laws and regulations.

Furthermore, in the article the general guideline on the method of transfer of funds stipulating actuarial calculation to determine the value of funds on transfer was set. This is a special committee, assembled in accordance with the article, commenced its work under the supervision of Ministry of Labour to determine the method and specific parameters to apply for the actuarial calculation of the value of funds on transfer. In that respect, the management of YKB requested the preparation of an actuarial report to determine the value of the Fund as of 30 April 2006 from local sworn actuary. The actuarial calculation was performed using a technical interest rate of 10.24% and the mortality table CSO 1980 as prescribed by the special committee. According to this report dated 30 April 2006 the Fund has technical deficit of YTL595,909 thousand. The provision for the Fund has been updated in the consolidated interim financial statements at 30 June 2006 as YTL615,794 thousand in order to reflect the estimated 2 months effect.

Tax and other legal provisions

At 30 June 2006, the Group is involved in some legal disputes. The Group's lawyers advise that, owing to developments in some of these cases, it is probable that the Group will be found liable. Therefore, the management has recognised a provision of YTL14,358 thousand (31 December 2005: YTL19,159 thousand) as the best estimate of the amount to settle these potential obligations.

The Group recorded total provision of YTL109,289 thousand (31 December 2005: YTL112,678 thousand) against potential tax risks in the form of possible tax duties and penalties in the consolidated financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2006.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 20 - OTHER PROVISIONS (Continued)

Export commitment provision

The Group management has estimated losses that may arise from export loans to customers under legal follow-up that do not have the ability to fulfill their export commitments and has recognised provision of YTL41,509 thousand (2005: YTL43,574 thousand).

Provision for the adjustment on cost of business combination

On 28 September 2005 "Non-core Assets Option Agreement" signed between the KFS and Çukurova. According to this agreement, for the next 6 years, 57.4% of the difference between the sale price and the agreed adjusted book value of some assets that have been assessed as non-strategic for KFS will be used to net off the cash loan exposure of Çukurova Group at YKB. According to the clauses of the agreement, KFS management estimated value of option as YTL107,390 thousand as of 30 June 2006 (31 December 2005: YTL107,390 thousand).

Provision for credit related commitments

Movement in provision for losses on credit related commitments is as follows:

	2006	2005
Balance at 1 January	154,070	34,640
Impairment losses on credit related commitments (Note 30) Monetary gain	(3,875)	17,072 (1,633)
Balance at 30 June	150,195	50,079

Movement in other provisions is as follows:

	Estimated liability on transfer of the Fund	Tax and other legal provision	Provision for the adjustment on cost of business combination	Export commitment provision	Other	Total
Balance at 1 January 2006						
as previously reported	555,619	127,630	49,291	43,574	478	776,592
-effect of adjustments on preliminary fair values acquired business combination (Note 24		4,207	58,099		4,689	66,995
as restated at 1 January 2006	555,619	131,837	107,390	43,574	5,167	843,587
Provision (released)/charged	60,175	(5,644)	-	(2,065)	3,220	55,686
Provision used	-	(2,546)	-	-	(5,998)	(8,544)
Translation difference	_		-	_	115	115
Balance at 30 June 2006	615,794	123,647	107,390	41,509	2,504	890,844

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 21 - RESERVE FOR EMPLOYMENT TERMINATION BENEFITS

	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
Reserve for employment termination benefits		
- domestic	89,946	87,774
- foreign	1,070	851
	91,016	88,625
	2006	2005
	2000	2003
Balance at 1 January	88,625	9,320
Increase during the year	6,382	2,556
Paid during the year	(4,210)	(938)
Translation difference	219	(48)
Monetary gain	-	(194)
Balance at 30 June	91,016	10,696

Under the Turkish Labour Law, the parent and its domestic subsidiaries are required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed at least one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, dies or who retires after completing 25 years of service (20 years for women) and achieves the retirement age (58 for women and 60 for men). Since the legislation was changed on 8 September 1999, there are certain transitional provisions relating to length of service prior to retirement. The amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of YTL1,771 (31 December 2005: YTL1,727 in terms of the purchasing power of YTL at 2005) for each year of service.

The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement.

The reserve has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of its employees.

IAS 19 "Employment Benefits" requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation for such benefits, Accordingly, the following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the domestic liability as at 30 June 2006 and 31 December 2005:

	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
Discount rate (%)	5.49	5.49
Turnover rate to estimate the probability of retirement (%)	2-6	2-7

Additionally, the principal actuarial assumption is that the maximum liability of YTL1,771 for each year of service would increase in line with inflation. Thus the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the effects of future inflation. As the maximum liability is revised semi-annually, the maximum amount of YTL1,815 which is effective from 1 July 2006, has been taken into consideration in calculating the reserve for employment termination benefit of the parent and its domestic subsidiaries.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 22 - INSURANCE TECHNICAL RESERVES

	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
Mathematical reserve	374,604	334,977
Profit share reserve	234,628	289,865
Unearned premium reserve	180,662	152,731
Outstanding claim reserve	41,977	41,841
IBNR reserve	9,846	10,629
Total	841,717	830,043

The movements of insurance technical reserves were as follows:

2006

Opening net book amount at 1 January	830,043
Provision used	(122,719)
Foreign exchange difference	76,283
Charge for the period, net	58,110
Closing net book amount 30 June	841.717

NOTE 23 - OTHER LIABILITIES

	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
Credit card payables	1,737,896	1,483,126
Clearing accounts	284,331	123,713
Import deposit and transfer orders	251,437	181,435
Miscellaneous payables to customers	190,048	71,369
Blocked accounts	167,433	130,532
Taxes other than income and withholdings	92,457	86,607
Credit card bonus provision	56,820	52,329
Unearned income for miscellaneous fees and commissions	50,806	50,756
Provision for unused annual vacation	49,908	48,972
Premium and bonuses payable to personnel	37,496	60,483
Advances taken	22,633	14,676
Payable to Saving Deposits Insurance Fund	13,349	11,216
Other	458,683	333,826
Total	3,413,297	2,649,040

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 24 - ACQUISITIONS

30 June 2006:

(i) Acquisition of YKB

The Bank purchased further 9.09% of YKB shares traded in ISE and 0.8% of the shares under a foreign mutual fund in YKB's available-for-sale portfolio during April and as a result, the ownership of the Bank increased from 57.42% to 67.31%. As explained in Note 2.C, the Bank recognised the difference between the acquisition cost and net asset acquired amount directly under Equity.

Total acquisition cost	607,331
Net assets acquired	(170,683)
-	

436,648

(ii) Purchase of additional shares of Koçbank Azerbaijan

In accordance with the option agreement signed between KFS and International Finance Corporation ("IFC"), IFC has exercised the option to sell 20% of share capital of Koçbank Azerbaijan Ltd. for a total consideration of US\$2,503,140. As explained in Note 2.C, the Bank recognised the difference between the acquisition cost and net asset acquired amount directly under Equity.

Total acquisition cost	3,356
Net assets acquired	(1,680)
Difference (Note 26)	1,676

31 December 2005:

Difference (Note 26)

Acquisition of YKB

In accordance with the Share Purchase Agreement ("SPA") signed on 28 September 2005 between Çukurova Holding, various Çukurova Companies, Mehmet Emin Karamehmet and Koç Finansal Hizmetler A.Ş., Koçbank N.V. and Koçbank, Koçbank acquired of 57.4% of the shares of YKB. The value for 57.4% of the shares of YKB was realised as EUR1,182,369 thousand.

Details of net assets acquired and goodwill are as follows:

Purchase consideration:

Goodwill on acquisition	1,127,056
Adjustment on cost of business combination	112,079
_	1,014,977
Fair value of net identifiable assets acquired	946,953
- adjustments on preliminary fair values in initial accounting period	(27,362)
- preliminary fair value of net identifiable assets acquired	974,315
Total purchase consideration	1,961,930
- Direct costs relating to the acquisition	41,940
- Cash paid	1,919,990

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 24 - ACQUISITIONS (Continued)

The assets and liabilities arising from initial acquisition are as follows:

	Fair Value	Acquiree's carrying amount
Cash and cash equivalents	2,736,740	2,736,740
Due from banks	1,148,564	1,148,564
Premises and equipment	1,294,560	1,294,560
Trademarks and customer related intangibles	163,084	-
Other intangibles	33,419	33,419
Investment in associates (Note 9)	37,166	37,166
Trading securities	3,015,454	3,015,454
Investment securities	5,012,740	5,012,740
Loans and advances to customers	10,571,824	10,571,824
Other assets	735,636	735,636
Net deferred income tax assets	567,576	567,576
Deposits	(18,494,773)	(18,494,773)
Other liabilities	(3,908,489)	(3,908,489)
Borrowings	(1,200,471)	(1,200,471)
	1,713,030	1,549,946

Adjustments on preliminary fair values in the initial accounting period:

Premises and equipment (Note 14)	(11,662)
Investment securities	(5,664)
Other assets	697
Deferred income tax assets (Note 19)	(5,567)
Other liabilities	(25,097)
Total effect of adjustments	(47,293)
Net identifiable assets	1,665,737
Minority interest as previously reported	738,715
Effect of adjustments on preliminary fair values	(19,931)
Minority interest	718,784
Net identifiable assets acquired	946,953
Inflow of cash to acquire business, net of cash acquired:	
Purchase consideration settled in cash	(1,961,930)
Cash and cash equivalents in subsidiary acquired	2,736,740
Cash inflow on acquisition	774.810

The initial accounting for a business combination involves identifying and determining the fair values to be assigned to the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities and the cost of the combination. As the initial accounting for a business combination for some identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities was determined only provisionally by the end of the period in which the combination is effected, the Group accounted for the combination using those provisional values. The Group will recognize any adjustments to those provisional values as a result of completing the initial accounting within twelve months of the acquisition date.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 24 - ACQUISITIONS (Continued)

The General Assembly of YKB held on 28 September 2005 and the new members of the Board of Directors of YKB, who started to work by swearing at the same date. In the first meeting of YKB Board of Directors held on the same date and also in the year end General Assembly of YKB, following agreements were ratified:

Turkcell Option Agreement

Based on the Turkcell Option Agreement signed between the Bank and Çukurova Holding on 28 September 2005, a call option has been granted to Çukurova Holding for the purchase of 1.15% of the shares of Turkcell and 20.02% of the shares of Turkcell Holding in the following 12 months after the option agreement date. In accordance with that agreement Turkcell and Turkcell Holding shares were sold at 25 November 2005.

Option Agreement in Relation to Non-Core Assets

In accordance with the "Non-Core Assets Option Agreement" signed between YKB and Çukurova Group at 28 September 2005, parties agreed that for the following six years after the date of share transfer, if the non-core assets that have a carrying value of approximately YTL455,000 thousand in the financial statements as of 30 September 2005 are sold to third parties, 57.4% of the difference between the value of the assets stated in the agreement and the sales value will be used to reduce debts of the Çukurova Group to YKB. In addition, KFS, the ultimate shareholder of YKB, has declared to YKB that it has agreed and committed to irrevocably pay any difference in favour of Çukurova Group resulting from the transactions subject to this agreement during the life of the Option Agreement, which will be deducted from Çukurova Group's debts.

Purchase-Sale Agreement for Fintur, Superonline and Digitürk

Digitürk, Superonline and Fintur Purchase and Sale Agreement was signed between the YKB and Çukurova Group on 28 September 2005, and the parties have agreed to sell the shares owned by YKB in Fintur, Superonline and Digitürk to Çukurova Group within 4 months of that date for EUR42.2 million, EUR7.5 million and YTL106,041 thousand, respectively. As further explained in detail in Note 8, Fintur and Digitürk have been sold to Cukurova at 5 January 2006.

A-Tel Option Agreement

Based on the "A-Tel Option Agreement" signed between YKB, and Çukurova Holding A.Ş. ("Çukurova Holding") on 28 September 2005, a call option has been granted to Çukurova Group within two years from the agreement date where Çukurova Group or a third party designated by Çukurova Group can purchase 50% of A-Tel Pazarlama ve Servis Hizmetleri A.Ş.'s ("A-Tel") shares for USD150,000,000 which are owned by YKB. If Çukurova Group does not exercise its option during the above mentioned two years period, YKB will have a put option in order to sell those A-Tel shares to Çukurova Group in three months following the end of the two years. As further explained in detail in Note 35.ii, A-Tel was sold to Cukurova Group at 9 August 2006.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 24 - ACQUISITIONS (Continued)

Yapı Kredi Plaza Agreement in relation to the sale of immovable in Yapı Kredi Plaza A Block 15, 16, 17 and 18th floors and Yapı Kredi Plaza E Block

According to "Yapı Kredi Plaza Agreement in relation to the sale of immovable in Yapı Kredi Plaza A Block 15, 16, 17 and 18th floors and Yapı Kredi Plaza E Block", the parties agree on the selling of Bank's various immovable in Yapı Kredi Plaza (A Block Floors 15, 16, 17 and 18 and the whole E Block) located in İstanbul, Levent to Çukurova Group. Accordingly, the transfer operation in relation to those immovable commenced and the transfer price amounting to USD13,995,820 was collected by YKB at 28 September 2005.

Superonline Modification Agreement

According to Superonline Modification Agreement, the parties agreed on extending present agreements between YKB and Superonline for five additional years on an arm's length basis.

Advertising Publication Agreement

According to "Advertising Publication Agreement", the parties agreed that YKB and its subsidiaries will spend up to EUR15 million per year for a five-year period after the share transfer on giving advertisements via media companies of Çukurova Group and half of this amount will be used in the payment of the Çukurova Group Loan. New advertisement agreements have been signed between YKB, Çukurova Media Companies and KFS on 10 August 2006 to be replaced with the "Advertising Publication Agreement" signed between YKB and Çukurova Media Companies on 28 September 2005. There has been no change in conditions of the agreement such as the amount of advertisement and duration of the agreement and also in the new agreement, it is anticipated that YKB will publish advertisements via media companies of Çukurova based on Koç Group prices but this time under guarantee of KFS.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 25 - SHARE CAPITAL

The historic amount of share capital of the Company consists of 251,127,486,844 (31 December 2005: 251,127,486,844) authorised shares with a nominal value of YTL0.01 each. The Company's authorised capital amounts to YTL2,511,275 thousand (31 December 2005: YTL2,511,275 thousand).

At 30 June 2006 and 31 December 2005, the issued and fully paid-in share capital held is as follows:

	30 June 2006		31 December 2005	
Shareholders	Participation		Participation	
	rate (%)	YTL thousand	rate (%)	YTL thousand
UniCredit S.p.A.	50.00	1,255,637	50.00	1,255,637
Koç Holding A.Ş.	30.98	778,056	30.98	778,056
Koç Family and Koç Group Companies	19.02	477,582	19.02	477,582
Historical share capital	100.00	2,511,275	100.00	2,511,275
Adjustment to share capital		82,466		82,466
Total paid in share capital		2,593,741		2,593,741

The adjustment to share capital represents the restatement effect of cash and cash equivalent contributions to share capital in terms of equivalent purchasing power at 31 December 2005.

NOTE 26 - RETAINED EARNINGS AND OTHER RESERVES

	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
Hedging reserves	(22,465)	-
Statutory reserve	9,694	2,708
Translation reserves	21,777	(56,230)
Revaluation reserve - available-for-sale investments	14,997	6,844
Total other reserves	24,003	(46,678)
Retained earnings	602,511	841,292
	626,514	794,614

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 26 - RETAINED EARNINGS AND OTHER RESERVES (Continued)

Movements in other reserves were as follows:

	Hedging Reserves	Statutory reserves	Translation reserves	Retained earnings	Total
Balance at 1 January 2006	-	2,708	(56,230)	841,292	787,770
Purchase from minority interest (Note Gains on hedges of a net	24) -	-	-	(438,324)	(438,324)
investment in a foreign operation	(22,465)	-	-	-	(22,465)
Transfer to reserves	-	6,986	-	(6,986)	-
Capital increase cost	-	-	-	(3,384)	(3,384)
Currency translation differences	-	-	78,007	-	78,007
Transfer to share capital	-	-	-	-	-
Net profit for the year	-	-	-	209,903	209,903
Balance at 30 June 2006	(22,465)	9,694	21,777	602,501	611,507

Retained earnings as per the statutory financial statements other than legal reserves are available for distribution, subject to the legal reserve requirement referred to below.

Under the Turkish Commercial Code, the Group is required to create the following legal reserves from appropriation of earnings, which are available for distribution only in the event of liquidation or losses:

- a) First legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of 5% of net income, until the total reserve is equal to 20% of issued and fully paid-in share capital.
- b) Second legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of at least 10% of distribution in excess of 5% of issued and fully paid-in share capital, without limit. It may be used to absorb losses.

After deducting taxes and setting aside the legal reserves as discussed above, the remaining balance of net profit is available for distribution to shareholders.

Starting from 2002, the lower of non-inflation adjusted historical profits or profits arising in the inflation adjusted statutory financial statements can be subjected to the profit appropriation and distribution.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 27 -	NET	INTEREST	INCOME
NOIL 4/ -	NEL	INTENESI	

Interest expense on: Customer deposits	T. ()	30 June 2006	30 June 2005
Investment securities 604,855 329,541 71,695 39,055 71,695 39,055 71,695 39,055 71,695 39,055 71,695 39,055 71,695 39,055 71,695 39,055 71,695 39,055 71,695 39,055 71,695 39,055 71,695 39,055 71,695 39,055 71,695 71		1 587 740	346 206
Financial leases			
Placements with banks			
Reserve deposits 59,032 12,431 Money market transactions 16,873 1,548 Other 1,794 - Total interest income 2,402,002 765,034 Interest expense on: Customer deposits 1,141,843 291,296 Other borrowed funds 181,455 60,624 Repurchase agreements 37,281 21,257 Deposits from banks 33,924 7,352 Money market transactions 8,785 4,509 Other 17,052 442 Total interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Net interest income 981,662 379,554 NOTE 28 - NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME 30 June 2006 30 June 2005 Fee and commission income on: Assets under management 110,564 62,492 Credit/debit cards 260,454 25,922 Loans 260,454 25,922 Loans and advances 42,102 13,896 Banking services 35,965 6,386			
Money market transactions 16,873 1,548 Other 1,794 - Total interest income 2,402,002 765,034 Interest expense on: 1,141,843 291,296 Other borrowed funds 181,455 60,624 Repurchase agreements 37,281 21,257 Deposits from banks 33,942 7,352 Money market transactions 8,785 4,509 Other 17,052 442 Total interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 NOTE 28 - NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME 30 June 2006 30 June 2005 Fee and commission income on: 30 June 2006 30 June 2005 Fee and commission income on: 40 Cept of the commission income on: 40 Cept of the commission income on: Credit related commission income on: 40 Cept of the commission income on: 40 Cept of the commission income on: 40 Cept of the commission income on: 40 Cept of the commission income on: 40 Cept of the commission income on: 40 Cept of the commission income on: 40 Cept of the commission income on: 40 Cept of the commission income on: 40 Cept of the commission income on: 40 Cept of the			,
Other 1,794			
Interest expense on: Customer deposits	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-
Customer deposits 1,141,843 291,296 Other borrowed funds 181,455 60,624 Repurchase agreements 37,281 21,257 Deposits from banks 33,924 7,352 Money market transactions 8,785 4,509 Other 17,052 442 Total interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Not interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Not interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Not interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Not interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Not interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Not interest expense 39,662 379,554 Not interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Not interest expense 110,564 62,492 Credit/debit cards 260,454 25,922 Credit related commitments 110,564 62,492 Credit related commitments 6,8457 21	Total interest income	2,402,002	765,034
Customer deposits 1,141,843 291,296 Other borrowed funds 181,455 60,624 Repurchase agreements 37,281 21,257 Deposits from banks 33,924 7,352 Money market transactions 8,785 4,509 Other 17,052 442 Total interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Not interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Not interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Not interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Not interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Not interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Not interest expense 39,662 379,554 Not interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Not interest expense 110,564 62,492 Credit/debit cards 260,454 25,922 Credit related commitments 110,564 62,492 Credit related commitments 6,8457 21	Interest expense on:		
Other borrowed funds 181,455 60,624 Repurchase agreements 37,281 21,257 Deposits from banks 33,924 7,352 Money market transactions 8,785 4,509 Other 17,052 442 Total interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Net interest income 981,662 379,554 NOTE 28 - NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME Assets under management 110,564 62,492 Credit/debit cards 260,454 25,922 Loans 260,454 25,922 Loans 42,102 13,896 Banking services 42,102 13,896 Payment/sales, EFT orders 35,965 6,386 -Other 17,351 6,054 Prokerage 16,439 6,581 Brokerage 16,439 6,581 Other 34,966 11,147 Total fee and commission income 619,248 156,889 Fee and commission expense on: Credit/debit card		1,141,843	291,296
Repurchase agreements 37,281 21,257 Deposits from banks 33,924 7,352 Money market transactions 8,785 4,509 Other 17,052 442 Total interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 NOTE 28 - NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME NOTE 28 - NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME Assets under management 110,564 62,492 Credit/debit cards 260,454 25,922 Loans - - - Credit related commitments 68,457 21,379 - Loans and advances 42,102 13,896 Banking services - - -Payment/sales, EFT orders 35,965 6,386 -Other 17,351 6,054 Brokerage 16,439 6,581 Insurance products 27,043 - Featoring 5,907 3,032 Other 34,966 11,147 Total fee and commission expense on: Credit/debit cards 97,275			
Deposits from banks 33,924 7,352 Money market transactions 8,785 4,509 Other 17,052 442 Total interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Net interest income 981,662 379,554 NOTE 28 - NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME 30 June 2006 30 June 2005 Fee and commission income on: 30 June 2006 30 June 2005 Fee and commission income on: 260,454 25,922 Loans 260,454 25,922 Loans 68,457 21,379 - Credit related commitments 68,457 21,379 - Loans and advances 42,102 13,896 Banking services 35,965 6,386 - Other 17,351 6,054 Brokerage 16,439 6,581 Insurance products 27,043			
Money market transactions 8,785 4,509 Other 17,052 442 Total interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Net interest income 981,662 379,554 NOTE 28 - NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME 30 June 2006 30 June 2005 Fee and commission income on: 4 Assets under management 110,564 62,492 Credit/debit cards 260,454 25,922 Loans 2 1,2379 2,1379 2,1379 2,1379 2,1379 2,1379 2,1379 2,1379 2,1379 2,1379 2,1379 2,1379 2,1379 2,1379 2,1379 3,139 3,139 3,139 3,139 3,139 3,139 3,139 3,139 3,139 3,139 3,131 3,139 3,132 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Other 17,052 442 Total interest expense 1,420,340 385,480 Net interest income 981,662 379,554 NOTE 28 - NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME 30 June 2006 30 June 2005 Fee and commission income on: 4 Assets under management 110,564 62,492 Credit/debit cards 260,454 25,922 Loans Loans 42,102 13,896 84,877 21,379 -1,3896 13,896 86,8457 21,379 -1,3896 14,389 6,581 1,3896 -1,3896			4,509
Note interest income 981,662 379,554	Other	17,052	442
NOTE 28 - NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME 30 June 2006 30 June 2005 Fee and commission income on: Assets under management 110,564 62,492 Credit/debit cards 260,454 25,922 Loans - Credit related commitments 68,457 21,379 - Loans and advances 42,102 13,896 Banking services - - - Payment/sales, EFT orders 35,965 6,386 - Other 17,351 6,054 Brokerage 16,439 6,581 Insurance products 27,043 - Factoring 5,907 3,032 Other 34,966 11,147 Total fee and commission income 619,248 156,889 Fee and commission expense on: Credit/debit cards 97,275 12,937 Other borrowed funds 4,107 3,879 Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39	Total interest expense	1,420,340	385,480
30 June 2006 30 June 2005 Fee and commission income on: Assets under management 110,564 62,492 Credit/debit cards 260,454 25,922 Loans - - - Credit related commitments 68,457 21,379 - Loans and advances 42,102 13,896 Banking services - - -Payment/sales, EFT orders 35,965 6,386 -Other 17,351 6,581 Brokerage 16,439 6,581 Insurance products 27,043 - Factoring 5,907 3,032 Other 34,966 11,147 Total fee and commission income 619,248 156,889 Fee and commission expense on: Credit/debit cards 97,275 12,937 Other borrowed funds 4,107 3,879 Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39,494 6,622	Net interest income	981,662	379,554
Assets under management 110,564 62,492 Credit/debit cards 260,454 25,922 Loans - Credit related commitments 68,457 21,379 - Loans and advances 42,102 13,896 Banking services - Payment/sales, EFT orders 35,965 6,386 - Other 17,351 6,054 Brokerage 16,439 6,581 Insurance products 27,043 - Factoring 5,907 3,032 Other 34,966 11,147 Total fee and commission income 619,248 156,889 Fee and commission expense on: Credit/debit cards 97,275 12,937 Other borrowed funds 4,107 3,879 Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39,494 6,622		30 June 2006	30 June 2005
Credit/debit cards 260,454 25,922 Loans - Credit related commitments 68,457 21,379 - Loans and advances 42,102 13,896 Banking services - - -Payment/sales, EFT orders 35,965 6,386 -Other 17,351 6,054 Brokerage 16,439 6,581 Insurance products 27,043 - Factoring 5,907 3,032 Other 34,966 11,147 Total fee and commission income 619,248 156,889 Fee and commission expense on: 2 1 Credit/debit cards 97,275 12,937 Other borrowed funds 4,107 3,879 Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39,494 6,622 Total fee and commission expense 145,713 24,687	Fee and commission income on:		
Loans 68,457 21,379 - Credit related commitments 68,457 21,379 - Loans and advances 42,102 13,896 Banking services 35,965 6,386 -Payment/sales, EFT orders 35,965 6,386 -Other 17,351 6,054 Brokerage 16,439 6,581 Insurance products 27,043 - Factoring 5,907 3,032 Other 34,966 11,147 Total fee and commission income 619,248 156,889 Fee and commission expense on: Credit/debit cards 97,275 12,937 Other borrowed funds 4,107 3,879 Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39,494 6,622 Total fee and commission expense 145,713 24,687			62,492
- Credit related commitments 68,457 21,379 - Loans and advances 42,102 13,896 Banking services - -Payment/sales, EFT orders 35,965 6,386 -Other 17,351 6,054 Brokerage 16,439 6,581 Insurance products 27,043 - Factoring 5,907 3,032 Other 34,966 11,147 Total fee and commission income 619,248 156,889 Fee and commission expense on: Credit/debit cards 97,275 12,937 Other borrowed funds 4,107 3,879 Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39,494 6,622 Total fee and commission expense 145,713 24,687		260,454	25,922
- Loans and advances Banking services -Payment/sales, EFT orders -Other		60.457	21 270
Banking services 35,965 6,386 -Payment/sales, EFT orders 17,351 6,054 -Other 16,439 6,581 Insurance products 27,043 - Factoring 5,907 3,032 Other 34,966 11,147 Total fee and commission income 619,248 156,889 Fee and commission expense on: Credit/debit cards 97,275 12,937 Other borrowed funds 4,107 3,879 Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39,494 6,622 Total fee and commission expense 145,713 24,687			
-Payment/sales, EFT orders 35,965 6,386 -Other 17,351 6,054 Brokerage 16,439 6,581 Insurance products 27,043 - Factoring 5,907 3,032 Other 34,966 11,147 Total fee and commission income 619,248 156,889 Fee and commission expense on: Credit/debit cards 97,275 12,937 Other borrowed funds 4,107 3,879 Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39,494 6,622 Total fee and commission expense 145,713 24,687		42,102	13,890
Other 17,351 6,054 Brokerage 16,439 6,581 Insurance products 27,043 - Factoring 5,907 3,032 Other 34,966 11,147 Total fee and commission income 619,248 156,889 Fee and commission expense on: Credit/debit cards 97,275 12,937 Other borrowed funds 4,107 3,879 Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39,494 6,622 Total fee and commission expense 145,713 24,687	•	25.065	6 206
Brokerage 16,439 6,581 Insurance products 27,043 - Factoring 5,907 3,032 Other 34,966 11,147 Total fee and commission income 619,248 156,889 Fee and commission expense on: Credit/debit cards 97,275 12,937 Other borrowed funds 4,107 3,879 Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39,494 6,622 Total fee and commission expense 145,713 24,687			
Insurance products 27,043 - Factoring Other 5,907 3,032 Other 34,966 11,147 Total fee and commission income 619,248 156,889 Fee and commission expense on: Credit/debit cards 97,275 12,937 Other borrowed funds 4,107 3,879 Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39,494 6,622 Total fee and commission expense 145,713 24,687			
Factoring Other 5,907 3,032 Other 34,966 11,147 Total fee and commission income 619,248 156,889 Fee and commission expense on: Credit/debit cards 97,275 12,937 Other borrowed funds 4,107 3,879 Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39,494 6,622 Total fee and commission expense 145,713 24,687	8		0,301
Other 34,966 11,147 Total fee and commission income 619,248 156,889 Fee and commission expense on: Credit/debit cards 97,275 12,937 Other borrowed funds 4,107 3,879 Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39,494 6,622 Total fee and commission expense 145,713 24,687	•		3 032
Fee and commission expense on: Credit/debit cards 97,275 12,937 Other borrowed funds 4,107 3,879 Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39,494 6,622 Total fee and commission expense 145,713 24,687			11,147
Credit/debit cards 97,275 12,937 Other borrowed funds 4,107 3,879 Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39,494 6,622 Total fee and commission expense 145,713 24,687	Total fee and commission income	619,248	156,889
Credit/debit cards 97,275 12,937 Other borrowed funds 4,107 3,879 Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39,494 6,622 Total fee and commission expense 145,713 24,687	Fee and commission expense on:		
Other borrowed funds 4,107 3,879 Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39,494 6,622 Total fee and commission expense 145,713 24,687		97,275	12,937
Brokerage 2,572 115 Factoring 2,265 1,134 Other 39,494 6,622 Total fee and commission expense 145,713 24,687			3,879
Factoring Other 2,265 39,494 1,134 6,622 Total fee and commission expense 145,713 24,687	Brokerage		115
Other 39,494 6,622 Total fee and commission expense 145,713 24,687	Factoring		1,134
•	Other		6,622
Net fee and commission income 473,535 132,202	Total fee and commission expense	145,713	24,687
	Net fee and commission income	473,535	132,202

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 29 - OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

	30 June 2006	30 June 2005
Staff costs	409,047	115,512
Depreciation (Note 14)	75,435	19,247
Amortization of intangible assets (Note 13)	17,114	3,717
Depreciation and amortization	92,549	22,964
Impairment charge on other intangible assets (Note 13) (Reversal of impairment) / impairment charge	2,770	-
on property and equipment (Note 14)	(1,331)	526
Impairment charge on assets held for resale (Note 15)	2,865	2,876
Impairment	4,304	3,402
Promotion expense on credit cards	87,563	5,348
Marketing and advertisement costs	50,437	12,913
Communication expenses	43,444	8,168
Payments to saving deposit insurance fund	25,965	5,485
Rent expenses	25,597	13,356
Repair and maintenance expenses	20,828	6,385
Sundry taxes and duties	18,403	4,403
Utilities	9,216	2,107
Audit and consultancy fees	9,101	3,306
Insurance fee	4,621	1,559
Charity	2,417	2,381
Other	92,875	20,036
General administrative expenses	390,467	85,447
Total	896,367	227,325

NOTE 30 - IMPAIRMENT LOSSES ON LOANS AND CREDIT RELATED COMMITMENTS

	30 June 2006	30 June 2005
Impairment losses on loans and receivables (Note 10) (Reversal of impairment) / impairment losses	118,909	39,061
on credit related commitments (Note 20)	(3,875)	17,072
	115,034	56,133

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 31 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

In the normal course of its activities, the Group undertakes various commitments and incurs certain contingent liabilities that are not presented in these financial statements, including letters of guarantee, acceptances and letters of credit. The following is a summary of significant commitments and contingent liabilities at 30 June 2006 and 31 December 2005.

Legal proceedings

Due to the nature of its business, the Group is involved in a number of claims and legal proceedings, arising in the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises provisions for such matters when, in the opinion of management and its professional advisors, it is probable that a payment will be made by the Group, and the amount can be reasonably estimated (Note 20).

In respect of the further claims asserted against the Group ,which according to the principles outlined above, have not been provided for, it is the opinion of the management and its professional advisors that such claims are either without merit, can be successfully defended or will not have a material adverse effect on the Group's financial position.

Credit related commitments

The primary purpose of these instruments is to ensure that funds are available to a customer as and if required. Guarantees and standby letters of credit, which represent irrevocable assurances that the Group will make payments in the event that a customer cannot meet its obligations to third parties, carry the same credit risk as loans. Documentary and commercial letters of credit, which are written undertakings by the Group on behalf of a customer authorising a third party to draw drafts on the Group up to a stipulated amount under specific terms and conditions, are collateralised by the underlying shipments of goods to which they relate and therefore have significantly less risk.

Cash requirements under guarantees and standby letters of credit are considerably less than the amount of the commitment.

The total outstanding contractual amount of commitments to extend credit does not necessarily represent future cash requirements, since many of these commitments will expire or terminate without being funded.

Other

On 4 April 2005 the CBRT auditors sent an audit report dated 31 March 2005 to YKB. The report includes critiques on the calculation methods of reserve requirements and liquidity obligations for various liability items. On the other hand, on 16 November 2005, the "Communiqué regarding the reserve requirements" numbered 2005/1 was issued in the Official Gazette numbered 25995. According to this Communiqué, if CBRT auditors conclude that the reserve requirements were understated for a specific time, twofold and threefold of the understated YTL and foreign currency denominated amount, respectively, can be placed in the CBRT as interest free demand deposits for this specific time period. Otherwise, penalty interest will be charged regarding the understated amounts. YKB management plans to use the option of placing interest free deposits in the CBRT, if any liability occurs against YKB as a result of this process.

As of 30 June 2006, YKB has legal proceedings against the responsible individuals and the companies regarding the interest income losses arising from the interest free advances extended by YKB. These legal cases and the collectibility of corresponding contingent assets are currently under review.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 31 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

The following table shows the outstanding credit related commitments of the Group:

	30 June 2006			31 December 2005			
	Related Parties	Other	Total	Related Parties	Other	Total	
Letters of guarantee	1 ai ties	Other	Totai	1 at ties	Other	Total	
-Foreign Currency	451,090	5,836,648	6,287,738	157,140	5,155,137	5,312,277	
-YTL	65,144	4,824,487	4,889,631	317,946	4,827,223	5,145,169	
Letters of credit	31,550	2,482,471	2,514,021	71,839	2,033,340	2,105,179	
Acceptances	-	304,789	304,789	1,048	246,691	247,739	
Other commitments and contingencies	84,351	818,846	903,197	54,036	436,488	490,524	
Total	632,135	14,267,241	14,899,376	602,009	12,698,879	13,300,888	
Less: Provision for losses on credit related commitments (Note 20)	_	(150,195)	(150,195)	-	(154,070)	(154,070)	
Total	632,135	14,117,046	14,749,181	602,009	12,544,809	13,146,818	

The economic sector risk concentrations for outstanding credit related commitments of the Group is as follows:

	30 June 2006	%	31 December 2005	%
Construction and cement	2,867,005	19	2,770,159	21
Manufacturing	1,991,684	13	2,124,631	16
Financial institutions	1,471,958	10	1,056,109	8
Metal processing	1,091,834	7	1,109,369	8
Trade	1,066,330	7	1,192,207	9
Textiles	777,273	5	731,345	5
Petrochemical industry	773,120	5	635,028	5
Automotive	578,065	4	367,687	3
Food, beverage and tobacco	524,185	4	729,028	5
Tourism	163,765	1	161,339	1
Durable goods	106,506	1	85,295	1
Other	3,487,651	24	2,338,691	18
Total	14,899,376	100	13,300,888	100

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **AT 30 JUNE 2006**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 31 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Commitments	under	derivative	instruments:	
30 June 2006				

Commitments under derivative ins 30 June 2006	struments:		Notional a	mounts	
2000	US\$	EUR	Other	YTL	Total
Forward transactions	484,355	507,946	89,426	323,880	1,405,607
- Currency forwards	484,355	507,946	89,426	323,880	1,405,607
- Security forwards	-	, <u> </u>	_	, <u> </u>	-
Swap transactions	758,081	1,107,228	188,188	343,726	2,397,223
- Interest rate swaps	326,798	48,889	-	=	375,687
- Currency rate swaps	431,283	1,058,339	188,188	343,726	2,021,536
Options (call)	155,180	1,959	-	155,677	312,816
Futures	-	-	-	81	81
Total purchases	1,397,616	1,617,133	277,614	823,364	4,115,727
Forward transactions	346,901	296,370	38,780	430,606	1,112,657
- Currency forwards	346,901	296,370	38,780	429,244	1,111,295
- Security forwards	-	-	-	1,362	1,362
Swap transactions	1,856,348	228,841	28,855	542,672	2,656,716
- Interest rate swaps	153,628	221,298	-	277,955	652,881
- Currency rate swaps	1,702,720	7,543	28,855	264,717	2,003,835
Options (put)	155,186	1,959	-	155,670	312,815
<u>Futures</u>	78	-	-	-	78
Total sales	2,358,513	527,170	67,635	1,128,948	4,082,266
Off balance sheet net					
notional position (Note 3)	(960,897)	1,089,963	209,979	(305,584)	33,461
31 December 2005			Notional a		
	US\$	EUR	Other	YTL	Total
Forward transactions	249,584	182,089	64,060	282,915	778,648
- Currency forwards	249,584	182,089	64,060	282,915	778,648
Swap transactions	361,214	629,566	180,035	109,000	1,279,815
- Interest rate swaps	136,809	41,075	-	-	177,884
- Currency rate swaps	224,405	588,491	180,035	109,000	1,101,931
Options	-	1,015	-	1,005	2,020
Total purchases	610,798	812,670	244,095	392,920	2,060,483
Forward transactions	266,347	279,405	74,700	153,480	773,932
-Currency forwards	266,347	279,405	74,700	147,730	768,182
-Security forwards	-	, -	´ -	5,750	5,750
Swap transactions	888,320	174,031	34,051	202,234	1,298,636
- Interest rate swaps	102,872	42,662	27,566	136,253	309,353
- Currency rate swaps	785,448	131,369	6,485	65,981	989,283
Options	1,880	953	-	1,071	3,904
Total sales	1,156,547	454,389	108,751	356,785	2,076,472
Off balance sheet net					<u> </u>
notional position (Note 3)	(545,749)	358,281	135,344	36,135	(15,989)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 32 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions, The Group is controlled by the Koç Group and UCI, owning 50% of the ordinary shares each of KFS,

A number of transactions were entered into with related parties in the normal course of business,

(i) Balances with related parties:

	30 June	2006	31 Decemb	er 2005
	Total	Share in total %	Total	Share in total %
Originated loans and receivables, net	689,087	3	776,391	4
Due from banks	3,135	-	3,540	-
Trading securities	5,605	1	2,742	-
Derivative financial instruments	748	1	4,893	20
Other assets	78	-	2,415	
Total assets	698,653		789,981	
Due to customers	2,120,565	6	1,525,895	5
Due to banks	53,097	13	18,930	3
Other borrowed funds	627,199	8	303,040	6
Other liabilities	204	-	875	-
Derivative financial instruments	627	1	4,952	16
Total liabilities	2,801,692		1,853,692	
Credit related commitments	632,135	4	602,009	5
		· ·	,	
Commitment under derivative instruments	316,452	4	242,623	6
Total commitments and contingent liabilities	es 948,587		844,632	

(ii) Transactions with related parties:

	30 June 2006		30 June 2005	
	•	Share in		Share in
	Total	total %	Total	total %
Interest income on originated loans	22,960	1	24,161	7
Interest income on financial leases	2,538	4	2,056	5
Fee and commission income	2,885	-	22,912	15
Other operating income	1,591	4	70	1
Total interest and fee income	29,974		49,199	
Interest expense on deposits	69,922	6	51,630	18
Interest expense on funds borrowed	5,465	3	-	-
Fee and commission expense	51	-	220	-
Other operating expense	714		524	
Total interest and fee expense	76,152		52,374	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 33 - ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT

At 30 June 2006, the Group manages 30 open-ended mutual funds (31 December 2005: 30), 18 private pension funds (31 December 2005: 18), which were established under the Turkish Capital Market Board Regulations,

The details of daily management fee commission rates and net assets values for each fund is as follows:

	30 June 31 D			31 December
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Name of the fund	%	%	YTL	YTL
Mutual Funds				
Koçbank A.Ş. B Tipi Likit Fonu	0.013	0.010	1,232,582	1,511,598
Koçbank A.Ş. B Tipi Tahvil ve Bono Fonu	0.008	0.010	323,514	886,142
Koçbank A.Ş. B Tipi Değişken Fon	0.010	0.012	277,884	680,110
Koç Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.			•	,
B Tipi Tahvil ve Bono Fonu	0.010	0.010	87,974	174,912
Koç Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. B Tipi				
Özel Portföy Yönetimi Değişken Fonu	0.008	0.010	90,434	114,446
Koç Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. B Tipi Likit Fonu	0.009	0.009	58,036	60,660
Koçbank A.Ş. B tipi Özel Bankacılık				
Büyüme Amaçlı Değişken Fonu	0.008	0.010	50,219	57,712
Koçbank A.Ş. B tipi Özel Bankacılık Değişken Fonu	0.007	0.008	46,358	54,191
Koçbank A.Ş. A Tipi Özel Bankacılık	0.000	0.004		22.22
İMKB Ulusal 30 Endeksi Fonu	0.003	0.006	24,246	33,392
Koçbank A.Ş. A Tipi Değişken Fon	0.015	0.015	28,779	31,593
Koçbank A.Ş. A Tipi İMKB Ulusal 30 Endeksi Fonu	0.010	0.010	22,995	24,342
Koç Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	0.010	0.011	14510	10.042
A Tipi Özel Portföy Yönetimi Değişken Fonu	0.010 0.015	0.011 0.015	14,512	19,943
Koçbank A.Ş. A Tipi Hisse Senedi Fonu Koç Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. A Tipi	0.013	0.013	5,914	5,429
Koç Sirketleri İstirak Fonu	0.010	0.010	7,399	3,562
Koçbank A.Ş. B Tipi Tahvil Bono (Eurobond) Fonu	0.010	0.008	3,043	2,756
Koçbank A.Ş. A Tipi Koç Allianz Sigorta Özel Fon	0.003	0.003	241	1,789
BankEuropa Bankası A.Ş. A Tipi Değişken Fonu	0.014	0.003	3,117	965
BankEuropa Bankası A.Ş. B Tipi Tahvil Bono Fonu	0.014	0.001	4,804	32,292
BankEuropa Bankası A.Ş. B Tipi Likit Fonu	0.008	0.001	41,250	19,002
Yapı Kredi Bankası A.Ş. B Tipi Likit Fonu	0.010	0.010	2,603,959	2,574,006
Yapı Kredi Bankası A.Ş. B Tipi Değişken Fon	0.012	0.012	17,457	25,785
Yapı Kredi Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.			Ź	,
B Tipi Tahvil ve Bono Fonu	0.012	0.012	15,977	22,058
Yapı Kredi Bankası A.Ş. A Tipi Karma Fon	0.015	0.015	5,232	2,888
Yapı Kredi Bankası A.Ş. A Tipi Hisse Fon	0.015	0.015	4,679	3,438
Yapı Kredi Bankası A.Ş. A Tipi Yabancı Menkul				
Kıymetler Fonu	0.015	0.015	1,337	898
Yapı Kredi Bankası A.Ş. B Tipi Tahvil ve Bono Fonu	0.012	0.012	83,787	168,157
Yapı Kredi Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. B Tipi Likit Fonu	0.008	0.008	93,922	109,854
Yapı Kredi Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.				
A Tipi İMKB Ulusal 30 Endeksi Fonu	0.012	0.012	17,137	22,941
Yapı Kredi Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. A Tipi Değişken Fon	0.012	0.012	5,573	6,240
Yapı Kredi Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. A Tipi Karma Fonu	0.003	0.003	31,249	31,656
Total mutual funds			5,203,610	6,682,757

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 33 - ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT (Continued)

	2006	31 December 2005	30 June 2006	31 December 2005
Name of the fund	%	%	YTL	YTL
Pension funds				
Koç Allianz Gelir Amaçlı Kamu Borçlanma Araçları				
Emeklilik Yatırım Fonu	0.0052	0.0075	69,402	51,933
Koç Allianz İhtisaslaşmış IMKB Ulusal 30			ŕ	,
Endeksi Emeklilik Yatırım Fonu	0.0082	0.0082	9,002	7,366
Koç Allianz Para Piyasası Likit				
Kamu Emeklilik Yatırım Fonu	0.0052	0.0060	9,022	6,335
Koç Allianz Büyüme Amaçlı				
Esnek Emeklilik Yatırım Fonu	0.0075	0.0075	6,437	4,500
Koç Allianz Gelir Amaçlı Kamu Dış Borçlanma Araçları				
Emeklilik Yatırım Fonu	0.0055	0.0055	5,630	3,888
Koç Allianz Gelir Amaçlı Kamu Borçlanma Araçları				
(Dövize End.) Emeklilik Yatırım Fonu	0.0058	0.0058	2,138	1,540
Koç Allianz Hayat ve Emeklilik A.Ş. ("Koç Allianz") Para	0.00.40	0.00.40	210	
Piyasası Emanet Likit Kamu Emeklilik Yatırım Fonu	0.0060	0.0060	318	763
Koç Allianz Gelir Amaçlı Uluslararası Karma Emeklilik	0.0055	0.0055	1.027	1.006
Yatırım Fonu	0.0055	0.0055	1,827	1,096
Yapı Kredi Emeklilik Büyüme Amaçlı Hisse	0.0055	0.0055	1 < 001	0.100
Senedi Emeklilik Yatırım Fonu	0.0055	0.0055	16,001	9,188
Yapı Kredi Emeklilik Esnek (YTL) Grup	0.0020	0.0027	2 102	0.554
Emeklilik Yatırım Fonu Yapı Kredi Emeklilik Esnek(Döviz) Grup	0.0028	0.0027	3,193	2,554
Emeklilik Yatırım Fonu	0.0028	0.0027	1,937	1,420
Yapı Kredi Emeklilik Esnek Emeklilik Yatırım Fonu	0.0028	0.0027	72,839	53,131
Yapı Kredi Emeklilik Gelir Amaçlı Kamu Dış	0.0033	0.0055	12,039	33,131
Borçlanma Araçları Emeklilik Yatırım Fonu	0.0055	0.0055	46,617	25,497
Yapı Kredi Emeklilik Gelir Amaçlı Kamu Borçlanma	0.0055	0.0033	40,017	23,471
Araçları Emeklilik Yatırım Fonu	0.0055	0.0055	103,111	60,125
Yapı Kredi Emeklilik Gelir Amaçlı Kamu Borçlanma	0.0023	0.0055	103,111	00,123
Araçları (Döviz) Emeklilik Yatırım Fonu	0.0055	0.0055	22,560	12,173
Yapı Kredi Emeklilik Gelir Amaçlı Uluslararası Karma	0.0022	0.0000	22,000	12,170
Emeklilik Yatırım Fonu	0.0055	0.0055	1,029	640
Yapı Kredi Emeklilik Para Piyasası Emanet Likit Karma				
Emeklilik Yatırım Fonu	0.0055	0.0055	1,002	769
Yapı Kredi Emeklilik Para Piyasası Likit- Kamu				
Emeklilik Yatırım Fonu	0.0055	0.0055	43,808	26,659
Total pension funds			415,873	269,577
Total pension lunus			413,073	209,377
Total			5,619,483	6,952,334

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - RESERVE REQUIREMENTS

Turkish:

Reserve requirements of CBRT represent the minimum deposits, as required by the Turkish Banking Law, calculated on the basis of customer deposits taken at the rates determined by the CBRT. In accordance with the current legislation, the mandatory reserve deposit rates for Turkish lira and foreign currency deposits are 6% (31 December 2005: 6%) and 11% (31 December 2005: 11%), respectively. The mandatory reserve deposit rates are applicable to both time and demand deposits.

Foreign:

Reserve requirements of De Nederlandsche Bank represents reserve deposits equivalent to 2% of the overnight deposits, deposits with agreed maturity or deposits redeemable at notice up to 2 years, debt securities issued with agreed maturity up to 2 years and money market paper.

Reserve requirements of National Bank of Azerbaijan, represent reserve deposits equivalent to 10% of the statutory balances of customer accounts, due to banks and other funds borrowed.

Reserve requirements of Deutsche Bundesbank represents reserve deposits equivalent to 2% of all financial liabilities except for bank borrowings and bank deposits in the Eurozone.

Reserve requirements of Central Bank of the Russian Federation represents reserve deposits equivalent to 2% of borrowings from non-resident bank from all currencies, 3.5% of individual deposits denominated in Russia Rubles, 3.5% of the deposits of legal entities for all currencies.

NOTE 35 - POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

- (i) The deadline for the transfer of Superonline shares, set as 28 August 2006 with the "Purchase-Sale Agreement for Fintur, Digitürk and Superonline" signed between the Bank and the Çukurova Group on 28 September 2005, has been extended for another three months for the procedures that has to be completed for share transfer expiring on 28 November 2006.
- (ii) The Share Sell Agreement signed on 12 May 2006 in accordance with the "A-Tel Option Agreement" signed between YKB and Çukurova Holding on 28 September 2005, regarding the transfer of the A-Tel shares with a nominal value of YTL7,000 thousand (50% of the company's capital) for USD150,000,000 to Turkcell has been exercised on 9 August 2006 after the necessary permissions have been received. The consideration for the share sale has been collected in cash and at once since the share transfer has been realised based on A-Tel's book value in YKB, no gain or loss has been recognised.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands of New Turkish Lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 35 - POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS (Continued)

(iii) On 25 May 2006 the BRSA permitted the commencement of the necessary actions concerning the termination of the Bank's judicial personality and its transfer to YKB, with all its rights, claims, liabilities and obligations. On 27 June 2006, pursuant to the resolutions of Board of Directors, both the Bank and YKB submitted an application to the Capital Markets Board ("CMB") for obtainment of its permission to contemplate the merger of the Bank with YKB, through the transfer of all rights, receivables, obligations and liabilities of the Bank to YKB by virtue of dissolution of the Bank. Within the context of this application; as a result of the merger by virtue of dissolution, existing shareholders of the Bank will receive 0.53 YKB shares with a nominal value of 1 YKr for each Bank share with a nominal value of 1 YKr. The corresponding ratios have been defined within the context of the report from the expert appointed by the Istanbul 7th Commercial Court and independent valuation reports prepared by two expert companies. As of the preparation date of these financial statements, the proposed ratios had been approved by the CMB at the Board Meeting held on 3 August 2006 and numbered 34/956. The merger agreement, regarding the transfer of the Bank to YKB prepared and signed by the Board of Directors with the authorization given by the General Assembly of both banks and the draft of the amendment to the Articles of Association of YKB relating to the capital increase due to merger, had been approved with BRSA statement number BDDK.UY1.50.1,35.1-9354 dated 18 August 2006. According to the amendment to the Articles of Association, it was decided that the share capital of YKB will be from YTL1,896,662,493.8 to YTL3,142,818,454.1 with an increase YTL1.246.155.960,3. With the announcement regarding the merger approved by the CMB on 18 August 2006, the Merger and Transfer Agreement was announced to investors in the ISE bulletin dated 21 August 2006. Subjects related with the merger were discussed and presented to shareholders in the Extraordinary General Assembly of the two banks which convened on 21 September 2006. Accordingly shareholders of both banks approved the merger of the Bank into YKB on the basis of the Merger and Transfer Agreement. The merger process is expected to be finalised shortly.