

Yapı Kredi 1Q10 Earnings Presentation

BRSA Consolidated

İstanbul, 12 May 2010



AGENDA

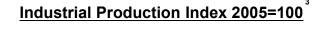
1Q10 Operating Environment

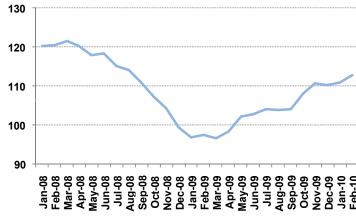
- 1Q10 Results (BRSA Consolidated)
- Performance by Strategic Business Unit (Bank-only)
- Performance of Subsidiaries
- Current Trends and Expectations
- Annex



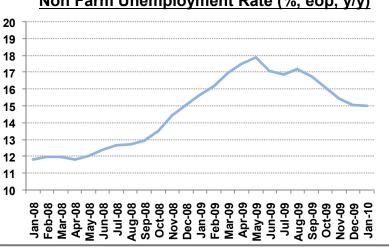
Economic recovery in line with expectations in 1Q10 as evidenced by pick up in industrial/commercial activity and improving consumer confidence

	4Q09	1Q10
GDP Growth (y/y)	6.0%	11.5% ¹
Industrial Production (y/y)	8.9%	21.1%
Inflation (eop, y/y)	6.5%	9.6%
CBRT O/N Rate (eop)	6.5%	6.5%
Consumer Confidence Index	78.8	84.7
Unemployment Rate (eop, y/y)	12.6%	12.7% ²





- **Double digit GDP growth** (11.5%¹) **expected in 1Q10** driven by increased domestic demand and lower base effect
- Significant improvement in industrial production confirming economic recovery
- Despite pick up in headline inflation in 1Q10, core inflation still intact as also confirmed by CPI inflation in April
- CBRT policy rate at 6.5%, stable since Nov 09. Announcement of exit strategy indicating gradual liquidity withdrawal
- Consumer confidence index further improving, confirming positive outlook also for the upcoming period
- Unemployment rate still at high levels with signs of improvement



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Non Farm Unemployment Rate (%, eop, y/y)

- 1 Yapı Kredi Economic Research estimates
- 2 Seasonally adjusted, average of Dec 09, Jan 10, Feb 10

3 Seasonally and working day adjusted

4 Seasonally adjusted

Balanced loan growth in terms of currency at sector level driven by pick up in loan demand and increased lending appetite. Downward pressure on NIM due to low interest rate environment and increased competition

Sector Volume Growth & KPIs

	FY08	FY09	4Q09	1Q10
Loan Growth	30%	6%	5%	6%
TL Loan Growth	22%	9%	5%	5%
FC Loan Growth (\$)	16%	0%	3%	6%
Deposit Growth	27%	13%	7%	3%
TL Deposit Growth	27%	15%	10%	5%
FC Deposit Growth (\$)	-3%	11%	0%	0%
Loans/Deposits	82%	77%	77%	78%
NPL Ratio	3.5%	5.2%	5.2%	4.9%
Cost of Risk	1.7%	2.6%	2.3%	1.6%
Net Interest Margin (NIM) ¹	4.9%	5.6%	5.5%	5.1%
Return on Average Equity ²	17.7%	22.8%	22.8%	22.9%
CAR (Deposit Banks)	16.5%	19.3%	19.3%	18.6%

Sector P&L Summary

bn TL	2009 Jan-Mar	2010 Jan-Mar	Y/Y
Total Revenues	14.4	15.4	7%
Net Interest Income	9.4	10.1	7%
Non-interest Income	5.0	5.4	7%
o/w fees & comm	2.6	2.8	8%
o/w other	2.4	2.6	6%
Operating Costs	4.9	5.6	14%
HR Costs	2.3	2.6	11%
Non-HR costs	2.5	3.0	17%
Operating Income	9.5	9.9	4%
Loan Loss Provisions	2.7	1.7	-37%
Pre-tax Income	6.2	7.6	22%
Тах	1.1	1.5	29%
Net Income	5.1	6.1	20%

Loans up 6% ytd driven by balanced pick up in both TL (5% ytd) and FC (6% ytd) lending

- NIM at 5.1% (-40 bps vs 4Q09, -30 bps vs 1Q09) due to catch up of asset repricing, lower interest rate environment and increased competition
- Asset quality improvement on the back of macroeconomic recovery (NPL ratio -33 bps vs YE09) also leading to decline in cost of risk (-74 bps vs 4Q09)
- Comfortable liquidity position maintained with L/D < 80%
- Strong capitalisation with CAR at 19%

² ROAE calculated based on cumulative net income and the average of current period equity (excluding current period profit) and prior year equity



Note: Banking sector data based on BRSA weekly data excluding participation banks

¹ Adjusted with securities impairment

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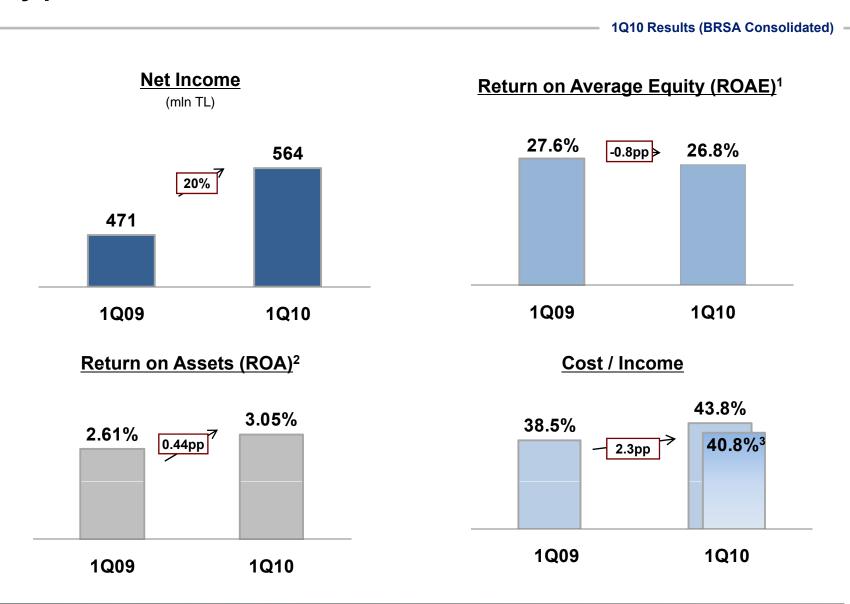
1Q10 Performance Highlights

	Highlights		1Q10 Results
Business Volumes	 Loan growth above sector focusing on higher yielding TL driven primarily by retail, followed by mid-corporate, also on the back of increased commercial effectiveness Deposit growth slightly above sector, driven by TL in line with TL driven retail lending AUM growth above sector 	>	Loans 9% ytd (TL 11%) Deposits 4% ytd (TL 7%) AUM 5% ytd
Operating Performance	 Sound core revenue performance and asset quality improvement leading to robust profitability NIM compression managed through asset/currency mix and above sector volume growth 	>	Net Income 20% y/y ROAE 27% NIM 5.4%
Cost & Efficiency	 Costs up 16% y/y mainly driven by one-offs; core cost growth below inflation Continuation of branch expansion plan which was resumed in 4Q. 838 branches as of 1Q (60 openings planned for 2010) 	>	Core Costs 6% y/y ¹ Cost /Income 41% ¹ Fees/Costs 64% ¹
Asset Quality	 Asset quality improvement accelerating driven by slowdown in NPL inflows, strong collections and NPL portfolio sale Positive impact on specific NPL coverage and relief on cost of risk 	>	NPL ratio 4.9% ² (vs 6.3% at YE09) Collections/NPL Inflows 85% Specific NPL coverage 78%
Capital, Funding & Liquidity	 Sound capital and strenghtened liquidity position (240% rollover of 410 mln USD one-year syndication in April, all-in cost of Libor+1.5%) TL duration gap significantly reduced from 147 days at 1Q09 through extending duration of TL liabilities via swap funding 	>	1 bln USD syndication Bank CAR 16.9% Group CAR 15.7% TL duration gap 76 days

 Excluding one-off effects of recently introduced branch tax (40 mln TL), legal fees related to NPL sale in 1Q10 (8 mln TL) and increase in non-cash loan specific provisions (13 mln TL). Cost/Income excludes one-off effects of branch tax and NPL sale only 2 Including effect of NPL sale. Excluding: 6.0%



Key performance indicators



1 Calculations based on the average of current period equity (excluding current period profit) and prior year equity. Annualised

2 Calculations based on net income/end of period total assets. Annualised



3 Excluding one-off effects of recently introduced branch tax (40 mln TL) and legal fees related to NPL sale in 1Q10 (8 mln TL)

Robust profitability driven by above market loan growth, sound core revenue performance and asset quality improvement

1Q10 Results (BRSA Consolidated)

Income Statement, mIn TL	1Q09	1Q10	YoY		
Total Revenues	1,545	1,573	2%		nues up 2% y/y.
Net Interest Income	955	994	4%		nue growth driven b terest income
Non-Interest Income	590	579	-2%	· · ·	/y) and fees and
o/w Fees & Comms.	349	401	15%		nissions (15% y/y)
Operating Costs	594	690	16%		costs up 16% y/y, costs up 6% y/y³
HR	258	270	5%	- HR	costs up 5% y/y
Non-HR ¹	286	359	26%		HR costs up 26%
Other ²	50	61	22%		Core non-HR costs 4% y/y³
Operating Income	951	883	-7%	Provi	sions down 51% y/y
Provisions	337	167	-51%		by continued asset / improvement
o/w Loan Loss Provisions	275	90	-65%		icome up 20% y/y
Pre-tax income	614	716	17%		
Tax	143	152	6%		
Net Income	471	564	20%		





1 Non-HR costs include HR related non-HR costs, advertising, rent, SDIF, taxes and depreciation

2 Other includes pension fund provisions and loyalty points on World card

3 Excluding one-off effects of recently introduced branch tax (40 mln TL), legal fees related to NPL sale in 1Q10 (8 mln TL) and increase in non-cash loan specific provisions (13 mln TL)

Above sector volume growth on the back of comfortable capital and liquidity position

Balance Sheet, bln TL	1Q09	2009	1Q10	%YTD	%YoY
Total Assets	72.1	71.7	74.0	3%	3%
Loans	39.2	38.9	42.5	9%	8%
ΤL	23.5	24.6	27.2	11%	16%
FC (in \$)	9.6	9.7	10.3	6%	8%
Securities	16.0	16.3	16.2	-1%	1%
Deposits	43.9	43.4	44.9	4%	2%
TL	22.1	23.2	24.8	7%	12%
FC (in \$)	13.3	13.7	13.6	-1%	2%
Shareholders' Equity	7.3	8.5	9.0	6%	23%
AUM	7.3	7.7	8.1	5%	11%
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Ratios	1Q09	2009	1Q10	Δ YTD (pp)	Δ YoY (pp)
Loans/Assets	54.4%	54.2%	⁄ 57.4%	3.2	3.0
Securities /Assets	22.1%	22.8%	21.9%	-0.9	-0.3
Loans/Deposits	89.3%	89.6%	94.6%	5.0	5.4
Leverage ¹	8.8x	7.5x	7.2x	-	-
Borrowings/Liabilities	15.5%	13.8%	13.3%	-0.5	-2.2
Consolidated CAR	14.6%	16.5%	15.7%	-0.8	1.1
Bank-only CAR	16.1%	17.8%	16.9%	-0.9	0.8

1Q10 Results (BRSA Consolidated)

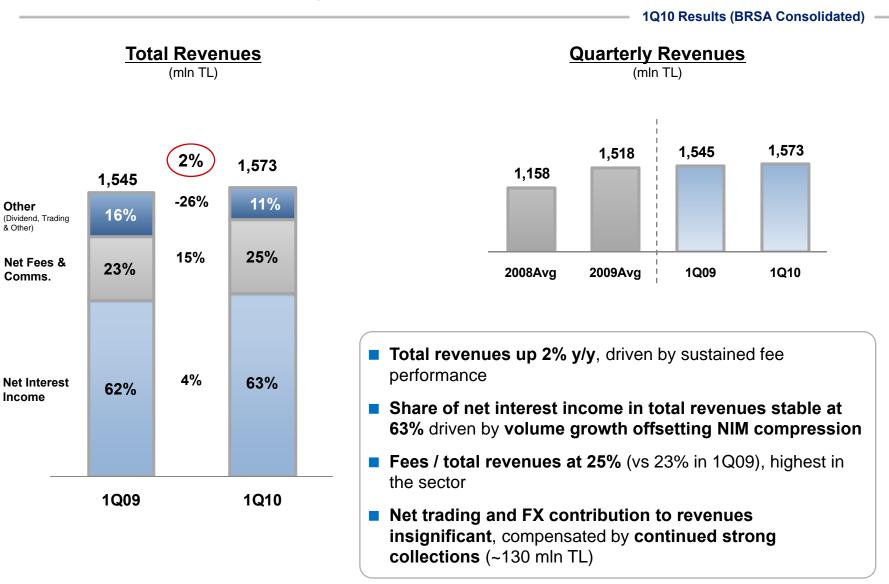
- Customer-business focused approach resulting in above sector loan growth (9% ytd), mainly driven by TL loans (11% ytd)
- Above sector deposit growth (4% ytd) driven by TL deposits (7% ytd)
- AUM up 5% ytd (vs 2% sector)
- Loans/assets at 57.4% (+3.2pp ytd) in line with customer-business focused strategy (Securities stable ytd)
- Loan/deposit ratio at 94.6%
- Group CAR at 15.7% and Bank CAR at 16.9%, decreasing vs YE09 driven by loan volume growth
- Leverage down to 7.2x from 7.5x at YE09 and 8.8x in 1Q09



1 Leverage ratio = (Total assets - equity) /equity

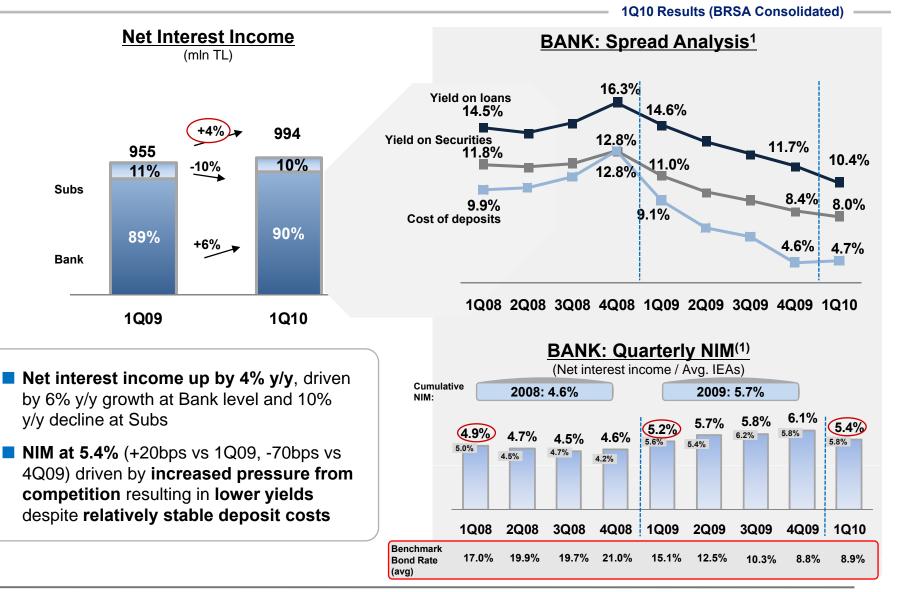
Note: Loan figures indicate performing loans

Customer-business focused approach supporting sustainable performance and strong revenue composition





NIM compression driven by continuous decline in lending rates accompanied by stable deposit costs



1 All calculations based on average volumes

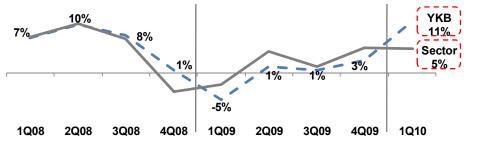
Note: NIM and yield on securities adjusted to exclude the effect of reclassification as per BRSA between interest income and other provisions related to impairment of held to maturity securities. Blue columns refer to adjusted NIM figures while figures in grey boxes refer to reported NIM



Sprea

Above sector loan growth focused on higher yielding TL lending, driven primarily by retail followed by mid-corporate

		<u>YTI</u> (1Q10 vs	-	<u>YKB M</u>	<u>arket</u>	Shares ³
		Sector ²	YKB	1Q10		Δ YTD
oreads	Total Loans	6%	9%	10.3%		+ 25 bps
6.1%	TL Loans	5% 🤇	11%	9.5%		+ 43 bps
3.2%	FC Loans (\$)	6%	6%	12.3%	₽	-9 bps
	Consumer Loans	7%	8%	7.7%		+ 7 bps
	Mortgages	7%	9%	9.1%		+ 17 bps
	Auto Loans	-5%	-1%	14.5%		+ 54 bps
	General Purpose	8% 🤇	10%	5.6%		+ 8 bps)
	Credit Cards	1% 🤇	2%	20.5%		+ 9 bps)
	Companies	6%	12%	9.6%		+ 30 bps
	TL	5% 🤇	19%	7.5%		+ 80 bps
	FC (\$)	6%	6%	11.9%	₽	-20 bps
	Comm. Installment ⁴	6%	11%	8.0%		+ 29 bps
	<u>TL</u>	. Loan G	rowth	vs Secto	<u>)r</u>	
	10%					ҮКВ

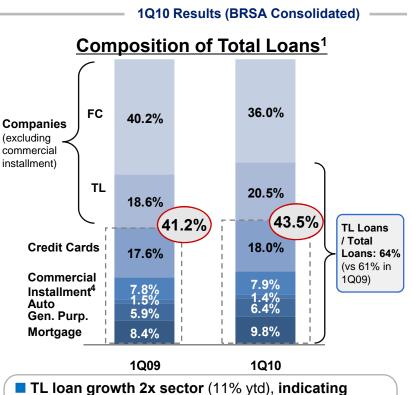


1 Total performing loans

2 Sector data based on weekly BRSA unconsolidated figures

3 Market shares based on unconsolidated figures for YKB and sector

4 Proxy for SME loans as per BRSA reporting



Increasing share of retail (incl. credit cards and SME) in total loans (43.5% vs 41.2% in 1Q09) driven by strong retail lending focus and innovative product bundling approach

highest guarterly increase over the last 2 years

- **TL share in total loans at 64%** (vs 60% in 1Q09)
- In FC lending, strong focus on higher yielding project finance (558mln USD in 1Q10, potential project pipeline of USD 1 bln)



Deposit growth driven by TL in line with loan growth. Demand deposit strategy continuing to yield positive results

1Q10 Results (BRSA Consolidated)

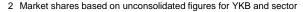
Demand Deposits/Total Deposits

	<u>1Q10 vs 4Q09</u>		Market Share ²		Market Share ²			
	Sector ¹	YKB	1Q10	Δ YTD				
Total Deposits	3%	4%	8.4%	👚 + 4 k	- 20 /0 19%(18%)			
TL Deposits	5%	7%	7.2%	13		14% 14% 14% ^{15%} 14%		
FC Deposits (\$)	-2%	-1%	10.9%	17	bps			
AUM	2%	5%	17.9%	1 + 40		1Q09 2Q09 3Q09 2009 1Q10		
Demand Deposits	-7%	0%	11.5%	1 + 80	bps ' ҮКВ	Sector		

1Q10 Deposit & AUM Growth vs Sector

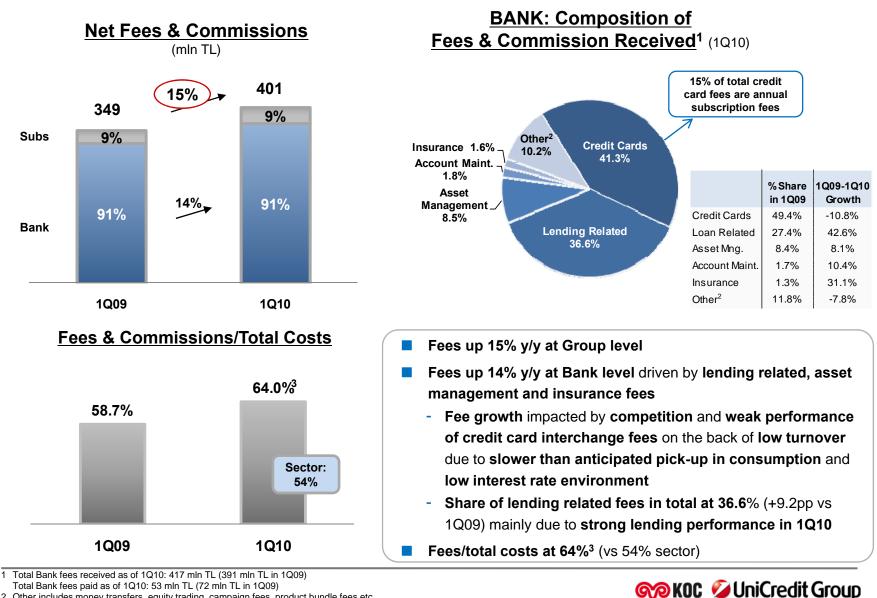
Total deposits up 4% ytd on the back of **continued efforts to optimise cost of TL funding**

- TL deposits up 7% ytd in line with TL driven retail focused strategy
- Weight of demand deposits over total at 18% vs 14% sector. Demand deposits stable ytd (vs -7% ytd sector)
- Total AUM up 5% ytd driven by new product offerings and interest rate environment. #2 position maintained with 17.9% market share





Solid fee performance driven by upward trend in lending activity and cross-selling (insurance & bundled products) to counterbalance slow 1Q in credit cards 1Q10 Results (BRSA Consolidated)



- 2 Other includes money transfers, equity trading, campaign fees, product bundle fees etc.
- 3 Costs excluding one-off effects of recently introduced branch tax (40 mln TL), legal fees related to NPL sale in 1Q10 (8 mln TL) and increase in non-cash loan specific provisions (13 mln TL)

Core cost growth below inflation

(mln TL)

594

9%

48%

43%

1Q09

Other¹

Non HR²

HR

690

9%

52%

39%

1Q10

1Q10 Results (BRSA Consolidated) **Composition of Costs** Total costs up 16% y/y, core costs up 6%³ y/y growth Core cost growth 16% HR costs up 5% y/y with 6% y/y³ 469 fewer headcount vs 1Q09 (-3% y/y) Non-HR costs up 26% v/v driven by one-off effects of branch tax, legal fees 26% Core non-HR cost

growth 4% y/y³

5%

related to NPL sale and increase in non-cash loan general provisions. Core non-HR costs up 4% y/y³

Other costs up 22% y/y, driven by increase in pension fund provisioning despite continued tight management of World loyalty points

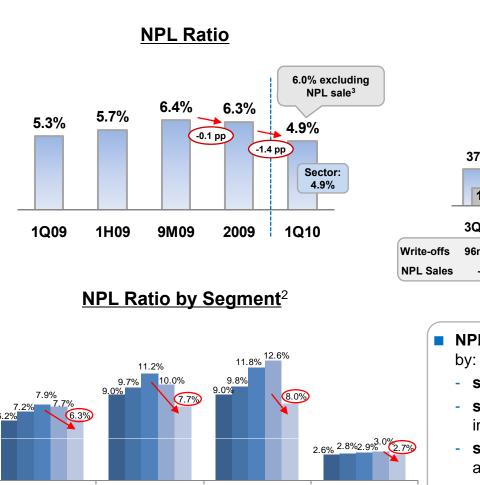
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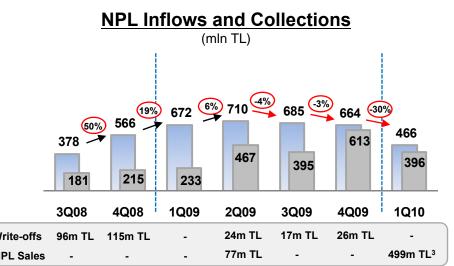
2 Non-HR costs include HR related non-HR costs, advertising, rent, SDIF, taxes and depreciation

3 Excluding one-off effects of recently introduced branch tax (40 mln TL), legal fees related to NPL sale in 1Q10 (8 mln TL) and increase in non-cash loan specific provisions (13 mln TL) classified as a cost item under BRSA accounting

Asset quality improvement accelerating driven by slowdown in NPL inflows, strong collections and NPL portfolio sale



— 1Q10 Results (BRSA Consolidated)



New NPL inflows
Collections

- NPL ratio down to 4.9% in 1Q (vs 6.3% at YE09) driven
 - slowdown in NPL inflows (-30% q/q)
 - **strong collections performance** (collections /NPL inflows at 85%)
 - sale of NPL portfolio³ including credit cards, SME and individual segments (gross P&L impact: 12 mln TL)
 - successful implementation of restructuring /collections for selected SME, credit cards and commercial loans (~1.3 bln TL as of 1Q)

1 Including cross default. If excluding, 1Q10: 4.9%

Credit Cards

2Q09

Consumer Loans

1Q09

2 As per YKB's internal segment definition, SMEs are companies with annual turnover less than 5 mln USD. Corporate & Comm ercial segment includes companies with annual turnover above 5 mln USD

4Q09

Corp & Comm

1Q10

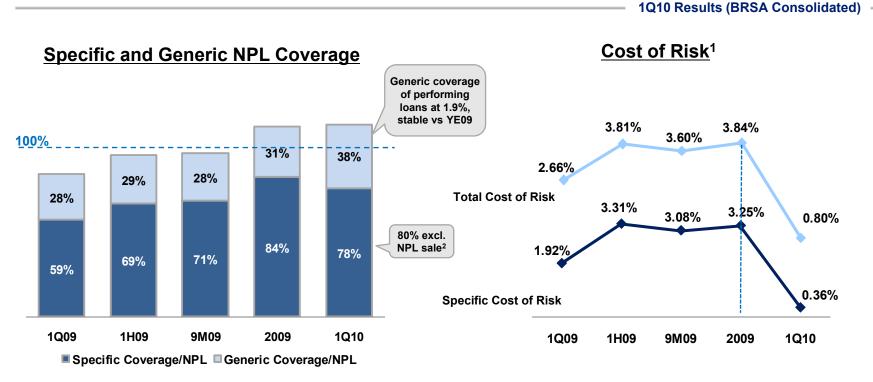
SME

3Q09

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3 TL 681 mln NPL portfolio of credit cards, SME and individual loans was sold in return for TL 70 mln. The effect of the sale on balance sheet was 499 mln TL taking into account the interest and the already written-off portion

Accelerated improvement in asset quality leading to decline in specific coverage and cost of risk



- Total coverage of NPL volume (including generic NPL coverage) above 100%
 - Specific coverage at 78% (vs 84% at YE09) due to asset quality improvement and NPL sale
 - Generic coverage of performing loans at 1.9% (1.6% standard loan coverage, 10.2% watch loan coverage) vs ~0.8% at sector level
- Total cost of risk at 0.80% (-3.04pp vs YE09); specific cost of risk at 0.36%

² TL 681 mln NPL portfolio of credit cards, SME and individual loans was sold in return for TL 70 mln. The effect of the sale on balance sheet was 499 mln TL taking into account the interest and the already written-off portion

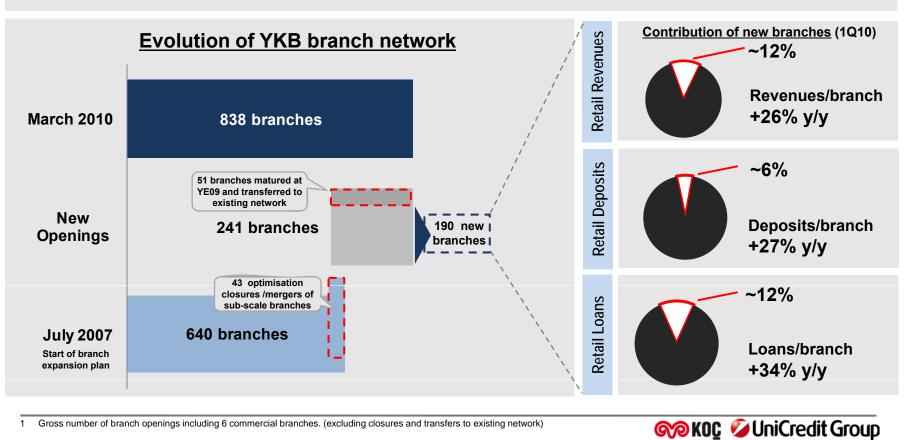


Note: Generic coverage/NPL= (standard+watch provisions)/NPL. Generic coverage = (standard+watch provisions)/performing loans

¹ Cost of risk = total loan loss provisions / total gross loans

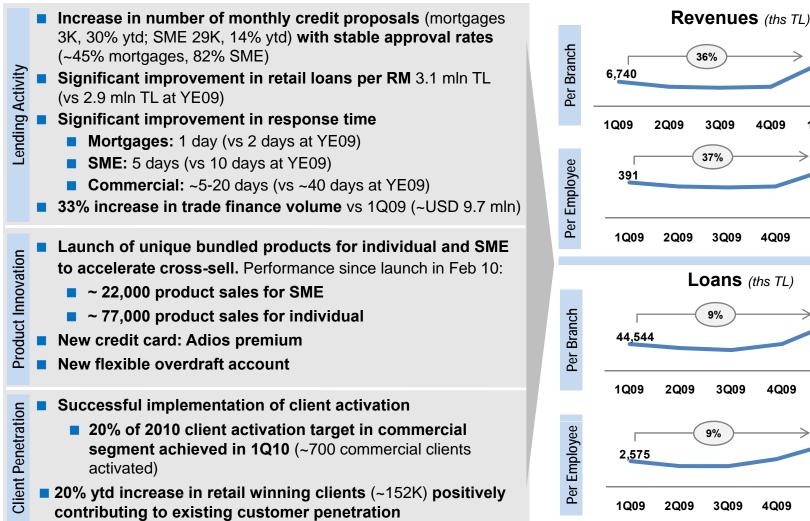
Confirmed/accelerated positive contribution of new branches opened within the framework of the branch expansion plan

- 241 branches¹ opened within the framework of the branch expansion plan between July 2007 and December 2008 (29% of total branch network)
- Following a temporary stand-by during 2009, branch expansion plan resumed in 4Q09 with ~7 retail openings
- 4 new openings in 1Q10 with a target of ~60 branch openings in 2010
- Newly opened branches performing above expectations
 - Realisation vs plan better in loans, deposits, revenues and costs
 - Cumulative break-even ~18 months



Operating results demonstrate rapid and effective shift from "crisis" to "growth" confirming commitments in terms of growth and commercial effectiveness

Key Initiatives



Note: BRSA Bank-only figures used for commercial effectiveness indicators. Revenues excluding trading income (including derivative income)



Commercial Effectiveness

9,197

535

1Q10

1Q10

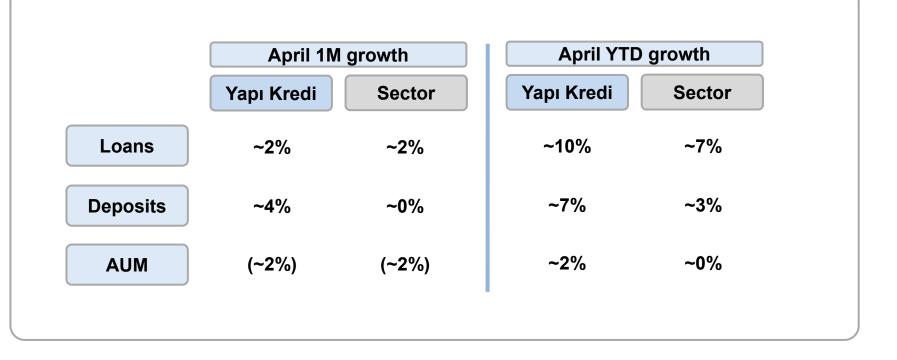
48,376

1Q10

2.811

1Q10

Above market growth trend at Yapı Kredi confirmed also in April



Note: Data as of 30 April 2010. Sector volume data based on BRSA weekly data. Yapı Kredi data indicative based on weekly reporting



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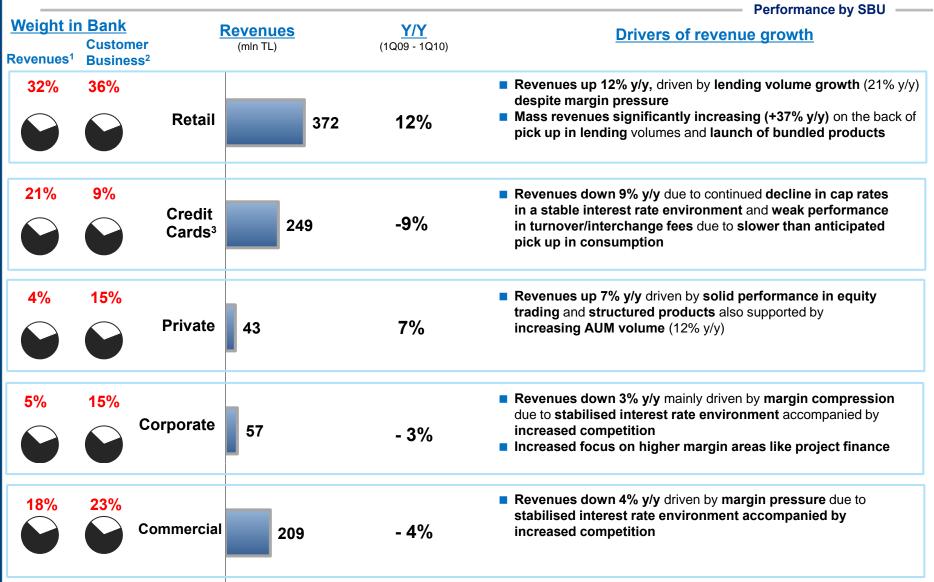
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SS YapıKredi

Strong performance of retail and private driven by macroeconomic recovery on the back of retail focused strategy. Cards, corporate and commercial impacted by margin compression in a stabilised interest rate environment



1 Revenues excluding treasury and other

2 Customer business = Loans + Deposits + AUM
3 Net of loyalty point expenses on World cards

Note: all figures based on MIS data



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Strong profitability performance by subsidiaries especially brokerage and asset management. Increased focus on further enhancing synergies between subsidiaries and the Bank

		Revenues (mln TL)	Revenue (y/y growth)	ROE	Key Highlights
ries	YK Leasing	45	-12%	15%	Revenues down 12% y/y due to significant margin compression (#1) in the sector with 17.9% market share in total transaction volume
Product Factories	YK Factoring	11	-27%	36%	 Revenues down 27% y/y on the back of lower interest rates Sustained outstanding asset quality in the sector with 29.9% market share
	YK Yatırım	59 ¹	13%	41%	 Strong performance in equity trading and structured products on the back of better integration of Yatırım with Bank distribution model in the sector in terms of total equity transaction volume
Core	YK Portföy	20	2%	131%	 Sustained profitability supported by increase in AUM volumes impacting revenue growth in the sector in mutual funds with 18.0% market share
Insurance Subs	YK Sigorta	53 ²	80%	16%	 Significant improvement in revenue performance driven by increased focus on high profitable segments and macroeconomic recovery in the health insurance market with 14.6%³ market share
Insur Su	YK Emeklilik	22	-7%	19%	 Revenues slightly decreasing due to lower investment income #5 in the life insurance sector with 4.8%³ market share in the sector with private pension market share of 15.1%³
nal	YK Azerbaijan	7	23%	17%	 Strong revenue performance on the back of organic growth efforts to leverage on faster growing emerging economy
International Subs	YK Moscow	7	-13%	17%	Performance mainly contributed by business generated through
Inter	YK NV	20	49%	15%	Turkish Yapı Kredi customers

All subsidiaries integrated with YKB distribution network to maximise cross sell to YKB customers as well as to generate revenue opportunities and cost synergies

Including dividend income from YK Portföy
 Including dividend income from YK Emeklilik
 As of Feb 10



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Expectations for the remainder of 2010: Macro / Banking Sector

- Continuation of positive macroeconomic outlook throughout 2010
 - Solid GDP growth driven by domestic demand /private expenditures, leading to upward revision in YKB's GDP growth forecast to 5.6% (previously: 4.5%)
 - Sound inflation dynamics, despite some pick-up in non-core inflation in 1Q10 (due to food prices and special consumption taxes), leading to upward revision in YKB's CPI inflation forecast to 8.3% (previously: 6.8%)
 - Stable/low interest rates expected until 4Q. YKB expects 125 bps rate hike in CBRT in O/N rate in 4Q
- Continuation of positive loan/deposit growth trend in the sector
 - Further growth expected in investment loans
 - Ongoing growth in SME and consumer loans
 - Pick-up in credit card turnover / revolving ratio parallel to strenghtening of the economy
- NIM compression to slowdown in 2H10 driven by (i) consolidation of volume growth offsetting NIM pressure and (ii) progressive shift in pricing competition from loans to deposits



Expectations for the remainder of 2010: Yapı Kredi

- Continuation of current path of above sector growth on the back of ongoing strong focus on commercial effectiveness
 - 2010 loan growth ~25%
 - 2010 deposit growth ~15-20%
- Compression of NIM expected to slowdown progressively throughout the year driven by consolidation of growth with pricing pressure progressively shifting from loans to deposits
- Revenue growth impact by NIM compression compensated by (i) faster than previously anticipated loan growth and (ii) acceleration of fee and commission growth driven by higher collections and launch of new products
- Core cost growth still below inflation, despite some increased pressure on wages, thanks to active and focused management of headcount and non-HR costs benefitting from ongoing cost optimisation initiatives (migration of cards to open system, credit process redesign, transaction migration, process reengineering, reduced telecom costs)
- IQ10 cost of risk (at 80 bps) possibly not sustainable, but positive cost of risk evolution still expected to continue throughout 2010 (~150-200 bps reduction vs 2009) with still strong coverage ratio expected

2010: Back to growth, the year of commercial effectiveness

Investments in key focus areas continuing/accelerating in 2010 Yapı Kredi aims to grow above the sector with a sound and flexible approach and strong focus on customer satisfaction

es	Growth & Commercial Effectiveness	 Above sector loan and deposit growth on the back of increased commercial effectiveness via focus on cross-sell, product bundling, customer activation and penetration also leveraging on enhanced CRM and MIS systems Strong focus on SME, mortgages, project finance and TL commercial lending Continuation of branch expansion plan with ~60 new branches Further integration of subsidiaries into Bank business model
gic Priorities	Cost & Efficiency Improvements	 Continuation of disciplined approach towards cost containment Efficiency improvements through back-office centralisation, HC rationalisation and credit process review Continuation of investments in alternative distribution channels (migration of both transactions and sales activity to ADCs)
Strategic	Asset Quality	 New generation individual scoring model to be launched in 1H10 Dynamic and proactive NPL portfolio management Ongoing improvement of monitoring processes and tools with focus on collections
	Sustainability	 Reinforced emphasis on customer and employee satisfaction Prudent loans/deposits management, also taking advantage of diversification of funding sources Continuation of medium term investments (branch openings & systems investments)



AGENDA

- 1Q10 Operating Environment
- 1Q10 Results (BRSA Consolidated)
- Performance by Strategic Business Unit (Bank-only)
- Performance of Subsidiaries
- Current Trends and Expectations
 - Annex



AGENDA

Annex

Detailed Performance by Strategic Business Unit

Other



Definitions of Strategic Business Units

Performance by SBU -

Retail:

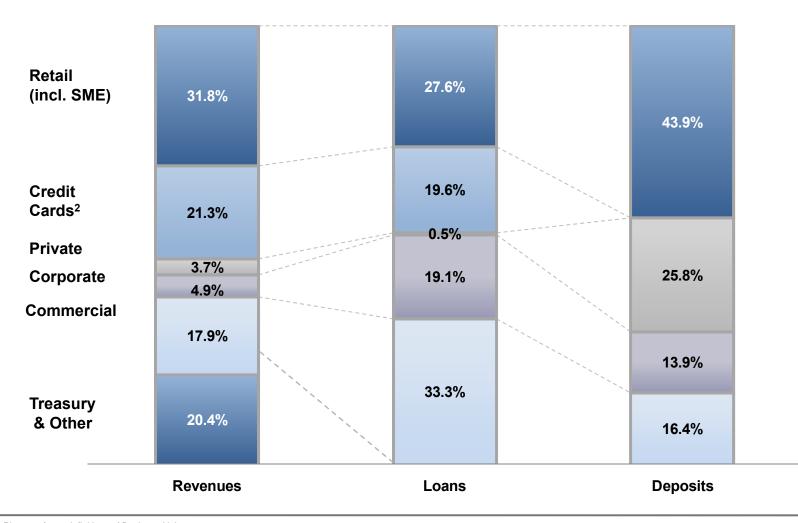
- SME: Companies with turnover less than 5 mln USD
- > Affluent: Individuals with assets less than 250K TL
- Mass: Individuals with assets less than 50K TL
- **Commercial:** Companies with annual turnover between 5-100 mln USD
- **Corporate:** Companies with annual turnover above 100 mln USD
- Private: Individuals with assets above 250K TL

Revision to segmentation criteria on 1 Jan 2009 in the context of service model fine-tuning resulted in changes in the definitions of strategic business units



Diversified revenue mix with retail focused loan and deposit portfolio

Performance by SBU



<u>Revenues & Volumes by Business Unit¹ 1Q10 (Bank-only)</u>

1 Please refer to definitions of Business Units

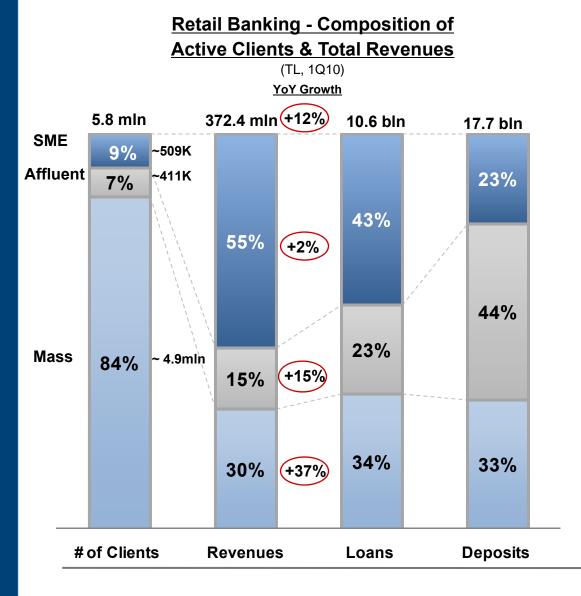
2 Net of loyalty point expenses on World card

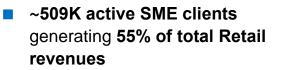
Note: Loan and deposit allocations based on monthly averages (source: MIS data)



55% of retail banking revenues generated by SME business, constituting 9% of total retail clients

Performance by SBU -





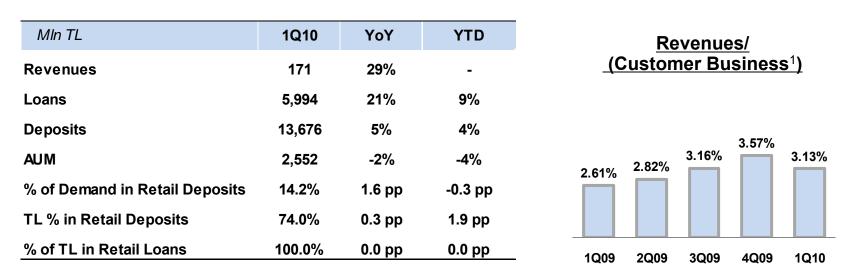
- 9% of total retail clients are SMEs generating 43% of loans and 23% of deposits
- Mass sub-segment generating 30% of total Retail revenues with ~4.9 mln clients
- Mass sub-segment revenues growing at a high 37% y/y
- Affluent sub-segment generates 15% of total Retail revenues



Retail (mass & affluent) banking revenues up 29% y/y driven by pick up in loan demand and profitability focus

Performance by SBU -

Retail (Mass & Affluent)

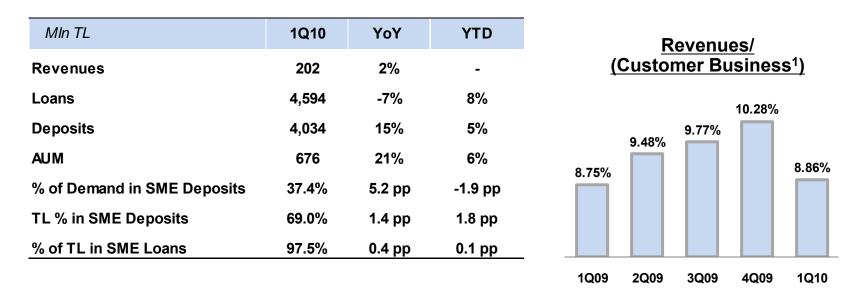


- Retail (mass & affluent) banking revenues up 29% y/y driven by above sector volume growth compensating the negative effect of margin pressure
- Significant pick up in consumer lending in 1Q10 mainly driven by general purpose loans and mortgages
- Improvement in consumer loan NPL ratio (declining by 1.4 pp ytd to 6.3%²) driven by strong emphasis on asset quality, macroeconomic recovery and NPL sale (75 mln TL). Restructuring programme in consumer loans still ongoing
- Better integration of retail with credit card business to develop existing customer base and increase cross-sell



SME banking revenues up 2% y/y impacted by margin pressure

Performance by SBU -



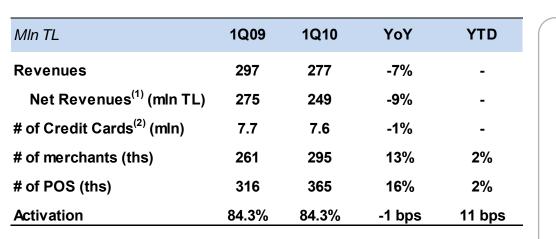
- **SME revenues increasing 2% y/y** due to margin pressure
- **SME** deposits up 15% y/y driven by customer base expansion (6% ytd increase in number of SME clients)
- SME NPL ratio at 8.0% (vs.12.6% in Dec 09) on the back of macroeconomic recovery, increased focus on asset quality, enhanced credit risk infrastructure and NPL sale (224mln TL)

Restructuring / crash programs continuing to deliver positive results (443mln TL restructured in 2009)

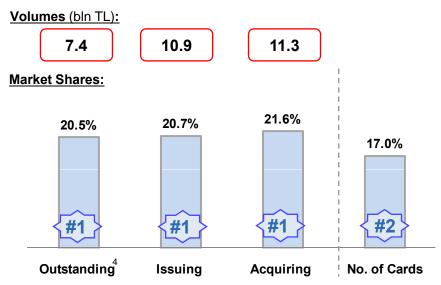


Credit card net revenues down by 9% y/y due to continued cap rate decreases in a stable interest rate environment and decline in turnover/interchange fees

Performance by SBU



Credit Card Volumes & Market Shares³



- ~213 ths new World cards issued in 1Q10
- Credit card net revenues¹ down 9% y/y due to:
 - continued decrease in cap rates
 (35 bps of reduction in 1Q10)
 - Iower commission income driven by decline in turnover/interchange fees due to slower than anticipated pick up in consumption
- Credit Card NPL ratio at 7.7% (vs.10.0% in 4Q09) driven by positive impact of restructurings, macroeconomic recovery and NPL sale (382 mln TL)



1 Net of loyalty point expenses on World card

2 Including virtual cards (1Q09: 1.5 mln, 1Q10: 1.5 mln)

3 Market shares and volumes based on bank-only 12-month cumulative figures

4 Based on personal credit card outstanding volume. Total credit card outstanding volume (also including corporate cards): 20.5%

Private banking revenues up 7% y/y mainly driven by strong brokerage activity and structured products also supported by increasing AUM volumes

Performance by SBU -

MIn TL	1Q10	YoY	YTD			
Revenues	43	7%	-	<u>Revenues/</u> (Customer Business¹)		
Loans	193	-8%	-3%	<u>(</u>		
Deposits	10,412	-5%	3%			
AUM	2,428	12%	7%	1.21% 1.18% 1.13% 1.21% 1.34%		
% of Demand in Priv. Deps.	6.7%	1.7 рр	-0.5 pp			
TL % in Private Deposits	54.9%	0.5 pp	5.2 pp			
% of TL in Private Loans	100.0%	0.0 pp	0.0 pp	1Q09 2Q09 3Q09 4Q09 1Q10		

- Private banking revenues up 7% y/y driven by AUM volumes increasing significantly (+12% y/y) and also strong fee generation capability
- **Deposits up 3% ytd impacted by disciplined pricing approach** and **profitability focus**
- Continued focus on leveraging on product factories in distribution of asset management and brokerage products with further development of existing customer base and customer acquisition



Corporate banking revenues down 3% y/y due to significant margin pressure

Performance by SBU -

Corporate

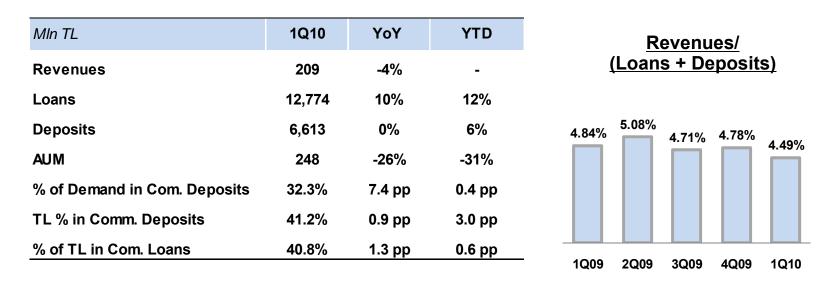
MIn TL	1Q10	YoY	YTD	<u>Revenues/</u>		
Revenues	57	-3%	-	<u>(Loans + Deposits)</u>		
Loans	7,335	-11%	2%			
Deposits	5,619	-22%	6%			
AUM	34	-71%	-70%	1.73% 1.72% 1.78% 1.73°		
% of Demand in C. Deposits	10.5%	3.6 pp	-3.0 pp	1.52% 1.72% 1.57% 1.73		
TL % in Corp. Deposits	35.0%	7.1 pp	11.3 рр			
% of TL in Corp Loans	20.1%	7.0 pp	2.8 рр			
				1Q09 2Q09 3Q09 4Q09 1Q1		

- Corporate banking revenues down 3% y/y mainly due to lower net interest income as a result of margin pressure driven by low interest rate environment and competition
- **Pick up in loan volume towards the end of 1Q10** especially driven by higher margin project finance loans
- Sound asset quality (Corporate/Commercial NPL ratio at 2.7%) due to continued focus on managing exposures at risk through increased collateralisation, collections and restructurings



Commercial banking revenues down 4% y/y due to margin pressure

Performance by SBU ——



- Commercial banking revenues down 4% y/y mainly due to lower net interest income as a result of margin pressure driven by low interest rate environment and competition
- Loans up 12% ytd driven by macroeconomic recovery and continuous efforts to increase commercial effectiveness
- Sound asset quality (Corporate/Commercial NPL ratio at 2.7%) due to continued focus on managing exposures at risk through increased collateralisation, collections and restructurings

Note: Volumes (loans, deposits and AUM) based on monthly averages except for revenues/loans ratio which is based on 3-month average. MIS data



AGENDA

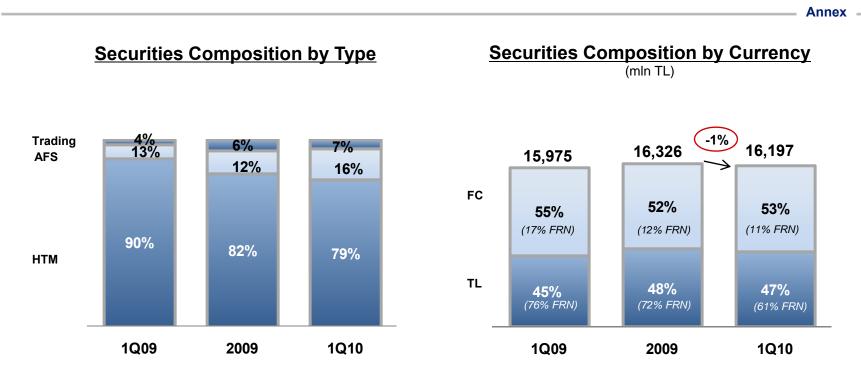
Annex

Detailed Performance by Strategic Business Unit

Other



79% of securities portfolio invested in HTM



- Share of Held to Maturity (HTM) at 79% (vs. 82% in YE09). HTM mix in total securities higher at bank level at 82%
- Share of securities in total assets stable at 21.9%

FRN: Floating Rate Notes



International borrowings

Syndications	 ~2 bln USD outstanding Apr 11: ~USD 1 bln, Libor +1.5% bps all-in cost, 1 year Sept 10: ~USD 985 mln, Libor + 2.25% bps all-in cost, 1 year
Securitisations	 ~1 bln USD outstanding resulting from market transactions concluded in Dec 06 and Mar 07 7-8 year, 6 wrapped tranches, Libor+18 bps-35 bps +insurance premiums
Subloans	 €1,050 mln outstanding €500 mln - YKB Mar 06 (10NC5, Libor+2.00% p.a.) €350 mln - Koçbank Apr 06 (10NC5, Libor+2.25% p.a.) €200 mln - YKB Jun 07(10NC5, Libor+1.85% p.a.)
Other	 Sace Loan: €100 mln in Jan 07 to support Italian trade finance transactions (5 years, all-in Euribor+1.20% p.a.) EIB Loan: €100 mln in July 08 and €200 mln in Oct 09 to support SMEs in Turkey (10-12 years) IBRD (World Bank) Loan: \$25 mln 6 year loan signed in Nov 08 to be disbursed on a project basis (Libor+1,50% p.a.)



Annex