Publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements and related disclosures at March 31, 2023 together with auditor's review report

(Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements and review report originally issued in Turkish, See

Note I. of Section three)

AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT ON INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(Convenience translation of the independent auditor's review report originally issued in Turkish, See Note I of Section Three)

To the General Assembly of Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.

Introduction

We have reviewed the unconsolidated balance sheet of Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş. ("the Bank") at 31 March 2023 and the related unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, unconsolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, unconsolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the three-month-period then ended. The Bank Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of interim financial information in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Reporting Legislation which includes "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency and circulars and interpretations published by BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" for those matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Limited Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying unconsolidated financial information does not present fairly in all material respects the financial position of Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş. at 31 March 2023 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the three-month-period then ended in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

Report on other regulatory requirements arising from legislation

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section Seven, is not consistent with the reviewed unconsolidated financial statements and disclosures in all material respects.

Additional Paragraph for Convenience Translation:

BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation explained in detail in Section Three differ from International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board including the application of IAS 29 - Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies as of 31 March 2023. Accordingly, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are not intended to present fairly the unconsolidated financial position, results of operations, changes in equity and cash flows of the Bank in accordance with IFRS.

PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

Didem Demer Kaya, SMMM Partner

Istanbul, 28 April 2023

Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated interim financial statements and review report originally issued in Turkish, See Note I. of Section three

THE UNCONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT OF YAPI VE KREDI BANKASI A.Ş. AS OF MARCH 31, 2023

Address :Yapı Kredi Plaza D Blok

Levent 34330 İstanbul

 Telephone
 :0212 339 70 00

 Fax
 :0212 339 60 00

 Website
 :www.yapikredi.com.tr

E-mail :financialreports@yapikredi.com.tr

The unconsolidated financial report for the three months which is prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué Related to Publicly Announced Financial Statements of Banks and Explanations and Notes Related to these Financial Statements" as regulated by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency includes the following sections.

- GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANK
- UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE BANK
- EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED IN THE RELATED PERIOD
- INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK
- EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT
- INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

The accompanying unconsolidated financial statements for the three months period, related disclosures and footnotes which have been limitedly reviewed and presented in this report are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, the related statements and guidances, and in compliance with the financial records of the Bank, and unless stated otherwise, presented in **thousands of Turkish Lira** (TL).

Y. Ali KOÇ Gökhan ERÜN Demir KARAASLAN Barış SAVUR

Chairman of the Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer Financial Reporting and

Board of Directors CEO Accounting Executive Vice President

Dr. Ahmet ÇİMENOĞLU Nevin İPEK

Chairman of the Audit Member of the Audit

Committee Committee

Contact information of the personnel in charge of the addressing of questions about this financial report: Name-Surname / Title: Cengiz TİMUROĞLU / Balance Sheet Management and Financial Analysis Manager

Telephone : 0212 339 77 67 **Fax** : 0212 339 61 05

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Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Section one

General Information

1. History of the Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status and amendments to legal status, if any:

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş. ("the Bank" or "Yapı Kredi"), was established and started operations on September 9, 1944 with the permission of the Council of Ministers No. 3/6710 as a private capital commercial bank authorised to perform all banking, economic, financial and commercial activities which are allowed by the laws of the Turkish Republic. The statute of the Bank has not changed since its incorporation.

2. Explanations about the Bank's capital structure, shareholders holding directly or indirectly, collectively or individually, the management and controlling power and changes in current year, if any and explanations on the controlling group of the Bank:

Bank's publicly traded shares are traded on the Borsa Istanbul ("BIST") since 1987. As of March 31, 2023, 32,03 % of the shares of the Bank are publicly traded (December 31, 2022 - 32,03%). 40,95% of the shares out of the remaining 67,97% is owned by Koç Finansal Hizmetler A.Ş. ("KFS") which is owned by Koç Group, 27,02% is owned by Koç Holding A.Ş.

KFS was established on March 16, 2001 to combine Koç Group finance companies under one organisation and it became the main shareholder of Koçbank in 2002. On October 22, 2002, Koç Group established a strategic partnership with UniCredit Group ("UCG") over KFS.

In 2005, the Bank's shares that were owned by Çukurova Group Companies and the Saving Deposits Insurance Fund ("SDIF") were purchased by Koçbank. In 2006, Koçbank purchased additional shares of the Bank from BIST and an investment fund and, during the same year, all rights, receivables, debts and liabilities of Koçbank were transferred to the Bank pursuant the merger of the two banks. As a result of the merger and the share transfer procedures in 2007 and of a capital increase by TL 920 million in 2008, KFS shares in the Bank increased to 81,80%. KFS shares increased to 81,90% with the capital increase by TL 4,1 billion in 2018.

As of November 30, 2019, Koç Group and UCG have reached a deal to exchange their shares in the Bank and KFS.

Accordingly all the shares of KFS, which was currently a joint venture, were transferred to Koç Group. Besides, after the shares were transferred, KFS held 40,95%, UCG held 31,93% directly and Koç Group held a total of 49.99% directly and indirectly of the Bank shares and became controlling shareholder.

In addition, as of February 6, 2020, UniCredit also announced the placement of an 11,93% shares in Bank to institutional investors. The transaction has been completed on February 13, 2020. As a result UCG held directly 20,00% of the Bank shares.

In year 2021, UCG completed the sale of 2,00% shares in stock market and for the sale of remaining 18,00% shares UCG came to an agreement with Group as per the Share Sale and Purchase Agreement relating to the sale of the Bank publicly disclosed as of November 30, 2019. Accordingly, it has been announced that Koç Group used its right of first offer for the sale of the Bank shares which are planned to be sold by UCG. The sale of the relevant shares was completed on April 1, 2022, and Koç Holding A.Ş.'s share ratio increased from 9,02% to 27,02%.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

3. Explanations regarding the board of directors, members of the audit committee, Chief Executive Officer and executive vice presidents, and their areas of responsibility and shares if any:

As of March 31, 2023, the Bank's Board of Directors, Members of the Audit Committee, General Manager and Assistant General Managers are as follows.

Board of Directors Members(1):

Name	Responsibility	
Y. Ali KOÇ	Chairman	
Levent ÇAKIROĞLU	Vice Chairman	
Gökhan ERÜN	Executive Director and CEO	
A. Ümit TAFTALI	Member	
Ahmet ÇİMENOĞLU	Independent Member	
Ahmet Fadıl ASHABOĞLU	Member	
Kemal UZUN	Member	
Nevin İPEK	Independent Member	
Polat ŞEN	Member	
Virma SÖKMEN	Independent Member	

⁽¹⁾ With the decision taken at the General Assembly Meeting of the Bank dated March 16, 2023, the number of members of the Board of Directors including the independent members was determined as 10, and Mehmet Tırnaklı and Melih Poyraz resigned from the Board of Directors.

Audit Committee Members(1):

Name	Responsibility	
Ahmet ÇİMENOĞLU	Chairman	
Nevin İPEK	Member	

⁽¹⁾ With the decision taken at the General Assembly Meeting of the Bank dated March 16, 2023, Mehmet Tırnaklı resigned from the Audit Committee.

General Manager:

Name	Responsibility
Gökhan ERÜN	Executive Director and CEO

Assistant General Managers:

Name	Responsibility
Abdullah GEÇER	Internal Audit
Akif Cahit ERDOĞAN	Commercial and SME Banking Management
Cemal Aybars SANAL	Legal Management
Demir KARAASLAN	Financial Planning and Administration
Mehmet Erkan AKBULUT	Credits
Mehmet Erkan ÖZDEMİR	Compliance, Internal Control and Risk Management
Weilinet Erkan OZDEWIIK	/ Consumer Relations Coordination Officer
Muharrem Kaan ŞAKUL	Corporate Banking
Özden ÖNALDI	Human Resources, Organization and Internal Services Management
Saruhan YÜCEL	Treasury Management
Serkan ÜLGEN	Retail Banking
Uğur Gökhan ÖZDİNÇ	Technology, Data and Process Management
Yakup DOĞAN	Limitless Banking

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

4. Information on the individual and corporate shareholders having control shares of the Bank:

Name/Commercial title	Share amounts (nominal)	Share percentage	Paid-in capital (nominal)	Unpaid portion
Koç Finansal Hizmetler A.Ş.	3.459.065.642,23	40,95	3.459.065.642,23	-
Koç Holding A.Ş	2.282.666.574,00	27.02	2.282.666.574,00	

Koç Finansal Hizmetler A.Ş. is managed of Koç Group, and Temel Ticaret ve Yatırım A.Ş.

5. Summary information on the Bank's activities and service types:

The Bank's activities summarized from the section 3 of the articles of association are as follows.

The Bank's purpose and subject matter, in accordance with the Banking Law, regulations and existing laws, include;

- The execution of all banking activities,
- The execution of all economic and financial activities which are allowed by the regulation,
- The execution of the representation, attorney and agency activities related to the subjects written above,
- The purchase and sale of share certificates, bonds and all the capital market instruments, in accordance with Capital Market Law and regulations.

In case of necessity for performing activities which are useful and required but that are not specified in the articles of association, a Board of Directors' proposal is to be presented to the General Assembly. With the approval of the General Assembly the proposal becomes applicable, subject to the approvals required by law.

As of March 31, 2023, the Bank has 802 branches operating in Turkey and 1 branch in overseas (December 31, 2022 - 800 branches operating in Turkey, 1 branch in overseas).

As of March 31, 2023, the Bank has 15.777 employees (December 31, 2022 - 15.431 employees).

6. Differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards and short explanation about the entities subject to full consolidation or proportional consolidation and entities which are deducted from equity or entities which are not included in these three methods:

According to Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards, Banque de Commerce et de Placements SA, one of the associates of the Bank is consolidated through "Equity Method" in the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Allianz Yaşam ve Emeklilik A.Ş., on which the Bank has indirect participation, is also consolidated through "Equity Method" in the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Yapı Kredi Kültür Sanat Yayıncılık Tic. ve San. A.Ş., Enternasyonal Turizm Yatırım A.Ş., Yapı Kredi Teknoloji A.Ş. and Yapı Kredi Finansal Teknolojiler A.Ş. which are subsidiaries of the Bank, are not consolidated into the Bank's consolidated financial statements in accordance with Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements since these entities are not financial institutions.

All other subsidiaries are fully consolidated.

7. The existing or potential, actual or legal obstacles on the immediate transfer of shareholder's equity between the Bank and its subsidiaries or reimbursement of liabilities:

None.

Unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Section two - Unconsolidated financial statements

1. **Balance sheet (Statement of Financial Position)**

					Current Period (31/03/2023)			Prior Period (31/12/2022)
	ASSET	Note (Section five)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Tota
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		111.276.004	150.286.491	261.562.495	113.049.467	156.734.130	269.783.59
1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.1	40.369.518	122.268.037	162.637.555	42,404,472	129.912.724	172.317.19
1.1.1	Cash and Balances with Central Bank		35.250.145	100.879.261	136.129.406	35.736.034	108.160.096	143.896.13
1.1.2	Banks	1.4.1	891	21.696.998	21.697.889	4.303.372	22.102.594	26.405.96
1.1.3	Money Markets	1.4.2	5.208.728	_	5.208.728	2.461.599	_	2.461.59
1.1.4	Provisions for Expected Losses (-)		90.246	308.222	398.468	96.533	349.966	446.49
1.2	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit Or Loss	1.2	10.993	1.650.516	1.661.509	31.895	1.533.562	1.565.45
1.2.1	Government debt securities			422.816	422.816	-	365.229	365.22
1.2.2	Share certificates		_	-		_		
1.2.3	Other financial assets		10.993	1.227.700	1.238.693	31.895	1.168.333	1.200.22
1.3	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	1.5,1.6	61.237.498	19.442.181	80.679.679	60,355,860	16,987,893	77.343.75
1.3.1	Government debt securities	110,110	59.339.720	19.435.659	78.775.379	58.487.789	16.981.656	75.469.44
1.3.2	Share certificates		115.114	6.522	121.636	100.138	6.237	106.37
1.3.3	Other financial assets		1.782.664	0.522	1.782.664	1.767.933	0.237	1.767.93
1.4	Derivative Financial Assets	1.3	9.657.995	6.925.757	16.583.752	10.257.240	8.299.951	18.557.19
1.4.1	Derivative Financial Assets Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	1.5	6.368.692	3.983.955	10.352.647	6.599.170	4.600.024	11.199.19
1.4.2	Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		3.289.303	2.941.802	6.231.105	3.658.070	3.699.927	7.357.99
1.4.2 II.								
	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST (Net)		562.063.418 470.989.544	229.697.093	791.760.511	506.887.704	226.465.024	733.352.7
2.1	Loans Decided to the second se	1.7	470.989.544	173.150.057	644.139.601	432.703.419	171.737.805	604.441.2
2.2	Receivables From Leasing Transactions (Net)	1.12			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
2.3	Factoring Receivables		2.099.418	527	2.099.945	1.671.378	1.725	1.673.10
2.4	Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	1.8	113.240.546	69.244.929	182.485.475	96.448.465	66.852.133	163.300.59
2.4.1	Government debt securities		112.909.742	69.244.929	182.154.671	96.117.661	66.852.133	162.969.79
2.4.2	Other financial assets		330.804		330.804	330.804	-	330.80
2.5	Provisions for Expected Losses (-)		24.266.090	12.698.420	36.964.510	23.935.558	12.126.639	36.062.19
III.	ASSETS HELD FOR RESALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED							
	OPERATIONS (Net)	1.15	1.021.626	-	1.021.626	1.035.873	-	1.035.87
3.1	Held for Sale Purposes		1.021.626	-	1.021.626	1.035.873	-	1.035.8
3.2	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	
IV.	INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES		8.290.745	14.324.300	22.615.045	7.559.181	13.289.276	20.848.4
4.1	Investments in Associates (net)	1.9	38.446	3.190.839	3.229.285	38.446	2.871.962	2.910.40
4.1.1	Consolidated based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	
4.1.2	Unconsolidated		38.446	3.190.839	3.229.285	38.446	2.871.962	2.910.40
4.2	Subsidiaries (Net)	1.10	8.252.299	11.133.461	19.385.760	7.520.735	10.417.314	17.938.04
4.2.1	Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries		8.219.983	11.133.461	19.353.444	7.488.419	10.417.314	17.905.73
4.2.2	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		32.316	-	32.316	32.316	-	32.3
4.3	Joint Ventures (Net)	1.11	-	-	-	-	-	
4.3.1	Consolidated based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	
4.3.2	Unconsolidated		-	_	-	-	-	
v.	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Net)		10.090.654	-	10.090.654	9.846.677	-	9.846.67
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS [Net]		1.219.847	-	1.219.847	1.206.951	-	1.206.95
6.1	Goodwill		_	_	_	_	_	
6.2	Other		1.219.847	_	1.219.847	1.206.951	_	1.206.95
VII.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Net)	1.13		_				
VIII.	CURRENT TAX ASSETS		-	-	-	-	-	
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	1.14	6.349.312	_	6.349.312	5.146.976	_	5.146.97
X.	OTHER ASSETS	1.16	44.886.571	27.964.502	72.851.073	37.935.135	28.937.199	66.872.33
	TOTAL ASSETS		745.198.177	422.272.386	1.167.470.563	682.667.964	425.425.629	1.108.093.59

Unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1. **Balance sheet (Statement of Financial Position)**

					Current Period (31/03/2023)			Prior Period (31/12/2022)
	LIABILITIES	Note (Section five)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
	LIABILITED	nve)	12	- 10	Total	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10	10111
I.	DEPOSITS	2.1	485.417.040	269.223.792	754.640.832	387.420.825	285.344.493	672.765.318
II.	BORROWINGS	2.3.1	1.083.868	67.410.626	68.494.494	1.777.296	68.271.124	70.048.420
III.	MONEY MARKETS		8.462.855	10.783.591	19.246.446	28.114.263	7.400.223	35.514.486
IV.	MARKETABLE SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)	2.3.4	6.688.340	27.529.709	34.218.049	8.072.854	32.467.470	40.540.324
4.1	Bills		6.285.411	3.678.688	9.964.099	7.407.273	2.031.595	9.438.868
4.2	Asset backed Securities		-	-	-	-	-	
4.3	Bonds		402.929	23.851.021	24.253.950	665.581	30.435.875	31.101.456
v.	FUNDS		-	-	-	-	-	
5.1	Borrower Funds		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.2	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH							
	PROFIT OR LOSS	2.3.3.2	670.153	36.191.278	36.861.431	687.777	36.551.882	37.239.659
VII.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	2.2	7.193.783	6.028.004	13.221.787	7.906.985	5.867.022	13.774.007
7.1	Derivative liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		7.190.408	6.028.004	13.218.412	7.874.635	5.867.022	13.741.657
7.2	Derivative liabilities measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		3.375	-	3.375	32.350	-	32.350
VIII.	FACTORING PAYABLES		-	-	-	-	-	
IX.	LEASE PAYABLES (Net)	2.5	2.108.727	24.997	2.133.724	1.833.056	22.335	1.855.391
X.	PROVISIONS	2.6	8.430.332	1.232.156	9.662.488	9.883.862	1.200.279	11.084.141
10.1	Provisions for Restructuring		-	-	-	-	-	
10.2	Provisions for Employee Benefits	2.6.1	3.055.939	-	3.055.939	3.181.053	-	3.181.05
10.3	Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	
10.4	Other Provisions	2.6.3	5.374.393	1.232.156	6.606.549	6.702.809	1.200.279	7.903.088
XI.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES	2.7	8.288.272	-	8.288.272	5.598.484	-	5.598.484
XII.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES		-	-	-	-	-	
	LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE AND							
XIII.	RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	2.8	-	-	-	-	-	
13.1	Held for Sale		-	-	-	-	-	
13.2	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	
XIV.	SUBORDINATED DEBT	2.9	712.029	27.711.288	28.423.317	725.201	38.663.031	39.388.232
14.1	Loans		-	5.184.664	5.184.664	-	16.059.998	16.059.998
14.2	Other Facilities		712.029	22.526.624	23.238.653	725.201	22.603.033	23.328.234
XV.	OTHER LIABILITIES	2.4	50.082.827	10.772.690	60.855.517	44.251.681	9.777.060	54.028.741
XVI.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	2.10	117.673.720	13.750.486	131.424.206	112.577.247	13.679.143	126.256.390
16.1	Paid in Capital		8.447.051	-	8.447.051	8.447.051	-	8.447.05
16.2	Capital Reserves		2.227.302	-	2.227.302	2.176.031	-	2.176.03
16.2.1	Share Premium		556.937	-	556.937	556.937	-	556.93
16.2.2	Share Cancellation Profits		-	-	-	-	-	
16.2.3	Other Capital Reserves		1.670.365	-	1.670.365	1.619.094	-	1.619.09
16.3	Other accumulated comprehensive income that will not be reclassified in profit or loss		3.655.117	437.713	4.092.830	2.735.650	438.666	3.174.31
16.4	Other accumulated comprehensive income that will be reclassified in profit or loss		4.775.710	13.312.773	18.088.483	5.342.905	13.240.477	18.583.38
16.5	Profit Reserves		85.928.315	-	85.928.315	41.130.921	-	41.130.92
16.5.1	Legal Reserves		2.496.040	-	2.496.040	1.747.175	-	1.747.17
16.5.2	Statutory reserves		-	-	-	-	-	
16.5.3	Extraordinary Reserves		83.431.233	-	83.431.233	39.383.386	-	39.383.386
16.5.4	Other Profit Reserves		1.042	-	1.042	360	-	36
16.6	Profit or loss		12.640.225	_	12.640.225	52.744.689	_	52.744.68
16.6.1	Prior years' profits or losses		-	_	-	-	_	
16.6.2	Current period net profit or loss		12.640.225	-	12.640.225	52.744.689	-	52.744.68
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		696.811.946	470.658.617	1.167.470.563	608.849.531	499.244.062	1.108.093.59

Unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2. Off-balance sheet commitments

		Note			Current Period (31/03/2023)			Prior Period (31/12/2022)
	Off-balance sheet commitments	(Section five)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
A.	Off-balance sheet commitments (I+II+III)		592.249.078	749.241.880	1.341.490.958	597.166.718	818.151.810	1.415.318.528
I.	Guarantees and warranties	3.1.2.1,2	122.546.099	148.260.002	270.806.101	99.977.185	143.571.286	243.548.471
1.1.	Letters of guarantee	3.1.2.2	107.781.784	91.158.254	198.940.038	88.883.239	93.286.067	182.169.306
1.1.1.	Guarantees subject to state tender law		1.325.235	1.371.292	2.696.527	1.399.840	1.363.690	2.763.530
1.1.2.	Guarantees given for foreign trade operations		35.169.847	89.786.962	124.956.809	27.620.393	91.922.377	119.542.770
1.1.3.	Other letters of guarantee		71.286.702	012.264	71.286.702	59.863.006	964.970	59.863.006
1.2. 1.2.1.	Bank acceptances Import letter of acceptance		-	912.264 912.264	912.264 912.264	-	864.879 864.879	864.879 864.879
1.2.2.	Other bank acceptances			912.204	912.204		004.079	804.87
1.3.	Letters of credit		443.668	38.481.390	38.925.058	327.114	31.836.907	32.164.021
1.3.1.	Documentary letters of credit		443.668	38.481.390	38.925.058	327.114	31.836.907	32.164.021
1.3.2.	Other letters of credit		-	-	-	-	-	
1.4.	Prefinancing given as guarantee		-	-	-	-	-	
1.5.	Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	
1.5.1.	Endorsements to the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-	
1.5.2.	Other endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	
1.6.	Purchase guarantees for Securities issued		-	-	-	-	-	
1.7.	Factoring guarantees		-	-	-	-	-	
1.8.	Other guarantees		14.320.647	9.775.541	24.096.188	10.766.832	9.553.300	20.320.13
1.9.	Other warranties		-	7.932.553	7.932.553	-	8.030.133	8.030.13
II.	Commitments		344.449.479	68.882.309	413.331.788	240.615.994	67.851.130	308.467.12
2.1.	Irrevocable commitments		314.879.261	34.020.332	348.899.593	223.708.638	36.562.938	260.271.57
2.1.1.	Asset purchase and sale commitments		5.618.304	31.429.844	37.048.148	1.733.733	33.384.992	35.118.72
2.1.2.	Deposit purchase and sales commitments		-	-	-	-	-	
2.1.3.	Share capital commitments to associates and subsidiaries			1 005 002	62 226 424	51.038.011	2 452 000	£2 401 00
2.1.4.	Loan granting commitments		60.321.432	1.905.002	62.226.434	51.038.011	2.453.898	53.491.90
2.1.5. 2.1.6.	Securities issue brokerage commitments Commitments for reserve requirements		-	-	-	-	-	
2.1.6.	Commitments for reserve requirements Commitments for checks payments		8.650.202	-	8.650.202	5.482.867	-	5.482.86
2.1.7.	Tax and fund liabilities from export commitments		8.650.202 540	-	8.650.202 540	5.482.867 449	-	5.482.80 44
2.1.9.	Commitments for credit card expenditure limits		200.782.470		200.782.470	136.756.258		136.756.25
2.1.10.	Commitments for credit cards and banking services promotions		54.131		54.131	43.402		43.40
2.1.11.	Receivables from short sale commitments of marketable securities		54.151		54.151	43.402		43.40
2.1.12.	Payables for short sale commitments of marketable securities		_	_	_	_	_	
2.1.13.	Other irrevocable commitments		39.452.182	685,486	40.137.668	28.653.918	724.048	29.377.96
2.2.	Revocable commitments		29.570.218	34.861.977	64.432.195	16.907.356	31.288.192	48.195.54
2.2.1.	Revocable loan granting commitments		29.570.218	34.861.977	64.432.195	16.907.356	31.288.192	48.195.54
2.2.2.	Other revocable commitments		-	-		-	-	
III.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		125.253.500	532.099.569	657.353.069	256.573.539	606.729.394	863.302.93
3.1	Derivative financial instruments held for hedging		25.350.000	63.729.026	89.079.026	28.910.141	90.807.022	119.717.16
3.1.1	Fair value hedges		-	-	-	270.141	1.664.564	1.934.70
3.1.2	Cash flow hedges		25.350.000	63.729.026	89.079.026	28.640.000	89.142.458	117.782.45
3.1.3	Hedges for investments made in foreign countries		-	-	-	-	-	
3.2	Trading transactions		99.903.500	468.370.543	568.274.043	227.663.398	515.922.372	743.585.77
3.2.1	Forward foreign currency purchase and sale transactions		6.877.176	9.682.191	16.559.367	13.499.192	16.483.400	29.982.59
3.2.1.1	Forward foreign currency purchase transactions		6.542.583	2.120.327	8.662.910	12.680.315	2.810.609	15.490.92
3.2.1.2	Forward foreign currency sale transactions		334.593	7.561.864	7.896.457	818.877	13.672.791	14.491.66
3.2.2	Currency and interest rate swaps		77.860.972	336.431.772	414.292.744	158.168.698	343.884.226	502.052.92
3.2.2.1	Currency swap purchase transactions		1.625.953	72.343.613	73.969.566	4.261.560	123.896.732	128.158.29
3.2.2.2	Currency swap sale transactions		40.512.019	35.959.329	76.471.348	101.574.138	28.084.472	129.658.61
3.2.2.3	Interest rate swap purchase transactions		17.861.500	114.064.415	131.925.915	26.166.500	95.951.511	122.118.01
3.2.2.4	Interest rate swap sale transactions		17.861.500	114.064.415	131.925.915	26.166.500	95.951.511	122.118.01 111.771.46
3.2.3	Currency, interest rate and securities options		3.432.625	19.551.001	22.983.626	47.884.306	63.887.163	
3.2.3.1	Currency purchase options Currency sale options		3.375.949	5.609.883	8.985.832	47.748.901	5.573.894 53.338.749	53.322.79
3.2.3.2 3.2.3.3			56.676	8.840.598 4.015.628	8.897.274 4.015.628	135.405	3.890.663	53.474.15 3.890.66
3.2.3.4	Interest rate purchase options Interest rate sale options		-	1.084.892	1.084.892	-	1.083.857	1.083.85
3.2.3.4	Securities purchase options		-	1.004.092	1.004.092	-	1.00.0001	1.003.83
3.2.3.6	Securities purchase options Securities sale options		-	-	-	-	-	
3.2.3.0	Currency futures		1.439.702	1.356.142	2.795.844	1.303.006	1.217.241	2.520.24
3.2.4.1	Currency purchase futures		475.032	936.304	1.411.336	1.015.119	229.092	1.244.21
3.2.4.2	Currency sale futures		964.670	419.838	1.384.508	287.887	988.149	1.276.03
3.2.5	Interest rate futures		-	-	-	-	-	
3.2.5.1	Interest rate purchase futures		-	-	-	-	-	
3.2.5.2	Interest rate sale futures		-	-	-	-	-	
3.2.6	Other		10.293.025	101.349.437	111.642.462	6.808.196	90.450.342	97.258.53
В.	CUSTODY AND PLEDGED SECURITIES (IV+V+VI)		1.946.923.525	581.731.908	2.528.655.433	1.527.568.753	574.076.786	2.101.645.53
IV.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		563.574.907	49.809.229	613.384.136	243.750.531	51.442.664	295.193.19
4.1.	Assets under management		480.715.183	16.804.675	497.519.858	170.680.657	19.001.079	189.681.73
4.2.	Securities held in custody		3.338.597	32.070.554	35.409.151	3.939.170	31.490.427	35.429.59
4.3.	Checks received for collection		64.765.096	43.931	64.809.027	54.907.660	85.875	54.993.53
4.4.	Commercial notes received for collection		14.697.887	608.570	15.306.457	14.164.900	594.929	14.759.82
4.5.	Other assets received for collection		-	224.092	224.092	-	215.011	215.0
4.6.	Securities received for public offering		-	-	-	-	-	
4.7.	Other items under custody		58.144	57.407	115.551	58.144	55.343	113.48
4.8.	Custodians		-	-	-	-	-	
v.	PLEDGED ITEMS		1.344.770.575	216.565.471	1.561.336.046	1.236.921.247	215.430.491	1.452.351.7
5.1.	Marketable securities		134.029.656	541.063	134.570.719	134.030.581	527.277	134.557.8
5.2.	Guarantee notes		22.050.256	1.836.497	23.886.753	21.997.777	1.760.582	23.758.3
5.3.	Commodity		5.912	-	5.912	5.912	-	5.9
5.4.	Warrant		-	-	-		-	
5.5.	Immovables		556.045.116	314.645	556.359.761	471.940.839	306.501	472.247.3
5.6.	Other pledged items		632.639.635	213.839.068	846.478.703	608.946.138	212.802.809	821.748.9
5.7.	Depositories receiving pledged items		-	34.198	34.198	-	33.322	33.3
VI.	ACCEPTED GUARANTEES AND WARRANTEES		38.578.043	315.357.208	353.935.251	46.896.975	307.203.631	354.100.60

Unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 and 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

3. Statements of Profit or Loss

		Note (Section	Current Period (01/01/2023 -	Prior Period (01/01/2022 -
	Income and expense items	five)	31/03/2023)	31/03/2022)
I.	INTEREST INCOME	4.1	35.281.538	19.353.764
1.1	Interest on Loans	4.1.1	21.383.634	12.324.570
1.2	Interest Received from Reserve Deposits		11.309	221.173
1.3	Interest Received from Banks	4.1.2	603.695	114.598
1.4	Interest Received from Money Market Transactions		156.995	41.705
1.5	Interest Received from Marketable Securities Portfolio	4.1.3	13.028.616	6.614.753
1.5.1	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		25.195	10.191
1.5.2	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive income		3.859.554	2.421.792
1.5.3	Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost		9.143.867	4.182.770
1.6	Financial Lease Income		-	-
1.7	Other Interest Income		97.289	36.965
II.	INTEREST EXPENSE (-)	4.2	21.454.119	9.179.848
2.1	Interest on Deposits	4.2.5	17.374.756	5.356.522
2.2	Interest on Funds Borrowed	4.2.1	1.891.667	887.269
2.3	Interest expense on money market transactions	4.2.4	281.366	1.121.837
2.4	Interest on Securities Issued	4.2.3	1.647.304	1.506.677
2.5	Interest on Lease Payables		73.654	52.108
2.6	Other Interest Expense		185.372	255.435
III.	NET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)		13.827.419	10.173.916
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE		5.143.944	2.583.864
4.1	Fees and Commissions Received		7.022.070	3.480.097
4.1.1	Non-cash Loans		706.399	432.458
4.1.2	Other		6.315.671	3.047.639
4.2	Fees and Commissions Paid		1.878.126	896.233
4.2.1	Non-cash Loans		139	168
4.2.2	Other		1.877.987	896.065
V	DIVIDEND INCOME		1.093	47.231
VI.	TRADING PROFIT/LOSS (Net)	4.3	3.948.153	1.317.110
6.1	Trading Gains/Losses on Securities		1.108.540	325.617
6.2	Derivative Financial Transactions Gains/Losses	4.5	2.581.243	5.756.080
6.3	Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses		258.370	(4.764.587)
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	4.6	6.397.546	5.012.673
VIII.	GROSS PROFIT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (III+IV+V+VI+VII)		29.318.155	19.134.794
IX.	ALLOWANCE FOR EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (-)	4.4	6.780.638	6.796.560
X.	OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	4.4	22.988	228.998
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)		2.660.384	1.366.813
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	4.7	6.193.672	1.862.589
XIII.	NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)		13.660.473	8.879.834
XIV.	SURPLUS WRITTEN AS GAIN AFTER MERGER		-	
XV.	PROFIT/LOSS FROM EQUITY METHOD APPLIED SUBSIDIARIES		1.605.297	529.463
XVI.	NET MONETARY POSITION GAIN/LOSS)	4.0	-	-
XVII.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	4.8	45.045.000	0.400.20
*******	(XIII+XIV+XV+XVI)	4.0	15.265.770	9.409.297
XVIII.	PROVISION FOR TAXES ON INCOME FROM CONTINUING	4.9	2 625 545	2 150 940
10.1	OPERATIONS (±)		2.625.545	2.150.849
18.1	Current Tax Provision		2.479.251	10.593.562
18.2	Expense effect of deferred tax (+)		146.294	9 442 712
18.3 XIX.	Income effect of deferred tax (-)		12.640.225	8.442.713
	NET PROFIT/LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (XVII±XVIII)		12.040.225	7.258.448
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-
20.1	Income from assets held for sale Profit from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures		-	-
20.2	,		-	-
20.3	Other income from discontinued operations		-	-
XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-
21.1	Expenses on assets held for sale		-	-
21.2	Losses from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures		-	-
21.3	Other expenses from discontinued operations PROCEUTE OSS PRESONE TAYES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-
XXII.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS			
VVIII	(XX - XXI) TAY PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (4)		-	-
XXIII. 23.1	TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±) Current tax provision		-	-
	Expense effect of deferred tax (+)		-	-
23.2 23.3	Expense effect of deferred tax (+) Income effect of deferred tax (-)		-	-
	NET PROFIT/ LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-
XXIV.				
XXV.	(XXII±XXIII) NET PROFIT/LOSS (XIX+XXIV)	4.10	12.640.225	7.258.448
AAV.	Earnings/(loss) per share (full TL)	4.10	0,0150	0,0086

Unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 and 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

4. Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

		Current Period (31/03/2023)	Prior Period (31/03/2022)
I.	PROFIT /(LOSS)	12.640.225	7.258.448
II.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	423.615	8.367.812
2.1	Other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	918.514	(14.019)
2.1.1	Gains (losses) on Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment	-	-
2.1.2	Gains (losses) on Revaluation of Intangible Assets	-	-
2.1.3	Gains (losses) on Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans	-	(21.366)
2.1.4	Other Components of Other Comprehensive Income That Will Not Be Reclassified to Profit Or Loss	(27.205)	1.713
2.1.5	Taxes Relating To Components Of Other Comprehensive Income That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss	945.719	5.634
2.2	Other Comprehensive Income That Will Be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	(494.899)	8.381.831
2.2.1	Exchange Differences on Translation	553.574	1.137.056
2.2.2	Valuation and/or Reclassification Profit or Loss from Financial Assets Measured at Fair value through other		
	comprehensive income	(27.849)	7.699.532
2.2.3	Income (loss) Related with Cash Flow Hedges	(935.600)	2.131.536
2.2.4	Income (loss) Related with Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations	(434.514)	(808.360)
2.2.5	Other Components of Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified to Other Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2.6	Taxes Relating To Components Of Other Comprehensive Income That Will Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss	349.490	(1.777.933)
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (I+II)	13.063.840	15.626.260

(Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements originally issued in Turkish, see in note 1. of section three)

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.

Unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

5. Statement of changes in shareholders' equity

Current Period					Other Acc	umulated Com	prehensive	Other Acc	umulated Con	prehensive				
(31/03/2023)						Income			Income					
			Share		That Wi	l Not Be Recla	ssified In	That Will F	Be Reclassified	In Profit or			Current	
CHANCES IN SHADEHOLDED'S FOURTY			certificate	Other		Profit or Loss			Loss			Prior period	period	Total
CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	Paid-in	Share	cancellation	capital							Profit	net	net	shareholders'
	capital	premium	profits	reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	reserves	income/(loss)	income/(loss)	equity
I. Balance at the beginning of the period	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.619.094	4.891.380	(2.915.774)	1.198.710	10.728.134	7.796.934	58.314	41.130.921	-	52.744.689	126.256.390
II. Adjustment in accordance with TAS 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1 Effect of adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2. Effect of changes in accounting policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III. New balance (I+II)	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.619.094	4.891.380	(2.915.774)	1.198.710	10.728.134	7.796.934	58.314	41.130.921	-	52.744.689	126.256.390
IV. Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	945.719	-	(27.205)	553.574	(20.887)	(1.027.586)	-	-	12.640.225	13.063.840
V. Capital increase in cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI. Capital increase through internal reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII. Issued capital inflation adjustment difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII. Convertible bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX. Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X. Increase (decrease) through other changes, equity	-	-	-	14.976	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.976
XI. Profit distribution	-	-	-	36.295	-	-	-	-	-	-	44.797.394	-	(52.744.689)	(7.911.000)
11.1. Dividends distributed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7.911.000)	(7.911.000)
11.2. Transfers to legal reserves	-	-	-	36.295	-	-	-	-	-	-	44.797.394	-	(44.833.689)	-
11.3. Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Period end balance (III+IV++X+XI)	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.670.365	5.837.099	(2.915.774)	1.171.505	11.281.708	7.776.047	(969.272)	85.928.315	-	12.640.225	131.424.206

^{1.} Tangible assets revaluation reserve,

^{2.} Accumulated gains / losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans

^{3.} Other Comprehensive Income of Associates and Joint Ventures Accounted for Using Equity Method that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss

^{4.} Exchange differences on translation reserve for associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method

^{5.} Accumulated gains (losses) due to revaluation and/or reclassification of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

^{6.} Accumulated gains or (losses) on cash flow hedges and net investment hedges.

(Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements originally issued in Turkish, see in note 1. of section three)

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.

Unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

5. Statement of changes in shareholders' equity

Prior Period					Other Accu	mulated Con	prehensive	Other Accu	ımulated Com	prehensive				
(31/03/2022)						Income	_		Income	_				
			Share		That Will	Not Be Recla	assified In	That Will Be	Reclassified l	n Profit and			Current	
CHANCES IN SHADEHOLDED'S FOURTY			certificate	Other	F	rofit and Los	is		Loss			Prior period	period	Total
CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	Paid-in	Share	cancellation	capital							Profit	net	net	shareholders'
	capital	premium	profits	reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	reserves	income/(loss)	income/(loss)	equity
I. Balance at the beginning of the period	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.598.968	1.856.179	(821.555)	1.163.408	7.897.524	1.458.706	(1.802.217)	32.639.419	-	10.489.758	63.484.178
II. Adjustment in accordance with TAS 8	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1 Effect of adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2. Effect of changes in accounting policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III. New balance (I+II)	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.598.968	1.856.179	(821.555)	1.163.408	7.897.524	1.458.706	(1.802.217)	32.639.419	-	10.489.758	63.484.178
IV. Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	1.361	(17.093)	1.713	1.137.056	6.159.626	1.085.149	-	-	7.258.448	15.626.260
V. Capital increase in cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI. Capital increase through internal reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII. Issued capital inflation adjustment difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII. Convertible bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX. Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X. Increase (decrease) through other changes, equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI. Profit distribution	-	-	-	18.763	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.470.995	-	(10.489.758)	(1.000.000)
11.1. Dividends distributed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1.000.000)	(1.000.000)
11.2. Transfers to legal reserves	-	-	-	18.763	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.470.995	-	(9.489.758)	-
11.3. Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Period end balance (III+IV++X+XI)	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.617.731	1.857.540	(838.648)	1.165.121	9.034.580	7.618.332	(717.068)	42.110.414	-	7.258.448	78.110.438

^{1.} Tangible assets revaluation reserve,

^{2.} Accumulated gains / losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans

^{3.} Other Comprehensive Income of Associates and Joint Ventures Accounted for Using Equity Method that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss

^{4.} Exchange differences on translation reserve for associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method

^{5.} Accumulated gains (losses) due to revaluation and/or reclassification of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

^{6.} Accumulated gains or (losses) on cash flow hedges and net investment hedges.

Unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

6. Statement of cash flows

		Current Period (31/03/2023)	Prior Perioc (31/03/2022
Α.	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS		
1.1	Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities	16.816.743	11.175.37
1.1.1	Interest received	25.264.079	16.557.358
1.1.2	Interest paid	(19.718.177)	(8.149.797
1.1.3	Dividend received	366.171	227.77
1.1.4	Fees and commissions received	7.022.070	3.480.09
1.1.5	Other income	10.550.375	3.606.23
1.1.6	Collections from previously written-off loans and other receivables	1.603.476	1.248.18
1.1.7	Cash Payments to personnel and service suppliers	(7.418.170)	(3.142.729
1.1.8	Taxes paid	(215.175)	(2.104.434
1.1.9	Other	(637.906)	(547.316
1.2	Changes in operating assets and liabilities subject to banking operations	2.492.164	(652.935
1.2.1	Net (increase) decrease in financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	(96.053)	70.53
1.2.2	Net (increase) decrease in due from banks	280.279	(10.239.130
1.2.3	Net (increase) decrease in loans	(43.712.246)	(53.769.087
1.2.4	Net (increase) decrease in other assets	(7.109.802)	(2.492.470
1.2.5	Net increase (decrease) in bank deposits	2.897.330	(320.36
1.2.6	Net increase (decrease) in other deposits	76.853.892	48.280.62
1.2.7	Net increase (decrease) in financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	(1.142.056)	3.494.95
1.2.8	Net increase (decrease) in funds borrowed Net increase (decrease) in matured payables	(16.153.090)	6.512.92
1.2.9 1.2.10	Net increase (decrease) in matured payables Net increase (decrease) in other liabilities	(9.326.090)	7.809.07
I.	Net cash provided from banking operations	19.308.907	10.522.43
В.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
II.	Net cash provided from investing activities	(13.258.765)	(11.756.000
2.1	Cash paid for the purchase of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	(25.01
2.2	Cash obtained from the sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	
2.3	Cash paid for the purchase of tangible and intangible asset	(150.854)	(176.66
2.4	Cash obtained from the sale of tangible and intangible asset	61.040	141.74
2.5	Cash paid for the purchase of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Cash obtained from the sale of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive	(4.397.969)	(5.743.71
2.6	income	2.354.415	2.190.49
2.7	Cash paid for the purchase of financial assets at amortised cost	(12.118.042)	(9.600.60
2.8	Cash obtained from sale of financial assets at amortised cost	992.645	1.457.76
2.9	Other	-	
c.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
III.	Net cash flows from financing activities	(15.497.535)	(6.234.447
3.1	Cash obtained from funds borrowed and securities issued	7.799.795	3.092.48
3.2	Cash outflow from funds borrowed and securities issued	(15.158.485)	(9.191.056
3.3	Equity instruments issued	-	
3.4	Dividends paid	(7.911.000)	
3.5	Payments for finance lease liabilities	(227.845)	(135.875
3.6	Other	-	
IV.	Effect of change in foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents	2.077.256	8.003.09
v.	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(7.370.137)	535.08
VI.	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	113.290.783	95.207.69

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Section Three

Accounting policies

1. Explanations on basis of presentation:

The Bank keeps its books of accounts in Turkish Lira in accordance with the Banking Act No. 5411 ("Banking Act"), which is effective from November 1, 2005, the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), and Turkish Tax Legislation.

The unconsolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the "Regulation on the Principles and Procedures Regarding Banks' Accounting Applications and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette No. 26333 dated November 1, 2006 by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") which refers to "Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS") 34 - Interim Financial Reporting" and "Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") and other decrees, notes and explanations related to the accounting and financial reporting principles published by the BRSA. The format and the details of the publicly announced financial statements and related disclosures to these statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué Related to Publicly Announced Financial Statements of Banks and Explanations and Notes Related to these Financial Statements" and changes and notes to this communiqué published in the Official Gazette No. 28337 dated June 28, 2012. The accompanying unconsolidated financial statements and notes to these financial statements are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL), unless otherwise stated.

The accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost basis (restated for the changes in the general purchasing power of TL until December 31, 2004), except for financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, derivative financial assets/liabilities buildings and art objects and paintings in tangible assets. Besides, the carrying values of assets carried at amortized cost but subject to fair value hedge are adjusted to reflect the fair value changes related to the hedged risks.

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires the use of certain accounting estimates by the Bank management to exercise its judgment on the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and contingent assets and liabilities as of the balance sheet date. These estimates are being reviewed regularly and, when necessary, suitable corrections are made and the effects of these corrections are explained in the related notes and reflected to the income statement.

The accounting policies and valuation principles employed for the preparation the financial statements are in compliance with "Accounting and Reporting Legislation" published in the regulation, communique, interpretations and circular of BRSA. If there is no specific regulation of BRSA, it has been determined and applied in the context of TFRS. The accounting principles are in accordance with the used principles in preparation of yearly financial statements as of December 31, 2022.

Interest rate benchmark reform London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) is the most widely referenced benchmark interest rate across the globe for derivatives, bonds, loans and other floating rate instruments; however, for the USD indexed products, the regulator's transition process of the market from LIBOR and certain other benchmark rates to alternative risk-free, or nearly risk-free, rates that are based on actual overnight transactions still continues. Derivatives, floating rate notes, loans and other financial contracts whose terms extend beyond the relevant discontinuation date, and that refer to certain benchmark rates (including LIBOR) as the reference rate, will be impacted.

In Turkey, Turkish Lira Overnight Reference Rate ("TLREF") is created in order to meet the need of Turkish Lira short-term reference rate that can be used as an underlying or a benchmark in financial products, debt instruments and different types of financial contracts. The Bank completed the necessary infrastructure development and started to trade TLREF indexed products in 2021.

As of March 31, 2023, the Bank largely completed the necessary infrastructure development for USD Libor indexed derivatives, money market transactions, bonds, loan products and risk management systems in order to take the transition to alternative benchmark interest rates that are based on actual overnight transactions. Following the system developments, it is anticipated that for the new traded floating rate instruments alternative benchmark interest rates are going to be used.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

For the existing transactions, it is planned to take transition to alternative benchmark interest rates in case there is a request from counter banks or customers. In the light of analysis, related transition will have no material impact on financial statements.

POA published the Phase 1, Amendments to TAS 39, TFRS 9 and TFRS 7 in December 2019 and Phase 2, Amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7 and TFRS 16 in December 2020. The Phase 1, Amendments and The Phase 2, Amendments provide some specific reliefs on hedge accounting transactions and address issues that arise upon replacing the existing interest rate benchmark with the alternative interest rates and introduces additional disclosure requirements. There is no hedge relation discontinued due to this reform.

Interest rate contracts are used in hedge transactions to manage exposure to interest rate risk of assets and liabilities. The hedging instruments designated to manage these risks reference IBOR in multiple jurisdictions and have been affected by the reform as the markets transition to alternative risk free or nearly risk-free rates by 2021 and beyond.

The Phase 2 Amendments provide two key reliefs

- Modifications made as a direct result of the reform on an economically equivalent basis are reflected prospectively in the effective interest rate rather than as an immediate gain or loss.
- ➤ If qualifying criteria are met, hedging relationships that are directly impacted by the reform would be able to continue hedge accounting upon transition to alternative interest rates.

On January 20, 2022, POA made a statement on the Implementation of Financial Reporting in High Inflation Economies within the scope of TFRS, Financial Reporting Standard for Large and Medium Sized Enterprises. Accordingly, it has been stated that businesses applying TFRS do not need to make any adjustments in their financial statements for 2021 within the scope of TAS 29 Financial Reporting in High Inflation Economies. In 2023, as of the reporting date, there has not been any further announcement by POA regarding this issue; therefore, inflation adjustments have not been applied on the financial statements dated March 31, 2023 in accordance with TAS 29.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation into English:

BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation, as described in the preceding paragraphs, differ from International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board including the application of IAS 29 - Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies as of 31 March 2023 and the differences between accounting principles have not been quantified in the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are not intended to present fairly the unconsolidated financial position, results of operations, changes in equity and cash flows of the Bank in accordance with IFRS.

2. Explanations on strategy of using financial instruments and foreign currency transactions:

The general strategy of the Bank in using financial instruments is to sustain an optimal balance between the yield of the instruments and their risks. The most important funding source of the Bank is deposits. For non-deposit items, the Bank maintains longer-term funding structure especially through long-term foreign borrowings. Funds from deposits and other funding sources are invested in high quality financial assets in order to keep currency, interest rate and liquidity risks within the limits determined by the asset-liability strategy. The currency, interest and liquidity risks of on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet assets and liabilities are managed in accordance with the risk limits approved in the Bank and the related legal limits. Derivative instruments are mainly utilized for liquidity needs and for mitigating currency and interest rate risks. The position of the Bank as a result of foreign currency activities is being held at minimum levels and the currency risk exposure is monitored within the limits determined by the Board of Directors under the context of Banking Act.

Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated with the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Gains and losses arising from such valuations are recognized in the income statement under the account of "Foreign exchange gains or losses", except for valuation differences arising from foreign currency participations, subsidiaries and foreign currency non-performing loans.

The Bank hedges foreign currency exposure arising from carrying its foreign subsidiaries at equity method, with foreign currency financial liabilities and applies net investment hedge accounting. The effective portions of the change in fair value in financial liabilities in foreign currency are recorded under "Other accumulated comprehensive income that will be reclassified in other profit or loss" in equity.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

In order to eliminate the inconsistency in the recognition, the Bank might classify its financial liabilities as financial liabilities at fair value through profit / loss upon the initial recognition.

3. Explanations on investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures:

Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures are being carried at equity method as defined in "TAS 28 - Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" in the unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank started from June 30, 2015. Any valuation differences arising from prior years, before January 1, 2015, are booked as "Other accumulated comprehensive income that will not be reclassified in profit or loss" under equity. In the following periods, any valuation differences arising from the current period income and other comprehensive income are recognised in profit or loss and "Other accumulated comprehensive income that will not be reclassified in profit or loss" under the equity, respectively. This accounting policy change is performed through an early adaption before the effective date of January 1, 2016 in accordance with the change of "TAS – 27 Turkish Accounting Standards for Individual Financial Statements" numbered 29321 on April 9, 2015 and confirmation by BRSA's letter numbered 10686 on July 14, 2015.

4. Explanations on forward and option contracts and derivative instruments:

The Bank's derivative transactions mostly include money and interest rate swaps, forward foreign exchange purchase and sale transactions and options.

Derivative instruments are measured at fair value on initial recognition and subsequently remeasured at their fair values. As a result, the fair value of derivatives is reflected as net liability or net asset on a contract by contract basis. The accounting method applied to the income or loss arising from derivative instruments depends on whether the derivative is being used for hedging purposes or not and depends on the type of item being hedged.

At the transaction date, the Bank documents the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, together with the risk management policies and the strategies on hedging transactions. Besides, the Bank regularly documents the effectiveness of the hedging instruments in offsetting the changes in the fair value of the hedged items.

Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments subject to fair value hedges are recognized under profit or loss accounts together with the variation in the fair value of hedged items. The changes of fair value of derivative transactions for fair value hedge are classified in "Derivative Financial Transactions Gains/Losses" account. In the balance sheet, changes in the fair value of hedged assets and liabilities, during the period in which the hedge is effective, are shown with the related assets and liabilities. The ineffective portion of the mentioned hedging transaction is reflected to the income statement. If the underlying hedge does not conform to the hedge accounting requirements, according to the adjustments made to the carrying value (amortized cost) of the hedged item, for which the risk is hedged by a portfolio hedge, are amortized with the straight line method within the time to maturity and recognized in profit or loss accounts. Fair value adjustments are recognized directly in the income statement in an event of repayment and/or unwinding and/or derecognition of the hedged item.

The Bank hedges its cash flow risk arising from foreign currency and Turkish Lira floating interest rate liabilities by using currency and interest rate swaps. The effective portion of the fair value changes of the hedging instruments are recorded in "Other accumulated comprehensive income that will be reclassified in profit or loss" under shareholders' equity. These funds are transferred to profit or loss from equity when the cash flows of the hedged items (interest expense) impact the income statement.

In case the cash flow hedge accounting is discontinued due to the expiry, realization for sale of the hedging instrument, or due to the results of the effectiveness test the amounts accounted under shareholders' equity are transferred to the profit or loss accounts as these cash flows of the hedged item are realized.

Some of the trading purpose derivative transactions, even though they provide effective economic hedges under the Bank's risk management policy, do not qualify for hedge accounting under the specific rules in "TFRS 9 - Financial Instruments" and are therefore treated as "Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss".

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

"Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss" are measured at fair value. If the fair value of derivative financial instruments is positive, it is disclosed under the main account "Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss"; and if the fair value difference is negative, it is disclosed under "Derivative financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss". Fair value changes are recorded under "Derivative Financial Transactions Gains/(Losses)" in the income statement.

The fair values of the derivative financial instruments are calculated using quoted market prices or by using discounted cash flow models.

Parameters used for the valuation of the option portfolio are determined by market risk management and the confirmation of the accuracy of fair value calculations are monitored periodically by market risk management.

Liabilities and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are followed in the off-balance sheet accounts as their contractual values. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted as derivative instruments according to "TFRS – 9 Financial Instruments" in case (i) the related embedded derivative's economic features and risks are not closely related to the host contract, (ii) another instrument that has the same contract conditions with the embedded derivative satisfies the definition of a derivative instrument and (iii) the hybrid instrument is not carried at fair value through profit or loss.

Credit derivatives are capital market tools designed to transfer credit risk from one party to another.

As of March 31, 2023, the Bank's credit derivatives portfolio included total return swaps.

Credit linked notes are bonds that have repayments depending on a credit event or the credit risk evaluation of a reference asset or asset pool. Depending on whether the reference assets are included in the balance sheet of the issuer or the owner of the assets, these transactions can be accounted by the party assuming the credit risk as insurance or as an embedded derivative. As per the Bank's management evaluation, the embedded derivatives included in the credit linked notes are separated from the host contracts in accordance with "TFRS – 9 Financial Instruments" and recorded and evaluated as credit default swaps. The bond itself (host contract) is valued in accordance with the valuation principles of the category it is classified.

Total return swaps are contracts, in which the seller commits to pay the contract value for all cash flows of the reference assets of the seller and the changes of the market values of these reference assets to the buyer during the contract maturity and bear all the decreases in the market value of these reference assets. The Bank uses the total return swaps to generate long term funding.

Market risks of these products are monitored using the Bank's internal modeling system for the Value-at-Risk and basis points sensitivity analysis; the liquidity risks are monitored using the short term liquidity report on daily and the long term liquidity report on monthly basis.

According to the regulations of BRSA, currency exchange transactions, which are realized at value date in the initial phase of currency swaps, are recorded and followed as irrevocable commitments in off-balance sheet accounts until the value date.

A Credit Valuation Adjustment (CVA) is applied to the Bank's over-the-counter derivative exposures to take into account the counterparty's risk of default when measuring the fair value of the derivative. CVA is the mark-to-market cost of protection required to hedge credit risk from counterparties in the Bank's over-the-counter derivatives portfolio. The Bank calculates CVA based on collective provisioning methodology calculated in accordance with Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, "TFRS – 9 Financial Instruments", comprising the product of Exposure, Probability of Default (PD) and Loss Given Default (LGD). CVA is calculated based on the exposure of each counterparty.

Within the scope of TFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement standard; (i) if there is a significant decrease in the volume or level of activity for that asset or liability in relation to normal market activity for the asset or liability (or similar assets or liabilities); (ii) when the transaction or quoted price does not represent fair value; and / or (iii) when a price for a similar asset requires significant adjustment to make it comparable to the asset being measured, or (iv) when the price is stale, the Bank makes an adjustment to the transactions or quoted prices and reflects this adjustment to the fair value measurement. In this context, the Bank determines the point within the range that is most representative of fair value under current market conditions.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

5. Explanations on interest income and expense:

Interest income and expenses are recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis by using the effective interest method periodically

Retrospective rediscount calculation and foreign exchange evaluation is performed for non performing loans, and accrued interest and rediscounts as of transfer to non performing loan accounts are accounted under loan accrual/rediscount accounts as per Uniform Chart of Accounts ("UCA"). The Bank ceases accruing interest after non-performing loan classification. In place of that, interest amount representing the time value of future collections is recognized under interest income instead of provision expense.

6. Explanations on fee and commission income and expenses:

Fees and commissions received as a result of the service agreements or arising from negotiating or participating in the negotiation of a transaction on behalf of a third party are recognized either in the period when the transaction is realized or deferred based on the type of the underlying transaction. Other commission income and fees from various banking services are recorded as income at the time of realization.

Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 "Revenue from Contract with Customers".

7. Explanations on financial assets:

As of January 1, 2018, the Bank has applied TFRS 9 and classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- > Financial assets measured at amortised cost

According to TFRS 9, classification of financial assets is based on two criterias; business model under which the financial asset is being managed and contractual cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest of the financial asset. This evaluation incorporates whether there is any clause that may change timing or amount of contractual cash flows of the financial asset.

Classification of financial assets reflects the business model of how the Bank manages the assets in order to generate cash flows. Bank's business model may be to collect the contractual cash flows from the assets or to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of assets. If neither of these is applicable, then the financial assets are classified as part of 'other' business model and measured at FVPL. Factors considered by the Bank in determining the business model for a bank of assets include past experience on how the cash flows for these assets were collected, how the asset's performance is evaluated and reported to key management personnel, how risks are assessed and managed and how managers are compensated. Securities held for trading are held principally for the purpose of selling in the near term or are part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking. These securities are classified in the 'other' business model and measured at FVPL.

The Bank owns Consumer Price Indexed (CPI) Government Bonds which are classified under "Fair value through other comprehensive income" and "measured at amortised cost" securities portfolio. Related securities are valued using the effective interest rate method based on the real coupon rates and the reference inflation index at the issue date and the estimated inflation rate. The reference indices used in calculating the actual coupon payment amounts of these assets are based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) of prior two months.

Assessment of the business model

The Bank determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective.

The business model does not depend on management's intentions for an individual instrument. Accordingly, this condition is not a single-instrument basis approach for classification and should be determined on a higher level of aggregation.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

During the assessment of the business model for management of financial assets, all relevant evidences available at the assessment date have taken into consideration. Such relevant evidence includes below:

- > How the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Bank's management;
- > the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. In particular, whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest revenue, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of the liabilities that are funding those assets or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how managers of the business are compensated (e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected); and
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and its strategy for how those risks are managed;
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and its expectations about future sales activity. However, information about sales activity is not considered in isolation, but as part of an overall assessment of how the Bank's stated objective for managing the financial assets is achieved and how cash flows are realised.

If cash flows are realised in a way that is different from the expectations on the date of the assessment of the business model, that does not give rise to a prior period error in the financial statements nor does it change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model as long as all relevant information that was available at the time of business model assessment were. However, when the business model is assessed for newly originated or newly purchased financial assets, it must be considered information about how cash flows were realised in the past, along with all other relevant information.

The business models are divided into three categories. These categories are defined below:

> Business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows are managed to realise cash flows by collecting contractual payments over the life of the instrument. That is, the Bank manages the assets held within the portfolio to collect those particular contractual cash flows.

Although the objective of Bank's business model may be to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, the Bank does not need to hold all of those instruments until the maturity. Thus Bank's business model can be to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows even when sales of financial assets occur or are expected to occur in the future.

The business model may be to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows even if the Bank sells financial assets when there is an increase in the assets' credit risk. The Bank considers reasonable and supportable information, including forward looking information, in order to determine whether there has been an increase in the assets' credit risk. Regardless of their frequency and value, sales due to an increase in the assets' credit risk are not inconsistent with a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows because the credit quality of financial assets is relevant to the Bank's ability to collect contractual cash flows.

A business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets

The Bank may hold financial assets in a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. In this type of business model, the Bank's management have made a decision on both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets is necessary for achieving the objective of the business model. There are various objectives that may be consistent with this type of business model. For example, the objective of the business model may be to manage liquidity needs on a daily basis, to maintain a particular interest yield profile or to match the duration of the financial assets to the duration of the liabilities funding those assets. To achieve such an objective, the Bank will both collect contractual cash flows and sell financial assets.

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Compared to a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows, this business model will typically involve greater frequency and value of sales. This is because selling financial assets is integral to achieving the business model's objective instead of being only incidental to it.

> Other business models

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss if they are not held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets

A portfolio of financial assets that is managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis is neither held to collect contractual cash flows nor held both to collect contractual cash flows and to sell financial assets. The Bank is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions.

Assessment of whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs. In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are SPPI, the Bank considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition.

When making such assessment, the Bank:

- > contingent events that would change the amount and timing of cash flows
- leverage features
- > prepayment and extension terms
- > conditions restricting the Bank from asking the cash flows of the assets
- Features that change the time value of the money

When the contractual conditions are exposed to the risks which are not consistent with the basic lending arrangement or variability of cash flows, the relevant financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

7.1. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets, which are classified as "Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss", are trading financial assets and are either acquired for generating profit from short-term fluctuations in the price or dealer's margin, or are financial assets included in a portfolio in which a pattern of short-term profit making exists independent from the acquisition purpose.

Trading financial assets are initially recognized at fair value and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. However, if fair values cannot be obtained from active market transactions, it is assumed that the fair value cannot be observed reliably and fair values are calculated by alternative models. All gains and losses arising from these valuations are recognized in the income statement. Interest earned while holding financial assets is reported as interest income and dividends received are included separately in dividend income.

The principles regarding the accounting of derivative financial instruments are explained in detail in Note 4 of this section.

7.2. Financial assets measured at amortised cost:

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at amortised cost. These financial assets are initially recognized at total of acquisition and transaction cost. After their initial recognition they are carried at "Amortized cost" using the "Effective interest method".

7.3. Loans:

Loans are financial assets raised through lending without having the intention to trade in the short term. Loans are non derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that are not quoted on active market. Loans are recognized initially at cost including transaction costs (which reflect fair values) and subsequently carried at the amortized cost using the "effective interest method". The expenses incurred for the assets received as collateral are not considered as transaction costs and are recognized in the expense accounts.

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Retail, commercial and corporate loans included in cash loans are accounted for with their original maturities in accounts which are mentioned in the UCA. Foreign currency indexed loans are initially measured at local currency accounts with the foreign exchange rate prevailing at date of the initial recognition and re-valued with the relevant foreign currency rates prevailing at the date of the financial statements. Increase or decrease in the value of the principal amount of the loan due to changes in foreign exchange rates is accounted in the related income and expense accounts. Repayment amounts are translated with the foreign exchange rates prevailing at the repayment dates and the valuation differences are accounted for in "foreign exchange gain/loss" accounts.

The Bank provides provision for expected credit losses based on the assessments and estimates of the management, by considering "TFRS 9 - Financial Instruments" and the "Communiqué Related to Principles and Procedures on Determining the Qualifications of Banks' Loans and Other Receivables and the Provision for These Loans and Other Receivables" ("Provisioning Regulation") published in the Official Gazette No. 29750 dated June 22, 2016. In this context, the management estimates are determined on the basis of the prudence principle and Bank credit risk policies, considering the general structure of the loan portfolio, the financial conditions of the customers, non-financial information and the economic conjuncture.

As of March 31, 2023, the Bank has made its classifications in accordance with the TFRS 9 standard and reflected them in its financial statements. In this context; the Bank has evaluated many reasonable and supportable qualitative and quantitative data in assessing whether there is a significant increase in credit risk in the classification of loans according to stages and determining the moment when the default situation occurs. It has classified the loans according to their stages according to its best judgment under the current conditions.

The Bank has taken into account the possible difficulties in the cash flows or payments of customers due to uncertainties caused by the earthquake disaster on February 6, 2023 within the scope of TFRS 9 while calculating the expected credit loss for the loans classified according to their stages in the scope above.

Provision expenses are deducted from the net income of the year. If there is a subsequent collection from a receivable that was already provisioned in previous years, the recovery amount is classified under "Other operating income". The write off policy is described in the explanations and notes related to assets, fifth section.

7.4. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, and that are not designated at FVPL, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are subsequently re-measured at fair value. When fair values based on market prices cannot be obtained reliably, the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are carried at fair values determined by using alternative models. "Unrealized gains and losses" arising from changes in the fair value of financial assets classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized in the shareholders' equity as "Other accumulated comprehensive income that will be reclassified in profit or loss", until the related assets are impaired or disposed. When these financial assets are disposed or impaired, the related fair value differences accumulated in the shareholders' equity are transferred to the income statement. Interest and dividends received from Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recorded in interest income and dividend income as appropriate.

Interest income on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are calculated by effective interest rate method and are accounted for in interest income account. At the time of sale of a financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income before the maturity, the difference between the profit, which is the difference between the cost and sales price of the financial assets, and the interest income accrual are accounted under "Profit/losses from capital market transactions".

7.5. Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

At initial recognition, an irrevocable election can be made to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument within the scope of TFRS 9. Such election is made on an instrument by instrument basis.

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Fair value differences recognized in other comprehensive income are not transferred to profit or loss in the following periods and transferred to prior years' profit / loss. The equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, are not subject to impairment calculation

8. Explanations on impairment of financial assets:

The Bank assesses the expected credit losses ("ECL") related with its debt instrument assets carried at amortised cost and at fair value through other comprehensive income, with the exposure arising from loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts on a forward-looking basis. The Bank recognises a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of expected credit losses reflects:

- > An unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- ➤ The time value of money;
- Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The measurement of the expected credit loss allowance:

The measurement of the expected credit loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortised cost and at fair value through other comprehensive income is an area that requires the use of advanced models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behaviour.

These financial assets will be divided into three categories depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since their initial recognition. Impairment shall be recognized on outstanding amounts in each category, as follows:

Stage 1:

For the financial assets at initial recognition or that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Impairment for credit risk will be recorded in the amount of 12-month expected credit losses.

Stage 2:

In the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the financial asset will be transferred to this stage. Impairment for credit risk will be determined on the basis of the instrument's lifetime expected credit losses.

Stage 3:

Stage 3 includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. For these assets, lifetime ECL are recognized and interest revenue is calculated on the net carrying amount.

Life-time expected credit loss is calculated on an individual or collective basis for the financial assets in stage 2 and stage 3.

General provisions represent ECLs for the first stage and the second stage, specific provisions represent ECLs for the third stage.

The Bank has developed specific models for calculating the expected loss; such models are based on the parameters of PD, LGD and EAD and on the effective interest rate. In particular:

- the PD (Probability of Default), represents the customer's probability of more than 90 days delay, within 12-months;
- ➤ the LGD (Loss Given Default), represents the percentage of the estimated loss, and thus the expected rate of recovery, at the date of occurrence of the default event of the credit exposure;
- ➤ the EAD (Exposure at Default), represents the measure of the exposure at the time of the event of default of the credit exposure;
- > the Effective interest rate is the discount rate that expresses of the time value of money.

Such parameters are calculated starting from the corresponding parameters used for IRB preparation purposes, with specific adjustments in order to ensure consistency between accounting and regulatory treatment despite different regulatory requirements.

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The main adjustments aimed at:

- removal of prudency principal used for IRB phase;
- introducing "point-in-time" adjustments to replace "through-the-cycle" adjustments required for IRB phase (TFRS-9 parameters developed over these parameters.);
- with reference to lifetime PD, through-the-cycle PD curves obtained by adjusting observed cumulated default rates were calibrated in order to reflect point-in-time on portfolio default rates.

Recovery rate incorporated into through-the-cycle LGD was adjusted in order to remove prudency principle and to reflect the most updated trend of recovery rates discounted at effective interest rate or at its best approximation.

The lifetime EAD has been obtained by converting the 1 year regulatory or managerial model to life-time, removing margin of prudency and including the expected discounted cash flow.

The Stage Allocation model is a key aspect of the accounting model required to calculate expected credit losses which is aimed at transferring credit exposures from Stage 1 to Stage 2.

With reference to the quantitative component of the model for stage allocation, the Bank has adopted a statistical approach based on a quantiles regression whose objective is to define a threshold in terms of maximum variation acceptable between the PD at the time of origination and the PD assessed at the reporting date.

The Stage Allocation model was based on a combination of relative and absolute elements. The main elements were:

- > comparison, for each transaction, between the PD measured at the time of recognition and PD as at the reporting date, both calculated according to internal models, through thresholds set in a way considering all key variables of each transaction that can affect the Bank's expectation of PD changes over time;
- > absolute elements such as the backstops required by law;
- additional internal evidence

Significant increase in credit risk

In the assessment of significant increase in credit risk quantitative and qualitative assessments are made;

Quantitative Assessment:

As a result of quantitative assessment, related financial asset is classified as stage 2 (Significant Increase in Credit Risk) when any of the following criterias are satisfied.

As of reporting date:

- ➤ Lifetime expected credit losses shall be recognized on a transaction base, when 30 days past due status is passed. The Bank can abandon this estimation when it has reasonable and supportable information about customers contractual repayments.
- ➤ In case a loan has been restructured, it will be followed up under Stage 2 during the follow-up period mentioned in the related regulations. The loan can be transferred back to Stage 1 at end of the follow-up period if there is no significant deterioration.
- Provisions on non-funded non cash loans are evaluated as significant increase in credit risk.

Qualitative Assessment

The probability of significant increase in credit risk under qualitative assessment is based on the comparison of probability of default of a loan in the origination and as of reporting date.

The Bank uses distribution regression on segment basis in order to calculate the thresholds used in defining the significant increase in credit risk.

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Low credit risk

Financial instruments defined as low risk for TFRS 9 are;

- ➤ Receivables from Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey;
- ➤ Loans with counterparty of Treasury of the Republic of Turkey
- The issued securities or guaranteed marketable securities from central banks of the countries where Bank's subsidiaries, associates are resident;
- ➤ Bank placements;
- Other money market transactions;
- > Transactions of Bank's associates and subsidiaries

Forward Looking Information

Forward-looking macroeconomic information is incorporated into credit risk parameters during assessment of significant increase in credit risk and expected credit loss calculation. For the calculation of expected credit loss, Bank uses macroeconomic estimation method which is developed during creation of various scenarios. Macroeconomic variables prevailing during these estimates are gross domestic product (GDP) and unemployment rate

When expected credit losses are estimated in accordance with the forward looking macroeconomic information, the Bank evaluates three scenarios (base, pessimistic and optimistic) with various weights based. Within the scope of the effects of COVID-19 on Expected Credit Loss calculations, the weight of base scenario has been reduced and pessimistic scenario has been increased at the same rate. The Bank has reviewed the macroeconomic model used in the process and has been the subject of provision calculations using the data considered to reflect the current situation in the best way. On the other hand, researches have been carried out on the sectors affected by COVID-19, the effects that belonged to the period which COVID-19 was the most effective, were segregated on a sectoral basis and analyzed whether in which direction the Borsa Istanbul Index data differed from the cumulative index data and this differentiation is reflected in the probability of default values on a sectoral basis. The Bank made no change in its current approach in current period.

In the light of macroeconomic expectations, the Bank reflected the calculations made to its financial statements considering the probability of default values and the possible changes in the exposure at default. In this context, the Bank has measured the effect of the change in macroeconomic data used in the calculation of expected credit loss such as gross domestic product and unemployment rate, on the non performing loans under different scenarios and reflected the coefficient increase, which was considered to be the most accurate, to its provision calculations by projecting it on the loan parameters within the range of NPL ratio obtained throughout the calculations.

9. Explanations on offsetting financial assets:

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Bank has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and to collect/pay related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

10. Explanations on sales and repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions:

Securities subject to repurchase agreements ("Repo") are classified as "Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss", "Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income" and "Financial assets measured at amortised cost" according to the investment purposes of the Bank and measured according to the portfolio to which they belong. Funds obtained from repurchase agreements are accounted under "Money market funds" in liabilities and the difference between the sale and repurchase price is accrued over the life of the repurchase agreements using the "Effective interest method". Interest expense on repo transactions are recorded under "Interest expense on money market transactions" in the income statement.

Funds given against securities purchased under agreements to resell ("Reverse repo") are accounted under "Receivables from money markets" on the balance sheet. The difference between the purchase and determined resell price is accrued over the life of repurchase agreements using the effective interest method.

The Bank has no securities lending transactions.

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11. Information on assets held for resale and related to discontinued operations and explanations on liabilities related with these assets:

According to the "TFRS – 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", a tangible asset (or a bank of assets to be disposed) classified as "Asset held for resale" is measured at lower of carrying value and fair value less costs to sell. An asset (or a bank of assets to be disposed) is regarded as "Asset held for resale" only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or a bank of assets to be disposed) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. For a highly probable sale, there must be a valid plan prepared by the management for the sale of asset including identification of possible buyers and completion of sale process. Furthermore, the asset should be actively in the market at a price consistent with its fair value.

A discontinued operation is a part of the Bank's business classified as sold or held for sale. The operating results of the discontinued operations are disclosed separately in the income statement.

12. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets:

12.1. Goodwill:

The excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Bank's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities or contingent liabilities of the acquired subsidiary at the date of acquisition of the control is recorded as goodwill and represents a payment made by the acquirer in anticipation of future economic benefits from assets that are not capable of being individually identified and separately recognized. The acquirer also recognizes assets that are capable of being individually identified and separately recognized, intangible assets (e.g. credit card brand value, deposit base and customer portfolio) and contingent liabilities at fair value, irrespective of whether the asset had been recognized by the acquire before the business combination, if it can be distinguished from the goodwill and if the asset's fair value can be measured reliably.

As explained in Note 2, Section 1, in 2006, all rights, receivables, debts and liabilities of Koçbank were transferred to the Bank pursuant the merger of the two banks. The goodwill arising from the merger has been tested for impairment in the framework of "TAS 36 - Impairment of Assets", calculated within the scope of "TFRS 3 - Business Combinations", and was recorded in the unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank. As of 31 December 2022, the provision for impairment for the entire amount of goodwill was recognized in profit reserves directly under equity.

12.2. Other intangible assets:

Other intangible assets are measured at cost on initial recognition and any directly attributable costs of setting the asset to work for its intended use are included in the initial measurement. Subsequently, intangible assets are carried at historical costs after the deduction of accumulated amortization and the provision for impairment.

The Bank evaluates the possibility of existence of impairment of intangible assets at the end of each reporting period. If there is an evidence of impairment, the Bank estimates a recoverable amount in accordance with the "TAS – 36 Impairment of Assets". The recoverable amount is the higher of net sales price or the value in use. When the book value of another intangible asset exceeds the recoverable amount, the related asset is considered to be impaired. If there is no evidence of impairment, there is no need to estimate the recoverable amount.

Intangibles are amortized over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The useful life of the asset is determined by assessing the expected useful life of the asset, technical, technological and other kinds of obsolescence and all required maintenance expenses necessary to utilize the economic benefit from the asset.

13. Explanations on property and equipment:

Property and equipment is measured at its cost when initially recognized and any directly attributable costs of setting the asset in working order for its intended use are included in the initial measurement in accordance with "TAS – 16 Property, Plant and Equipment". Subsequently, properties and equipment, except art objects, paintings and buildings are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment.

The Bank adopted a fair value accounting method for its buildings as of March 31, 2015 in tangible assets in accordance with "TAS - 16 Property, Plant and Equipment".

The depreciation rate for buildings is 2-4%, for movables and movables acquired under financial leasing depreciation is calculated over estimated useful life by using the straight-line method.

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The depreciation charge for items remaining in property and equipment for less than a full accounting period at the balance sheet date is calculated in proportion to the period the item remained in property and equipment.

In accordance with "TAS -36 Impairment of Assets", where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated "recoverable amount", it is written down to its "recoverable amount" and the provision for impairment is charged to the income statement.

Gains and losses on the disposal of property and equipment are determined by deducting the net book value of the property and equipment from its sales proceeds.

Expenditures for the repair and maintenance of property and equipment are recognized as expense. The capital expenditures made in order to increase the capacity of the tangible asset or to increase its future benefits are capitalized on the cost of the tangible asset. The capital expenditures include the cost components which are used either to increase the useful life or the capacity of the asset or the quality of the product or to decrease the costs.

14. Explanations on leasing transactions:

The Bank performs leasing transactions in the capacity of the lessee and lessor.

Accounting of leasing operations according to lessee:

The Bank has adopted "TFRS 16: Leases" approach in the accounting of leasing transactions.

In accordance with TFRS 16, the Bank calculates "right-of-use" amount using the present value of the lease payments of fixed asset at the beginning of the leasing period and recognizes under "property and equipment". Unpaid leasing payments are calculated at their net present value and recognized under "lease payables" in liabilities. Lease payments are discounted using related borrowing rates.

Fixed assets that are subject to leasing is amortised on the basis of leasing period. Interest expense related to lease payables is classified under "interest on lease payables" under "interest expense" and exchange rate changes are classified under "foreign exchange gains/losses". Leasing payments are deducted from lease payables.

Accounting of the leasing transactions in terms of the lessor:

The major risks and benefits of the property carried by the lessor are classified as operational leasing. The payments that are received as operational leasing are accounted as income via the linear method throughout the leasing term.

15. Explanations on provisions, contingent assets and liabilities:

Provisions and contingent liabilities, except for the expected credit loss recognized for financial instruments within the scope of TFRS 9 standards, are accounted in accordance with "TAS - 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets".

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions for contingent liabilities arisen from past events are recognized in the period of occurrence in accordance with the "Matching principle". A provision is recognized when it is probable that the contingent event will occur and a reliable estimate can be made. When a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation cannot be made or it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, it is considered that a "contingent" liability exists and it is disclosed in the related notes to the financial statements.

Contingent assets usually arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the entity. Contingent assets are not recognized in financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realized. Contingent assets are disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

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16. Explanations on obligations related to employee benefits:

16.1. Employee termination benefits

Obligations related to employee termination and vacation rights are accounted for in accordance with "TAS -19 Employee Benefits" and are classified under "Provisions for employee benefits" account in the balance sheet.

Under the Turkish Labour Law, the Bank is required to pay a specific amount to the employees who have retired or whose employment is terminated other than for the reasons specified in the Turkish Labour Law. The reserve for employment termination benefits represents the present value of the estimated total liability for the future probable obligation of the Bank determined by using certain actuarial assumptions. Actuarial gains and losses are accounted for under equity in accordance with the "TAS – 19 Employee Benefits" standard.

16.2. Pension rights

The Bank's personnel are members of the Yapı ve Kredi Bankası Anonim Şirketi Mensupları Yardım ve Emekli Sandığı Vakfı ("the Fund") which was established in accordance with the 20th temporary article of the Social Security Law No.506. The technical financial statements of the Fund are audited in accordance with the Article 38 of the Insurance Supervision Law and the "Regulation Regarding the Actuaries" by a registered independent actuary.

Temporary article 23 paragraph 1 of the Banking Act published in the Official Gazette No. 25983 dated November 1, 2005 stated that foundations like the Fund are to be transferred to the Social Security Institution ("SSI") within three years beginning from the publication date of the article.

The article of the Law related to the transfer was cancelled (pursuant to the application by the President on November 2, 2005) by the decision of Constitutional Court (decision no: E.2005/39, K. 2007/33 dated March 22, 2007) published in the Official Gazette No. 26479 dated March 31, 2007, and the effect of the law article was suspended from the date of the publication of the decision.

The reasoning of the Constitutional Court regarding the abrogation of the corresponding article was published in the Official Gazette dated December 15, 2007, No 26731. With the publication of the reasoning of the decision, the Grand National Assembly of Turkey ("GNAT") started to work on new legal arrangements regarding the transfer of the fund members to SSI and the related articles of the "Law Regarding the Changes in Social Insurance and General Health Insurance Law and Other Related Laws and Regulations" No 5754 ("the New Law") regulating the transfer of the funds were approved by the GNAT on April 17, 2008. The New Law was published in the Official Gazette No. 26870 dated May 8, 2008. With the new law, the banks' pension funds will be transferred to SSI within three years from the date of publication of the decree and this period can be extended for a maximum of two years with the decision of the Council of Ministers. The transfer period was extended for another two years with the decision of the Council of Ministers No. 2011/1559 published in the Official Gazette dated April 9, 2011. According to the "Amendment of Social Insurance and General Health Insurance Law No. 6283" published in the Official Gazette dated March 8, 2012, Council of Ministers was authorized to increase the two-year extension period mentioned above to four years. According to the decision of The Council of Ministers dated February 24, 2014, the transfer date is set as May 2015. The Council of Ministers was authorized to determine the transfer date of pension funds in accordance with the last amendment in the first paragraph of the 20th provisional article of Law No.5510 implemented by the Law No. 6645 on Amendment of the Occupational Health and Safety Law and Other Laws and Decree Laws published in the Official Gazette dated April 23, 2015 and numbered 29335. The president was authorized to determine the transfer date of pension funds in accordance with the last amendment by the Law No. 30473 published in the Official Gazette dated July 9, 2018.

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A commission (whose members are the representatives of the SSI, the Ministry of Finance, Turkish Treasury, State Planning Organization, BRSA, Saving Deposit Insurance Fund ("SDIF"), one member representing the Fund and one member representing the Fund members) is in charge of the calculation of the value of the payment that would need to be made to SSI to settle the obligation using a technical interest rate of 9,8% by law taking into consideration income and expenses by insurance branches of the funds and the excess of salaries and income paid by the funds over the salaries and income to be paid in accordance with the SSI arrangements which should not be less than SSI arrangements, related to the members of the Fund as of the date of the transfer including the members who have left the scheme.

In accordance with the New Law, after the transfer to SSI, any social rights and payments to Fund members and their beneficiaries which are not provided although they are included in the Fund Title Deed will continue to be provided by the Fund and the employers of the Fund members.

The Bank accounts for a provision for the technical deficit based on the report prepared by a registered actuary in accordance with the rates determined by the New Law and in accordance with TAS 19.

16.3. Short term benefits of employee:

Within the scope of "TAS - 19 Employee Benefits", the Bank measures the expected costs of accumulated paid leaves as expected payments it will make due to unused leave rights as at the end of the reporting date.

17. Explanations on taxation:

17.1. Current tax:

The corporate tax rate is 20% in accordance with the article number 32 of the New Corporate Tax Law no.5520 which is published in the official Gazette dated June 21, 2006 and numbered 26205. In accordance with the 11 and 14th articles of the Law numbered 7316 on "Amendment of Law on Collection Procedure of Public Receivables and Certain Laws" published in the Official Gazette dated April 22, 2021 and numbered 31462, starting from the declarations that must be submitted starting from July 1, 2021 and to be valid for the taxation period starting from January 1, 2021, corporate tax rate will be applied as 25% for enterprises' corporate income belonging to the taxation periods of 2021 and 23% for enterprises' corporate income belonging to the taxation periods of 2022. Standard corporate tax rate for financial sector is increased to 25% starting from the declarations as of July 1, 2022 and to be valid for the taxation periods of 2022 according to the Law numbered 7394 published in the Official Gazette No. 31810 dated April 15, 2022.

Corporate tax rate business income tax in accordance with the laws of the institutions to be added as unacceptable the reduction of costs in the tax laws, exemptions and reductions to the tax base found as a result of the reduction that will be applied. Additional tax is not payable unless the profit is distributed.

Dividends paid to non-resident corporations, which have a place of business in Turkey or to resident corporations are not subject to withholding tax. Otherwise, dividends paid are subject to withholding tax at the rate of 10%. An increase in capital via issuing bonus shares is not considered as profit distribution and no withholding tax incurs in such a case.

Corporations are required to pay advance corporate tax quarterly on their corporate income. Advance tax is declared and paid by the 17th day of the second month following each calendar quarter end. Advance tax paid by corporations for the current period is credited against the annual corporation tax calculated on the annual corporate income in the following year. Despite the offset, if there is temporary prepaid tax remaining, this balance can be refunded or used to offset any other financial liabilities to the government.

A 75% portion of the capital gains derived from the sale of equity investments and 50% portion of the capital gains derived from immovable properties held for at least two years is tax exempt, if such gains are added to paid-in capital or held in a special account under shareholder's equity for five years.

Under the Turkish Corporate Tax Law, losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods.

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Tax returns are required to be filled and delivered to the related tax office until the last evening of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and the accrued tax is paid same day. Tax returns are open for 5 years from the beginning of the year following the balance sheet date and during this period the tax authorities have the right to audit tax returns, and the related accounting records on which they are based, and may issue re-assessments based on their findings.

Non-monetary items on the financial statements must have been restated for inflation according to the repeated article 298/A of Tax Procedure Law. In law numbered 7352 published on January 29, 2022 in the Official Gazette numbered 31734, 2021 and 2022 accounting periods including advance tax periods are deemed as the periods in which the requirements for inflation adjustment are not met.

Amendments to Tax Procedure Law was published with the Law numbered 7338 published in the Official Gazette dated October 26, 2021. These amendments provide the opportunity to revalue the real estates and depreciable assets. With the change in the communiqué published in the Official Gazette on January 14, 2023, conditions have been clarified for the taxpayers, who are subject to different accounting and financial reporting standards rules than those determined by the General Communiqué on Accounting System Implementation, will also be able to benefit from the revaluation specified in paragraph (C) of the duplicate article 298 and temporary article 32. in Law Numbered 213.

Within the scope of the temporary article 32 of the Tax Procedure Law Numbered 213, depreciable assets were revalued and additional tax amount of 2% is levied over the revaluation difference. Assets that are included in the scope pursuant to duplicate article 298-ç are valued with the revaluation rate announced in the relevant year and no tax is levied over this revaluation increase.

17.2. Deferred tax:

The Bank calculates and accounts for deferred income taxes for temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in these financial statements in accordance with "TAS – 12 Income Taxes" and in accordance with BRSA's explanations and circulars and the tax legislation. The Bank calculates deferred tax on deductible temporary differences, to the extent that future taxable income is estimated to be available. In the deferred tax calculation, the enacted tax rate is used as of the balance sheet date by estimating when the temporary differences will be taxable / deductible in accordance with the current tax legislation.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all resulting temporary differences whereas deferred tax assets resulting from temporary differences are recognized to the extent that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilized.

The calculated deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability are presented as net in these financial statements.

Tax effects of the transactions that are directly accounted under equity are also reflected to equity.

17.3. Transfer pricing:

The article no.13 of the Corporate Tax Law No.5520 describes the issue of transfer pricing under the title of "disguised profit distribution" by way of transfer pricing (previously included as "Disguised profit" in the Corporate Tax Law No.5422). "The General Communiqué on Disguised Profit Distribution by Way of Transfer Pricing" published at November 18, 2007/26704, explains the application related issues on this topic effective from January 1, 2007, also taking into account the regulations in Article 41 of the Income Tax Law.

"Arm's length principle", which is the basis for the transfer pricing rule, is the pricing system to be followed for purchase or sale activities between related parties for any product or service transactions as if the transaction is realized with any other third party. According to this communiqué, if the taxpayers conduct transactions like purchase and sale of goods or services with the related parties where the prices are not determined according to the arm's length principle, then it will be concluded that there is a disguised profit distribution by way of transfer pricing. Such disguised profit distributions will not be deducted from the corporate tax base for tax purposes.

As discussed in the relevant section of this communiqué, the taxpayers are required to fill out the "Transfer Pricing, Controlled Foreign Entities and Thin Capitalization" form for the purchase and sale of goods or services conducted with their related parties in a taxation period, attach these forms to their corporate tax returns and submit to the tax offices.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

18. Explanations on borrowings:

The financial liabilities classified at fair value through profit/loss, trading and derivative financial liabilities are valued with their fair values and the other financial liabilities are carried at "amortized cost" including costs of transactions using the "effective interest method".

Bank, classified its part of the financial debts as fair value through profit / loss on financial liabilities. Difference between fair value of the debt and amortized cost of the debt together with the interest expense paid on financial instrument is presented as trading gain and losses in the accompanying financial statements.

The Bank utilises various hedging techniques to minimise the currency, interest rate and liquidity risks of its financial liabilities. No convertible bonds have been issued by the Bank.

Also, the Bank obtains funds by issuing bonds and bills.

19. Explanations on issuance of share certificates:

When shares are issued above their nominal value, the excess over the nominal value is accounted under shareholders' equity as "Share premium".

20. Explanations on avalized drafts and letter of acceptances:

Avalized drafts and acceptances are included in the "Off-balance sheet commitments".

21. Explanations on government grants:

None (December 31, 2022 - None).

22. Profit reserves and profit distribution:

Retained earnings as per the statutory financial statements other than legal reserves are available for distribution, subject to the legal reserve requirement referred to below. Legal reserves consist of first and second reserves as foreseen in the TCC. The TCC specifies that the first legal reserve is appropriated at the rate of 5% until the total reserve is equal to 20% of paid-in capital and that the second legal reserve is appropriated at the rate of 10% of distributions in excess of 5% of paid-in capital; however holding companies are not subject to this application. According to the Turkish Commercial Code, legal reserves can only be used to compensate for accumulated losses and cannot be used for other purposes unless they exceed 50% of paid-in capital.

No dividend payments were announced after the balance sheet date.

23. Earnings per share:

Earnings per share disclosed in the income statement are calculated by dividing net profit/(loss) for the year to the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period concerned.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Net income/(loss) to be appropriated to ordinary shareholders	12.640.225	7.258.448
Weighted average number of issued ordinary shares(thousand)	844.705.128	844.705.128
Earnings per share (full TL)	0,0150	0,0086

In Turkey, companies can increase their share capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares ("bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings. These bonus shares are treated as issued shares in earnings per share computations. For the purpose of earnings per share computations, the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year is adjusted in respect of bonus shares issued without a corresponding change in resources by giving them a retroactive effect. In case bonus shares are distributed after the balance sheet date but before the preparation of the financial statements, earnings per share is calculated considering the new number of shares.

No bonus shares were issued during 2023 (2022 – None).

(Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements originally issued in Turkish, see in note 1. of section three)

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

24. Related parties:

For the purpose of these financial statements, shareholders having control shares of the Bank, key management personnel and board members together with their families and companies controlled by/affiliated with them, associated companies and joint ventures and the Fund providing post employment benefits are considered and referred to as related parties in accordance with "TAS -24 Related Parties". The transactions with related parties are disclosed in detail in Note 5 of Section Five.

25. Explanations on operating segments:

Information about operating segments which are determined in line with "TFRS – 8 Operating Segments" together with organizational and internal reporting structure of the Bank, are disclosed in Note 10 of Section Four.

26. Explanations on other matters:

None.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Section Four - Information related to financial position of the Bank

1. Explanations on equity:

The calculation of the own funds and the capital adequacy standard ratio are performed in accordance with the communiqués such as "Regulation Regarding the Measurement and Evaluation of Banks' Capital Adequacy Ratio", "Regulation Credit Risk Mitigation Techniques", "Regulation on calculation of Risk-Weighted Amounts of Securitizations" and "Regulation Regarding Banks' Shareholders' Equity". The capital adequacy ratio of the Bank is 17,87% (December 31, 2022 - 21,34%).

1.1. Information on equity:

	Current Period	Prior Period
COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL		
Paid-up Capital	8.447.051	8.447.051
Share issue premiums	556.937	556.937
Retained earnings	87.556.959	42.723.270
Accumulated other comprehensive income and other disclosed reserves which defined in the Turkish Accounting Standards	30.744.207	29.994.706
Profit	12.640.225	52.744.689
Net profit of the period	12.640.225	52.744.689
Profit of the previous years	-	-
Shares acquired free of charge from subsidiaries, affiliates and jointly controlled partnerships and cannot be recognised within profit for the period	41.721	26.745
Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	139.987.100	134.493.398
Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments		
Prudential valuation adjustments	64.633	105.861
The sum of the net loss for the current period and the previous years which could not be absorbed by the retained earnings and losses recognised in equity in accordance with TAS	8.562.894	8.237.008
Improvement costs for operating leasing	192.339	202.143
Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	-	-
Other intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	1.072.872	1.059.469
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	-	-
Cash-flow hedge reserve	4.470.989	5.116.918
Shortfall of provisions to expected losses	-	-
Securitization gain on sale	-	-
Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	-
Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	-	-
Investments in own shares	-	-
Credits extended contrary to the fourth paragraph of Articles 56 of the Banking Law	-	-
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	-
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank owns more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	-
Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold)	-	-
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	-	-
Amount exceeding the 15% threshold (-) of the common equity Tier 1 in accordance with the second paragraph of the provisional article 2 in the regulation regarding the Banks' Shareholders' Equity	-	-
The amount above threshold for the investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank owns more than 10% of the issued share capital	-	-
The amount above threshold for mortgage servicing rights	-	-
The amount above threshold for deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	-	-
National specific regulatory adjustments which shall be determined by the BRSA	-	-
Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions	-	-
Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier 1	14.363.727	14.721.399
Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1)	125.623.373	119.771.999

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

ADDITIONAL TIER 1 CAPITAL		
	Current Period	Prior Period
Preferred shares that are not included in Common Equity Tier 1 capital and related shares issue premiums	-	-
Eligible capital instruments and relevant share issue premiums that are approved by the BRSA	12.449.580	12.153.895
Eligible capital instruments and relevant share issue premiums that are approved by the BRSA (For the purposes of the Provisional Article 4 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds)	_	_
Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	12.449.580	12.153.895
Additional Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments	12.449.200	-
Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	_	_
Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments		_
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold)	_	-
Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	_	_
National specific regulatory adjustments which shall be determined by the BRSA	_	-
Regulatory Adjustments which will be deducted from Tier 1 capital during the transition period		
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital		
for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	_	_
Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions	_	_
Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital	_	_
Total Additional Tier 1 capital	12.449.580	12.153.895
Total Tier 1 capital (Tier 1 capital = Common Equity Tier 1 capital + Additional Tier 1 capital)	138.072.953	131.925.894
TIER 2 CAPITAL		
Eligible capital instruments and relevant share issue premiums that are approved by the Agency	10.376.600	10.149.150
Eligible capital instruments and relevant share issue premiums that are approved by the Agency (For the purposes of the Provisional Article 4 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds)	_	-
Provisions (Article 8 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks)	5.141.629	4.706.545
Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	15.518.229	14.855.695
Tier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments		
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank on its own Tier 2 Capital (-)	-	-
Investments of the Bank to banks that invest on the Bank's Tier 2 and components of equity issued by financial institutions with the conditions declared in Article 8	-	-
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount		
above the 10% threshold) (-) Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	_	_
(net of eligible short positions) (-)	-	-
National specific regulatory adjustments which shall be determined by the BRSA	-	-
Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	-	-
Total Tier 2 capital	15.518.229	14.855.695
Total Capital (The sum of Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital)	153.520.975	146.718.108
The Sum of Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital (Total Capital)		
Credits extended contrary to the provisions of Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law Portion of the sum of the banks' real estate net book values, which is in excess of fifty per cent of their own funds and net book values of those of merchandise and real estate which have to be acquired due to their receivables and disposed of pursuant to Article 57 of the Banking Law, which cannot be disposed of despite the lapse of a period of five years since the date of such acquisition ⁽¹⁾	6.518	12.111
National specific regulatory adjustments which shall be determined by the BRSA	63.689	51.370
Regulatory Adjustments which will be deducted from Total Capital during the transition period		
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-) Significant investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold) which will not deducted from	-	-
Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions(amount above 10% threshold), mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold), deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability) which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	_	-

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OWN FUNDS	Current Period	Prior Period
Total Capital (The sum of Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital) (2)	153.453.672	146.225.920
Total Risk Weighted Assets (2)	858.961.712	685.344.296
CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS		
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	14,63	17,48
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	16,07	19,25
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	17,87	21,34
BUFFERS	-	-
Institution specific buffer requirement of the Bank(a+b+c)	2,519	2,518
a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2,500	2,500
b) Bank's specific countercyclical buffer requirement (%)	0,019	0,018
c) Systemically important Bank buffer (%)	-	-
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier 1 capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the Article 4		
of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital buffers to Risk Weighted Assets (%)	9,865	12,976
Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting)		
Non-significant investments in the capital of other financials	471.572	422.947
Significant investments in the common stock of financials	3.190.839	2.871.962
Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	-	-
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	9.698.106	9.320.787
Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 capital		
General provisions for standard based receivables (before ten thousand twenty five limitation)	2.866.911	2.646.079
Up to 1.25% of total risk-weighted amount of general provisions for receivables where the standard approach used	1.015.931	1.007.136
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance		
with the Communiqué on the Calculation	9.928.768	11.511.242
Excess amount of total provision amount to 0,6% of risk weighted receivables of credit risk Amount of the Internal		
Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	4.125.698	3.699.409

⁽¹⁾ According to the "Regulation Regarding to changes on Regulation on Banks' Shareholders' Equity" published in Official Gazette No.30121 on July 11, 2017, related article has been abolished.

⁽²⁾ In the calculation of credit risk amount, spot purchase rates announced as of December 30, 2022 by Central Bank are used in accordance with the in accordance with the legislation of BRSA numbered 10496 dated January 31, 2023.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Details on Subordinated Liabilities:

	1	2	3	4	5
Lender (1,2), Issuer (3,4,5)	UNICREDIT SPA	Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.	Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.	Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.	Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.
The state of the control of the state of the				,	•
Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	-	XS2286436451 / US984848AN12	XS1867595750 / US984848AL55	TRSYKBK62914	TRSYKBK92911
Governing law(s) of the instrument	BRSA / Austria Law	English Law /Turkish Law	English Law /Turkish Law	BRSA /CMB / Turkish Law	BRSA /CMB / Turkish Law
			•	Regulatory treatment	
Transitional Basel III rules	No	No	No	No	No
Eligible at stand-alone / consolidated	Stand-alone -Consolidated	Stand-alone -Consolidated	Stand-alone -Consolidated	Stand-alone -Consolidated	Stand-alone -Consolidated
Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Loan	Bond	Bond	Bond	Bond
Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting date)	-	9.576	12.450	500	300
Par value of instrument	5.171	9.576	12.450	500	300
	Liability –	Liability –	Liability –	Liability –	Liability –
Accounting classification	Subordinated Loans-	Subordinated Loans-	Subordinated Loans-	Subordinated Loans-	Subordinated Loans-
	amortised cost	amortised cost	amortised cost	amortised cost	amortised cost
Original date of issuance	December 18, 2013	January 22, 2021	January 15, 2019	July 3, 2019	October 3, 2019
Perpetual or dated	Dated	Dated	Perpetual	Dated	Dated
Original maturity date	10 years	10 years	-	10 years	10 years
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	After 5th year	5 years	Every 5 years	After 5th year	After 5th year
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	After 5th year	-	-	After 5th year	After 5th year
				Coupons / dividends	
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Floating	Floating
		First 5 years 7,875% fixed, second	First 5 years 13,875% fixed, second 5	TLREF index change +1,93 %	TLREF index change + 1,30%
Coupon rate and any related index	First 5 years 6,55% fixed, second 5 years 7,7156% fixed	5 years U.S. five year treasury bond rate +741.50 basis points	years midswap+11,245% fixed		
	No interest accrue after the date of	No interest accrue after the date of	No interest accrue after the date of	No interest accrue after the date of	No interest accrue after the date of
Existence of a dividend stopper	value decrease for the decreased	value decrease for the decreased	value decrease for the decreased	value decrease for the decreased	value decrease for the decreased
	amount	amount	amount	amount	amount
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	-	Mandatory	Optional	Mandatory	Mandatory
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	-	-	-	-	-
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
			Convertible or non-convertible		
If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	-	-	-	-	-
If convertible, fully or partially	-	-	-	-	-
If convertible, conversion rate	-	-	-	-	-
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion		-	-	-	-
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	-	-	-	-	-
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	-	-	-	-	-
			Write-down feature		
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	-	In case of default	In case of default/ Common Equity Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio of the bank falls below 5,125%	In case there is a possibility that the official authorization of the Bank is cancelled or the Bank shares are transferred to SDIF	In case there is a possibility that the official authorization of the Bank is cancelled or the Bank shares are transferred to SDIF
If write-down, full or partial	-	Partial and complete	Partial and complete	Partial and complete	Partial and complete
If write-down, permanent or temporary	-	Permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Permanent
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	-	-	In case of cancellation of default/ Common Equity Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio of the bank is higher than 5,125%	-	-
Desirion in subsection bissection in Hamilatine (excellent instances to the Part I	After the senior creditors,	After the senior creditors,	After the senior creditors,	After the senior creditors, before the TIER	After the senior creditors, before the TIER 1
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	before the TIER 1 subdebt, same with TIER 2	before the TIER 1 subdebt, same with TIER 2	and the TIER 1	1 subdebt, same with TIER 2	subdebt, same with TIER 2
In compliance with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	No	No	No	No	No
Details of incompliances with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	-	-	-		-

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.3. There are differences between the figures in the own funds and their corresponding amounts in the balance sheet. Within this context; in the calculation of own funds, the losses and gains that are related to cash flow hedge transactions are not considered in the own funds and the prudential valuation adjustments calculated in accordance with the (i) item of the first paragraph in the ninth article of the "Regulation Regarding Banks' Shareholders' Equity" are considered in the own funds. In addition, the subordinated liabilities are considered after the adjustments made in accordance with the ninth paragraph of the eighth article and in the provisional fourth article of the "Regulation Regarding Banks' Shareholders' Equity".

2. Explanations on Risk Management:

Notes and explanations in this section have been prepared in accordance with the Communiqué on Disclosures about Risk Management to be Announced to Public by Banks that have been published in Official Gazette no. 29511 on October 23, 2015 and became effective as of March 31, 2016.

2.1. General Information on Risk Management and Risk Weighted Amount

As of June 30, 2021, the Bank has started to calculate its credit risk, which is subject to the regulatory capital adequacy ratio reporting, with the Internal Rating-Based (IRB) approach. Foundation IRB approach is used for the corporate exposure class and advanced IRB approach is used for the retail exposure class as determined by "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks".

2.1.1. Overview of risk-weighted amounts

		Risk Weighte	d Assets	Minimum Capital Requirements
		Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR)	739.811.446	610.626.631	59.184.916
2	Of which standardised approach (SA)	63.131.947	52.707.788	5.050.556
3	Of which internal rating-based (IRB) approach	676.679.499	557.918.843	54.134.360
4	Counterparty credit risk	11.918.910	13.234.018	953.513
5	Of which standardised approach for counterparty credit risk			
3	(SA-CCR)	11.918.910	13.234.018	953.513
6	Of which internal model method (IMM)	-	-	-
7	Equity positions in banking book under market-based			
′	approach	-	-	-
8	Equity investments in funds – look-through approach	10.986	14.748	879
9	Equity investments in funds – mandate-based approach	-	-	-
10	Equity investments in funds – fall-back approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitisation exposures in banking book	-	-	-
13	Of which IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	Of which IRB Supervisory Formula Approach (SFA)	-	-	-
15	Of which SA/simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)	-	-	-
16	Market risk	6.291.318	13.715.305	503.305
17	Of which standardised approach (SA)	6.291.318	13.715.305	503.305
18	Of which internal model approaches (IMM)	_	-	_
19	Operational risk	93,204.174	42.578.789	7.456.334
20	Of which Basic Indicator Approach	93.204.174	42.578.789	7.456.334
21	Of which Standardised Approach	_	_	_
22	Of which Advanced Measurement Approach	-	-	-
23	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to			
23	250% risk weight)	7.724.878	5.174.805	617.990
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	
25	TOTAL (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	858.961.712	685.344.296	68.716.937

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2.1.2. RWA Movement Table Under IRB Approach⁽¹⁾:

		Current Period	Prior Period
1	Previous Period Closing Amount	557.918.843	307.443.458
2	Changes in Volume	48.843.929	150.413.143
3	Changes in Asset Quality	13.867.355	13.044.144
4	Model Updates	3.200.000	(198.188)
5	Policy and Regulatory Changes	52.849.372	87.216.286
6	Purchasing and Selling	-	-
7	FX Difference	-	-
8	Other	-	-
9	Current Period Closing Amount	676.679.499	557.918.843

⁽¹⁾ Counterparty credit risk is not included in the table.

3. Explanations on currency risk

The difference between the Bank's foreign currency denominated and foreign currency indexed on- and off-balance sheet assets and liabilities is defined as the "Net Foreign Currency Position" and it is the basis of currency risk. Cross currency risk is also taken into consideration for the currency risk calculations and measurements.

The Bank keeps the amount of currency risk exposure within the related legal limits and follows the exchange position on a daily/regular basis. In addition, although the internal exchange position limit is lower when compared to the related legal limit, there has not been any limit exceeding during the period. As an instrument of currency risk management, derivatives such as swap and forwards are used to reduce risk whenever needed. In order to guard against extreme volatility during the year stress tests are applied. Value at risk method is used for the measurement of foreign exchange risk.

The details of hedging of the foreign currency debt instruments and net foreign currency investment risk with derivative instruments are disclosed in section four Note 8.

The Bank's publicly announced foreign exchange bid rates as of the date of the financial statements and for the last five work days prior to that date are as follows:

(Exchange rates presented as full TL)	USD	EUR
Balance sheet evaluation rate:	19,1532	20,8450
First day current bid rate	19,1460	20,8021
Second day current bid rate	19,1070	20,7201
Third day current bid rate	19,0839	20,6467
Fourth day current bid rate	19,0680	20,5252
Fifth day current bid rate	19,0371	20,5055
Arithmetic average of the last 31 days:	18,9744	20,2920
Balance sheet evaluation rate as of prior period:	18,6983	19,9349

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Information related to financial position of the Bank

Current Period	EUR	USD	OTHER FC ⁽⁴⁾	Total
Assets	EUK	СЗБ	FC	1 Otal
Cash (Cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with				
the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	30.485.251	50.252.268	20.141.742	100.879.261
Banks	2.109.034	18.018.282	1.569.682	21.696.998
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	53.082	1.597.434	1.309.062	1.650.516
Money market placements	33.062	1.397.434	-	1.030.310
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	1.968.045	17.442.053	32.083	19.442.181
Loans (1)	72.447.575	80.750.494	7.558.219	160.756.288
Investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	10.018.747	1.114.714	3.190.839	14.324.300
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	5.282.484	63.962.445	3.190.839	69.244.929
			-	
Hedging derivative financial assets	421.639	2.520.163	-	2.941.802
Tangible assets	-	-	-	-
Intangible assets Other assets ⁽²⁾	- 0.00 122	-	-	20 210 121
	6.968.132	22.654.765	696.234	30.319.131
Total assets	129.753.989	258.312.618	33.188.799	421.255.406
Liabilities				
Bank deposits	1.931.460	2.216.639	317.333	4.465.432
Foreign currency deposits	86.969.139	129.205.992	48.583.229	264.758.360
Funds from money market	3.134.029	7.649.562	-	10.783.591
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	25.993.894	41.416.732	-	67.410.626
Marketable securities issued	752.856	20.103.503	6.673.350	27.529.709
Miscellaneous payables	3.876.076	1.617.621	92.653	5.586.350
Hedging derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities ⁽³⁾	6.277.114	70.080.539	16.410	76.374.063
Total liabilities	128.934.568	272.290.588	55.682.975	456.908.131
Net on-balance sheet position	819.421	(13.977.970)	(22.494.176)	(35.652.725)
Net off-balance sheet position ⁽⁵⁾	(1.149.094)	14.775.331	25.650.047	39.276.284
Financial derivative assets	20.833.516	60.796.387	28.763.554	110.393.457
Financial derivative liabilities	21.982.610	46.021.056	3.113.507	71.117.173
Net Position	(329.673)	797.361	3.155.871	3.623.559
Non-cash loans	69.801.325	70.242.848	8.215.829	148.260.002
Prior Period				
Total assets	134.837.408	259.394.816	30.323.387	424.555.611
Total liabilities	135.175.623	306.341.918	44.047.378	485.564.919
Net on-balance sheet position	(338.215)	(46.947.102)	(13.723.991)	(61.009.308)
Net off-balance sheet position	979.612	37.290.465	16.652.092	54.922.169
Financial derivative assets	21.532.349	115.122.440	18.587.009	155.241.798
Financial derivative liabilities	20.552.737	77.831.975	1.934.917	100.319.629
Net Position	641.397	(9.656.637)	2.928.101	(6.087.139)
Non-cash loans	68.264.361	65.819.518	9.487.407	143.571.286

¹ Includes FX indexed loans amounting to TL 136.613 (December 31, 2022 - TL 166.285) which have been disclosed as TL in the financial statements.

(2) Does not include foreign currency prepaid expenses amounting to TL 1.153.593 (December 31, 2022 - TL 1.036.303).

(3) Does not include foreign currency other comprehensive income and expense under equity.

(4) Other FC column includes also gold balance.

⁽⁵⁾ Forward transactions classified as commitments are also included.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

4. Explanations on interest rate risk

The monitoring of interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities, including sensitivity analysis regarding the effect of interest rate fluctuations on the financial statements, is performed by the risk management department for all interest sensitive instruments over carrying values. The results are presented monthly to the Asset and Liability Management function of the Executive Committee. By using sensitivity and scenario analyses, the possible effects by interest rate volatility are analyzed. In these analyses possible losses are calculated for the change in fair value of interest sensitive products by applying shock tests to interest rates.

Sensitivity analyses are also calculated daily within Market Risk reporting on the basis of maturity and foreign exchange types and reported to Senior Management by checking them against the determined limits.

The Bank utilizes TL/FC and TL/TL interest rate and money swap transactions in order to limit the interest and foreign currency risk arising from short-term deposit and long-term consumer loans within the balance sheet.

4.1. Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items based on repricing dates:

Current Period	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	5 Years and Over	Non-interest bearing	Tota
Assets	<u> </u>		<u> </u>				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit,							
cheques purchased) and balances with the Central							
Bank of the Republic of Turkey	5.746.758	-	-		-	130.382.648	136.129.40
Banks	=	=	=	=	-	21.697.889	21.697.88
Financial assets measured at fair value through							
profit or loss	10.623	791.261	16.195	171.867	224.131	447.432	1.661.50
Receivables from money markets	5.208.728	-	-	-	-	-	5.208.72
Financial assets measured at fair value through other							
comprehensive income	6.963.344	12.460.220	32.045.099	12.168.762	16.920.618	121.636	80.679.67
Loans ⁽¹⁾	136.862.477	127.734.923	213.256.853	118.015.019	29.731.280	(15.884.064)	609.716.48
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	2.329.044	13.658.690	71.523.307	32.563.136	62.411.298	· ·	182.485.47
Other assets	1.770.240	2.201.866	1.336.762	7.754.070	3.520.814	113.307.637	129.891.38
Total assets	158.891.214	156.846.960	318.178.216	170.672.854	112.808.141	250.073.178	1.167.470.56
	150.071.214	120.040.700	310:170:210	170.072.054	112.000.141	250.075.170	1.107.470.50
Liabilities							
Bank deposits	3.352.706	4.138.601	4.534.318	59.191	-	1.219.317	13.304.13
Other deposits	252.082.279	151.146.678	31.112.183	1.113.924	-	305.881.635	741.336.69
Funds from money market	13.080.181	2.016.336	4.149.929	-	-	-	19.246.4
Miscellaneous payables	-	-	-	-	-	46.067.599	46.067.59
Marketable securities issued	1.020.110	5.638.182	7.841.729	19.718.028	-	-	34.218.04
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	9.750.421	41.703.242	15.718.676	1.168.883	153.272	_	68.494.49
Other liabilities ⁽²⁾	3.149.855	39.744.068	21.259.566	12.596.843	3.889.927	164.162.884	244.803.14
	282.435.552	244.387.107			4.043.199	517.331.435	
Total liabilities	262.435.552	244.387.107	84.616.401	34.656.869	4.043.199	517.331.435	1.167.470.5
Balance sheet long position	-	-	233.561.815	136.015.985	108.764.942	-	478.342.74
Balance sheet short position	(123.544.338)	(87.540.147)	-	-	-	(267.258.257)	(478.342.74
Off-balance sheet long position	18.435.954	28.018.895	-	-	-	-	46.454.84
			(4.640.377)	(29.941.864)	(10.229.719)	_	(44.811.96
Off-balance sheet short position							
Off-balance sheet short position Total position	(105 108 384)	(59 521 252)				(267 258 257)	
Total position Total position	(105.108.384)	(59.521,252)	228.921.438	106.074.121	98.535.223	(267.258.257)	1.642.88
Total position	Up to 1		228.921.438	106.074.121	98.535.223 5 Years and	Non-interest	1.642.88
Total position Prior Period		(59.521.252) 1-3 Months			98.535.223		1.642.88
Total position Prior Period Assets	Up to 1		228.921.438	106.074.121	98.535.223 5 Years and	Non-interest	1.642.8
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit,	Up to 1		228.921.438	106.074.121	98.535.223 5 Years and	Non-interest	1.642.8
Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central	Up to 1 Month		228.921.438	106.074.121	98.535.223 5 Years and	Non-interest bearing	1.642.8 To
Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	228.921.438	106.074.121	98.535.223 5 Years and	Non-interest bearing	1.642.89 Tot
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks	Up to 1 Month		228.921.438	106.074.121	98.535.223 5 Years and	Non-interest bearing	1.642.8 Tot 143.896.1
Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	228.921.438 3-12 Months	106.074.121 1-5 Years	98.535.223 5 Years and Over	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586	1.642.89 Tot
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	228.921.438	106.074.121	98.535.223 5 Years and	Non-interest bearing	1.642.8 Tot 143.896.1 26.405.9
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	228.921.438 3-12 Months	106.074.121 1-5 Years	98.535.223 5 Years and Over	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586	1.642.8 Tot 143.896.1 26.405.9 1.565.4
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets	Up to 1 Month 2.990.650 4.302.402	1-3 Months	228.921.438 3-12 Months	106.074.121 1-5 Years	98.535.223 5 Years and Over	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586	1.642.8 Tot 143.896.1 26.405.9 1.565.4
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other	Up to 1 Month 2.990.650 4.302.402	1-3 Months	228.921.438 3-12 Months	106.074.121 1-5 Years	98.535.223 5 Years and Over	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586	1.642.8 Tot 143.896.1 26.405.9 1.565.4 2.461.5
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	2.990.650 4.302.402	1-3 Months - 1.515.978 785.794	228.921.438 3-12 Months	1-5 Years	98.535.223 5 Years and Over	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990	1.642.8 Tol 143.896.1 26.405.9 1.565.4 2.461.5 77.343.7
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans(1)	2.990.650 4.302.402 2.461.599 10.342.408 121.266.566	1.515.978 785.794 - 18.374.292 115.950.167	228.921.438 3-12 Months 20.156	1-5 Years 1-5 Years 127.463 13.061.194 119.187.906	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990	1.642.8 Tol 143.896.1 26.405.9 1.565.4 2.461.5 77.343.7 570.447.1
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost	2.990.650 4.302.402 - 2.461.599 10.342.408 121.266.566 47.403.578	1.515.978 785.794 - 18.374.292 115.950.167 21.317.824	228.921.438 3-12 Months	1-5 Years 1-5 Years 127.463 13.061.194 119.187.906 25.816.383	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845 56.169.325	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990 - 106.375 (14.934.044)	1.642.8 Tot 143.896.1: 26.405.9 1.565.4: 2.461.5: 77.343.7: 570.447.1' 163.300.5:
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans ⁽¹⁾ Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets	2.990.650 4.302.402 2.461.599 10.342.408 121.266.566 47.403.578 1.523.180	1.515.978 785.794 	228.921.438 3-12 Months 20.156 19.981.834 203.086.731 12.593.488 2.052.369	1-5 Years 1-5 Years 127.463 13.061.194 119.187.906 25.816.383 8.371.026	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845 56.169.325 3.884.915	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990 - 106.375 (14.934.044) - 104.115.728	1.642.8t Tot 143.896.1; 26.405.9t 1.565.4; 2.461.5; 77.343.7; 570.447.1; 163.300.5; 122.672.9
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets	2.990.650 4.302.402 - 2.461.599 10.342.408 121.266.566 47.403.578	1.515.978 785.794 - 18.374.292 115.950.167 21.317.824	228.921.438 3-12 Months	1-5 Years 1-5 Years 127.463 13.061.194 119.187.906 25.816.383	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845 56.169.325	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990 - 106.375 (14.934.044)	
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities	2,990.650 4,302.402 2,461.599 10,342.408 121.266.566 47,403.578 1,523.180 190.290.383	1.515.978 785.794 	228.921.438 3-12 Months 20.156 19.981.834 203.086.731 12.593.488 2.052.369 237.734.578	127.463 13.061.194 119.187.906 25.816.383 8.371.026 166.563.972	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845 56.169.325 3.884.915	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990 - 106.375 (14.934.044) - 104.115.728 251.201.115	1.642.8i Tot 143.896.1i 26.405.9i 1.565.4; 2.461.5i 77.343.7; 570.447.1' 163.300.5i 122.672.9 1.108.093.5i
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities Bank deposits	2.990.650 4.302.402 2.461.599 10.342.408 121.266.566 47.403.578 1.523.180 190.290.383	1.515.978 785.794 - 18.374.292 115.950.167 21.317.824 2.725.701 160.669.756 2.582.968	228.921.438 3-12 Months 20.156 20.156 19.981.834 203.086.731 12.593.488 2.052.369 237.734.578 3.914.800	1-5 Years 1-5 Years 127.463 13.061.194 119.187.906 25.816.383 8.371.026 166.563.972	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845 56.169.325 3.884.915	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990 - 106.375 (14.934.044) - 104.115.728 251.201.115 1.236.609	1.642.89 Tot 143.896.1; 26.405.9; 1.565.4; 2.461.5; 77.343.7; 570.447.1; 163.300.5; 122.672.9 1.108.093.5;
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities	2.990.650 4.302.402 2.461.599 10.342.408 121.266.566 47.403.578 1.523.180 190.290.383	1.515.978 785.794 	228.921.438 3-12 Months 20.156 19.981.834 203.086.731 12.593.488 2.052.369 237.734.578	127.463 13.061.194 119.187.906 25.816.383 8.371.026 166.563.972	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845 56.169.325 3.884.915	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990 - 106.375 (14.934.044) - 104.115.728 251.201.115	1.642.8 Tot 143.896.1: 26.405.9 1.565.4: 2.461.5: 77.343.7: 570.447.1' 163.300.5: 122.672.9 1.108.093.5:
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities Bank deposits	2.990.650 4.302.402 2.461.599 10.342.408 121.266.566 47.403.578 1.523.180 190.290.383	1.515.978 785.794 - 18.374.292 115.950.167 21.317.824 2.725.701 160.669.756 2.582.968	228.921.438 3-12 Months 20.156 20.156 19.981.834 203.086.731 12.593.488 2.052.369 237.734.578 3.914.800	1-5 Years 1-5 Years 127.463 13.061.194 119.187.906 25.816.383 8.371.026 166.563.972	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845 56.169.325 3.884.915	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990 - 106.375 (14.934.044) - 104.115.728 251.201.115 1.236.609	1.642.8 Tot 143.896.1: 26.405.9 1.565.4: 2.461.5: 77.343.7: 570.447.1' 163.300.5: 122.672.9 1.108.093.5:
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities Bank deposits Other deposits Funds from money market	2.990.650 4.302.402 2.461.599 10.342.408 121.266.566 47.403.578 1.523.180 190.290.383	1.515.978 785.794 	228.921.438 3-12 Months 20.156 20.156 19.981.834 203.086.731 12.593.488 2.052.369 237.734.578 3.914.800	1-5 Years 1-5 Years 127.463 13.061.194 119.187.906 25.816.383 8.371.026 166.563.972	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845 56.169.325 3.884.915	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990 - 106.375 (14.934.044) - 104.115.728 251.201.115 1.236.609	1.642.8 Tot 143.896.1 26.405.9 1.565.4 2.461.5 77.343.7 570.447.1 163.300.5 122.672.9 1.108.093.5 10.398.7 662.366.5 35.514.4
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities Bank deposits Other deposits Other deposits Funds from money market Miscellaneous payables	2.990.650 4.302.402 2.461.599 10.342.408 121.266.566 47.403.578 1.523.180 190.290.383	1.515.978 785.794 	228.921.438 3-12 Months 20.156 20.156 19.981.834 203.086.731 12.593.488 2.052.369 237.734.578 3.914.800	1-5 Years 1-5 Years 127.463 13.061.194 119.187.906 25.816.383 8.371.026 166.563.972	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845 56.169.325 3.884.915	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990 106.375 (14.934.044) 104.115.728 251.201.115 1.236.609 273.321.940	1.642.8 Tol 143.896.1 26.405.9 1.565.4 2.461.5 77.343.7 570.447.1 163.300.5 122.672.9 1.108.093.5 10.398.7 662.366.5 35.514.4 42.477.0
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities Bank deposits Other deposits Other deposits Funds from money market Miscellaneous payables Marketable securities issued	2.990.650 4.302.402 - 2.461.599 10.342.408 121.266.566 47.403.578 1.523.180 190.290.383 2.616.798 253.255.745 30.029.851	1.515.978 785.794 	228.921.438 3-12 Months 20.156 20.156 19.981.834 203.086.731 12.593.488 2.052.369 237.734.578 3.914.800 20.076.279 24.675.391	13.061.194 119.187.906 25.816.383 8.371.026 166.563.972	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845 56.169.325 3.884.915 101.633.789	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990 106.375 (14.934.044) 104.115.728 251.201.115 1.236.609 273.321.940	1.642.8 Toi 143.896.1 26.405.9 1.565.4 2.461.5 77.343.7 570.447.1 163.300.5 122.672.9 1.108.093.5 10.398.7 662.366.5 35.514.4 42.477.0 40.540.3
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities Bank deposits Other deposits Funds from money market Miscellaneous payables Marketable securities issued Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	2.990.650 4.302.402 2.461.599 10.342.408 121.266.566 47.403.578 1.523.180 190.290.383 2.616.798 253.255.745 30.029.851 1.854.351 17.101.017	1.515.978 785.794 18.374.292 115.950.167 21.317.824 2.725.701 160.669.756 2.582.968 115.690.393 5.484.635 14.010.582 26.823.141	228.921.438 3-12 Months 20.156 19.981.834 203.086.731 12.593.488 2.052.369 237.734.578 3.914.800 20.076.279 24.675.391 24.397.752	13.061.194 119.187.906 25.816.383 8.371.026 166.563.972 47.571 22.215	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845 56.169.325 3.884.915 101.633.789	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990 - 106.375 (14.934.044) - 104.115.728 251.201.115 1.236.609 273.321.940 - 42.477.010	1.642.8 Tot 143.896.1 26.405.9 1.565.4 2.461.5 77.343.7 570.447.1 163.300.5 122.672.9 1.108.093.5 10.398.7 662.366.5 35.514.4 42.477.0 40.540.3 70.048.4
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities Bank deposits Other deposits Funds from money market Miscellaneous payables Marketable securities issued Funds borrowed from other financial institutions Other liabilities(2)	2,990.650 4.302.402 2.461.599 10.342.408 121.266.566 47.403.578 1.523.180 190.290.383 2.616.798 253.255.745 30.029.851 - 1.854.351 17.101.017 13.383.237	1.515.978 785.794 18.374.292 115.950.167 21.317.824 2.725.701 160.669.756 2.582.968 115.690.393 5.484.635 14.010.582 26.823.141 39.873.508	228.921.438 3-12 Months 20.156 19.981.834 203.086.731 12.593.488 2.052.369 237.734.578 3.914.800 20.076.279 24.675.391 24.397.752 10.105.754	127.463 13.061.194 19.187.906 25.816.383 8.371.026 166.563.972 47.571 22.215	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845 56.169.325 3.884.915 101.633.789	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990	1.642.8 Tot 143.896.1 26.405.9 1.565.4 2.461.5 77.343.7 570.447.1 163.300.5 122.672.9 1.108.093.5 10.398.7 662.366.5 35.514.4 42.477.0 40.540.3 70.048.4 246.748.0
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities Bank deposits Other deposits Financial escurities issued Marketable securities issued Funds borrowed from other financial institutions Other liabilities(2) Total liabilities Total liabilities	2.990.650 4.302.402 2.461.599 10.342.408 121.266.566 47.403.578 1.523.180 190.290.383 2.616.798 253.255.745 30.029.851 1.854.351 17.101.017	1.515.978 785.794 18.374.292 115.950.167 21.317.824 2.725.701 160.669.756 2.582.968 115.690.393 5.484.635 14.010.582 26.823.141	228.921.438 3-12 Months 20.156 19.981.834 203.086.731 12.593.488 2.052.369 237.734.578 3.914.800 20.076.279 24.675.391 24.397.752 10.105.754 83.169.976	127.463 127.463 13.061.194 119.187.906 25.816.383 8.371.026 166.563.972 47.571 22.215	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845 56.169.325 3.884.915 101.633.789	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990 - 106.375 (14.934.044) - 104.115.728 251.201.115 1.236.609 273.321.940 - 42.477.010	1.642.8 Tol 143.896.1 26.405.9 1.565.4 2.461.5 77.343.7 570.447.1 163.300.5 122.672.9 1.108.093.5 10.398.7 662.366.5 35.514.4 42.477.0 40.540.3 70.048.4 246.748.0 1.108.093.5
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities Bank deposits Other deposits Other deposits Funds from money market Miscellaneous payables Marketable securities issued Funds borrowed from other financial institutions Other liabilities Balance sheet long position	2.990.650 4.302.402 2.461.599 10.342.408 121.266.566 47.403.578 1.523.180 190.290.383 2.616.798 253.255.745 30.029.851 1.854.351 17.101.017 13.383.237	1.515.978 785.794 18.374.292 115.950.167 21.317.824 2.725.701 160.669.756 2.582.968 115.690.393 5.484.635 14.010.582 26.823.141 39.873.508 204.465.227	228.921.438 3-12 Months 20.156 19.981.834 203.086.731 12.593.488 2.052.369 237.734.578 3.914.800 20.076.279 24.675.391 24.397.752 10.105.754	127.463 13.061.194 19.187.906 25.816.383 8.371.026 166.563.972 47.571 22.215	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845 56.169.325 3.884.915 101.633.789	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990	1.642.8 Tot 143.896.1 26.405.9 1.565.4 2.461.5 77.343.7 570.447.1 163.300.5 122.672.9 1.108.093.5 10.398.7 662.366.5 35.514.4 42.477.0 40.540.3 70.048.4 246.748.0 1.108.093.5 392.071.2
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities Bank deposits Other deposits Funds from money market Miscellaneous payables Marketable securities issued Funds borrowed from other financial institutions Other liabilities(2) Total liabilities Balance sheet long position Balance sheet short position	Up to 1 Month 2.990.650 4.302.402 2.461.599 10.342.408 121.266.566 47.403.578 1.523.180 190.290.383 2.616.798 253.255.745 30.029.851 1.854.351 17.101.017 13.383.237 318.240.999 (127.950.616)	1.515.978 785.794 18.374.292 115.950.167 21.317.824 2.725.701 160.669.756 2.582.968 115.690.393 5.484.635 -14.010.582 26.823.141 39.873.508 204.465.227 (43.795.471)	228.921.438 3-12 Months 20.156 19.981.834 203.086.731 12.593.488 2.052.369 237.734.578 3.914.800 20.076.279 24.675.391 24.397.752 10.105.754 83.169.976	127.463 127.463 13.061.194 119.187.906 25.816.383 8.371.026 166.563.972 47.571 22.215	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845 56.169.325 3.884.915 101.633.789	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990	1.642.8 Toi 143.896.1 26.405.9 1.565.4 2.461.5 77.343.7 570.447.1 163.300.5 122.672.9 1.108.093.5 10.398.7 662.366.5 35.514.4 42.477.0 40.540.3 70.048.4 246.748.0 1.108.093.5 392.071.2 (392.071.2
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities Bank deposits Other deposits Funds from money market Miscellaneous payables Marketable securities issued Funds borrowed from other financial institutions Other liabilities(2) Total liabilities Balance sheet long position Balance sheet short position	2.990.650 4.302.402 2.461.599 10.342.408 121.266.566 47.403.578 1.523.180 190.290.383 2.616.798 253.255.745 30.029.851 1.854.351 17.101.017 13.383.237	1.515.978 785.794 18.374.292 115.950.167 21.317.824 2.725.701 160.669.756 2.582.968 115.690.393 5.484.635 14.010.582 26.823.141 39.873.508 204.465.227	228.921.438 3-12 Months 20.156 19.981.834 203.086.731 12.593.488 2.052.369 237.734.578 3.914.800 20.076.279 24.675.391 24.397.752 10.105.754 83.169.976 154.564.602	127.463 127.463 13.061.194 119.187.906 25.816.383 8.371.026 166.563.972 47.571 22.215	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845 56.169.325 3.884.915 101.633.789	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990	1.642.8 Toi 143.896.1 26.405.9 1.565.4 2.461.5 77.343.7 570.447.1 163.300.5 122.672.9 1.108.093.5 10.398.7 662.366.5 35.514.4 42.477.0 40.540.3 70.048.4 246.748.0 1.108.093.5 392.071.2 (392.071.2
Total position Prior Period Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Receivables from money markets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities Bank deposits Other deposits	Up to 1 Month 2.990.650 4.302.402 2.461.599 10.342.408 121.266.566 47.403.578 1.523.180 190.290.383 2.616.798 253.255.745 30.029.851 1.854.351 17.101.017 13.383.237 318.240.999 (127.950.616)	1.515.978 785.794 18.374.292 115.950.167 21.317.824 2.725.701 160.669.756 2.582.968 115.690.393 5.484.635 -14.010.582 26.823.141 39.873.508 204.465.227 (43.795.471)	228.921.438 3-12 Months 20.156 19.981.834 203.086.731 12.593.488 2.052.369 237.734.578 3.914.800 20.076.279 24.675.391 24.397.752 10.105.754 83.169.976	127.463 127.463 13.061.194 119.187.906 25.816.383 8.371.026 166.563.972 47.571 22.215	98.535.223 5 Years and Over 212.054 15.477.650 25.889.845 56.169.325 3.884.915 101.633.789	Non-interest bearing 140.905.480 20.587.586 419.990	1.642.8 Tot 143.896.1 26.405.9 1.565.4 2.461.5 77.343.7 570.447.1 163.300.5 122.672.9 1.108.093.5 10.398.7 662.366.5 35.514.4 42.477.0 40.540.3 70.048.4 246.748.0 1.108.093.5

⁽¹⁾ Non-performing loans are shown in net Non-Interest Bearing loss column after being offset by expected loss provisions

⁽²⁾ Shareholders' equity is presented under "Non interest bearing".

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

4.2. Average interest rates for monetary financial instruments:

The following average interest rates are calculated by weighting the rates with their principal amounts outstanding as of the balance sheet date.

Current Period	EUR	USD	Yen	TL
	%	%	%	%
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques				
purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	2,50	-	-
Banks	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	5,38	5,54	-	-
Receivables from money markets	-	-	-	20,93
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	3,32	7,74	-	36,81
Loans	7,19	8,70	-	22,70
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	4,32	6,47	-	38,78
Liabilities				
Bank deposits ⁽¹⁾	1,91	3,61	-	6,87
Other deposits ⁽¹⁾	0,04	0,32	-	14,39
Funds from money market	5,26	4,61	-	8,16
Miscellaneous payables	-	-	-	-
Marketable securities issued	5,47	7,08	-	20,90
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	4,81	6,43	-	8,82

Prior Period	EUR	USD	Yen	TL
	%	%	%	%
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques				
purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	2,50	-	-	-
Banks	-	-	-	10,05
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	4,80	5,38	-	-
Receivables from money markets	-	-	-	11,86
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	3,32	7,59	-	48,75
Loans	6,62	8,46	-	22,83
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	4,32	6,42	-	53,69
Liabilities				
Bank deposits ⁽¹⁾	-	3,05	-	8,63
Other deposits ⁽¹⁾	0,10	0,84	-	8,16
Funds from money market	3,37	4,43	-	8,07
Miscellaneous payables	-	-	-	-
Marketable securities issued	5,53	6,78	-	20,85
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	4,22	5,90	-	11,05

Demand deposit balances are included in average interest rate calculation.

5. Explanation on share certificates position risk from banking book:

None.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

6. Explanations on Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio:

Liquidity risk is defined as risk of unexpected loss to be occurred or bank to have difficulties in raising funds while meeting maturing liabilities. Liquidity management is daily monitored in the Bank under Treasury Management and Risk Management. The liquidity policy of the Bank is approved by the Bank's Board of Directors. Treasury Management is responsible for carrying out transactions which are appropriate to Bank's policy, monitoring of liquidity position and submitting necessary reports to executives. Treasury management contributes to determine strategies and operating actions for the management of the liquidity position in addition to prepare funding plan and contingency funding plan of the Bank. Liquidity risk is evaluated with liquidity gap analysis, liquidity stress tests and supplementary precautions/measurements. Liquidity Gap analysis are performed for two different periods as short-term and long-term. Going concern scenario and structural positions are reported monthly. This reporting constitutes the basis of monitoring and management of liquidity position.

The Bank does not function as a central funding institution in its relations with its subsidiaries. Intra-group liquidity management and funding strategies are limited with related legal boundaries.

The Bank issues an annual funding plan in order to sustain funding in a consistent and balanced way. Funding plan have to be updated at least annually and approved by the Executive Committee since it is complied with budgeting process and risk appetite frameworks. The primary purpose of the funding plan is to provide a reliable balance between assets and liabilities.

Both short-term liquidity and medium/long-term (structural) liquidity measurement and reporting for all types of currencies are periodically made in the Bank and its subsidiaries. There are limits which are predetermined and approved by the Board of Directors on the basis of all currencies for each period.

The Bank mainly uses derivative transactions as managing liquidity risk and monitors cash inflow and outflow periods in the framework of funding plan balancing the distribution among currencies.

The Bank aims to reduce the risks to the lowest level if required via measuring possible risks in liquidity with stress tests. Stress tests make it possible for the Bank to reinterpret analysis of its liquidity position according to scenarios depending on possible cases and tail risks except for crisis situations. Liquidity Stress Test methodology makes a similar approach with Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) template and hence allows the overview of the results in line with Basel approaches. The Bank applies and reports liquidity stress tests consisting of different scenarios and maturity segments both on unconsolidated and consolidated level and the results are compared with both liquidity stress tests and other liquidity limit and trigger levels set, with different frequencies (weekly, monthly etc.) according to the scenarios.

"Liquidity Contingency Plan" is applied if the Bank needs more liquidity than its daily liquidity need because of possible financial events in future. Duties and responsibilities are defined in detail in the aforementioned plan. Both the liquidity policy and liquidity contingency policy are in line with BRSA best practice documents on liquidity risk management. The abovementioned policies and the thresholds (limits etc.) covered within liquidity risk management framework are updated and approved at least annually.

Funding sources of the Bank mainly consist of deposits which constitute 65% (December 31, 2022 - 61%) of total liabilities of the Bank and also include repo, secured loans, syndication, securitization, bond/security issuance and other instruments including subordinated loans/debts.

The Bank calculates and reports the LCR in full compliance with the regulations. LCR is a metric measuring the adequacy of unencumbered free liquid assets owned by banks (called high quality liquid assets) to meet expected net cash outflows over the next 30 days. The metric is an important Basel regulation that measures short-term liquidity and is closely monitored in the Bank. In addition to the Bank LCR, the Net Stable Funding Rate (NSFR), which is considered another complementary element and provides another important medium / long-term liquidity risk measurement, has also measures internally. These two metrics are also included within the Risk Appetite Indicators and closely monitored at the Bank.

High quality liquid assets mentioned in LCR calculation consist of cash, effective money, Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey ("CBRT") accounts and reserves and government bonds issued by Treasury of the Republic of Turkey treated as high quality liquid assets.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Cash outflows from derivative transactions in liquidity coverage ratio calculation are based on inclusion of net cash flows with maturity of 30 days in the calculation. Additionally, transactions having a margin possibility are included in liquidity coverage ratio calculation by taking the largest outflow amount according to the negative values of net margin flows realized in the last 24 months in respect of 30 days period or for liability into consideration as cash outflow.

Secured funding consists of repo and other secured borrowings. A large part of securities which are subjects of the aforementioned funding transactions consist of Sovereign Bonds issued by Treasury of the Republic of Turkey and transactions are carried out in both CBRT market and interbank market.

The Bank manages all the transactions made before its foreign branches and partnership in the framework of central bank, markets and related legislation of the country in which the institutions are located. Legal lending limits and high limit transactions are closely monitored in this framework.

All cash inflow and outflow items related to liquidity profile of the Bank are included in liquidity coverage ratio tables below for the last three months.

Average amounts of weekly liquidity coverage ratio calculations related to the last three months of current period are explained in the table below.

Current Period TL+FC High Quality Liquid Assets High Quality Liquid Assets Cash Outflows Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits 457.209.4 Stable deposits 114.897.8 Less stable deposits 342.311.6 Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits 260.396.1 Operational deposits Non-Operational deposits Non-Operational deposits Secured funding 53.560.4 Secured funding Other Cash Outflows 3.517.1 Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets and	80	FC	TL+FC	FC
High Quality Liquid Assets Cash Outflows Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits Stable deposits Less stable deposits 114.897.8 A 457.209.4 Stable deposits 114.897.8 342.311.6 Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits Operational deposits Non-Operational deposits Non-Operational deposits Other Unsecured funding Secured funding Other Cash Outflows Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets and	80			
Cash Outflows Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits Stable deposits Less stable deposits 342.311.6 Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits Operational deposits Non-Operational deposits Other Unsecured funding Secured funding Other Cash Outflows Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets and	80			
Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits Stable deposits Less stable deposits 342.311.6 Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits Operational deposits Non-Operational deposits Other Unsecured funding Secured funding Other Cash Outflows Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets and	80		294.336.846	127.608.949
Stable deposits Less stable deposits 342.311.6 Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits Operational deposits Non-Operational deposits Other Unsecured funding Secured funding Other Cash Outflows Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets and	80			
Stable deposits Less stable deposits 342.311.6 Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits Operational deposits Non-Operational deposits Other Unsecured funding Secured funding Other Cash Outflows Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets and		181.770.554	39.976.055	17.857.513
Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits Operational deposits Non-Operational deposits Other Unsecured funding Secured funding Other Cash Outflows Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets and	74	6.390.841	5.744.894	319.542
Customers Deposits Operational deposits Non-Operational deposits Other Unsecured funding Secured funding Other Cash Outflows Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets and	06	175.379.713	34.231.161	17.537.971
Operational deposits Non-Operational deposits Other Unsecured funding Secured funding Other Cash Outflows Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets and				
Operational deposits Non-Operational deposits Other Unsecured funding Secured funding Other Cash Outflows Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets and	94	104.267.225	144.040.025	53.024.411
Other Unsecured funding 53.560.4 Secured funding Other Cash Outflows 3.517.1 Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets and	-	-	-	-
Secured funding Other Cash Outflows Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets and	76	91.597.814	99.441.172	40.355.000
Other Cash Outflows Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets and	18	12.669.411	44.598.853	12.669.411
Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions 3.517.1 Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets and	-	-	-	-
valuation changes on derivatives transactions 3.517.1 Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets and	94	3.618.748	3.517.194	3.618.748
Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets and				
Commitment related to debts to financial markets and	94	3.618.748	3.517.194	3.618.748
	-	-	-	-
other off balance sheet liabilities	-	-	-	-
Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any time				
by the Bank and other contractual commitments 282.569.8	93	143.602.566	14.128.495	7.180.128
Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable commitments 308.042.9	92	40.341.465	25.413.375	4.912.568
Total Cash Outflows			227.075.144	86.593.368
Cash Inflows				
Secured Lending Transactions	_	_	_	_
Unsecured Lending Transactions 87.259.3	77	33.848.819	63.207.274	30.929.214
Other contractual cash inflows 28.6		60.221.632	28.620	60.221.632
Total Cash Inflows 87,287,9		94.070.451	63.235.894	91.150.846
			Capped A	
Total High Quality Liquid Assets			294.336.846	127.608.949
Total Net Cash Outflows		-	163.839.249	21.648.342
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)		<u>-</u>	179.65	589,46

The dates and values of minimum and maximum foreign currency and total liquidity coverage ratios calculated weekly related to the last three months of current period are explained in the table below.

Current Period	Minimum FC (%)	Minimum TL+FC (%)	Maximum FC (%)	Maximum TL+FC (%)
Week	March 3, 2023	January 13, 2023	February 10, 2023	February 10, 2023
Ratio (%)	528,29	165,80	632,04	197,13

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Average amounts of weekly liquidity coverage ratio calculations related to the last three months of prior period are explained in the table below.

	Unweighted Amounts		Weighted Ar	nounts
Prior Period	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
High Quality Liquid Assets	-	-	-	-
High Quality Liquid Assets			266.153.547	124.356.546
Cash Outflows			-	-
Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits	389.873.368	183.435.928	35.577.660	18.288.074
Stable deposits	68.193.537	1.110.375	3.409.677	55.519
Less stable deposits	321.679.831	182.325.553	32.167.983	18.232.555
Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits	261.677.790	125.587.430	151.543.591	68.178.012
Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
Non-Operational deposits	199.994.518	101.394.587	98.399.319	43.985.169
Other Unsecured funding	61.683.272	24.192.843	53.144.272	24.192.843
Secured funding	-	-	78.922	78.922
Other Cash Outflows	3.473.170	3.473.170	3.473.170	3.473.170
Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions	3.473.170	3.473.170	3.473.170	3.473.170
Debts related to the structured financial products	-	-	-	-
Commitment related to debts to financial markets and				
other off balance sheet liabilities	-	-	-	-
Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any time by the Bank and other contractual commitments	258.428.718	144.633.170	12.921.436	7.231.659
Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable commitments	245.169.276	36.462.264	21.536.223	5.412.562
Total Cash Outflows			225.131.002	102.662.399
Cash Inflows				
Secured Lending Transactions	-	-	-	-
Unsecured Lending Transactions	67.664.131	31.860.507	49.727.167	29.074.061
Other Contractual Cash Inflows	8.504	76.793.835	8.504	76.793.835
Total Cash Inflows	67.672.635	108.654.342	49.735.671	105.867.896
			Capped A	Amounts
Total High Quality Liquid Assets			266.153.547	124.356.546
Total Net Cash Outflows			175.395.332	25.665.600
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			151,74	484,53

The dates and values of minimum and maximum foreign currency and total liquidity coverage ratios calculated weekly related to the last three months of prior period are explained in the table below.

Prior Period	Minimum FC (%)	Minimum TL+FC (%)	Maximum FC (%)	Maximum TL+FC (%)
Week	November 11, 2022	December 2, 2022	October 7, 2022	October 7, 2022
Ratio (%)	432,12	137,02	580,31	170,73

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Breakdown of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities:

						5 Years and		
Current Period	Demand	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over	Unclassified	Total
Assets								
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of								
the Republic of Turkey	72.230.256	63.899.150	-	-	-	-	-	136.129.406
Banks	20.143.546	-	1.554.343	-	-	-	-	21.697.889
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	10.994	10.623	-	16.195	171.867	1.015.392	436.438	1.661.509
Receivables from money markets	-	5.208.728	-	-	-	-	-	5.208.728
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	1.848.904	2.804.594	5.444.596	38.226.563	32.233.386	121.636	80.679.679
Loans (1)	-	128.879.221	112.197.180	197.365.957	146.757.077	40.401.117	(15.884.064)	609.716.488
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	-	-	1.031.521	9.191.005	94.867.002	77.395.947	-	182.485.475
Other assets	49.672.608	1.535.344	1.559.583	1.601.922	8.213.645	3.673.258	63.635.029	129.891.389
Total assets	142.057.404	201.381.970	119.147.221	213.619.675	288.236.154	154.719.100	48.309.039	1.167.470.563
Liabilities								
Bank deposits	1.219.317	3.352.706	4.138.601	4.534.318	59.191	-	-	13.304.133
Other deposits	305.881.635	252.082.279	151.146.678	31.112.183	1.113.924	-	-	741.336.699
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	-	1.075.339	22.644.890	27.741.165	16.663.275	369.825	-	68.494.494
Funds from money market	-	13.080.181	2.016.336	4.149.929	-	-	-	19.246.446
Marketable securities issued	-	1.020.110	5.638.182	7.841.729	19.718.028	-	-	34.218.049
Miscellaneous payables	406.180	43.214.802	477.967	-	-	-	1.968.650	46.067.599
Other liabilities (2)	14.787.917	2.582.615	10.964.008	25.111.972	27.418.149	26.543.398	137.395.084	244.803.143
Total liabilities	322.295.049	316.408.032	197.026.662	100.491.296	64.972.567	26.913.223	139.363.734	1.167.470.563
Net liquidity gap	(180,237,645)	(115,026,062)	(77.879.441)	113.128.379	223,263,587	127.805.877	(91.054.695)	
Net inquiently gap	(100.237.043)	(113.020.002)	(77.073.441)	113.120.379	223.203.307	127.003.077	(91.034.093)	-
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	-	(1.104.034)	399,949	(838,188)	225,209	2,959,953	<u>-</u>	1.642.889
Derivative Financial Assets	_	72.887.743	44.571.304	28.961.274	111.945.208	71.132.450	_	329.497.979
Derivative Financial Liabilities	_	73.991.777	44.171.355	29,799,462	111.719.999	68.172.497	_	327.855.090
Non-Cash Loans	-	10.797.874	31.321.799	122,261,423	37.246.976	10.820.485	58.357.544	270.806.101
Prior Period	440 #0465	100 100 = :-		*** ***				
Total assets	148.596.036	182.103.767	100.035.927	210.801.247	259.667.039	163.290.831	43.598.746	1.108.093.593
Total liabilities	286.453.990	347.883.406	158.534.418	89.839.348	63.222.927	28.029.194	134.130.310	1.108.093.593
Net liquidity gap	(137.857.954)	(165.779.639)	(58.498.491)	120.961.899	196.444.112	135.261.637	(90.531.564)	-
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	-	323.517	(461.678)	(2.326.522)	199.329	2.838.289	-	572.935
Derivative Financial Assets	-	107.816.647	96.510.990	54.588.952	101.477.240	71.544.105	-	431.937.934
Derivative Financial Liabilities	-	107.493.130	96.972.668	56.915.474	101.277.911	68.705.816	-	431.364.999
Non-Cash Loans	-	8.854.872	25.285.755	110.013.625	31.860.733	12.551.216	54.982.270	243.548.471

⁽¹⁾ Non-performing loans are presented in the "Unclassified" column after being offset against expected loss provisions.

⁽²⁾ Shareholders' equity is presented under the "Other liabilities" item in the "Unclassified" column.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

7. Explanations on leverage ratio:

When comparing current and prior period, the main reason for decrease in leverage ratio is the increase in total exposure.

	Current Period(1)	Prior Period ⁽¹⁾
On-Balance sheet exposures		
On-Balance sheet assets (Excluding derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives,		
including collaterals)	1.157.506.696	1.082.697.707
(Asset amounts deducted in determining Tier 1 capital)	(9.646.536)	(8.560.613)
Total on-Balance sheet exposures	1.147.860.160	1.074.137.094
Derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives		
Replacement cost of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	10.699.471	11.847.994
Potential credit risk of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	4.218.220	4.486.744
Total derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives exposure	14.917.691	16.334.738
Securities financing transaction exposure		
Total risk of gross securities financing transactions (excluding on-balance sheet exposure)	1.689.826	1.425.925
Agent transaction exposures	-	-
Total securities financing transaction exposures	1.689.826	1.425.925
Off-balance sheet items		
Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	650.897.685	543.644.296
(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(55.906.347)	(46.862.850)
Total risk of off-balance sheet items	594.991.338	496.781.446
Capital and total exposure		
Tier 1 capital	137.482.353	129.253.872
Total exposures	1.759.459.015	1.588.679.203
Leverage ratio (%)	7,82	8,13

⁽¹⁾ The arithmetic average of the last three months in the related periods.

8. Explanations on hedge accounting:

The Bank applies the following hedge accounting models: Fair Value Hedge ("FVH") and Cash Flow Hedge ("CFH").

If the fair value of the hedging instrument within fair value hedge ("FVH") is positive it is classified under, "Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss"; if the fair value is negative, it is classified under "Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss".

If the fair value of the hedging instrument under hedge of cash flow hedge ("CFH") is positive, it is classified under "Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income" if the fair value is negative, it is classified under "Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income".

Interest rate swap and cross currency interest rate swap are used as hedging instrument in FVH and interest rate swap, currency swap and cross currency interest rate swap are used as hedging instrument in CFH.

Contractual amounts and the fair values of these hedging instruments as of March 31, 2023, are presented in the table below:

	C	urrent Period			Prior Period	
Hedging instrument	Notional ⁽¹⁾	Asset	Liability	Notional ⁽¹⁾	Asset	Liability
Interest rate swap / Currency swap / Cross						
currency interest rate swap (CFH)	44.539.513	6.231.105	3.375	58.891.229	7.357.997	32.350
Interest rate swap / Cross currency interest						
rate swap (FVH)	-	-	-	1.664.564	-	1.380.313
Total	44.539.513	6.231.105	3.375	60.555.793	7.357.997	1.412.663

⁽¹⁾ Only the "sell" legs of the related derivatives are presented with the addition of the "buy" legs of these derivatives amounting to TL 44.539.513 (December 31, 2022 – TL 59.161.370) the total notional of derivative financial assets amounting to TL 89.079.026 (December 31, 2022 – TL 119.717.163) is accounted for in off-balance sheet under "Hedging Derivative Financial Instruments" line item.

The fair valuation methodology of the derivatives presented in the above table is disclosed in the accounting principles section of these financial statements in Section 3, Part 4.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

8.1. Fair value hedge accounting:

Starting from March 1, 2009, the Bank has hedged the possible fair value effects of changes in market interest rates on some of its fixed interest loan portfolios and fair value effects of changes in foreign exchange rates on part of its foreign currency funds by using interest rate swap, cross-currency interest rate swap. Starting from July 28, 2015, the Bank has hedged the possible fair value effects of changes in market interest rates and foreign exchange rates on marketable securities by using cross-currency interest rate swaps. The Bank selected to apply macro FVH accounting for such relationship in accordance with "TAS – 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement".

The impact of application of FVH accounting is summarized below:

Current Period Type of hedging instrument	Hedged item (asset and liability)	Nature of hedged risks	Fair value difference / adjustment of the hedged item ⁽¹⁾	Net fair valu hedging inst		Net gain/(loss) recognised in the income statement (Derivative financial transactions gains/losses) ⁽³⁾
Instrument	unu nuomity)	neugeurisis	neugeu nem	Asset	Liability	guins(1055cs)
Interest rate swap / Cross currency	Some of fixed interest loan portfolios, foreign currency funds and marketable	Fixed interest and changes in foreign exchange rate			·	
interest rate swaps	securities	risk	-	-	-	(12.725)

Prior Period Type of hedging instrument	Hedged item (asset and liability)	Nature of hedged risks	Fair value difference / adjustment of the hedged item ⁽¹⁾	Net fair value of the hedging instrument ⁽²⁾		Net gain/(loss) recognised in the income statement (Derivative financial transactions gains/losses) ⁽³⁾
				Asset	Liability	
	Some of fixed interest loan	Fixed interest				
	portfolios, foreign	and changes in				
	currency funds and	foreign				
Cross currency	marketable	exchange rate	(10.705)		1 200 212	5.600
interest rate swaps	securities	risk	(12.725)	-	1.380.313	5.680

⁽¹⁾ The amount refers to the fair value of the hedged item calculated for Some of fixed interest loan portfolios, foreign currency funds and marketable securities in accordance with hedge accounting effectiveness tests. The foreign exchange rate changes of foreign currency fundings and cross-currency swaps are reflected to the income statement in foreign exchange gains / losses line item.

At the inception date, the Bank documents the relationship between the hedging instruments and hedged items required by the FVH accounting application in accordance with "TAS 39- Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" and its own risk management policies and principles. Every individual relationship is approved and documented in the same methodology. In accordance with "TAS 39- Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", the effectiveness tests of the relationships are performed in accordance with the Bank's risk management policies. In the effectiveness tests, the fair values of the hedged item are calculated using the same assumptions used in calculation of fair values of the derivatives.

The effectiveness tests are performed prospectively and retrospectively on a monthly basis and the effectiveness of risk relationships are measured. At the inception date the effectiveness tests are performed prospectively. If the underlying hedge does not conform to the FVH accounting requirements (out of the 80% - 125% effectiveness range) or if the management voluntarily decides to discontinue the hedging relation, the adjustments made to the carrying value (amortized cost) of the hedged item are amortized with the straight line method and recognized in the profit and loss accounts within the remaining maturity. In addition if the hedging instrument is sold or closed before its maturity, the amount of the fair value adjustments of the hedged items are amortized to profit or loss accounts with the straight line method within the remaining maturity.

⁽²⁾ The amounts include the foreign exchange differences and net straight line interest accruals of the related derivatives.

⁽³⁾ There is no ineffective portion of the mentioned hedging transaction (March 31, 2022 - TL 12.073 loss).

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

8.2. Cash flow hedge accounting:

The Bank started to apply macro cash flow hedge accounting from January 1, 2010 onwards in order to hedge its cash flow risk from floating interest rate liabilities. The hedging instruments are USD, EUR and TL interest rate swaps with floating receive, fixed pay legs, and the hedged item is the cash outflows due to financing of interests of repricing USD, EUR and TL deposits, borrowings and repos.

The impact of application of CFH accounting is summarized below:

Current Period						
Type of hedging instrument	Hedged item (asset and liability)	Nature of hedged risks		value of the instrument	Net gain/(loss) recognized in hedging funds ⁽¹⁾	Net gain/(loss) reclassified to equity ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾
			Asset	Liability		
Interest rate swap /		Cash flow risk				
Currency swap /		due to the				
Cross currency interest rate swap	Customer deposits, borrowings and repos	changes in the interest rates	6.231.105	3.375	4.677.850	(701.700)

Prior Period						
Type of hedging instrument	Hedged item (asset and liability)	Nature of hedged risks	- 100 - 100 1	value of the	Net gain/(loss) recognized in hedging funds ⁽¹⁾	Net gain/(loss) reclassified to equity ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾
			Asset	Liability		
Interest rate swaps/		Cash flow risk due to the				
Cross currency interest rate swap	Customer deposits, borrowings and repos	changes in the interest rates	7.357.997	32.350	5.379.550	3.046.675

⁽¹⁾ Includes deferred tax impact.

At the inception date, the Bank documents the relationship between the hedging instruments and hedged items required by the CFH accounting application in accordance with "TAS -39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" and its own risk management policies and principles. Every individual relationship is approved and documented in the same way. In accordance with "TAS -39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", the effectiveness tests of the relationships are performed in accordance with the Bank's risk management policies.

The effectiveness tests are performed on a monthly basis. If the underlying hedge does not conform to the CFH accounting requirements (out of the effectiveness range 80%-125%) or if the management voluntarily decides to discontinue the hedging relation or the hedging instrument is sold or closed before its maturity, the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument that has been recognised in other comprehensive income from the period when the hedge was effective shall remain separately in equity until the forecast transaction occurs or is no longer expected to occur. When the hedged forecasted transactions are no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from other comprehensive income to profit or loss.

8.3. Net Investment Hedge:

The Bank hedges part of the currency translation risk of net investments in foreign operations through foreign currency borrowings. The Bank's EURO denominated borrowing is designated as a hedge of the net investment in the Bank's certain EURO denominated subsidiaries. The total amount of the borrowing designated as a hedge of the net investment at March 31, 2023 is EUR 481 million (December 31, 2022 - EUR 469 million).

⁽²⁾ Includes tax and foreign exchange differences.

⁽³⁾ The ineffective portion of the mentioned hedging transaction is TL 176.343 gain (March 31, 2022– TL 14.798 gain).

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

9. Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf of others and fiduciary transactions:

The Bank carries out trading, custody, management and consulting services on behalf of customers and on their account. The Bank has no fiduciary transactions.

10. Explanations on operating segments:

The Bank carries out its banking operations through three main business units:

- > Retail Banking
- Corporate Banking
- Commercial and SME Banking

The Bank's Retail Banking activities include card payment systems, individual, individual portfolio, blue class, private banking. Retail Banking products and services offered to customers include card payment systems, consumer loans (including general purpose loans, auto loans, mortgages), commercial installment loans, time and demand deposits, gold banking, investment accounts, life and non-life insurance products and payroll services. In addition, customers who receive their monthly salary/SSI payments through our bank are offered privileges covering various banking transactions. Card payment systems cover the management of products, services, campaigns for member merchants as well as the sales and activities for a variety of customer types. Crystal, Play, Adios and Taksitçi are the other card brands providing services for the different segments within the World brand, shopping and marketing platform of the Bank. Through its Blue Class and Private Banking activities, the Bank serves high net worth customers and delivers investment products to this customer segment. Among the products and services offered to Private Banking customers are time deposit products, mutual funds, foreign exchange, gold and equity trading. Also, personal art advisory, inheritance advisory, real estate advisory, tax advisory, education and philanthropic advisory are offered within the Private Banking and Wealth Management activities.

Corporate, Commercial and SME Banking segment is organized into three subgroups: Corporate Banking for large-scale, international and multinational companies and Commercial Banking for medium-sized enterprises and SME Banking for SME companies. Corporate and Commercial Banking, has a product range of working capital finance, trade finance, project finance, domestic and international non-cash loans such as letters of credit and letters of guarantee, cash management, internet banking, financial advisory and equity management advisory. SME Banking offer to customers SME loans and SME banking packages products.

The Bank's widespread branch network and alternative distribution channels including ATMs, telephone banking, internet banking and mobile banking are utilized to serve customers in all segments. Treasury, Asset – Liability Management and other operations, mainly consist of treasury management's results, operations of supporting business units and other unallocated transactions.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Major balance sheet and income statement items based on operating segments:

The below table is prepared in accordance with the Management Information System (MIS) data of the Bank.

Current Period	Retail banking	Corporate,	Commercial and SME banking	Treasury, asset- liability management and other	Total operations of the Bank
Operating revenue	7.913.455	2.478.646	7.376.906	11.548.055	29.317.062
Operating expenses	(4.422.375)	(1.304.908)	(1.333.875)	(8.596.524)	(15.657.682)
Net operating income / (expense)	3.491.080	1.173.738	6.043.031	2.951.531	13.659.380
Dividend income ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	1.093	1.093
Income/(loss) from investments accounted based on equity method ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	1.605.297	1.605.297
Profit before tax	3.491.080	1.173.738	6.043.031	4.557.921	15.265.770
Tax provision expense ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	(2.625.545)	(2.625.545)
Net period income	3.491.080	1.173.738	6.043.031	1.932.376	12.640.225
Net profit	3.491.080	1.173.738	6.043.031	1.932.376	12.640.225
Segment asset	245.917.270	157.620.126	180.404.561	560.913.561	1.144.855.518
Investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	22.615.045	22.615.045
Total assets	245.917.270	157.620.126	180.404.561	583.528.606	1.167.470.563
Segment liabilities	443.487.261	87.864.846	189.799.749	314.894.501	1.036.046.357
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	131.424.206	131.424.206
Total liabilities	443.487.261	87.864.846	189.799.749	446.318.707	1.167.470.563

				Treasury,	
Prior Period ⁽²⁾	Retail banking	Corporate, banking	Commercial and SME banking	liability management and other	Total operations of the Bank
Operating revenue	3.358.427	1.268.835	3.084.058	11.376.243	19.087.563
Operating expenses	(2.491.699)	(1.040.926)	(754.681)	(5.967.654)	(10.254.960)
Net operating income / (expense)	866.728	227.909	2.329.377	5.408.589	8.832.603
Dividend income ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	47.231	47.231
Income/(loss) from investments accounted based on equity method ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	529.463	529.463
Profit before tax	866.728	227.909	2.329.377	5.985.283	9.409.297
Tax provision expense ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	(2.150.849)	(2.150.849)
Net period income	866.728	227.909	2.329.377	3.834.434	7.258.448
Net profit	866.728	227.909	2.329.377	3.834.434	7.258.448
Segment asset	217.869.975	156.371.313	177.308.065	535.695.783	1.087.245.136
Investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	20.848.457	20.848.457
Total assets	217.869.975	156.371.313	177.308.065	556.544.240	1.108.093.593
Segment liabilities	379.459.917	95.131.222	161.940.658	345.305.406	981.837.203
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	126.256.390	126.256.390
Total liabilities	379.459.917	95.131.222	161.940.658	471.561.796	1.108.093.593

Related items have not been distributed based on operating segments and presented under "Treasury, Asset-Liability Management and Other".
 Income statements items presents the balances as of March 31, 2022.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Section Five - Explanations and notes related to unconsolidated financial statements

1. Explanations and notes related to assets

1.1. Information related to cash and the account of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey:

1.1.1. Information on cash and the account of the CBRT:

		Current Period			
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Cash	3.163.163	11.620.674	2.606.269	10.318.674	
The CBRT ⁽¹⁾	32.086.982	89.258.060	33.129.765	97.841.163	
Other	-	527	-	259	
Total	35.250.145	100.879.261	35.736.034	108.160.096	

⁽¹⁾ The balance of gold amounting to TL 18.177.608 is accounted for under the Central Bank foreign currency account (December 31, 2022 - TL 14.779.986).

1.1.2. Information on the account of the CBRT:

		Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Demand unrestricted amount ⁽¹⁾	32.086.982	25.358.910	33.129.765	35.844.180
Time unrestricted amount	-	-	-	-
Time restricted amount	-	6.787.563	-	2.990.650
Reserve requirement ⁽²⁾	-	57.111.587	-	59.006.333
Total	32.086.982	89.258.060	33.129.765	97.841.163

⁽¹⁾ The TL reserve requirement has been classified in "Central Bank Demand Unrestricted Account" based on the correspondence with BRSA letter as of January 3, 2008.

1.2. Information on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss:

The Bank has financial assets at fair value through profit and loss subject to repo transactions and given as collateral/blocked amounts to TL 791.261 (December 31, 2022 - TL 780.236).

1.3. Information on derivative financial assets:

1.3.1. Positive differences related to derivative financial assets held for trading:

		Current Period		Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	831.616	3.885	1.034.624	3.889
Swap transactions	5.489.981	3.790.800	5.262.254	3.702.838
Futures transactions	42.463	-	23.185	-
Options	4.632	189.270	279.107	893.297
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	6,368,692	3.983.955	6,599,170	4.600.024

1.3.2. Positive differences related to derivative financial assets held for hedging:

		Current Period		Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair value hedges (1)	-	-	-	-
Cash flow hedges (1)	3.289.303	2.941.802	3.658.070	3.699.927
Hedges for investments made in foreign countries	-	-	-	-
Total	3.289.303	2.941.802	3.658.070	3.699.927

⁽¹⁾ Explained in Note 8 of section 4.

⁽²⁾ The Bank keeps TL, USD, EUR and Gold reserve deposits for TL/FX liabilities at Central Bank accounts in accordance with the legislation of the Central Bank numbered 2013/15, "Decree on Reserve Deposits".

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.4. Information on banks:

1.4.1. Information on banks:

		Current Period		Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks				
Domestic	891	15.824	4.303.372	13.446
Foreign	-	21.681.174	-	22.089.148
Head quarters and branches abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	891	21.696.998	4.303.372	22.102.594

1.4.2. Information on money markets receivables:

As of March 31, 2023 a total of TL 5.208.728 money markets transactions with domestic banks are included in the money market receivables (December 31, 2022 – TL 2.461.599).

1.5. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income which are subject to repurchase agreements and given as collateral / blocked:

As of March 31, 2023 financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income given as repo transactions amounts to TL 4.920.264 (December 31, 2022 TL 827.520). The securities, subject to collateral/blocked are TL 13.670.616 (December 31, 2022 TL 28.421.698) of which blocked at the CBRT is TL 6.685.317 (December 31, 2022 TL 12.534.283).

1.6. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt securities	81.847.608	78.495.183
Quoted on stock exchange	80.063.607	76.718.482
Not quoted	1.784.001	1.776.701
Share certificates	166.955	70.343
Quoted on stock exchange	-	-
Not quoted	166.955	70.343
Impairment provision (-) ⁽¹⁾	1.334.884	1.221.773
Total	80.679.679	77.343.753

⁽¹⁾ Includes the negative differences between the acquisition cost and the market price related to the securities portfolio.

1.7. Explanations on loans:

1.7.1. Information on all types of loans or advance balances given to shareholders and employees of the Bank:

	Current Period			Prior Period
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Direct loans granted to shareholders	-	-	-	•
Corporate shareholders	-	-	-	-
Real person shareholders	-	-	-	-
Indirect loans granted to shareholders	118.379	1.195.773	107.694	903.139
Loans granted to employees	488.161	29	478.328	29
Total	606.540	1.195.802	586.022	903.168

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.7.2. Information on the first and second group loans and other receivables and loans and other receivables that have been restructured or rescheduled:

		Loans under close monitoring ⁽²⁾			
			Loans under restructuring		
Cash Loans	Standard Loans	Not under the scope of restructuring	Modifications on agreement conditions	Refinancing	
Non-specialized loans	541.033.281	29.693.258	8.018.975	44.755.093	
Loans given to enterprises	195.338.716	8.772.060	7.442.845	24.552.139	
Export loans	32.482.469	2.105.528	528.456	13.205.036	
Import loans	-	-	-	-	
Loans given to financial sector	26.005.386	-	-	-	
Consumer loans	117.411.718	7.303.402	-	2.260.657	
Credit cards	118.288.669	6.405.956	-	1.172.806	
Other ⁽¹⁾	51.506.323	5.106.312	47.674	3.564.455	
Specialized loans	-	-	-	-	
Other receivables	2.099.945	-	-	-	
Total	543.133.226	29.693.258	8.018.975	44.755.093	

	Standard loans	Loans under close monitoring
12-month provisions for possible losses	4.926.595	-
Significant increase in credit risk	-	15.864.810
Total	4.926.595	15.864.810

1.7.3. Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and personnel credit cards:

		Medium	
	Short-term	and long-term	Total
Consumer loans-TL	17.790.471	96.563.575	114.354.046
Real estate loans	34.336	14.657.185	14.691.521
Automotive loans	345.244	9.818.599	10.163.843
Consumer loans	17.410.891	72.087.791	89.498.682
Consumer loans-FC indexed	-	23.658	23.658
Real estate loans	-	22.732	22.732
Automotive loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	926	926
Individual credit cards-TL	92.565.323	486.704	93.052.027
With installments	54.673.457	48.058	54.721.515
Without installments	37.891.866	438.646	38.330.512
Individual credit cards-FC	204.156	-	204.156
With installments	1.521	-	1.521
Without installments	202.635	-	202.635
Personnel loans-TL	42.030	127.089	169.119
Real estate loans	-	2.362	2.362
Automotive loans	274	2.951	3.225
Consumer loans	41.756	121.776	163.532
Personnel loans-FC indexed	_	-	-
Real estate loans	-	-	-
Automotive loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Personnel credit cards-TL	291.754	545	292,299
With installments	183.589	493	184.082
Without installments	108.165	52	108.217
Personnel credit cards-FC	1.512	-	1.512
With installments	-	-	-
Without installments	1.512	-	1.512
Credit deposit account-TL (real person)(1)	12.428.954	-	12.428.954
Total	123.324.200	97.201.571	220.525.771

⁽¹⁾ TL 25.231 of the credit deposit account belongs to the loans used by personnel.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.7.4. Information on commercial installment loans and corporate credit cards:

		Medium	
	Short-term	and long-term	Total
Commercial installments loans-TL	4.746.857	29.991.130	34.737.987
Business loans	2.231	1.712.596	1.714.827
Automotive loans	898.173	14.796.577	15.694.750
Consumer loans	3.846.453	13.481.957	17.328.410
Commercial installments loans-FC indexed	-	764	764
Business loans	-	-	-
Automotive loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	764	764
Corporate credit cards-TL	31.886.800	421.852	32.308.652
With installment	23.682.615	418.302	24.100.917
Without installment	8.204.185	3.550	8.207.735
Corporate credit cards-FC	8.785	-	8.785
With installment	168	-	168
Without installment	8.617	-	8.617
Credit deposit account-TL (legal person)	2.243.694	-	2.243.694
Total	38.886.136	30.413.746	69.299.882

1.7.5. Distribution of domestic and foreign loans⁽¹⁾:

Distribution has been disclosed based on the location where the customers operate:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Domestic loans	617.357.614	577.086.640
Foreign loans	8.242.938	8.294.575
Total	625.600.552	585.381.215

⁽¹⁾ Non-performing loans are not included.

1.7.6. Loans granted to associates and subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Direct loans granted to associates and subsidiaries	2.710.350	1.528.739
Indirect loans granted to associates and subsidiaries	-	-
Total	2.710.350	1.528.739

1.7.7. Information on credit-impaired (Stage 3):

	Current Period	Prior Period
Loans with limited collectability	784.444	2.222.668
Loans with doubtful collectability	2.821.434	3.223.447
Uncollectable loans	12.125.775	10.336.201
Total	15.731.653	15.782.316

1.7.8. Information on non-performing loans (net):

1.7.8.1. Information on restructured loans from non-performing loans:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with limited	Loans with doubtful	
	collectability	collectability	Uncollectible loans
Current Period			
Gross amounts before specific reserves	230.996	835.164	3.791.509
Restructured loans	230.996	835.164	3.791.509
Prior Period			
Gross amounts before specific reserves	670.884	370.519	4.128.764
Restructured loans	670.884	370.519	4.128.764

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.7.8.2. Information on the movement of total non-performing loans:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with limited	Loans with doubtful	
	collectability	collectability	Uncollectible loans
Prior Period	3.311.027	3.883.190	13.538.895
Additions (+)	48.795	84.231	1.376.332
Transfers from other categories of non- performing loans (+)	-	1.969.007	965.389
Transfer to other categories of non- performing loans (-)	1.969.007	965.389	-
Collections (-)	183.011	860.257	560.208
Write-offs (-)	-	-	-
Sold (-)	-	-	-
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Credit cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Current Period	1.207.804	4.110.782	15.320.408
Specific provision (-)	784.444	2.821.434	12.125.775
Net balance on balance sheet	423,360	1.289.348	3.194.633

Information on non-performing loans as granted foreign currency loans: 1.7.8.3.

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with limited	Loans with doubtful	
	collectability	collectability	Uncollectible loans
Current Period			
Period end balance	75.504	1.645.902	7.237.985
Specific provision (-)	75.504	1.131.961	4.784.023
Net balance on-balance sheet	-	513.941	2.453.962
Prior Period			
Period end balance	1.968.423	1.818.759	5.878.480
Specific provision (-)	1.388.732	1.803.114	3.371.100
Net balance on-balance sheet	579.691	15.645	2.507.380

1.7.8.4. Information on the gross and net amounts of the non-performing loans according to types of borrowers:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with limited	Loans with doubtful	
	collectability	collectability	Uncollectible loans
Current Period (net)	423.360	1.289.348	3.194.633
Loans granted to real persons and corporate entities (gross)	1.207.804	4.110.782	15.235.734
Provision amount (-)	784.444	2.821.434	12.041.101
Loans granted to real persons and corporate entities (net)	423.360	1.289.348	3.194.633
Banks (gross)	-	-	774
Provision amount (-)	-	-	774
Banks (net)	-	-	-
Other loans (gross)	-	-	83.900
Provision amount (-)	-	-	83.900
Other loans (Net)	-	-	-
Prior Period (net)	1.088.359	659.743	3.202.694
Loans granted to real persons and corporate entities (gross)	3.311.027	3.883.190	13.454.221
Specific provision amount (-)	2.222.668	3.223.447	10.251.527
Loans granted to real persons and corporate entities (Net)	1.088.359	659.743	3.202.694
Banks (gross)	-	-	774
Specific provision amount (-)	-	-	774
Banks (net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (gross)	-	-	83.900
Specific provision amount (-)	-	-	83.900
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.7.8.5. Information on interest accruals, rediscounts and valuation differences calculated for non-performing loans and their provisions:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with limited	Loans with doubtful	
	collectability	collectability	Uncollectible loans
Current Period (net)	41.393	169.920	194.137
Interest accruals and rediscounts and valuation differences	100.203	522.746	1.553.540
Provision amount (-)	58.810	352.826	1.359.403
Prior Period (net)	147.012	140.162	314.154
Interest accruals and rediscounts and valuation differences	422.447	475.126	1.227.208
Provision amount (-)	275.435	334.964	913.054

1.7.9. Explanation on liquidation policy for uncollectible loans and receivables:

Uncollectible loans and receivables, which are classified in accordance with the Provisioning Regulation, are collected through legal follow-up, voluntary payments and liquidation of collaterals.

1.7.10. Explanation on "write-off" policies:

In order to ensure the liquidation of non-performing loans and other receivables related to the liquidation policy, to provide the maximum collection all possible alternatives within the framework of the legislation are applied, and in case of collection, liquidation or receivables with no possibility of restructuring, the legal follow-up and conversion of collaterals into cash method is applied.

The receivables that are determined to be uncollectible in the Legal Follow-up process regarding the write-off policy can be deleted by the resolution of the Board of Directors by fulfilling the requirements in the relevant laws, regulations and internal directives.

Besides, in accordance with the changes on "Provisioning Regulation" published in the Official Gazette No. 30961 dated November 27, 2019 by the BRSA, the Bank, during the period deemed appropriate under with TFRS 9, may write off part of the loans for which the Bank has no reasonable expectation of recovery and that are classified under Group 5 with a life time expected credit loss due the to default of debtor, starting from the following reporting date that the loan is classified in Group 5. Write off is only an accounting application in accordance with the related change in the regulation and it does not result in waive from the Bank's right to receive.

1.8. Information on financial assets at amortized cost:

1.8.1. Characteristics and carrying values of financial assets measured at amortised cost which are subject to repurchase agreements and given as collateral / blocked:

As of March 31, 2023 Financial assets measured at amortised cost given as repo transactions amounting to TL 13.850.345 (December 31, 2022 TL 29.017.189). The securities subject to collateral/blocked are TL 79.888.648 (December 31, 2022 - TL 77.529.451) of which blocked at the CBRT is TL 24.972.196 (31 December 2022 – TL 14.502.644).

1.8.2. Information on public sector debt securities measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Government bond	182.154.671	162.969.794
Treasury bill	-	-
Other public sector debt securities	330.804	330.804
Total	182.485.475	163.300.598

1.8.3. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt securities	187.681.293	167.960.745
Quoted on stock exchange	187.681.293	167.960.745
Not quoted	-	-
Impairment provision (-) ⁽¹⁾	5.195.818	4.660.147
Total	182.485.475	163.300.598

⁽¹⁾ Includes amortisation of the premiums paid during the purchase of the securities throughout the maturity of the securities

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.8.4. Movement of financial assets measured at amortized cost within the period:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Beginning balance	163.300.598	91.875.500
Foreign currency differences on monetary assets ⁽¹⁾	8.595.151	50.867.573
Purchases during the year	12.118.042	30.470.261
Disposals through sales and redemptions(-)	992.645	7.862.794
Impairment provision (-) ⁽²⁾	535.671	2.049.942
Period end balance	182.485.475	163.300.598

Information on investments in associates (net):

1.9.1. Information on unconsolidated investments in associates(1):

		Address (City/	Bank's share holding percentage if different voting	Bank's risk group share holding
No	Description	Country)	percentage (%)	percentage(%)
1.	Tanı Pazarlama ve İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş	Istanbul/Turkey	38,05	38,05
2.	Banque de Commerce et de Placements S.A.	Geneva/Switzerland	30,67	30,67
3.	Kredi Kayıt Bürosu (1)	Istanbul/Turkey	18,18	18,18
4.	Bankalararası Kart Merkezi (1)	Istanbul/Turkey	4,89	4,89

No	Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Total fixed assets	Interest income	Income from marketable securities portfolio	Current period profit/loss	Prior period profit/loss	Fair value
1.	157.168	(6.920)	53.325	1.104	-	(26.263)	4.724	-
2.	70.207.895	12.707.560	41.104	773.116	123.560	374.483	209.515	-
3.	875.482	117.467	412.039	42.414	-	(1.799)	75.307	-
4.	805.905	685.073	126.928	82.757	-	314.832	137.294	-

⁽¹⁾ Financial statement information disclosed above shows December 31, 2022 results.

1.9.2. Movement of unconsolidated investments in associates:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the period	2.910.408	2.089.190
Movements during the period	318.877	821.218
Purchases	-	-
Free shares obtained profit from current year's share	-	-
Profit from current year's income	321.068	-
Sales(-)	-	-
Revaluation (decrease) / increase ⁽¹⁾	92.839	870.196
Impairment provision (-) ⁽²⁾	95.030	48.978
Balance at the end of the period	3.229.285	2.910.408
Capital commitments	-	-
Shareholding percentage at the end of the period (%)	-	-

⁽¹⁾ Includes the differences in the other comprehensive income related with the equity method accounting.

1.9.3. Information on sectors and the carrying amounts of unconsolidated financial investments in associates:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	3.190.839	2.871.962
Insurance companies	-	-
Factoring companies	-	-
Leasing companies	-	-
Finance companies	-	-
Other financial investments	-	=
Total	3.190.839	2.871.962

1.9.4. Information on investments in associates quoted on a stock exchange:

None (December 31, 2022 - None).

Also includes the changes in the interest income accruals.
 Includes amortisation of the premiums paid during the purchase of the securities throughout the maturity of the securities.

⁽²⁾ Includes dividend income received in the current period.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.10. Information on shareholders' equity of the significant subsidiaries (net):

There is no deficit of regulatory limits on capital structure of the subsidiaries which are included in the consolidated capital adequacy ratio calculation in accordance with the capital adequacy ratio limits.

1.10.1. Information on shareholders' equity of the significant subsidiaries:

	Yapı Kredi Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Yapı Kredi Faktoring A.Ş.	Yapı Kredi Finansal Kiralama A.O.	Yapı Kredi Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Yapı Kredi Bank Nederland N.V.
Core capital					
Paid in capital	98.918	130.000	389.928	17.642	112.442
Inflation adjustment to share capital	70.710	130.000	307.720	17.042	112.442
Share premium					
Other capital reserves	104.470	_	(217.104)		
Other accumulated comprehensive income			, , ,		
that will not be classified in profit or loss	38.625	(14.452)	(32.544)	(4.425)	-
Other accumulated comprehensive income	160		65 727		7 602 572
that will be classified in profit or loss	169	-	65.737	-	7.693.572
Legal reserves	98.890	26.000	79.305	76.812	-
Extraordinary reserves	1.342.885	874.273	3.859.069	-	1.948.770
Other profit Reserves	-	-	-	-	-
Income or Loss	652.026	115.524	418.026	140.774	229.720
Current Year Income/Loss	721.972	115.524	329.611	116.899	229.720
Prior Years' Income/Loss	(69.946)	_	88.415	23.875	-
Leasehold improvements (-)	· -	574	90	283	26
Intangible assets (-)	29.312	10.179	25.874	1.398	5.899
Total core capital	2.306.671	1.120.592	4.536.453	229.122	9.978.579
Supplementary capital	25.160	88.104	247.868	-	93.787
Capital	2.331.831	1.208.696	4.784.321	229.122	10.072.366
Deductions from the capital	-	-	-	-	-
Total shareholders' equity	2.331.831	1.208.696	4.784.321	229.122	10.072.366

The above information is based on the consolidated financial statements of the Bank as of March 31, 2023.

Paid-in capital is a capital which have been disclosed as Turkish Lira in the articles of incorporation and registered in trade register. Inflation adjustment to share capital is the adjustment difference arising from inflation accounting.

Extraordinary Reserves are the reserves which represent the remaining net income of the previous periods after providing the legal reserves in accordance with the General Assembly of the Bank.

Legal reserves are the income reserves that are provided according to the first paragraph and the third subparagraph of the second paragraph of the article no 466 and no 467 of the Turkish Commercial Code No. 6762 allocated as capital reserves separated from annual profit according to the laws of foundation.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.10.2. Information on subsidiaries(1):

No	Description	Address (City/ Country)	Bank's share holding percentage if different voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share holding percentage (%)
1	Yapı Kredi Holding B.V.	Amsterdam/Holland	100,00	100,00
2	Yapı Kredi Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	99,98	100,00
3	Yapı Kredi Faktoring A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	99,95	100,00
4	Yapı Kredi Finansal Kiralama A.O.	Istanbul/Turkey	99,99	99,99
5	Yapı Kredi Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	12,65	99,99
6	Yapı Kredi Bank Nederland N.V.	Amsterdam/Holland	67,24	100,00
7	Yapı Kredi Azerbaycan	Baku/Azerbaijan	99,80	100,00
8	Enternasyonal Turizm Yatırım A.Ş ⁽²⁾	Istanbul/Turkey	99,99	99,99
9	Yapı Kredi Kültür Sanat Yayıncılık Tic.ve San.A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100,00	100,00
10	Yapı Kredi Teknoloji A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100,00	100,00
11	Yapı Kredi Finansal Teknolojiler A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100,00	100,00

⁽¹⁾ It has been decided to purchase all the shares of Bankhaus J. Faisst oHG ("BHF"), which has banking licenses, in order to carry out banking activities in Germany, and the process of obtaining legal permissions continues.

(2) Financial statement information disclosed above shows December 31, 2022 results.

1.10.3. Main financial figures of the subsidiaries in order of the above table:

Financial statement information disclosed consolidated financial statements results.

	Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Total fixed assets	Interest income	Income from marketable securities portfoli	Current period profit / loss	Prior period profit /loss	Market value	Required equity
1	89.828	88.430	-	-	-	(729)	328	-	-
2	13.463.184	2.335.983	73.835	626.970	3.811	721.972	252.895	-	-
3	11.787.730	1.131.345	17.231	548.976	-	115.524	77.517	-	-
4	28.179.862	4.562.417	32.763	773.977	-	329.611	170.509	-	-
5	348.532	230.803	3.747	21.969	-	116.899	67.113	-	-
6	48.826.202	9.984.505	48.256	480.894	19.942	229.720	86.300	-	-
7	5.758.961	1.116.947	244.507	72.891	10.703	27.428	(2.171)	-	-
8	76.005	63.108	12.276	5.222	-	6.390	5.613	-	-
9	136.282	69.390	1.873	48	-	5.118	3.452	-	-
10	58.728	32.989	32.170	1.466	-	8.788	(380)	-	-
11	25.015	25.015	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

1.10.4. Movement schedule of subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the period	17.905.733	13.110.619
Movements in period	1.447.711	4.795.114
Purchases	-	-
Free shares obtained profit from current years share	-	-
Dividends from current year income	1.284.229	3.102.944
Sales(-) ⁽¹⁾	-	163.842
Revaluation increase/decrease ^{(1) (2)}	433.530	1.995.716
Impairment provision (-) ⁽³⁾	270.048	139.704
Balance at the end of the period	19.353.444	17.905.733
Capital commitments	-	-
Shareholding percentage at the end of the period (%)	-	

⁽¹⁾ The paid in capital amounting to EUR 60 million of Yapı Kredi Bank Malta Ltd, of which 100% of its shares indirectly owned by the Bank through Yapı Kredi Holding B.V., was reduced within the framework of the liquidation process on 20 May 2022 and concurrently the paid in capital of Yapı Kredi Holding B.V. amounting to EUR 102 million, was reduced to EUR 42 million.

⁽²⁾ Includes the shares taken from the other comprehensive income according to the equity method.

⁽³⁾ Includes dividend income received in the current period.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.10.5. Sectoral information on financial subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

Financial subsidiaries	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	7.828.617	7.330.588
Insurance companies	-	-
Factoring companies	1.130.806	1.015.337
Leasing companies	4.562.138	4.237.311
Finance companies	-	-
Other financial subsidiaries	5.831.883	5.322.497
Total	19.353.444	17.905.733

1.10.6. Subsidiaries quoted on stock exchange:

None (December 31, 2022 - None).

1.11. Information on joint ventures (net):

None (December 31, 2022 – None).

1.12. Information on lease receivables (net):

None (December 31, 2022 - None).

1.13. Information on investment property:

None (December 31, 2022 - None).

1.14. Information on deferred tax:

In accordance with TAS 12, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities in the financial statements are clarified and deferred tax asset amounting to TL 6.349.312 is presented in the financial statements (December 31, 2022 – TL 5.146.976 deferred tax assets).

1.15. Movement schedule of assets held for resale and related to discontinued operations:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Net book value at the beginning of the period	1.035.873	1.327.210
Additions ⁽¹⁾	31.983	228.266
Disposals (-), net	46.230	519.619
Impairment provision reversal	-	16
Impairment (-)	-	-
Depreciation (-)	-	=
Net book value at the end of the period	1.021.626	1.035.873
Cost at the end of the period	1.023.082	1.037.344
Accumulated depreciation at the end of the period (-)	1.456	1.471
Net book value at the end of the period	1.021.626	1.035.873

⁽¹⁾ In current period, the carrying value of asset held for resale with a right of repurchase (December 31, 2022 – TL 33.196). The total net carrying value of asset held for resale with a right of repurchase is TL 883.933 (December 31, 2022 – TL 913.642).

As of March 31, 2023, the Bank booked impairment provision on assets held for resale with an amount of TL 1.223 (December 31, 2022 – TL 1.223).

1.16. Information on other assets:

As of March 31, 2023, other assets do not exceed 10% of the total assets.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2. Explanations and notes related to liabilities

2.1. Information on deposits:

2.1.1. Information on maturity structure of deposits/collected funds⁽¹⁾:

							Cumulative	
1		Up to 1			6 Months-	1 Year and	savings	
Current Period	Demand	month	1-3 Months	3-6 Months	1 Year	over	account	Total
Saving deposits	60.252.158	8.557.268	218.363.625	7.549.219	659.228	3.938.429	325	299.320.252
Foreign currency deposits	163.138.696	18.326.482	36.552.920	2.501.240	966.059	1.565.977	-	223.051.374
Residents in Turkey	157.997.498	17.867.004	35.036.230	2.371.535	863.766	650.976	-	214.787.009
Residents abroad	5.141.198	459.478	1.516.690	129.705	102.293	915.001	-	8.264.365
Public sector deposits	3.875.667	1.002.510	157.939	11.142	-	-	-	5.047.258
Commercial deposits	38.497.673	26.920.391	83.181.919	10.797.171	164.860	6.000.590	-	165.562.604
Other institutions deposits	525.471	759.873	5.354.491	7.074	1.012	304	-	6.648.225
Precious metals vault	39.591.970	-	928.996	-	1.066.334	119.686	-	41.706.986
Bank deposits	1.219.317	1.217.464	4.958.575	3.089.168	2.564.692	254.917	-	13.304.133
The CBRT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	2.835	1.205.312	1.259.321	3.089.168	2.564.692	254.917	-	8.376.245
Foreign banks	558.292	12.152	3.699.254	-	-	-	-	4.269.698
Participation banks	658.190	-	-	-	-	-	-	658.190
Other	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Total	307.100.952	56.783.988	349.498.465	23.955.014	5.422.185	11.879.903	325	754.640.832

							Cumulative	
		Up to 1			6 Months-	1 Year and	savings	
Prior Period	Demand	month	1-3 Months	3-6 Months	1 Year	over	account	Total
Saving deposits	48.652.818	5.615.732	147.022.497	7.061.217	733.408	4.350.077	472	213.436.221
Foreign currency deposits	149.058.417	30.315.393	63.639.967	3.668.840	1.469.813	1.766.066	-	249.918.496
Residents in Turkey	145.816.938	29.914.710	61.723.338	3.384.220	1.332.362	794.816	-	242.966.384
Residents abroad	3.241.479	400.683	1.916.629	284.620	137.451	971.250	-	6.952.112
Public sector deposits	1.073.991	1.812.672	106.067	3.730	-	-	-	2.996.460
Commercial deposits	42.969.790	29.848.734	64.121.906	13.448.552	109.747	7.225.835	-	157.724.564
Other institutions deposits	340.198	606.623	3.278.473	414.220	722	13.487	-	4.653.723
Precious metals vault	31.226.726	-	1.125.635	-	1.152.310	132.437	-	33.637.108
Bank deposits	1.236.609	2.286.662	1.710.701	3.042.361	1.955.815	166.598	-	10.398.746
The CBRT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	4.342	2.154.596	887.874	3.042.361	1.955.815	166.598	-	8.211.586
Foreign banks	473.111	132.066	822.827	-	-	-	-	1.428.004
Participation banks	759.156	-	-	-	-	-	-	759.156
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	274.558.549	70.485.816	281.005.246	27.638.920	5.421.815	13.654.500	472	672,765,318

⁽¹⁾ Within the scope of the "Decision on Supporting Deposit and Participation Accounts Against Exchange Rate Increases (Decision No: 5206)" published in the Official Gazette dated February 24, 2022 and numbered 31760, and the CBRT's communiqués numbered 2021/14, 2021/16, 2022/7 and 2022/11, the "Currency protected TL deposit" product which provide protection against foreign currency exchange rate changes for TL deposits was launched for customers. In this context as of the report date, the total amount of deposits opened is TL 167.001.501 (31 December 2022 – TL 121.858.904).

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2.1.2. Information on deposits insurance:

2.1.2.1. Information on deposits under the guarantee of the deposits insurance fund and exceeding the limit of deposit insurance fund:

	Under the guarantee of	deposit insurance	Exceeding limit of the deposit insurance		
Saving Deposits	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	
Deposits	128.025.096	81.917.941	171.326.007	131.543.625	
Foreign currency saving deposits	51.682.689	33.461.579	78.874.999	105.018.961	
Other deposits	22.891.359	13.580.277	14.951.610	16.621.798	
Foreign branches' deposits under foreign					
authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-	
Off-shore banking regions' deposits under					
foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-	

	Under the guarantee of	deposit insurance	Exceeding limit of the deposit insurance		
Commercial deposits	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	
Deposits	18.117.101	13.503.981	129.957.581	125.981.694	
Foreign currency saving deposits	5.953.899	3.477.805	84.385.270	107.062.919	
Other deposits	871.741	453.968	2.991.728	2.980.166	
Foreign branches' deposits under foreign					
authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-	
Off-shore banking regions' deposits under					
foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-	

2.1.2.2. Deposits which are not under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance fund:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Foreign branches' deposits and other accounts	3.476.210	3.017.032
Saving deposits and other accounts of controlling shareholders and deposits of their		
mother, father, spouse, children in care	-	-
Saving deposits and other accounts of president and members of board of directors, CEO		
and vice presidents and deposits of their mother, father, spouse, children in care	1.142.679	1.058.777
Saving deposits and other accounts in scope of the property holdings derived from crime		
defined in article 282 of Turkish criminal law no:5237 dated 26.09.2004	-	-
Saving deposits in deposit bank which is established in Turkey in order to engage in off-		
shore banking activities solely	-	-

2.2. Information on trading derivative financial liabilities:

2.2.1. Negative differences table for derivative financial liabilities held for trading:

		Current Period			
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Forward transactions	172.121	3.676	212.753	3.747	
Swap transactions	6.978.445	5.913.810	6.141.759	5.658.760	
Futures transactions	25.385	-	13.354	-	
Options	14.457	110.518	126.456	204.515	
Other	-	-	-	-	
Total	7.190.408	6.028.004	6.494.322	5.867.022	

2.2.2. Negative differences table for derivative financial liabilities held for hedging:

		Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair value hedges (1)	-	-	1.380.313	-
Cash flow hedges (1)	3.375	-	32.350	-
Hedges for investments made in foreign countries	-	-	-	-
Total	3.375	-	1.412.663	-

⁽¹⁾ Explained in Note 8 of section 4.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2.3. Information about banks and other financial institutions:

2.3.1. Information on borrowings:

		Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
The CBRT borrowings	-	-	-	-
From domestic banks and institutions	537.296	1.444.861	827.825	1.467.010
From foreign banks, institutions and funds	546.572	65.965.765	949.471	66.804.114
Total	1.083.868	67.410.626	1.777.296	68.271.124

2.3.2. Information on maturity structure of borrowings:

		Current Period		Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term	517.878	10.015.339	811.104	12.417.743
Medium and long-term	565.990	57.395.287	966.192	55.853.381
Total	1.083.868	67.410.626	1.777.296	68.271.124

2.3.3. Information on securitization borrowings:

2.3.3.1. The Bank obtains borrowings via its structured entity, Yapı Kredi Diversified Payment Rights Finance Company, with future flow transactions which is founded on its future money transfers within its funding programme.

	Cur	Current Period		or Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From foreign banks	-	-	-	-
From foreign institutions	-	40.498.199	-	41.492.246
From foreign funds	-	-	-	-
Total	-	40.498.199	-	41.492.246

2.3.3.2. Information on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

The Bank classified some of its financial liabilities as the financial liabilities classified at fair value through profit/loss in order to eliminate the accounting mismatch at the initial recognition in accordance with TFRS 9. As of March 31, 2023, the total amount of financial liabilities classified as fair value through profit/loss is TL 36.861.431 (December 31, 2022 – TL 37.239.659) with an accrued interest income of TL 2.976.497 (December 31, 2022 - TL 2.366.494 income) and with a fair value difference of TL 621.215 recognized as an income (December 31, 2022 - TL 1.107.970 income). On the other hand, the nominal amounts of the total return swaps and bond forwards which are closely related with these financial liabilities as of March 31, 2023 are TL 38.880.268 (December 31, 2022 - TL 38.671.238) for buy legs and sell legs with a fair value differences amounting to TL 3.136.126 liability (December 31, 2022 – TL 2.554.954 liability). The mentioned total return swaps have 10 year maturity in average.

2.3.4. Information on marketable securities issued:

		Current Period		Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Bonds	6.285.411	3.678.688	7.407.273	2.031.595
Bills ⁽¹⁾	402.929	23.851.021	665.581	30.435.875
Total	6.688.340	27.529.709	8.072.854	32.467.470

⁽¹⁾ Including mortgage backed securities amounting to TL 1.234.014 as of March 31, 2023 (December 31, 2022 - TL 1.483.345).

2.4. Information on other liabilities:

As of March 31, 2023, other liabilities do not exceed 10% of the total balance sheet commitments.

2.5. Information on lease payables:

	C	Current Period		
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	710.237	494.300	601.905	417.121
Between $1-4$ years	1.408.015	980.549	1.227.178	851.753
More than 4 years	946.702	658.875	846.472	586.517
Total	3.064.954	2.133.724	2.675.555	1.855.391

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2.6. Information on provisions:

2.6.1. Information on reserve for employee benefits:

In accordance with Turkish Labour Law, the reserve for employment termination benefits is calculated as the present value of the probable future obligation in case of the retirement of employees. "TAS – 19 Employee Benefits" necessitates actuarial valuation methods to calculate the liabilities of enterprises.

The following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of total liabilities:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Discount rate (%)	0,55	0,55
Possibility of being eligible for retirement (%)	95,20	95,20

The principal actuarial assumption is that the maximum liability will increase in line with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the effects of future inflation. As the annual ceiling is revised semi-annually, the ceiling of full TL 19.982,83 effective from January 1, 2023 has been taken into consideration in calculating the reserve for employment termination benefits.

Movement of employment termination benefits liability in the balance sheet:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Prior period ending balance	2.756.809	897.413
Changes during the period	86.663	187.943
Recognized in equity	-	1.776.093
Paid during the period	(265.781)	(104.640)
Balance at the end of the period	2.577.691	2.756.809

In addition, the Bank has accounted for unused vacation rights provision amounting to TL 478.248 as of March 31, 2023 (December 31, 2022 - TL 424.244).

2.6.2. Information on provisions related with the foreign currency difference of foreign currency indexed loans:

None (December 31, 2022 – None).

2.6.3. Other provisions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Pension fund provision	2.945.243	2.945.243
Provisions on non-funded non cash loans	1.166.889	1.078.763
Generic provision on non cash loans	1.227.068	1.143.394
Provision on lawsuits	121.835	118.960
Provisions on credit cards and promotion campaigns related to banking services	136.114	108.764
Other	1.009.400	2.507.964
Total	6.606.549	7.903.088

2.7. Information on taxes payable:

2.7.1. Information on taxes payable:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Corporate Tax Payable	6.627.491	4.148.627
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax ("BITT")	580.336	555.693
Taxation of Marketable Securities	590.271	277.629
Value Added Tax Payable	54.876	37.258
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	88.654	133.467
Property Tax	9.810	6.923
Other	116.465	262.624
Total	8.067.903	5.422.221

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2.7.2. Information on premium payables:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social security premiums – employee	-	-
Social security premiums – employer	-	-
Bank pension fund premiums – employee	84.579	67.648
Bank pension fund premiums – employer	117.626	94.097
Pension fund deposit and provisions – employee	-	-
Pension fund deposit and provisions – employer	-	-
Unemployment insurance – employee	6.037	4.829
Unemployment insurance – employer	12.127	9.689
Other	-	-
Total	220.369	176.263

2.8. Liabilities for property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net):

None (December 31, 2022 - None).

2.9. Information on subordinated debt⁽¹⁾:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Debt instruments to be included in additional capital calculation	-	12.807.196	-	12.929.445
Subordinated loans	-	-	-	-
Subordinated debt	-	12.807.196	-	12.929.445
Debt instruments to be included in contribution capital calculation	712.029	14.904.092	725.201	25.733.586
Subordinated loans	-	5.184.664	-	16.059.998
Subordinated debt	712.029	9.719.428	725.201	9.673.588
Total	712.029	27.711.288	725.201	38.663.031

⁽¹⁾ Subordinated loans are explained in detail in Note "Details on Subordinated Liabilities" of section four.

2.10. Information on shareholders' equity:

2.10.1. Presentation of paid-in capital:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common stock	8.447.051	8.447.051
Preferred stock	-	-

2.10.2. Paid-in capital amount, explanation as to whether the registered share capital system is applied and if so, amount of registered share capital ceiling:

		Registered Share
Capital System	Paid-In Capital	Capital Ceiling
Registered Capital System	8.447.051	15.000.000

2.10.3. Information on the share capital increases during the period and the sources:

None (December 31, 2022 – None).

2.10.4. Information on transfers from capital reserves to capital during the current period:

None (December 31, 2022 – None).

2.10.5. Information on capital commitments, until the end of the fiscal year and the subsequent interim period:

None (December 31, 2022 - None).

2.10.6. Information on prior period's indicators on the Bank's income, profitability and liquidity, and possible effects of these future assumptions on the Bank's equity due to uncertainties of these indicators:

The interest, liquidity, and foreign exchange risk related to on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet assets and liabilities are managed by the Bank within several risk and legal limits.

2.10.7. Privileges on the corporate stock:

None (December 31, 2022 - None).

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2.10.8. Information on marketable securities value increase fund:

	Current Period			Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From investments in associates, subsidiaries, and joint				
ventures	733.792	11.719.421	760.044	11.166.800
Revaluation difference ⁽¹⁾	733.792	437.713	760.044	438.666
Foreign currency difference ⁽¹⁾	-	11.281.708	-	10.728.134
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive				
income	8.478.214	(702.167)	8.742.326	(945.392)
Revaluation difference (2)	8.478.214	(702.167)	8.742.326	(945.392)
Foreign currency differences	-	-	-	-
Total	9.212.006	11.017.254	9.502.370	10.221.408

⁽¹⁾ Includes differences between historical cost basis and equity method of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures.

2.10.9. Information on profit distribution:

In accordance with the General Assembly dated March 16, 2023, it was decided to distribute net profit of TL 52.744.689 as of December 31, 2022 as follows: TL 7.911.000 paid as cash dividend on March 20, 2023, TL 44.047.846 transferred to extraordinary reserves after the separation of TL 748.865 to general legal reserves and allocated a special reserve of TL 36.978 in total of which TL 36.295 related to real estate and participation sales income within the framework of Article 5 clause 1/e of Corporate Tax Law Numbered 5520 and TL 683 to be transferred to the venture capital investment fund pursuant to Article 3/14 of the Law on Supporting R&D and Design Activities Numbered 5746.

3. Explanations and notes related to off-balance sheet accounts

3.1. Information on off balance sheet commitments:

3.1.1. The amount and type of irrevocable commitments:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Commitments on credit card limits	200.782.470	136.756.258
Asset purchase and sale commitments	37.048.148	35.118.725
Loan granting commitments	62.226.434	53.491.909
Commitments for cheques	8.650.202	5.482.867
Other irrevocable commitments	40.192.339	29.421.817
Total	348.899.593	260.271.576

3.1.2. Type and amount of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items:

Obligations arising from off-balance sheet are disclosed in "Off-balance sheet commitments". The Bank set aside general provision for its non-cash loans amounting to TL 1.227.068 (December 31, 2022 - TL 1.143.394) and specific provision amounting to TL 1.492.299 (December 31, 2022 - TL 1.431.465) for non-cash loans which are not indemnified yet amounting to TL 1.166.889 (December 31, 2022 - TL 1.078.763).

3.1.2.1. Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptance loans, collaterals that are accepted as financial guarantees and other letter of credits:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Bank acceptance loans	912.264	864.879
Letter of credits	38.925.058	32.164.021
Other guarantees and collaterals	32.028.741	28.350.265
Total	71.866.063	61.379.165

⁽²⁾ Includes tax effect related to foreign currency valuation differences in TL column.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

3.1.2.2. Guarantees, suretyships and other similar transactions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Temporary letter of guarantees	4.997.016	4.124.146
Definite letter of guarantees	96.741.294	90.240.341
Advance letter of guarantees	30.169.895	29.283.824
Letter of guarantees given to customs	6.236.185	5.894.112
Other letter of guarantees	60.795.648	52.626.883
Total	198.940.038	182.169.306

3.1.3. Information on non-cash loans:

3.1.3.1. Total amount of non-cash loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non-cash loans given against cash loans	59.027.768	50.905.414
With original maturity of 1 year or less than 1 year	8.523.191	8.240.689
With original maturity of more than 1 year	50.504.577	42.664.725
Other non-cash loans	211.778.333	192.643.057
Total	270.806.101	243.548.471

3.2. Information on contingent liabilities and assets:

The Bank has recorded a provision of TL 121.835 (December 31, 2022 – TL 118.960) for litigation and has accounted for it in the accompanying financial statements under the "Other Provisions" account. Except for the claims where provisions are recorded, management considers as remote the probability of a negative result in ongoing litigations and therefore does not foresee cash outflow for such claims.

3.3. Information on services in the name and account of others:

The Bank's activities such as intermediation and custody to serve the investment needs of customers are followed up under off balance sheet accounts.

4. Explanations and notes related to income statement:

4.1. Information on interest income:

4.1.1. Information on interest income on loans:

	C	Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term loans (1)	7.376.893	664.869	3.432.638	445.124
Medium/long-term loans (1)	10.201.079	2.725.652	5.786.797	2.186.071
Interest on loans under follow-up	415.141	-	473.940	-
Premiums received from resource utilization support fund	-	-	-	-
Total	17.993.113	3.390.521	9.693.375	2.631.195

⁽¹⁾ Includes fees and commissions received for cash loans.

4.1.2. Information on interest income on banks:

	Current Period			Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From the CBRT	2.917	44.962	1.389	-
From domestic banks	52.315	-	53.516	12
From foreign banks	232	503.269	-	59.681
Headquarters and branches abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	55.464	548.231	54.905	59.693

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

4.1.3. Information on interest income on marketable securities:

	Cur	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	-	25.195	2.258	7.933	
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	3.527.823	331.731	2.267.680	154.112	
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	8.150.513	993.354	3.657.114	525.656	
Total	11.678.336	1.350.280	5.927.052	687.701	

As of March 31, 2023, the valuation of related CPI-indexed government bonds has been calculated according to the annual inflation forecast of 45%. In case the CPI forecast increases or decreases by 1%, profit before taxes as of March 31, 2023 will be impacted by approximately TL 194.277.

4.1.4. Information on interest income received from associates and subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Interest received from associates and subsidiaries	142.497	25.193
Total	142.497	25.193

4.2. Information on interest expense:

4.2.1. Information on interest expense on borrowings:

		Current Period		Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	51.066	998.684	59.822	527.414
The CBRT	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	30.678	27.795	30.939	6.616
Foreign banks	20.388	970.889	28.883	520.798
Headquarters and branches abroad	-	-	-	-
Other institutions	-	841.917	-	300.033
Total (1)	51.066	1.840.601	59.822	827.447

⁽¹⁾ Includes fees and commissions related to borrowings.

4.2.2. Information on interest expense to associates and subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Interest paid to associates and subsidiaries	184.620	49.785
Total	184.620	49.785

4.2.3. Information on interest expense to marketable securities issued:

		Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest expense to marketable securities issued	430.240	1.217.064	337.943	1.168.734
Total	430.240	1.217.064	337.943	1.168.734

4.2.4. Information on interest expense on money market transactions:

	(Current Period		Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest expense on money market transactions	185.421	95.945	1.101.830	20.007
Total	185.421	95,945	1.101.830	20,007

4.2.5. Information on other interest expenses:

Pursuant to the CBRT's regulation dated December 27, 2021 and numbered 2374 and regulation dated August 31, 2022 and numbered 1579, banks that fail to meet targets from foreign currency to Turkish Lira and the ratio of Turkish Lira deposits to total deposits are charged a commission over the required reserves for foreign currency deposits. In this regard, a commission expense of TL 177.038 (March 31, 2022 – TL 247.783) has been accounted in other interest expenses as of March 31, 2023.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

4.2.6. Maturity structure of the interest expense on deposits:

	Time Deposit								
						More		-	
	Demand	Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 6	Up to 1	than 1	Accumulating		Prior
Account name	Deposit	month	months	months	Year	year	deposit	Total	Period
TL									
Bank deposits	841	65.122	956	-	-	-	-	66.919	40.815
Saving deposits	-	243.772	9.511.931	130.360	30.770	12.208	40	9.929.081	2.411.793
Public sector deposits	-	21.003	10.341	213	-	-	-	31.557	4.308
Commercial deposits	33	1.183.502	3.487.711	226.941	213.264	262.592	-	5.374.043	2.100.155
Other deposits	-	109.504	997.675	289.643	56.703	148.537	-	1.602.062	650.162
Deposits with 7 days									
notification	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	874	1.622.903	14.008.614	647.157	300.737	423.337	40	17.003.662	5.207.233
FC									
Foreign currency deposits	445	23.944	247.256	4.043	3.077	2.487	-	281.252	138.818
Bank deposits	42.791	26.086	19.081	-	-	-	-	87.958	9.698
Deposits with 7 days									
notification	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious metal vault	-	90	1.418	-	348	28	-	1.884	773
Total	43.236	50.120	267.755	4.043	3.425	2.515	-	371.094	149.289
Grand total	44.110	1.673.023	14.276.369	651.200	304.162	425.852	40	17.374.756	5.356.522

4.3. Information on trading profit/loss (net):

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit	27.226.854	44.827.629
Gain from capital market transactions	1.116.921	347.811
Derivative financial transaction gains	12.420.736	23.090.520
Foreign exchange gains	13.689.197	21.389.298
Loss (-)	23.278.701	43.510.519
Loss from capital market transactions	8.381	22.194
Derivative financial transaction losses	9.839.493	17.334.440
Foreign exchange loss	13.430.827	26.153.885
Net gain/loss	3.948.153	1.317.110

4.4. Allowance for expected credit losses and other provision expenses:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Allowance for expected credit losses ⁽¹⁾	6.780.638	6.796.560
12-month expected credit losses (Stage 1)	2.113.844	1.048.989
Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	3.233.966	3.923.837
Credit-Impaired (Stage 3)	1.432.828	1.823.734
Impairment provisions for financial assets	-	228.446
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	-	228.446
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-
Impairment provisions related to investments in associates, subsidiaries and jointly controlled		
partnerships (Joint ventures)	-	-
Investments in associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Jointly controlled partnerships (joint ventures)	-	-
Other	22.988	552
Total	6.803.626	7.025.558

⁽¹⁾ Reversals of provisions for expected credit losses are started to be reported as gross basis. Therefore, the income amounting to TL 4.060.790 related to the reversal of provisions, which was previously reported under the allowance for expected credit loss, has been classified under Other Operating Income.

4.5. Information on derivatives financial transaction gain/loss:

The net gain resulting from the foreign exchange differences related to derivative financial transactions is TL 2.065.385 (March 31, 2022 - TL 6.850.322 gain).

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

4.6. Information on other operating income:

"Other Operating Income" in the statement of profit or loss mainly includes collections from receivables for which Specific / General provision has been allocated in prior periods.

Reversals of provisions for expected credit losses are started to be reported as gross basis. Therefore, the income amounting to TL 4.060.790 related to the reversal of provisions, which was previously reported under the allowance for expected credit loss, has been classified under Other Operating Income.

4.7. Information related to other operating expenses:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reserve for employee termination benefits	85.756	6.195
Provision expense for pension fund	-	-
Impairment expenses of property and equipment	-	-
Depreciation expenses of property and equipment	248.294	163.087
Impairment expenses of intangible assets	-	-
Goodwill impairment expenses	-	-
Amortisation expenses of intangible assets	65.030	54.671
Impairment expenses of equity participations for which equity method applied	-	-
Impairment expenses of assets held for resale	-	-
Depreciation expenses of assets held for resale	-	-
Impairment expenses of fixed assets held for sale and assets related to discontinued operations	-	-
Other operating expenses	4.724.054	1.214.292
TFRS 16 exempt lease expenses	35.233	27.506
Repair and maintenance expenses	91.497	46.133
Advertising expenses	167.594	47.900
Other expense	4.429.730	1.092.753
Loss on sales of assets	-	-
Other	1.070.538	424.344
Total	6.193.672	1.862.589

4.8. Information on income/loss before taxes from continuing operations and discontinued operations:

The profit before tax includes TL 13.827.419 (March 31, 2022 – TL 10.173.916) of net interest income, TL 5.143.944 (March 31, 2022 – TL 2.583.864) of net fees and commissions income, TL 2.660.384 personnel expenses (March 31, 2022 – TL 1.366.813) and other operating expenses amounting to TL 6.193.672 (March 31, 2022 – TL 1.862.589).

As of March 31, 2023, the Bank has no profit before tax from discontinued operations (March 31, 2022 – None).

4.9. Provision for taxes on income from continuing operations and discontinued operations:

As of March 31, 2023, the Bank tax expense from continued operations, from discontinued operations amounting to TL 2.479.251 (March 31, 2022 – TL 10.593.562 expense) and deferred tax income from continued operations amounting to TL 146.294 (March 31, 2022 - TL 8.442.713 deferred tax income).

4.10. Information on net income/loss for the period:

- **4.10.1.** The characteristics, dimension and recurrence of income or expense items arising from ordinary banking transactions do not require any additional explanation to understand the Bank's current period performance.
- **4.10.2.** The effect of the change in an estimate of financial statement items to profit / loss is not likely to affect subsequent periods

4.11. Other items in statement of profit or loss:

"Other fees and commissions received" in profit or loss mainly includes commissions and fees from credit cards and banking transactions.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

5. Explanations and notes related to the Bank's risk group

5.1. The volume of transactions relating to the Bank's risk group, outstanding loan and deposit transactions and profit and loss of the period:

5.1.1. Information on loans of the Bank's risk group:

			Direct	and indirect	Other real and legal persons	
	Associates,	subsidiaries	S	hareholders	that have	been included
Current Period	and jo	int ventures		of the Bank	in t	he risk group
Bank's risk group (1)(2)	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at the beginning of the period	1.560.635	585.093	152.609	903.139	11.984.555	5.772.850
Balance at the end of the period	2.721.705	648.969	118.379	1.195.773	13.364.661	6.020.381
Interest and commission income received)(3)	142.497	776	6.897	1.404	657.157	8.728

			Direct	and indirect	Other real and legal persons	
	Associates,	subsidiaries	s	hareholders	that have	been included
Prior Period	and jo	int ventures		of the Bank	in t	he risk group
Bank's risk group (1)(2)	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at the beginning of the period	660.084	892.378	416.619	1.070.846	8.100.359	3.310.640
Balance at the end of the period	1.560.635	585.093	152.609	903.139	11.984.555	5.772.850
Interest and commission income received(3)	25.193	1.078	15.208	2.570	266.292	5.747

⁽¹⁾ Defined in subsection 2 of the 49th article of the Banking Act No.5411.

5.1.2. Information on deposits of the Bank's risk group:

Bank's risk group (1)(2)	Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures		Dire	ect and indirect shareholders of the Bank	Other real and legal persons that have been included in the risk group	
			Current		Current	
Deposit	Current Period	Prior Period	Period	Prior Period	Period	Prior Period
Beginning of the period	4.268.084	2.837.798	27.722.742	38.192.490	70.370.899	50.910.186
End of the period	3.962.579	4.268.084	24.944.532	27.722.742	61.508.911	70.370.899
Interest expense on deposits(3)	184.620	49.785	680.856	499.920	947.602	361.430

⁽¹⁾ Defined in subsection 2 of the 49th article of the Banking Act No. 5411.

5.1.3. Information on forward and option agreements and other derivative instruments with the Bank's risk group:

		Direct and indirect		and indirect	Other real and legal person		
		subsidiaries	s	shareholders		that have been included	
Bank's risk group ⁽¹⁾	and jo	int ventures		of the Bank	i	n the risk group	
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Current		
	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Prior Period	
Transactions at fair value through profit							
or loss							
Beginning of the period ⁽²⁾	1.404.594	4.298.899	1.886.536	2.828.070	1.273.964	379.300	
End of the period (2)	1.472.640	1.404.594	5.261.949	1.886.536	172.582	1.273.964	
Total profit / (loss) ⁽³⁾	152.147	385.755	59.329	(13.138)	19.553	4.344	
Transactions for hedging purposes							
Beginning of the period (2)	-	-	-	525.855	-	-	
End of the period (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total profit / (loss) ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	

⁽¹⁾ Defined in subsection 2 of the 49th article of the Banking Act No. 5411.

5.2 Information regarding benefits provided to the Bank's top management:

Salaries and benefits paid to the Bank's top management amount to TL 22.452 as of March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 - TL 9.023).

6. Explanations and notes related to subsequent events

With the decision taken at the Board of Directors of the Bank dated April 27, 2023, it has decided to sell the non-performing loans amounting to TL 905.792 to various asset management companies for TL 233.100.

⁽²⁾ The information in table above includes marketable securities and due from banks as well as loans.

⁽³⁾ Prior period present profit / loss information of March 31, 2022.

⁽²⁾ The information in table above includes borrowings and repo transactions as well as deposits.

⁽³⁾ Prior period present profit / loss information of March 31, 2022.

⁽²⁾ The balances at the beginning and end of the periods are disclosed as the total of buy and sell amounts of derivative financial instruments.

⁽³⁾ Prior period present profit / loss information of March 31, 2022.

(Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements originally issued in Turkish, see in note 1. of section three)

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Section Six - Explanations on independent audit review report

1. Explanations on independent auditor's review report

The unconsolidated financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2023 have been reviewed by PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. The independent auditor's review report dated, April 28, 2023 is presented preceding the unconsolidated financial statements.

2. Explanations and notes prepared by independent auditor

None.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Section Seven - Information on interim activity report(1)

1. Interim activity report which also contains the evaluation of the Chairman and the CEO of the Bank about the interim period activities

1.1. Message from Yapı Kredi's Board of Directors Chairman Ali Y. Koç:

We are deeply saddened by the devastating earthquake that affected many provinces. My deepest condolences to those who lost their lives in the earthquake and to their families, and a quick recovery to the injured. As Koç Group, with our companies operating in various fields, we are striving to heal the wounds of the disaster and reach those in need.

In the first quarter of 2023, the global markets focused on growth, inflation, central bank policies and developments in the banking sector. The economic outlook remains uncertain due to overall concerns about the global financial sector following the bankruptcy of Silicon Valley Bank in the US, high inflation levels and the continuing effects of Russia-Ukraine war. According to the International Monetary Fund's Global Economic Outlook report dated April 2023, global growth is expected to slow down to 2,8% this year and then settle around 3,0% in 2024.

Turkey has been able to grow its economy with a controlled manner despite the challenging backdrop. The country has recorded an annual growth of 5,6% supported by foreign demand in the first half of the year and by domestic demand in the second half of the year.

The Turkish banking sector continued to support the economy, while strengthening its balance sheet structure. In the first three months of the year, total loans increased by 53% annually and reached TL 7.940 billion. In the same period, the deposit base grew by 68% to reach TL 9.354 billion. Thus, the loan/deposit ratio of the sector improved by 8 points compared to the same period of the previous year and decreased to 85%.

On the asset quality side, the positive trend continued, and the non-performing loans ratio decreased by 26 basis points to 1,8% since the end of 2022.

Yapı Kredi continued to contribute to the Turkish economy and the Turkish banking sector with its commitment to sustainability in all aspects of its operations. Going forward, preserving strong fundamentals, Yapı Kredi will continue to support the economy and its customers, while maintaining its focus on asset quality and healthy balance sheet structure.

I would hereby like to extend my thanks to all our customers and shareholders for their continuous support and trust, and our employees and their families for their devoted efforts.

Ali Y. Koç Chairman of the Board

(1) Unless otherwise stated, all figures in the section seven are expressed in full TL.

(Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements originally issued in Turkish, see in note 1. of section three)

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.2. Message from Yapı Kredi's CEO Gökhan Erün:

As Yapı Kredi, we are all deeply saddened by the earthquake disaster in Turkey. Bearing in mind the importance of sustainability and our responsibility towards our country and our people, we will continue to stand by our citizens in solidarity.

Growth, inflation and central bank monetary policies as well as developments in the banking sector continued to be the main topics to be followed by the global markets in the first quarter of 2023. Following the bankruptcy of Silicon Valley Bank in the US, liquidity concerns have arisen. In light of these developments, we have started to observe central banks, especially the FED, insinuating the end of rate hike cycles. Ongoing fight with inflation and the decreasing economic activity on the back of Russia-Ukraine war continue to put pressure on growth. According to the International Monetary Fund's Global Economic Outlook report dated April 2023, global growth is expected to slow down this year to 2,8% before stabilizing around 3,0% in 2024.

Our country's economy, on the other hand, continued its growth in a controlled manner despite the challenging conditions in the global markets. The Turkish economy grew by 5,6% in 2022 compared to the previous year. It is observed that the growth has been supported by foreign demand in the first half and domestic demand in the second half of the year. Growth in 2023 is expected to be negatively affected by the earthquake disaster that happened on February 6. However, the extent and duration of the negative impact coming from the affected area, which accounts for 9,3% of Turkey's GDP, will be a key component.

The Turkish banking sector, once again proved its resilience during this challenging period. Following the earthquake disaster, it not only did its best to heal the wounds of the earthquake survivors, but also continued its uninterrupted support to the economy by standing by its customers.

As Yapı Kredi, our support to the economy through cash and non-cash loans has increased by 42% annually exceeding TL 894 billion. In TL cash loans, the Bank recorded a year-to-date growth of 9% and an annual growth of 76%. On the other hand, year-to-date TL customer deposit growth was 26%, well above the loan growth. Thus, the Bank's TL loan deposit ratio decreased by 13 points to 92% during the first three months of the year.

While maintaining its support to the economy, the Bank preserved its strength in capital and liquidity ratios. The FX liquidity coverage ratio was 589%, while the total liquidity coverage ratio realized at 179% level. On the capital side, with the internal capital generation contributions, the consolidated capital adequacy ratio and the Tier 1 ratio remained strong at 17,7% and 15,9%, respectively (without the impact of regulatory forbearances).

I would like to take this opportunity to thank our customers, our shareholders for their trust, and our employees for their valuable efforts.

Gökhan Erün CEO

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.3. Overview of Financial Performance:

On 28 April 2023, Yapı Kredi announced its unconsolidated results for the first three months of 2023 based on Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (BRSA) Accounting and Reporting Legislation. The Bank's cash and non-cash loans reached TL 894.3 billion while total deposits reached to TL 754.6 billion. The Bank's net income reached TL 12.640 million indicating a return on average tangible equity of 39,6%.

Local currency driven loan and deposit growth with a solid liquidity

In the first three months of 2023, The Bank achieved 7% year-to-date growth in performing loans to TL 623.5 billion, mainly driven by Turkish Lira. During the same period, the Bank's total customer deposit growth was at 12% year-to-date and reached TL 741.3 billion. Also, demand deposits in total remained at a high level with 41%, within the scope of continued focus on small tickets in deposit gathering. Accordingly, loan-to-deposits plus Turkish Lira bonds ratio realized at 82%. The Bank's total and foreign currency liquidity coverage ratios realized at 179% and 589%, respectively.

Prudent and conservative asset quality approach

In the first three months of 2023, Yapı Kredi's non-performing loan ratio improved to 3,2%. During the period, net NPL inflows remained negative thanks to strong collections as well as limited NPL inflows. Accordingly, cumulative net cost of risk (adjusted for hedged foreign currency impact) materialised at 46 basis points in the first three months of 2023. Provisions to gross loans realized at 5,7%.

Strong capital ratios and ongoing internal capital generation

In the first three months of 2023, the capital ratios of the Bank were supported by ongoing internal capital generation. Hence, unconsolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio and Tier-1 ratio realized at 17,7% and 15,9% respectively, excluding regulatory forbearances.

Healthy, improving asset quality and strong liquidity

In the first three months of 2023, Yapı Kredi recorded TL 19.451 million of core banking revenues. Due to the regulations, loan yields were under pressure and funding costs were in an increasing trend. Despite challenging conditions, Yapı Kredi managed to preserve its loan to deposit spread in positive territory. With the limited support from CPI linker securities, swap adjusted net interest margin contracted by 402 basis points to 5,63%, in the three months of the year. Yapı Kredi recorded a substantial 99% improvement in year-over-year fee growth, reaching to TL 5,144 million. Operating costs increased due to the inflation pass-through impact and earthquake related costs by 174% year over year to TL 8.854 million. All in all, the Bank achieved a net income of TL 12.640 million and 39,6% return on average tangible equity.

1.4. Summary of Unconsolidated Financials

TL million	Current Period	Prior Period
Total Assets	1.167.471	1.108.094
Performing Loans	623.501	583.708
Total Deposits	754.641	672.765
Shareholder's Equity	131.424	126.256
Loans/Assets	53%	53%
Deposits/Assets	65%	61%
NPL	3.2%	3.4%
$CAR^{(1)}$	17,9%	21,3%
TL million	Current Period	Prior Period
Net Profit	12.640	7.258
Return on Average Tangible Equity	39,6%	42,2%

⁽¹⁾ Reported

(Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements originally issued in Turkish, see in note 1. of section three)

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.5. Important Developments and Transactions Affecting the Bank's Financial Performance:

- Yapı Kredi donated TL 580 million in cash related to the earthquake on February 6, 2023.
- On March 9, 2023, Yapı Kredi announced its decision to pay a gross cash dividend of TL 0,94 per share to be distributed on March 20, 2023.

1.6. Current Trends and Expectations for the Upcoming Period:

Yapı In the first three months of 2023, Yapı Kredi maintained its year-end guidance.

2023 Yapı Kredi Expectations:

- Loans: Turkish Lira loan growth at below ~40%, reduction in foreign currency loans
- Net Interest Margin (including swap costs): greater than 5%
- > Fees: higher than 60%
- Costs: lower than 100%
- ➤ Net Cost of Risk: ~100 basis points
- ➤ 2023 Return on Tangible Equity: high twenties