Publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements and related disclosures at September 30, 2022 together with auditor's review report

(Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements and review report originally issued in Turkish, See

Note I. of Section three)

AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT ON INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(Convenience translation of the independent auditor's review report originally issued in Turkish, See Note I of Section Three)

To the General Assembly of Yapıve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.

Introduction

We have reviewed the unconsolidated balance sheet of Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş. ("the Bank") at 30 September 2022 and the related unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, unconsolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, unconsolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other ex planatory notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the nine-month-period then ended. The Bank Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of interim financial information in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Reporting Legislation which includes "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency and circulars and interpretations published by BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" for those matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Limited Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying unconsolidated financial information does not present fairly in all material respects the financial position of Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş. at 30 September 2022 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the nine-month-period then ended in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

Report on other regulatory requirements arising from legislation

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section Seven, is not consistent with the reviewed unconsolidated financial statements and disclosures in all material respects.

Additional Paragraph for Convenience Translation:

BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation explained in detail in Section Three differ from International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board including the application of IAS 29 - Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies as of 30 September 2022. Accordingly, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are not intended to present fairly the unconsolidated financial position, results of operations, changes in equity and cash flows of the Bank in accordance with IFRS.

PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

Didem Demer Kaya, SMMM Partner

Istanbul, 31 October 2022

Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated interimfinancial statements and review report originally issued in Turkish, See Note I. of Section three

THE UNCONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT OF YAPI VE KREDI BANKASI A.Ş. AS OF SEPTEMBER 30,2022

Address :Yapı Kredi Plaza D Blok

Levent 34330 İstanbul

Telephone number:0212 339 70 00Fax number:0212 339 60 00Website:www.yapikredi.com.tr

E-mail :financialreports@yapikredi.com.tr

The unconsolidated financial report for the nine months which is prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué Related to Publicly Announced Financial Statements of Banks and Explanations and Notes Related to these Financial Statements" as regulated by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency includes the following sections.

- GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANK
- UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE BANK
- EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED IN THE RELATED PERIOD
- INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK
- EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT
- INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

The accompanying unconsolidated financial statements for the nine months period, related disclosures and footnotes which have been limitedly reviewed and presented in this report are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, the related statements and guidances, and in compliance with the financial records of the Bank, and unless stated otherwise, presented in **thousands of Turkish Lira** (TL).

Y. Ali KOÇ Gökhan ERÜN Demir KARAASLAN Barış SAVUR

Chairman of the Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer Financial Reporting and

Board of Directors CEO Accounting Executive Vice President

Dr. Ahmet ÇİMENO ĞLU Mehmet TIRNAKLI Nevin İPEK

Chairman of the Audit Member of the Audit Member of the Audit

Committee Committee Committee

Contact information of the personnel in charge of the addressing of questions about this financial report: Name-Surname/Title: Cengiz TİMUROĞLU / Balance Sheet Management and Financial Analysis Manager

Telephone number : 0212 339 77 67 **Fax number** : 0212 339 61 05

	Section one - General information	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	History of the Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status and amendments to legal status, if any Explanations about the Bank's capital structure, shareholders holding directly or indirectly, collectively or individually, the managem controlling power and changes in current year, if any and explanations on the controlling group of the Bank Explanations regarding the board of directors, members of the audit committee, chief executive officer and executive vice presidents of responsibility and shares if any Information on the individual and corporate shareholders having control shares of the Bank Summary information on the Bank's activities and service types Differences between the communiqué on preparation of consolidated financial statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standard explanation about the entities subject to full consolidation or proportional consolidation and entities which are deducted from equity of are not included in these three methods	and their areas 2 3 3 s and short r entities which 3
7.	The existing or potential, actual or legal obstacles on the immediate transfer of shareholder's equity between the Bank and its subsidiate imbursement of liabilities	aries or
	Section two - Unconsolidated financial statements	
1. 2. 3. 4.	Balance sheet (Statement of Financial Position) Off-balance sheet commitments Statements of Profit or Loss Statement of Profit or Loss and other comprehensive income	4 6 7 9
5. 6.	Statement of changes in shareholders' equity Statement of cash flows	10 12
	Section three - Accounting policies	1
1	<u> </u>	12
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26.	Explanations on basis of presentation Explanations on strategy of using financial instruments and foreign currency transactions Explanations on investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures Explanations on forward and option contracts and derivative instruments Explanations on interest income and expense Explanations on fie and commission income and expense Explanations on financial assets Explanations on impairment of financial assets Explanations on offsetting financial assets Explanations on offsetting financial assets Explanations on sales and repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions Information on assets held for resale and related to discontinued operations and explanations on liabilities related with these assets Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets Explanations on property and equipment Explanations on provisions, contingent asset and liabilities Explanations on obligations related to employee rights Explanations on obligations related to employee rights Explanations on issuance of share certificates Explanations on government grants Profit reserves and profit distribution Earnings per share Related parties Explanations on operating segments Explanations on other matters	13 14 15 15 17 17 17 21 23 23 24 24 25 25 25 26 27 28 29 29 29 29 29
20.	Section four - Financial Position and Risk Management	27
	-	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Explanations on equity Explanations on risk management Explanations on interest rate risk Explanations on interest rate risk Explanations on liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio Explanations on liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio Explanations on hedge accounting Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf of others and fiduciary transactions Explanations on operating segments	30 34 36 38 39 40 44 44 47
	Section five - Explanations and notes related to unconsolidated financial statements	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Explanations and notes related to assets Explanations and notes related to liabilities Explanations and notes related to off-balance sheet accounts Explanations and notes related to income statement Explanations and notes related to the Bank's risk group Explanations and notes related to subsequent events	49 59 64 65 69
	Section six – Explanations on independent audit review report	
1. 2.	Explanations on independent auditor's review report Explanations and notes prepared by independent auditor	70 70

Section seven - Information on interim activity report

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Section one

General Information

1. History of the Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status and amendments to legal status, if any:

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş. ("the Bank" or "Yapı Kredi"), was established and started operations on September 9, 1944 with the permission of the Council of Ministers No. 3/6710 as a private capital commercial bank authorised to perform all banking, economic, financial and commercial activities which are allowed by the laws of the Turkish Republic. The statute of the Bank has not changed since its incorporation.

2. Explanations about the Bank's capital structure, shareholders holding directly or indirectly, collectively or individually, the management and controlling power and changes in current year, if any and explanations on the controlling group of the Bank:

Bank's publicly traded shares are traded on the Borsa Istanbul ("BIST") since 1987. As of September 30, 2022, 32,03 % of the shares of the Bank are publicly traded (December 31, 2021 - 32,03%). 40,95% of the shares out of the remaining 67,97% is owned by Koç Finansal Hizmetler A.Ş. ("KFS") which is owned by Koç Group, 27,02% is owned by Koç Holding A.Ş.

KFS was established on March 16, 2001 to combine Koç Group finance companies under one organisation and it became the main shareholder of Koçbank in 2002. On October 22, 2002, Koç Group established a strategic partnership with UniCredit Group ("UCG") over KFS.

In 2005, the Bank's shares that were owned by Çukurova Group Companies and the Saving Deposits Insurance Fund ("SDIF") were purchased by Koçbank. In 2006, Koçbank purchased additional shares of the Bank from BIST and an investment fund and, during the same year, all rights, receivables, debts and liabilities of Koçbank were transferred to the Bank pursuant the merger of the two banks. As a result of the merger and the share transfer procedures in 2007 and of a capital increase by TL 920 million in 2008, KFS shares in the Bank increased to 81,80%. KFS shares increased to 81,90% with the capital increase by TL 4,1 billion in 2018.

As of November 30, 2019, Koç Group and UCG have reached a deal to exchange their shares in the Bank and KFS.

Accordingly all the shares of KFS, which is currently a joint venture, are transferred to Koç Group. Besides, after the shares are transferred, KFS holds 40,95%, UCG holds 31,93% directly and Koç Group holds a total of 49.99% directly and indirectly of the Bank shares and became controlling shareholder.

In addition, as of February 6, 2020, UniCredit also announced the placement of an 11.93% shares in Bank to institutional investors. The transaction has been completed on February 13, 2020. As a result UCG holds directly 20,00% of the Bank shares.

In year 2021, UCG completed the sale of 2,00% shares in stock market and for the sale of remaining 18,00% shares UCG came to an agreement with Group as per the Share Sale and Purchase Agreement relating to the sale of the Bank publicly disclosed as of November 30, 2019. Accordingly, it has been announced that Koç Group used its right of first offer for the sale of the Bank shares which are planned to be sold by UCG on November 9, 2021. The sale of the relevant shares was completed on April 1, 2022, and Koç Holding A.Ş.'s share ratio increased from 9.02% to 27.02%.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

3. Explanations regarding the board of directors, members of the audit committee, Chief Executive Officer and executive vice presidents, and their areas of responsibility and shares if any:

As of September 30, 2022, the Bank's Board of Directors, Members of the Audit Committee, General Manager and Assistant General Managers are as follows.

Board of Directors Members:

Name	Responsibility
Y. Ali KOÇ	Chairman
Levent ÇAKIROĞLU	Vice Chairman
Gökhan ERÜN	Executive Director and CEO
A. Ümit TAFTALI	Member
Ahmet ÇİMENOĞLU	Independent Member
Ahmet Fadıl ASHABOĞLU	Member
Kemal UZUN	Member
Mehmet TIRNA KLI	Independent Member
Melih POYRAZ	Member
Nevin İPEK	Independent Member
Polat ŞEN	Member
Virma SÖKMEN	Independent Member

Audit Committee Members:

Name	Responsibility
Ahmet ÇİMENOĞLU	Chairman
Mehmet TIRNAKLI	Member
Nevin İPEK	Member

General Manager:

Name	Responsibility
Gökhan ERÜN	Executive Director and CEO

Assistant General Managers:

Name	Responsibility
Abdullah GEÇER	Internal Audit
Akif Cahit ERDOĞAN	Commercial and SME Banking Management
Cemal Aybars SANAL	Legal Management
Demir KARAASLAN	Financial Planning and Administration
Mehmet Erkan AKBULUT	Credits
Mehmet Erkan ÖZDEMİR	Compliance, Internal Control and Risk Management / Consumer Relations Coordination Officer
Muharrem Kaan ŞAKUL	Corporate Banking
Özden ÖNALDI	Human Resources, Organization and Internal Services Management
Saruhan YÜCEL	Treasury Management
Serkan ÜLGEN	Retail Banking
Uğur Gökhan ÖZDİNÇ	Technology, Data and Process Management
Yakup DOĞAN	Limitless Banking

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

4. Information on the individual and corporate shareholders having control shares of the Bank:

Name/Commercial title	Share amounts (nominal)	Share percentage	Paid-in capital (nominal)	Unpaid portion
Koç Finansal Hizmetler A.Ş.	3.459.065.642,23	40,95	3.459.065.642,23	-
Koç Holding A.Ş	2.282.666.574,00	27,02	2.282.666.574,00	-

Koç Finansal Hizmetler A.Ş. is managed of Koç Group, and Temel Ticaret ve Yatırım A.Ş.

5. Summary information on the Bank's activities and service types:

The Bank's activities summarized from the section 3 of the articles of association are as follows.

The Bank's purpose and subject matter, in accordance with the Banking Law, regulations and existing laws, include;

- The execution of all banking activities,
- The execution of all economic and financial activities which are allowed by the regulation,
- The execution of the representation, attorney and agency activities related to the subjects written above,
- The purchase and sale of share certificates, bonds and all the capital market instruments, in accordance with Capital Market Law and regulations.

In case of necessity for performing activities which are useful and required but that are not specified in the articles of association, a Board of Directors' proposal is to be presented to the General Assembly. With the approval of the General Assembly the proposal becomes applicable, subject to the approvals required by law.

As of September 30, 2022, the Bank has 801 branches operating in Turkey and 1 branch in overseas (December 31, 2021 - 803 branches operating in Turkey, 1 branch in overseas).

As of September 30, 2022, the Bankhas 15.758 employees (December 31, 2021 - 15.452 employees).

6. Differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards and short explanation about the entities subject to full consolidation or proportional consolidation and entities which are deducted from equity or entities which are not included in these three methods:

According to Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards, Banque de Commerce et de Placements SA, one of the associates of the Bank is consolidated through "Equity Method" in the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Allianz Yaşam ve Emeklilik A.Ş., on which the Bank has indirect participation, is also consolidated through "Equity Method" in the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Yapı Kredi Kültür Sanat Yayıncılık Tic. ve San. A.Ş., Enternasyonal Turizm Yatırım A.Ş., Yapı Kredi Teknoloji A.Ş. and Yapı Kredi Finansal Teknolojiler A.Ş. which are subsidiaries of the Bank, are not consolidated into the Bank's consolidated financial statements in accordance with Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements since these entities are not financial institutions.

All other subsidiaries are fully consolidated.

7. The existing or potential, actual or legal obstacles on the immediate transfer of shareholder's equity between the Bank and its subsidiaries or reimbursement of liabilities:

None.

Unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30,2022 and December 31,2021 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Section two - Unconsolidated financial statements

1. **Balance sheet (Statement of Financial Position)**

					Current Period (30/09/2022)			Prior Period (31/12/2021)
	ASSET	Note (Section			(0 0,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000			(6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		five)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		94.581.627	164.355.046	258.936.673	77.466.406	123.661.044	201.127.450
1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.1	32.027.137	140.468.540	172.495.677	30.026.320	113.352410	143.378.730
1.1.1	Cash and Balances with Central Bank		31.329.881	118.989.679	150.319.560	22.667.064	93.521.502	116.188566
1.1.2	Banks	1.4.1	50.995	20.730.398	20.781.393	5.603.000	20.002.766	25.605.766
1.1.3 1.1.4	Money Markets Provisions for Expected Losses (-)	1.4.2	650.233 3.972	804.660 56.197	1.454.893 60.169	1.809.366 53.110	171.858	1.809.366 224.968
1.1.4	Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement	1.2	3.972 81	1.386.586	1.386.667	259.959	950.827	1.210.786
1.2.1	Government debt securities	1.2	01	325.240	325.240	27.044	179.601	206.645
1.2.1	Share certificates		-	323.240	323.240	228.446	1/9.001	228.446
1.2.3	Other financial assets		81	1.061.346	1.061.427	4.469	771.226	775.695
1.3	Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to other comprehensive		01	1.001.540	1.001.42/	4.409	771.220	113.093
1.0	income statement	1.5,1.6	48.931.531	15.024.608	63.956.139	27,646,234	6.863.466	34.509.700
1.3.1	Government debt securities	,	48.831.928	14.321.032	63.152.960	27.628.275	6.022.847	33.651.122
1.3.2	Share certificates		99.603	5.608	105.211	17.959	4.594	22.553
1.3.3	Other financial assets		-	697.968	697.968	-	836.025	836.025
1.4	Derivative Financial Assets	1.3	13.622.878	7.475.312	21.098.190	19.533.893	2.494.341	22.028.234
1.4.1	Derivative financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement		8.342.432	3.907.049	12.249.481	16.047.497	2.448.249	18.495.746
1.4.2	Derivative financial assets where fair value change is reflected to other comprehensive							
	income statement		5.280.446	3.568.263	8.848.709	3.486.396	46.092	3.532.488
II.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST (Net)		433.751382	237.567.775	671.319.157	272.550525	196.872.787	469.423312
2.1	Loans	1.7	374.054522	184.707.334	558.761.856	243.127261	163.140.206	406.267.467
2.2	Receivables From Leasing Transactions (Net)	1.12					-	
2.3	Factoring Receivables		1.230.469	10.823	1.241.292	734.021	-	734.021
2.4	Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	1.8	78.219.144	65.466.363	143.685.507	48.091.754	43.783.746	91.875.500
2.4.1	Government debt securities		77.888.340	65.466.363	143.354.703	47.760.950	43.783.746	91.544.696
2.4.2	Other financial assets		330.804	-	330.804	330.804	-	330.804
2.5 III.	Provisions for Expected Losses (-) ASSETS HELD FOR RESALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED		19.752.753	12.616.745	32.369.498	19.402.511	10.051.165	29.453.676
111.	OPERATIONS (Net)	1.15	1.039.091	_	1.039.091	1.327.210		1.327.210
3.1	Held for Sale Purposes	1.13	1.039.091	-	1.039.091	1.327.210		1.327.210
3.2	Related to Discontinued Operations		1.037.071	_	1.037.071	1.327.210		1.527.210
IV.	INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES		6.804.925	11.953.937	18.758.862	5.199.224	10.007.885	15.207.109
4.1	Investments in Associates (net)	1.9	38.446	2.673.972	2.712.418	38.446	2.050.744	2.089.190
4.1.1	Consolidated based on Equity Method	1.7	50.440	2.073.772	2.712.410	-	2.050.74	2.007.170
4.1.2	Unconsolidated		38,446	2.673.972	2.712.418	38,446	2.050.744	2.089.190
4.2	Subsidiaries (Net)	1.10	6.766.479	9.279.965	16.046.444	5.160.778	7.957.141	13.117.919
4.2.1	Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries		6.734.163	9.279.965	16.014.128	5.153.478	7.957.141	13.110.619
4.2.2	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		32.316	-	32.316	7.300	_	7.300
4.3	Joint Ventures (Net)	1.11		-			-	-
4.3.1	Consolidated based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3.2	Unconsolidated		-	-	-	-	-	-
v.	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Net)		9.373.885	-	9.373.885	4.851.380	-	4.851.380
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS [Net]		2.057.302	-	2.057.302	2.001.661	-	2.001.661
6.1	Goodwill		979.493	-	979.493	979.493	-	979.493
6.2	Other		1.077.809	-	1.077.809	1.022.168	-	1.022.168
VII.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Net)	1.13	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	CURRENT TAX ASSETS		-	-	·		-	-
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	1.14	5.464.255	-	5.464.255	3.484.572	-	3.484.572
X.	OTHER ASSETS	1.16	23.895.931	39.038.768	62.934.699	8.877.906	30.469.166	39.347.072
	TOTAL ACCOUNT		## < 0 <0.200	150 0155	4 040 00252	255 55000	244 040600	
	TOTAL ASSETS		576.968398	452.915.526	1.029.883.924	375.758.884	361.010882	736.769.766

Unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30,2022 and December 31,2021 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1. **Balance sheet (Statement of Financial Position)**

					Current Period (30/09/2022)			Prior Period (31/12/2021)
	LIABILITIES	Note (Section five)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
		11.0)	- 12	- 10	10111		10	10411
I.	DEPOSITS	2.1	307.360.136	297.830384	605.190.520	146.176.720	254.918.696	401.095416
II.	BORROWINGS	2.3.1	2.005.571	72.143.254	74.148.825	1.545.406	59.578.762	61.124.168
III.	MONEY MARKETS		18.148.932	7.763.467	25.912.399	48.560.354	4.347.923	52.908.277
IV.	MARKETABLE SECURITIES ISSUED (Net) Bills	2.3.4	7.383.246	28.571.563	35.954.809	7.240.548	27.013.194	34.253.742
4.1 4.2	Asset backed Securities		5.977.358	246.101	6.223.459	5.828.651	-	5.828.651
4.3	Bonds		1.405.888	28.325.462	29.731.350	1.411.897	27.013.194	29 425 001
V.	FUNDS		1.403.888	28.323.462	29.731.330	1.411.897	27.013.194	28.425.091
5.1	Borrower Funds					_	_	_
5.2	Other		-	_	-	-	_	-
VI.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT AND LOSS	2.3.3.2	630.840	35.569.092	36.199.932	658,578	25.135.654	25,794,232
VII.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	2.2	8.701.157	6.558.656	15.259.813	13.711.094	4.320.954	18.032.048
7.1	Derivative Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss		8.643.737	6.558.656	15.202.393	13.711.094	3.637.761	17.348.855
7.2 VIII.	Derivative Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Profit FACTORING PAYABLES		57.420	-	57.420	-	683.193	683.193
IX.	LEASE PAYABLES (Net)	2.5	1.595.096	13.995	1.609.091	1.294.315	11.902	1.306.217
X.	PROVISIONS	2.6	6.345.128	1.195.592	7.540.720	4.899.201	927.298	5.826.499
10.1	Provisions for Restructuring		-	-	-	-	-	-
10.2	Provisions for Employee Rights	2.6.1	1.662.650	-	1.662.650	1.078.134	-	1.078.134
10.3	Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
10.4	Other Provisions	2.6.3	4.682.478	1.195.592	5.878.070	3.821.067	927.298	4.748.365
XI.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES	2.7	6.746.571	-	6.746.571	2.877.865	-	2.877.865
XII.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE AND			-		-	-	-
XIII.	RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	2.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
13.1	Held for Sale		-	-	-	-	-	-
13.2	Related to Discontinued Operations			-	-			
XIV.	SUBORDINATED DEBT	2.9	752.740	54.707.808	55.460.548	808.921	38.633.078	39.441.999
14.1 14.2	Loans		752 740	15.890.157 38.817.651	15.890.157 39.570.391		11.144.441 27.488.637	11.144.441 28.297.558
XV.	Other Facilities OTHER LIABILITIES	2.4	752.740 42.623.453	10.719.899	53.343.352	808.921 24.859.536	5.765.589	30.625.125
XVI.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	2.10	101.493.184	11.024.160	112.517.344	56.044.605	7.439.573	63.484.178
16.1	Paid in Capital	2.10	8.447.051	11.024.100	8.447.051	8.447.051	7.437.373	8.447.051
16.2	Capital Reserves		2.175.496	_	2.175.496	2.155.905	_	2.155.905
16.21	Share Premium		556,937	_	556.937	556.937	_	556.937
16.22	Share Cancellation Profits		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.23	Other Capital Reserves		1.618.559	-	1.618.559	1.598.968	-	1.598.968
16.3	Other accumulated comprehensive income that will not be reclassified in profit or loss		4.549.172	438.646	4.987.818	1.759.966	438.066	2.198.032
16.4	Other accumulated comprehensive income that will be reclassified in profit or loss		8.895.962	10.585.514	19.481.476	552.506	7.001.507	7.554.013
16.5	Profit Reserves		42.110.055	-	42.110.055	32.639.419	-	32.639.419
16.5.1	Legal Reserves		1.747.175	-	1.747.175	1.544.526	-	1.544.526
16.52	Statutory reserves		40.262.000	-	40.262.000	21.004.002	-	21.004.002
16.53	Extraordinary Reserves		40.362.880	-	40.362.880	31.094.893	-	31.094.893
16.5 <i>A</i> 16.6	Other Profit Reserves Profit or loss		35.315.448	-	35.315.448	10.489.758	-	10.489.758
16.61	Prior years' profits or losses		33.313.448	-	33.313.448	10.489.738	-	10.489./38
16.62	Current period net profit or loss		35.315.448	-	35.315.448	10.489.758	-	10.489.758
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		503.786.054	526.097.870	1.029.883924	308.677.143	428.092.623	736.769.766

Unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30,2022 and December 31,2021 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2. Off-balance sheet commitments

					Current Period (30/09/2022)			Prior Period (31/12/2021)
	Off-balance sheet commitments	Note (Section five)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
A.	Off-balance sheet commitments (I+II+III)		511.041.640	776.935.515	1.287.977.155	366.437.642	600.991.236	967.428.878
I.	Guarantees and warranties	3.1.2.1,2	84.296.519	145.932.547	230.229.066	41.096.267	119.523.472	160.619.739
1.1. 1.1.1.	Letters of guarantee Guarantees subject to state tender law	3.1.2.2	78.424.178 1.238.270	96.229.177 1.262.917	174.653.355 2.501.187	40.320.795 772.497	79.173.580 986.476	119.494.375 1.758.973
1.1.2.	Guarantees subject to state tender law Guarantees given for foreign trade operations		22.808.059	94.966.260	117.774.319	7.443.890	78.187.104	85.630.994
1.1.3.	Other letters of guarantee		54.377.849	-	54.377.849	32.104.408	-	32.104.408
1.2. 1.2.1.	Bank acceptances Import letter of acceptance		-	1.138.814 1.138.814	1.138.814 1.138.814	-	545.822 545.822	545.822 545.822
1.2.1.	Other bank acceptances		-	1.136.614	1.136.614	-	343.822	343.622
1.3.	Letters of credit		259.546	31.810.829	32.070.375	71.417	25.436.069	25.507.486
1.3.1.	Documentary letters of credit		259.546	31.810.829	32.070.375	71.417	25.436.069	25.507.486
1.3.2. 1.4.	Other letters of credit Prefinancing given as guarantee		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.	Endorsements		-	_	-	-	-	-
1.5.1.	Endorsements to the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.2. 1.6.	Other endorsements Purchase guarantees for Securities issued		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.7.	Factoring guarantees				-	-	-	
1.8.	Other guarantees		5.612.795	9.798.244	15.411.039	704.055	7.649.943	8.353.998
1.9.	Other warranties		-	6.955.483	6.955.483	-	6.718.058	6.718.058
II. 2.1.	Commitments Irrevocable commitments		211.158.547 191.376.941	94.551.023 60.374.407	305.709.570 251.751.348	111.608.609 108.431.948	38.572.768 14.208.872	150.181.377 122.640.820
2.1.1.	Asset purchase and sale commitments		4.913.882	56.946.919	61.860.801	6.450.608	13.345.662	19.796.270
2.1.2.	Deposit purchase and sales commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.3.	Share capital commitments to associates and subsidiaries		45 407 077	2 471 210	40 077 207	26 475 410	252 100	26 927 512
2.1.4.	Loan granting commitments Securities issue brokerage commitments		45.406.077	2.671.319	48.077.396	26.475.410	352.100	26.827.510
2.1.6.	Commitments for reserve requirements		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.7.	Commitments for checks payments		5.306.582	-	5.306.582	4.306.427	-	4.306.427
2.1.8. 2.1.9.	Tax and fund liabilities from export commitments Commitments for credit card expenditure limits		213 112.740.405	-	213 112.740.405	595 58.777.036	-	595 58.777.036
2.1.10.	Commitments for credit cards and banking services promotions		52.950	_	52.950	46.457	-	46.457
2.1.11.	Receivables from short sale commitments of marketable securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.12.	Payables for short sale commitments of marketable securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.13. 2.2.	Other irrevocable commitments Revocable commitments		22.956.832 19.781.606	756.169 34.176.616	23.713.001 53.958.222	12.375.415 3.176.661	511.110 24.363.896	12.886.525 27.540.557
2.2.1.	Revocable loan granting commitments		19.781.606	34.176.616	53.958.222	3.176.661	24.363.896	27.540.557
2.2.2.	Other revocable commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
III. 3.1	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS Derivative financial instruments held for hedging		215.586.574 33.510.141	536.451.945 91.649.832	752.038.519 125.159.973	213.732.766 38.510.141	442.894.996 73.941.143	656.627.762 112.451.284
3.1.1	Fair value hedges		270.141	1.496.587	1.766.728	270.141	1.225.972	1.496.113
3.1.2	Cash flow hedges		33.240.000	90.153.245	123.393.245	38.240.000	72.715.171	110.955.171
3.1.3	Hedges for investments made in foreign countries		102.076.422	-		175 222 625	250.052.052	-
3.2 3.2.1	Trading transactions Forward foreign currency purchase and sale transactions		182.076.433 12.127.507	444.802.113 14.487.057	626.878.546 26.614.564	175.222.625 10.602.638	368.953.853 15.678.489	544.176.478 26.281.127
3.2.1.1	Forward foreign currency purchase transactions		11.296.370	2.385.077	13.681.447	7.840.303	5.169.741	13.010.044
3.2.1.2	Forward foreign currency sale transactions		831.137	12.101.980	12.933.117	2.762.335	10.508.748	13.271.083
3.2.2 3.2.2.1	Currency and interest rate swaps		146.560.494 4.132.813	313.356.545 95.551.122	459.917.039 99.683.935	151.448.310 2.859.608	264.814.946 90.035.422	416.263.256 92.895.030
3.2.2.1	Currency swap purchase transactions Currency swap sale transactions		78.995.681	21.196.361	100.192.042	62.212.802	29.611.504	91.824.306
3.2.2.3	Interest rate swap purchase transactions		31.716.000	98.304.531	130.020.531	43.187.950	72.584.010	115.771.960
3.2.2.4	Interest rate swap sale transactions		31.716.000	98.304.531	130.020.531	43.187.950	72.584.010	115.771.960
3.2.3 3.2.3.1	Currency, interest rate and securities options Currency purchase options		12.083.807 11.686.311	25.280.119 5.511.948	37.363.926 17.198.259	500.032 339.490	13.094.173 4.102.550	13.594.205 4.442.040
3.2.3.2	Currency sale options		397.496	16.517.391	16.914.887	160.542	4.450.370	4.610.912
3.2.3.3	Interest rate purchase options		-	2.887.171	2.887.171	-	3.395.525	3.395.525
3.2.3.4	Interest rate sale options		-	363.609	363.609	-	1.145.728	1.145.728
3.2.3.5	Securities purchase options Securities sale options				-	-	-	
3.2.4	Currency futures		1.379.823	1.257.685	2.637.508	600.295	534.725	1.135.020
3.2.4.1	Currency purchase futures		1.059.659	253.132	1.312.791	568.563	40.879	609.442
3.2.4.2 3.2.5	Currency sale futures Interest rate futures		320.164	1.004.553	1.324.717	31.732	493.846	525.578
3.2.5.1	Interest rate futures		-	-	-	-	-	
3.2.5.2	Interest rate sale futures		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.6	Other CUSTODY AND PLEDGED SECURITIES (IV+V+VI)		9.924.802	90.420.707	100.345.509	12.071.350	74.831.520	86.902.870
B. IV.	CUSTODY AND PLEDGED SECURITIES (IV+V+VI) ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		1.143.083.224 245.542.690	449.373.149 47.275.702	1.592.456.373 292.818.392	671.943.354 114.426.970	330.735.897 30.459.685	1.002.679.251 144.886.655
4.1.	Assets under management		174.526.670	12.989.442	187.516.112	66.693.304	9.000.959	75.694.263
4.2.	Securities held in custody		4.452.111	33.127.722	37.579.833	6.176.884	20.351.678	26.528.562
4.3. 4.4.	Checks received for collection Commercial notes received for collection		53.796.604 12.709.161	64.463 845.923	53.861.067 13.555.084	32.974.820 8.523.818	70.173 840.142	33.044.993 9.363.960
4.4.	Other assets received for collection		-2.707.101	196.431	196.431	3.323.010	156.893	156.893
4.6.	Securities received for public offering		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.7.	Other items under custody		58.144	51.721	109.865	58.144	39.840	97.984
4.8. V.	Custodians PLEDGED ITEMS		859.358.078	360.023.036	1.219.381.114	531.413.045	272.362.495	803.775.540
5.1.	Marketable securities		811.576	2.052	813.628	863.295	1.439	864.734
5.2.	Guarantee notes		856.868	731.401	1.588.269	569.678	673.773	1.243.451
5.3. 5.4	Commodity Warrant		5.912	-	5.912	5.912	-	5.912
5.4. 5.5.	Warrant Immovables		270.942.913	59.017.433	329.960.346	187.413.174	41.576.497	228.989.671
5.6.	Other pledged items		586.740.809	300.239.451	886.980.260	342.560.986	230.087.529	572.648.515
5.7.	Depositories receiving pledged items		-	32.699	32.699	26 102 225	23.257	23.257
VI.	ACCEPTED GUARANTEES AND WARRANTEES		38.182.456	42.074.411	80.256.867	26.103.339	27.913.717	54.017.056
	TOTAL OFF BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS)		1.654.124.864	1.226.308.664	2.880.433.528	1.038.380.996	931.727.133	1.970.108.129

Unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022 and 2021 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

3. **Statements of Profit or Loss**

		Note (Section	Current Period (01/01/2022 -	Prior Period (01/01/2021 -
	Income and expense items	five)	30/09/2022)	30/09/2021)
I.	INTEREST INCOME	4.1	81.911.933	35.362.715
1.1	Interest on Loans	4.1.1	47.332.289	25.597.929
1.2	Interest received from reserve deposits		255.955	559.199
1.3	Interest Received from Banks	4.1.2	532.136	238.395
1.4	Interest Received from Money Market Transactions		114.083	14.839
1.5	Interest Received from Marketable Securities Portfolio	4.1.3	33.522.773	8.904.783
1.5.1	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss		34.036	18.257
1.5.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive income		12.231.917	2.896.357
1.5.3	Financial assets measured at amortised cost		21.256.820	5.990.169
1.6	Financial Lease Income		-	-
1.7	Other Interest Income		154.697	47.570
II.	INTEREST EXPENSE (-)	4.2	35.499.934	20.538.442
2.1	Interest on Deposits	4.2.6	21.120.758	11.226.348
2.2	Interest on Funds Borrowed	4.2.1	3.446.394	1.486.980
2.3	Interest expense on money market transactions	4.2.4	4.047.040	4.511.202
2.4	Interest on Securities Issued	4.2.3	4.933.505	3.169.133
2.5	Interest on Lease Payables		163.192	120.852
2.6	Other Interest Expense	4.2.5	1.789.045	23.927
III.	NET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)		46.411.999	14.824.273
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE		9.622.632	5.215.021
4.1	Fees and Commissions Received		13.355.467	7.011.910
4.1.1	Non-cash Loans		1.447.448	856.386
4.1.2	Other	4.11	11.908.019	6.155.524
4.2	Fees and Commissions Paid		3.732.835	1.796.889
4.2.1	Non-cash Loans		543	479
4.2.2	Other		3.732.292	1.796.410
V	DIVIDEND INCOME		48.910	2.615
VI.	TRADING PROFIT/LOSS (Net)	4.3	7.711.594	(3.050.867)
6.1	Trading Gains/Losses on Securities		2.236.207	149.351
6.2	Derivative Financial Transactions Gains/Losses	4.5	15.162.784	3.044.608
6.3	Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses		(9.687.397)	(6.244.826)
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	4.6	2.700.088	1.495.610
VIII.	GROSS PROFIT FROM OPERATING A CTIVITIES (III+IV+V+VI+VII)		66.495.223	18.486.652
IX.	PROVISION FOR EXPECTED LOSSES (-)	4.4	9.928.137	3.752.049
X.	OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	4.4	275.551	184.450
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)		5.425.253	2.844.617
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	4.7	7.699.193	3.940.546
XIII.	NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)		43.167.089	7.764.990
XIV.	SURPLUS WRITTEN AS GAIN AFTER MERGER		-	-
XV.	PROFIT/LOSS FROM EQUITY METHOD APPLIED SUBSIDIARIES		2.200.384	940.854
XVI. XVII.	NET MONETARY POSITION GAIN/LOSS) PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	4.8	45.367.473	8.705.844
XVIII.	(XIII+XIV+XV+XVI) PROVISION FOR TAXES ON INCOME FROM CONTINUING	4.9	10.052.025	1.773.754
	OPERATIONS (±)			
18.1	Current Tax Provision		16.251.353	1.246.994
18.2	Expense effect of deferred tax (+)		-	526.760
18.3	Income effect of deferred tax (-)		6.199.328	-
XIX.	NET PROFIT/LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (XVII±XVIII)		35.315.448	6.932.090
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-
20.1	Income from assets held for sale		-	-
20.2	Profit from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures		-	-
20.3	Other income from discontinued operations		-	-
XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-
21.1	Expenses on assets held for sale		-	-
21.2	Losses from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures		-	-
21.3	Other expenses from discontinued operations		-	-
XXII.	PROFIT/LOSS B EFORE TAXES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XX - XXI)		_	_
XXIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)		-	-
23.1	Current tax provision		_	_
23.1	Expense effect of deferred tax (+)		-	_
23.3	Income effect of deferred tax (-)		-	-
XXIV.	NET PROFIT/ LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS			
	(XXII±XXIII)		-	-
XXV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XIX+XXIV)	4.10	35.315.448	6.932.090
	Earnings/(loss) per share (full TL)		0,0418	0,0082

Unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30,2022 and 2021 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Statements of Profit or Loss

		Note (Section	Current Period (01/07/2022 -	Prior Period (01/07/2021 -
	Income and expense items	five)	30/09/2022)	30/09/2021)
I.	INTEREST INCOME	4.1	35.989.449	13.788.669
1.1	Interest on Loans	4.1.1	19.409.356	9.437.589
1.2	Interest received from reserve deposits		=	238.458
1.3	Interest Received from Banks	4.1.2	298.865	81.635
1.4	Interest Received from Money Market Transactions		46.210	118
1.5	Interest Received from Marketable Securities Portfolio	4.1.3	16.161.799	4.011.149
1.5.1	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss		17.717	7.349
1.5.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive income		6.407.120	1.279.343
1.5.3	Financial assets measured at amortised cost		9.736.962	2.724.457
1.6	Financial Lease Income		-	-
1.7	Other Interest Income		73.219	19.720
II.	INTEREST EXPENSE (-)	4.2	15.284.538	7.438.619
2.1	Interest on Deposits	4.2.6	9.585.924	4.027.991
2.2	Interest on Funds Borrowed	4.2.1 4.2.4	1.463.418	526.085
2.3 2.4	Interest expense on money market transactions Interest on Securities Issued	4.2.4	1.138.167 1.778.376	1.789.051 1.049.206
2.4	Interest on Lease Payables	4.2.3	59.811	42.203
2.5	Other Interest Expense	4.2.5	1.258.842	42.203
III.	NET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)	1.2.5	20.704.911	6.350.050
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE		3.840.484	1.929.833
4.1	Fees and Commissions Received		5.476.602	2.703.976
4.1.1	Non-cash Loans		546.071	293.399
4.1.2	Other	4.11	4.930.531	2.410.577
4.2	Fees and Commissions Paid		1.636.118	774.143
4.2.1	Non-cash Loans		193	162
4.2.2	Other		1.635.925	773.981
V	DI VIDEND IN COME		1.669	474
VI.	TRADING PROFIT/LOSS (Net)	4.3	3.656.468	(1.680.432)
6.1	Trading Gains/Losses on Securities		1.258.416	55.412
6.2	Derivative Financial Transactions Gains/Losses	4.5	5.329.621	(1.079.002)
6.3	Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses		(2.931.569)	(656.842)
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	4.6	629.599	502.047
VIII.	GROSS PROFIT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (III+IV+V+VI+VII)		28.833.131	7.101.972
IX.	PROVISION FOR EXPECTED LOSSES (-)	4.4	2.947.581	807.503
X.	OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	4.4	18.007	65.565
XI. XII.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-) OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	4.7	2.280.817 3.280.983	984.629 1.352.886
XIII.	NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)	4./	20.305.743	3.891.389
XIV.	SURPLUS WRITTEN AS GAIN AFTER MERGER		20100011140	
XV.	PROFIT/LOSS FROM EQUITY METHOD APPLIED SUBSIDIARIES		902.059	323.846
XVI.	NET MONETARY POSITION GAIN/LOSS)		-	-
	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS			
XVII.	(XIII+XIV+XV+XVI)	4.8	21.207.802	4.215.235
	PROVISION FOR TAXES ON INCOME FROM CONTINUING			
XVIII.	OPERATIONS (±)	4.9	5.073.091	968.509
18.1	Current Tax Provision		5.693.859	1.070.436
18.2	Expense effect of deferred tax (+)		-	-
18.3	Income effect of deferred tax (-)		620.768	101.927
XIX.	NET PROFIT/LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (XVII±XVIII)		16.134.711	3.246.726
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS Income from assets held for sale		-	-
20.1 20.2			-	-
20.2	Profit from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures Other income from discontinued operations		-	-
XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-
21.1	Expenses on assets held for sale		•	-
21.2	Losses from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures		-	-
21.3	Other expenses from discontinued operations		-	_
	PROFIT/LOSS B EFORE TAXES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS			
XXII.	(XX - XXI)		-	-
XXIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)		-	-
23.1	Current tax provision		-	-
23.2	Expense effect of deferred tax (+)		-	-
23.3	Income effect of deferred tax (-)		-	-
XXIV.	NET PROFIT/ LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XXII±XXIII)		_	<u>.</u>
XXV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XIX+XXIV)	4.10	16.134.711	3.246.726
	Earnings/(loss) per share (full TL)		0,0191	0,0038

Unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022 and 2021 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 4.

		Current Period (30/09/2022)	Prior Period (30/09/2021)
I.	PROFIT /(LOSS)	35.315.448	6.932.090
II.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	14.717.249	1.777.188
2.1	Other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	2.789.786	(47.395)
2.1.1	Gains (losses) on Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment	3.748.858	-
2.1.2	Gains (losses) on revaluation of Intangible Assets	-	-
2.1.3	Gains (losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(384.040)	(49.873)
2.1.4	Other Components of Other Comprehensive Income That Will Not Be Reclassified to Profit Or Loss	(7.454)	(9.121)
2.1.5	Taxes Relating To Components Of Other Comprehensive Income That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss	(567.578)	11.599
2.2	Other Comprehensive Income That Will Be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	11.927.463	1.824.583
2.2.1	Exchange Differences on Translation	1.686.331	884.896
2.2.2	Valuation and/or Reclassification Profit or Loss from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive		
	income	9.007.083	(350.070)
2.2.3	Income (loss) Related with Cash Flow Hedges	5.601.696	2.118.636
2.2.4	Income (loss) Related with Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations	(715.580)	(625.739)
2.2.5	Other Components of Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified to Other Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2.6	Taxes Relating To Components Of Other Comprehensive Income That Will Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss	(3.652.067)	(203.140)
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (I+II)	50.032.697	8.709.278

(Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements originally issued in Turkish, see in note 1. of section three)

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.

Unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30,2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Statement of changes in shareholders' equity

Current Period (30/09/2022)					Other Acc	umulated Com Income	prehensive	Other Acc	cumulated Con Income	nprehensive				
CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	Paid-in	Share	Share certificate cancellation	Other capital		l Not Be Recla Profit and Loss		That Will B	e Reclassified Loss	In Profit and	Profit	Prior period net	Current period net	Total shareholders'
	capital	premium	profits	reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	reserves	income/(loss)	income/(loss)	equity
I. Balance at the beginning of the period	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.598.968	1.856.179	(821.555)	1.163.408	7.897.524	1.458.706	(1.802.217)	32.639.419	-	10.489.758	63.484.178
II. Adjustment in accordance with TAS 8 2.1 Effect of adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2. Effect of changes in accounting policies	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III. New balance (I+II)	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.598.968	1.856.179	(821.555)	1.163.408	7.897.524	1.458.706	(1.802.217)	32.639.419	-	10.489.758	63.484.178
IV. Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	3.033.922	(236.682)	(7.454)	1.686.331	6.664.145	3.576.987	-	-	35.315.448	50.032.697
V. Capital increase in cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI. Capital increase through internal reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII. Issued capital inflation adjustment difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII. Convertible bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX. Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(250)	-	-	-
X. Increase (decrease) through other changes, equity XI. Profit distribution	-	-	-	828 18.763	-	-	-	-	-	-	(359) 9.470.995	-	(10.489.758)	469 (1.000.000)
11.1. Dividends distributed	-	-	-	18.703	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.4/0.995	-	(1.000.000)	(1.000.000)
11.1. Dividends distributed 11.2. Transfers to legal reserves	-	-	-	18.763	_	-	-	_	-	-	9.470.995	-	(9.489.758)	(1.000.000)
11.3. Other	-	-	_	10.703	_	-	_	_	-	-	7.470.993	-	(7.469.736)	_
Period end balance (III+IV++X+XI)	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.618.559	4.890.101	(1.058.237)	1.155.954	9.583.855	8.122.851	1.774.770	42.110.055	-	35.315.448	112.517.344

Tangible assets revaluation reserve,
 Accumulated gains / losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans

^{3.} Other Comprehensive Income of Associates and Joint Ventures Accounted for Using Equity Method that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss

^{4.} Exchange differences on translation reserve for associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method

^{5.} Accumulated gains (losses) due to revaluation and/or reclassification of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

^{6.} Accumulated gains or (losses) on cash flow hedges and net investment hedges.

(Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements originally issued in Turkish, see in note 1. of section three)

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.

Unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2021

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

5. Statement of changes in shareholders' equity

Prior Period (30/09/2021)					Other Acc	umulated Con Income	nprehensive	Other Acc	umulated Com Income	prehensive				
CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQ UITY			Share certificate	Other		Not Be Recl Profit and Los		That Will Bo	e Reclassified Loss	In Profit and		Prior period	Current period	Total
	Paid-in capital	Share premium	cancellation profits	capital reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit reserves	net income/(loss)	net income/(loss)	shareholders' equity
I. Balance at the beginning of the period	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.450.552	1.853.991	(377.130)	1.190.617	3.973.774	213.352	(3.032.508)	28.208.317	-	5.079.518	47.564.471
II. Adjustment in accordance with TAS 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1 Effect of adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2. Effect of changes in accounting policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III. New balance (I+II)	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.450.552	1.853.991	(377.130)	1.190.617	3.973.774	213.352	(3.032.508)	28.208.317	-	5.079.518	47.564.471
IV. Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	1.624	(39.898)	(9.121)	884.896	(280.056)	1.219.743	-	-	6.932.090	8.709.278
V. Capital increase in cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI. Capital increase through internal reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII. Issued capital inflation adjustment difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII. Convertible bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX. Subordinated debt	-	-	-		-	-	=	-	-	-		-	-	-
X. Increase (decrease) through other changes, equity	-	-	-	78	-	-	-	-	-	-	(78)	-	-	-
XI. Profit distribution	-	-	-	148.338	-	-	=	-	-	-	4.431.180	-	(5.079.518)	(500.000)
11.1. Dividends distributed	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	(500.000)	(500.000)
11.2. Transfers to legal reserves	-	-	-	148.338	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.431.180	-	(4.579.518)	-
11.3. Other	.		-									-		
Period end balance (III+IV++X+XI)	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.598.968	1.855.615	(417.028)	1.181.496	4.858.670	(66.704)	(1.812.765)	32.639.419	-	6.932.090	55.773.749

^{1.} Tangible assets revaluation reserve,

^{2.} Accumulated gains / losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans

^{3.} Other Comprehensive Income of Associates and Joint Ventures Accounted for Using Equity Method that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss

^{4.} Exchange differences on translation reserve for associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method

^{5.} Accumulated gains (losses) due to revaluation and/or reclassification of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

^{6.} Accumulated gains or (losses) on cash flow hedges and net investment hedges.

Uncons olidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022 and 2021 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

6. Statement of cash flows

		Current Period	Prior Period
		(30/09/2022)	(30/09/2021)
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS		
1.1	Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities	29.307.166	2.859.509
1.1.1	Interest received	55.701.699	27.559.616
1.1.2	Interest paid	(30.666.511)	(20.038.712)
1.1.3	Dividend received	237.592	45.563
1.1.4	Fees and commissions received	13.355.467	7.011.910
1.1.5	Other income	13.540.359	(5.326.759)
1.1.6	Collections from previously written-offloans and other receivables	3.054.024	1.826.115
1.1.7	Cash Payments to personnel and service suppliers	(11.487.061)	(6.005.543)
1.1.8	Taxes paid	(12.707.270)	(1.808.750)
1.1.9	Other	(1.721.133)	(403.931)
1.2	Changes in operating assets and liabilities subject to banking operations	(9.990.557)	17.278.072
1.2.1	Net (increase) decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	(175.881)	(37.931)
1.2.2	Net (increase) decrease in due from banks	(43.931.871)	(13.182.251)
1.2.3	Net (increase) decrease in loans	(156.480.462)	(52.881.450)
1.2.4	Net (increase) decrease in other assets	(25.434.396)	139.246
1.2.5	Net increase (decrease) in bank deposits	9.559.084	1.901.424
1.2.6	Net increase (decrease) in other deposits	191.845.004	54.906.154
1.2.7	Net increase (decrease) in financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	11.829.676	2.194.474
1.2.8	Net increase (decrease) in funds borrowed	(12.189.663)	19.102.102
1.2.9 1.2.10	Net increase (decrease) in matured payables Net increase (decrease) in other liabilities	14.987.952	5.136.304
I.	Net cash provided from banking operations	19.316.609	20.137.581
В.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
II.	Net cash provided from investing activities	(31.070.046)	(14.142.506)
2.1	Cash paid for the purchase of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	(25.016)	-
2.2	Cash obtained from the sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	1.040.675	18.270
2.3	Cash paid for the purchase of tangible and intangible asset	(777.599)	(464.907)
2.4	Cash obtained from the sale of tangible and intangible asset	678.023	316.413
2.5	Cash paid for the purchase of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(21.581.916)	(6.431.160)
2.6	Cash obtained from the sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	8.522.751	6.077.339
2.7	Cash paid for the purchase of financial assets at amortised cost	(25.760.991)	(14.504.050)
2.8 2.9	Cash obtained from sale of financial assets at amortised cost Other	6.834.027	845.589
c.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
III.	Net cash flows from financing activities	(3.226.285)	2.517.515
3.1	Cash obtained from funds borrowed and securities issued	15.582.912	18.545.682
3.2	Cash outflow from funds borrowed and securities issued	(17.506.616)	(15.209.826)
3.3	Equity instruments issued	(17.300.010)	(13.207.020)
3.4	Dividends paid	(1.000.000)	(500.000)
3.5	Payments for finance lease liabilities	(302.581)	(318.341)
3.6	Other	(302.301)	(310.311)
IV.	Effect of change in foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents	21.909.255	6.970.206
v.	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	6.929.533	15.482.796
VI.	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	95.207.698	45.189.882

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Section three

Accounting policies

1. Explanations on basis of presentation:

The Bank keeps its books of accounts in Turkish Lira in accordance with the Banking Act No. 5411 ("Banking Act"), which is effective from November 1, 2005, the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), and Turkish Tax Legislation.

The unconsolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the "Regulation on the Principles and Procedures Regarding Banks' Accounting Applications and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette No. 26333 dated November 1, 2006 by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") which refers to "Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS") 34 - Interim Financial Reporting" and "Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") is sued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") and other decrees, notes and explanations related to the accounting and financial reporting principles published by the BRSA. The format and the details of the publicly announced financial statements and related disclosures to these statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué Related to Publicly Announced Financial Statements of Banks and Explanations and Notes Related to the se Financial Statements" and changes and notes to this communiqué published in the Official Gazette No. 28337 dated June 28, 2012.

The accompanying unconsolidated financial statements and notes to these financial statements are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL), unless otherwise stated.

The accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost basis (restated for the changes in the general purchasing power of TL until December 31, 2004), except for financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, derivative financial assets/liabilities buildings and art objects and paintings in tangible assets. Besides, the carrying values of assets carried at amortized cost but subject to fair value hedge are adjusted to reflect the fair value changes related to the hedged risks.

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires the use of certain accounting estimates by the Bank management to exercise its judgment on the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and contingent assets and liabilities as of the balance sheet date. These estimates are being reviewed regularly and, when necessary, suitable corrections are made and the effects of these corrections are explained in the related notes and reflected to the income statement.

The accounting policies and valuation principles employed for the preparation the financial statements are in compliance with "Accounting and Reporting Legislation" published in the regulation, communique, interpretations and circular of BRSA. If there is no specific regulation of BRSA, it has been determined and applied in the context of TFRS. The accounting principles are in accordance with the used principles in preparation of yearly financial statements as of December 31, 2021.

The social and economic measures have been taken to reduce negativity of COVID-19 epidemic, which was spread globally in the first half of 2020, in our country as in other countries where the epidemic is effective.

The Bank has reflected the possible effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on the estimates and judgments used in the preparation of the financial statements as of December 31, 2021. The estimates and assumptions used in the calculation of expected credit losses are explained in the explanations on the impairment of financial assets.

Interest rate benchmark reform London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) is the most widely referenced benchmark interest rate across the globe for derivatives, bonds, loans and other floating rate instruments; however, for the USD indexed products, the regulator's transition process of the market from LIBOR and certain other benchmark rates to alternative risk-free, or nearly risk-free, rates that are based on actual overnight transactions still continues. Derivatives, floating rate notes, loans and other financial contracts whose terms extend beyond the relevant discontinuation date, and that refer to certain benchmark rates (including LIBOR) as the reference rate, will be impacted.

In Turkey, Turkish Lira Overnight Reference Rate ("TLREF") is created in order to meet the need of Turkish Lira short-term reference rate that can be used as an underlying or a benchmark in financial products, debt instruments and different types of financial contracts. The Bank completed the necessary infrastructure development and started to trade TLREF indexed products in 2021.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

As of September 30, 2022, the Bank largely completed the necessary infrastructure development for USD Libor indexed derivatives, money market transactions, bonds, loan products and risk management systems in order to take the transition to alternative benchmark interest rates that are based on actual overnight transactions. Following the system developments, it is anticipated that for the new traded floating rate instruments alternative benchmark interest rates are going to be used. For the existing transactions, it is planned to take transition to alternative benchmark interest rates in case there is a request from counter banks or customers. In the light of analysis, related transition will have no material impact on financial statements.

POA published the Phase 1, Amendments to TAS 39, TFRS 9 and TFRS 7 in December 2019 and Phase 2, Amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7 and TFRS 16 in December 2020. The Phase 1, Amendments and The Phase 2, Amendments provide some specific reliefs on hedge accounting transactions and address is sues that arise upon replacing the existing interest rate benchmark with the alternative interest rates and introduces additional disclosure requirements. There is no hedge relation discontinued due to this reform.

Interest rate contracts are used in hedge transactions to manage exposure to interest rate risk of assets and liabilities. The hedging instruments designated to manage these risks reference IBOR in multiple jurisdictions and have been affected by the reform as the markets transition to alternative risk free or nearly risk-free rates by 2021 and beyond.

The Phase 2 Amendments provide two key reliefs

- Modifications made as a direct result of the reform on an economically equivalent basis are reflected prospectively in the effective interestrate rather than as an immediate gain or loss.
- If qualifying criteria are met, hedging relationships that are directly impacted by the reformwould be able to continue hedge accounting upon transition to alternative interest rates.

On January 20, 2022, POA made a statement on the Implementation of Financial Reporting in High Inflation Economies within the scope of TFRS, Financial Reporting Standard for Large and Medium Sized Enterprises. Accordingly, it has been stated that businesses applying TFRS do not need to make any adjustments in their financial statements for 2021 within the scope of TAS 29 Financial Reporting in High Inflation Economies. In 2022, as of the reporting date, there has not been any further announcement regarding this is sue; therefore, inflation adjustments have not been applied on the financial statements dated September 30, 2022 in accordance with TAS 29.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation into English:

The differences between accounting principles, as described in the preceding paragraphs and accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") have not been quantified in the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

2. Explanations on strategy of using financial instruments and foreign currency transactions:

The general strategy of the Bank in using financial instruments is to sustain an optimal balance between the yield of the instruments and their risks. The most important funding source of the Bank is deposits. For non-deposit items, the Bank maintains longer-termfunding structure especially through long-termforeign borrowings. Funds from deposits and other funding sources are invested in high quality financial assets in order to keep currency, interest rate and liquidity risks within the limits determined by the asset-liability strategy. The currency, interest and liquidity risks of on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet as sets and liabilities are managed in accordance with the risk limits approved in the Bank and the related legal limits. Derivative instruments are mainly utilized for liquidity needs and for mitigating currency and interest rate risks. The position of the Bank as a result of foreign currency activities is being held at minimum levels and the currency risk exposure is monitored within the limits determined by the Board of Directors under the context of Banking Act.

Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated with the exchange rates prevailing at the balances heet date. Gains and losses arising from such valuations are recognized in the income statement under the account of "Foreign exchange gains or losses", except for valuation differences arising from foreign currency participations, subsidiaries and foreign currency non-performing loans.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

The Bank hedges foreign currency exposure arising from carrying its foreign subsidiaries at equity method, with foreign currency financial liabilities and applies net investment hedge accounting. The effective portions of the change in fair value in financial liabilities in foreign currency are recorded under "Other accumulated comprehensive income that will be reclassified in other profit or loss" in equity.

In order to eliminate the inconsistency in the recognition, the Bank might classify its financial liabilities as financial liabilities at fair value through profit / loss upon the initial recognition.

3. Explanations on investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures:

Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures are being carried at equity method as defined in "TAS 28 - Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" in the unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank started from June 30, 2015. Any valuation differences arising from prior years, before January 1, 2015, are booked as "Other accumulated comprehensive income that will not be reclassified in profit or loss" under equity. In the following periods, any valuation differences arising from the current period income and other comprehensive income are booked in profit and loss statement and "Other accumulated comprehensive income that will not be reclassified in profit or loss" under the equity, respectively. This accounting policy change is performed through an early adaption before the effective date of January 1, 2016 in accordance with the change of "TAS – 27 Turkish Accounting Standards for Individual Financial Statements" numbered 29321 on April 9, 2015 and confirmation by BRSA's letter numbered 10686 on July 14, 2015.

4. Explanations on forward and option contracts and derivative instruments:

The Bank's derivative transactions mostly include money and interest rate swaps, forward foreign exchange purchase and sale transactions and options.

Derivative instruments are measured at fair value on initial recognition and subsequently remeasured at their fair values. As a result, the fair value of derivatives is reflected as net liability or net asset on a contract by contract basis. The accounting method applied to the income or loss arising from derivative instruments depends on whether the derivative is being used for hedging purposes or not and depends on the type of item being hedged.

At the transaction date, the Bank documents the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, together with the risk management policies and the strategies on hedging transactions. Besides, the Bank regularly documents the effectiveness of the hedging instruments in offsetting the changes in the fair value of the hedged items.

Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments subject to fair value hedges are recognized under profit or loss accounts together with the variation in the fair value of hedged items. The changes of fair value of derivative transactions for fair value hedge are classified in "Derivative Financial Transactions Gains/Losses" account. In the balance sheet, changes in the fair value of hedged assets and liabilities, during the period in which the hedge is effective, are shown with the related assets and liabilities. The ineffective portion of the mentioned hedging transaction is reflected to the income statement. If the underlying hedge does not conform to the hedge accounting requirements, according to the adjustments made to the carrying value (amortized cost) of the hedged item, for which the risk is hedged by a portfolio hedge, are amortized with the straight line method within the time to maturity and recognized under the profit and loss accounts. Fair value adjustments are recognized directly in the income statement in an event of repayment and/or unwinding and/or derecognition of the hedged item.

The Bank hedges its cash flow risk arising from foreign currency and Turkish Lira floating interest rate liabilities by using currency and interest rate swaps. The effective portion of the fair value changes of the hedging instruments are recorded in "Other accumulated comprehensive income that will be reclassified in profit or loss" under shareholders' equity. These funds are transferred to profit or loss from equity when the cash flows of the hedged items (interest expense) impact the income statement.

In case the cash flow hedge accounting is discontinued due to the expiry, realization for sale of the hedging instrument, or due to the results of the effectiveness test the amounts accounted under shareholders' equity are transferred to the profit and loss accounts as these cash flows of the hedged itemare realized.

Some of the trading purpose derivative transactions, even though they provide effective economic hedges under the Bank's risk management policy, do not qualify for hedge accounting under the specific rules in "TFRS 9 - Financial Instruments" and are therefore treated as "Derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss".

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

"Derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" are measured at fair value. If the fair value of derivative financial instruments is positive, it is disclosed under the main account "Derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss"; and if the fair value difference is negative, it is disclosed under "Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss". Fair value changes are recorded under "Derivative Financial Transactions Gains/(Losses)" in the income statement.

The fair values of the derivative financial instruments are calculated using quoted market prices or by using discounted cash flow models.

Parameters used for the valuation of the option portfolio are determined by market risk management and the confirmation of the accuracy of fair value calculations are monitored periodically by market risk management.

Liabilities and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are followed in the off-balance sheet accounts as their contractual values. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted as derivative instruments according to "TFRS – 9 Financial Instruments" in case (i) the related embedded derivative's economic features and risks are not closely related to the host contract, (ii) another instrument that has the same contract conditions with the embedded derivative satisfies the definition of a derivative instrument and (iii) the hybrid instrument is not carried at fair value through profit or loss.

Credit derivatives are capital market tools designed to transfer credit risk from one party to another.

As of September 30, 2022, the Bank's credit derivatives portfolio included total return swaps.

Credit linked notes are bonds that have repayments depending on a credit event or the credit risk evaluation of a reference asset or asset pool. Depending on whether the reference assets are included in the balance sheet of the issuer or the owner of the assets, these transactions can be accounted by the party assuming the credit risk as insurance or as an embedded derivative. As per the Bank's management evaluation, the embedded derivatives included in the credit linked notes are separated from the host contracts in accordance with "TFRS – 9 Financial Instruments" and recorded and evaluated as credit default swaps. The bond itself (host contract) is valued in accordance with the valuation principles of the category it is classified.

Total return swaps are contracts, in which the seller commits to pay the contract value for all cash flows of the reference assets of the seller and the changes of the market values of these reference assets to the buyer during the contract maturity and bear all the decreases in the market value of these reference assets. The Bank uses the total return swaps to generate long termfunding.

Market risks of these products are monitored using the Bank's internal modeling system for the Value-at-Risk and basis points sensitivity analysis; the liquidity risks are monitored using the short term liquidity report on daily and the long term liquidity report on monthly basis.

According to the regulations of BRSA, currency exchange transactions, which are realized at value date in the initial phase of currency swaps, are recorded and followed as irrevocable commitments in off-balance sheet accounts until the value date.

A Credit Valuation Adjustment (CVA) is applied to the Bank's over-the-counter derivative exposures to take into account the counterparty's risk of default when measuring the fair value of the derivative. CVA is the mark-to-market cost of protection required to hedge credit risk from counterparties in the Bank's over-the-counter derivatives portfolio. The Bank calculates CVA based on collective provisioning methodology calculated in accordance with Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, "TFRS – 9 Financial Instruments", comprising the product of Exposure, Probability of Default (PD) and Loss Given Default (LGD). CVA is calculated based on the exposure of each counterparty.

Within the scope of TFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement standard; (i) if there is a significant decrease in the volume or level of activity for that asset or liability in relation to normal market activity for the asset or liability (or similar assets or liabilities); (ii) when the transaction or quoted price does not represent fair value; and / or (iii) when a price for a similar asset requires significant adjustment to make it comparable to the asset being measured, or (iv) when the price is stale, the Bank makes an adjustment to the transactions or quoted prices and reflects this adjustment to the fair value measurement. In this context, the Bank determines the point within the range that is most representative of fair value under current market conditions.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

5. Explanations on interest income and expense:

Interest income and expenses are recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis by using the effective interest method periodically

Retrospective rediscount calculation and foreign exchange evaluation is performed for non performing loans, and accrued interest and rediscounts as of transfer to non performing loan accounts are accounted under loan accrual/rediscount accounts as per Uniform Chart of Accounts ("UCA"). The Bank ceases accruing interest after non-performing loan classification. In place of that, interest amount representing the time value of future collections is recognized under interest income instead of provision expense.

6. Explanations on fee and commission income and expenses:

Fees and commissions received as a result of the service agreements or arising from negotiating or participating in the negotiation of a transaction on behalf of a third party are recognized either in the period when the transaction is realized or deferred based on the type of the underlying transaction. Other commission income and fees from various banking services are recorded as income at the time of realization.

Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 "Revenue from Contract with Customers".

7. Explanations on financial assets:

As of January 1, 2018, the Bank has applied TFRS 9 and classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- Financial assets measured at amortised cost

According to TFRS 9, classification of financial assets is based on two criterias; business model under which the financial asset is being managed and contractual cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest of the financial asset. This evaluation incorporates whether there is any clause that may change timing or amount of contractual cash flows of the financial asset.

Classification of financial assets reflects the business model of how the Bank manages the assets in order to generate cash flows. Bank's business model may be to collect the contractual cash flows from the assets or to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of assets. If neither of these is applicable, then the financial assets are classified as part of 'other' business model and measured at FVPL. Factors considered by the Bank in determining the business model for a bank of assets include past experience on how the cash flows for these assets were collected, how the asset's performance is evaluated and reported to key management personnel, how risks are assessed and managed and how managers are compensated. Securities held for trading are held principally for the purpose of selling in the near term or are part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking. These securities are classified in the 'other' business model and measured at FVPL.

The Bank owns Consumer Price Indexed (CPI) Government Bonds which are classiffied under "Fair value through other comprehensive income" and "measured at amortised cost" securities portfolio. Related securities are valued using the effective interestrate method based on the real coupon rates and the reference inflation index at the issue date and the estimated inflation rate. The reference indices used in calculating the actual coupon payment amounts of these assets are based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) of prior two months.

Assessment of the business model

The Bank determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective.

The business model does not depend on management's intentions for an individual instrument. Accordingly, this condition is not a single-instrument basis approach for classification and should be determined on a higher level of aggregation.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

During the assessment of the business model for management of financial assets, all relevant evidences available at the assessment date have taken into consideration. Such relevant evidence includes below:

- > How the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Bank's management;
- ➤ the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. In particular, whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest revenue, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of the liabilities that are funding those assets or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- ➤ how managers of the business are compensated (e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected); and
- > the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and its strategy for how those risks are managed;
- > the frequency, volume and timing of sales in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and its expectations about future sales activity. However, information about sales activity is not considered in isolation, but as part of an overall assessment of how the Bank's stated objective for managing the financial assets is achieved and how cash flows are realised.

If cash flows are realised in a way that is different from the expectations on the date of the assessment of the business model, that does not give rise to a prior period error in the financial statements nor does it change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model as long as all relevant information that was available at the time of business model assessment were. However, when the business model is assessed for newly originated or newly purchased financial assets, it must be considered information about how cash flows were realised in the past, along with all other relevant information.

The business models are divided into three categories. These categories are defined below:

➤ Business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows are managed to realise cash flows by collecting contractual payments over the life of the instrument. That is, the Bank manages the assets held within the portfolio to collect those particular contractual cash flows.

Although the objective of Bank's business model may be to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, the Bank does not need to hold all of those instruments until the maturity. Thus Bank's business model can be to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows even when sales of financial assets occur or are expected to occur in the future.

The business model may be to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows even if the Bank sells financial assets when there is an increase in the assets' credit risk. The Bank considers reasonable and supportable information, including forward looking information, in order to determine whether there has been an increase in the assets' credit risk. Regardless of their frequency and value, sales due to an increase in the assets' credit risk are not inconsistent with a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows because the credit quality of financial assets is relevant to the Bank's ability to collect contractual cash flows.

A business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets

The Bank may hold financial assets in a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. In this type of business model, the Bank's management have made a decision on both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets is necessary for achieving the objective of the business model. There are various objectives that may be consistent with this type of business model. For example, the objective of the business model may be to manage liquidity needs on a daily basis, to maintain a particular interest yield profile or to match the duration of the financial assets to the duration of the liabilities funding those assets. To achieve such an objective, the Bank will both collect contractual cash flows and sell financial assets.

Compared to a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows, this business model will typically involve greater frequency and value of sales. This is because selling financial assets is integral to achieving the business model's objective instead of being only incidental to it.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Other business models

Financial as sets are measured at fair value through profit or loss if they are not held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial as sets

A portfolio of financial assets that is managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis is neither held to collect contractual cash flows nor held both to collect contractual cash flows and to sell financial assets. The Bank is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions.

Assessment of whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs. In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are SPPI, the Bank considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition.

When making such assessment, the Bank:

- > contingent events that would change the amount and timing of cash flows
- leverage features
- > prepayment and extension terms
- conditions restricting the Bank from as king the cash flows of the assets
- > features that change the time value of the money

When the contractual conditions are exposed to the risks which are not consistent with the basic lending arrangement or variability of cash flows, the relevant financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

7.1. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets, which are classified as "Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss", are trading financial assets and are either acquired for generating profit from short-term fluctuations in the price or dealer's margin, or are financial assets included in a portfolio in which a pattern of short-termprofit making exists independent from the acquisition purpose.

Trading financial assets are initially recognized at fair value and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. However, if fair values cannot be obtained from active market transactions, it is assumed that the fair value cannot be measured reliably and fair values are calculated by alternative models. All gains and losses arising from these valuations are recognized in the income statement. Interest earned while holding financial assets is reported as interest income and dividends received are included separately in dividend income.

The principles regarding the accounting of derivative financial instruments are explained in detail in Note 4 of this section.

7.2. Financial assets measured at amortised cost:

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at amortised cost. These financial assets are initially recognized at total of acquisition and transaction cost. After their initial recognition they are carried at "Amortized cost" using the "Effective interest method".

7.3. Loans:

Loans are financial as sets raised through lending without having the intention to trade in the short term. Loans are non derivative financial as sets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that are not quoted on active market. Loans are recognized initially at cost including transaction costs (which reflect fair values) and subsequently carried at the amortized cost using the "effective interest method". The expenses incurred for the as sets received as collateral are not considered as transaction costs and are recognized in the expense accounts.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Retail, commercial and corporate loans included in cash loans are accounted for with their original maturities in accounts which are mentioned in the UCA. Foreign currency indexed loans are initially measured at local currency accounts with the foreign exchange rate prevailing at date of the initial recognition and re-valued with the relevant foreign currency rates prevailing at the date of the financial statements. Increase or decrease in the value of the principal amount of the loan due to changes in foreign exchange rates is accounted in the related income and expense accounts. Repayment amounts are translated with the foreign exchange rates prevailing at the repayment dates and the valuation differences are accounted for in "foreign exchange gain/loss" accounts.

The Bank provides provision for expected credit losses based on the assessments and estimates of the management, by considering "TFRS 9 - Financial Instruments" and the "Communiqué Related to Principles and Procedures on Determining the Qualifications of Banks' Loans and Other Receivables and the Provision for These Loans and Other Receivables" ("Provisioning Regulation") published in the Official Gazette No. 29750 dated June 22, 2016. In this context, the management estimates are determined on the basis of the prudence principle and Bank credit risk policies, considering the general structure of the loan portfolio, the financial conditions of the customers, non-financial information and the economic conjuncture.

As of September 30, 2022, the Bank has made its classifications in accordance with the TFRS 9 standard and reflected themin its financial statements. In this context; the Bank has evaluated many reasonable and supportable qualitative and quantitative data by taking into account the impact of COVID-19 in assessing whether there is a significant increase in credit risk in the classification of loans according to stages and determining the moment when the default situation occurs. It has classified the loans according to their stages according to its best judgment under the current conditions.

The Bank has taken into account the possible difficulties in the cash flows or payments of customers due to uncertainties regarding the COVID 19 epidemic process within the scope of TFRS 9 while calculating the expected credit loss for the loans classified according to their stages in the scope above.

Provision expenses are deducted from the net income of the year. If there is a subsequent collection from a receivable that was already provisioned in previous years, the recovery amount is classified under "Other operating income". The write off policy is described in the explanations and notes related to assets, fifth section.

7.4. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, and that are not designated at FVPL, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are subsequently re-measured at fair value. When fair values based on market prices cannot be observed reliably, the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are carried at fair values determined by using alternative models. "Unrealized gains and losses" arising from changes in the fair value of financial assets classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized in the shareholders' equity as "Other accumulated comprehensive income that will be reclassified in profit or loss", until the related assets are impaired or disposed. When these financial assets are disposed or impaired, the related fair value differences accumulated in the shareholders' equity are transferred to the income statement. Interest and dividends received from Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recorded in interest income and dividend income as appropriate.

Interest income on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are calculated by effective interest rate method and are accounted for in interest income account. At the time of sale of a financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income before the maturity, the difference between the profit, which is the difference between the cost and sales price of the financial assets, and the interest income accrual are accounted under "Profit/losses from capital market transactions".

7.5. Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

At initial recognition, an irrevocable election can be made to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument within the scope of TFRS 9. Such election is made on an instrument by instrument basis.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Fair value differences recognized in other comprehensive income are not transferred to profit or loss in the following periods and transferred to prior years' profit / loss. The equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, are not subject to impairment calculation

8. Explanations on impairment of financial assets:

The Bank assesses the expected credit losses ("ECL") related with its debt instrument assets carried at amortised cost and at fair value through other comprehensive income, with the exposure arising from loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts on a forward-looking basis. The Bank recognises a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of expected credit losses reflects:

- > An unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- > The time value of money;
- Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The measurement of the expected credit loss allowance:

The measurement of the expected credit loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortised cost and at fair value through other comprehensive income is an area that requires the use of advanced models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behaviour.

These financial as sets will be divided into three categories depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since their initial recognition. Impairment shall be recognized on outstanding amounts in each category, as follows:

Stage 1:

For the financial assets at initial recognition or that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Impairment for credit risk will be recorded in the amount of 12-month expected credit losses.

Stage 2:

In the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the financial asset will be transferred to this stage. Impairment for credit risk will be determined on the basis of the instrument's lifetime expected credit losses.

Stage 3:

Stage 3 includes financial as sets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. For these assets, lifetime ECL are recognized and interest revenue is calculated on the net carrying amount.

Life-time expected credit loss is calculated on an individual or collective basis for the financial assets in stage 2 and stage 3.

General provisions represent ECLs for the first stage and the second stage, specific provisions represent ECLs for the third stage.

The Bank has developed specific models for calculating the expected loss; such models are based on the parameters of PD, LGD and EAD and on the effective interest rate. In particular:

- ➤ the PD (Probability of Default), represents the customer's probability of 90 days or more delay, within 12-months:
- > the LGD (Loss Given Default), represents the percentage of the estimated loss, and thus the expected rate of recovery, at the date of occurrence of the default event of the credit exposure;
- > the EAD (Exposure at Default), represents the measure of the exposure at the time of the event of default of the credit exposure;
- > the Effective interest rate is the discount rate that expresses of the time value of money.

Such parameters are calculated starting from the corresponding parameters used for IRB preparation purposes, with specific adjustments in order to ensure consistency between accounting and regulatory treatment despite different regulatory requirements.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

The main adjustments aimed at:

- removal of prudency principal used for IRB phase;
- introducing "point-in-time" adjustments to replace "through-the-cycle" adjustments required for IRB phase (TFRS-9 parameters developed over these parameters.);
- with reference to lifetime PD, through-the-cycle PD curves obtained by adjusting observed cumulated default rates were calibrated in order to reflect point-in-time on portfolio default rates.

Recovery rate incorporated into through-the-cycle LGD was adjusted in order to remove prudency principle and to reflect the most updated trend of recovery rates discounted at effective interest rate or at its best approximation.

The lifetime EAD has been obtained by converting the 1 year regulatory or managerial model to life-time, removing margin of prudency and including the expected discounted cash flow.

The Stage Allocation model is a key aspect of the accounting model required to calculate expected credit losses which is aimed at transferring credit exposures from Stage 1 to Stage 2.

With reference to the quantitative component of the model for stage allocation, the Bank has adopted a statistical approach based on a quantiles regression whose objective is to define a threshold in terms of maximum variation acceptable between the PD at the time of origination and the PD assessed at the reporting date.

The Stage Allocation model was based on a combination of relative and absolute elements. The main elements were:

- > comparison, for each transaction, between the PD measured at the time of recognition and PD as at the reporting date, both calculated according to internal models, through thresholds set in a way considering all key variables of each transaction that can affect the Bank's expectation of PD changes over time;
- > absolute elements such as the backstops required by law;
- ➤ additional internal evidence

Significant increase in credit risk

In the assessment of significant increase in credit risk quantitative and qualitative assessments are made;

Quantitative Assessment:

As a result of quantitative as sessment, related financial as set is classified as stage 2 (Significant Increase in Credit Risk) when any of the following criterias are satisfied.

As of reporting date:

- Lifetime expected credit losses shall be recognized on a transaction base, when more than 30 days past due status is reached. The Bank can abandon this estimation when it has reasonable and supportable information about customers contractual repayments.
- In case a loan has been restructured, it will be followed up under Stage 2 during the follow-up period mentioned in the related regulations. The loan can be transferred back to Stage 1 at end of the follow-up period if there is no significant deterioration.
- > Provisions on unindemnified non cash loans are evaluated as significant increase in credit risk.

Oualitative Assessment

The probability of significant increase in credit risk under qualitative assessment is based on the comparison of probability of default of a loan in the origination and as of reporting date.

The Bank uses distribution regression on segment basis in order to calculate the thresholds used in defining the significant increase in credit risk.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Low credit risk

Financial instruments defined as low risk for TFRS 9 are:

- ➤ Receivables from Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey;
- Loans with counterparty of Treasury of the Republic of Turkey
- The issued securities or guaranteed marketable securities from central banks of the countries where Bank's subsidiaries, associates are resident;
- ➤ Bank placements;
- > Other money market transactions;
- Transactions of Bank's associates and subsidiaries

Forward Looking Information

Forward-looking macroeconomic information is incorporated into credit risk parameters during assessment of significant increase in credit risk and expected credit loss calculation. For the calculation of expected credit loss, Bank uses macroeconomic estimation method which is developed during creation of various scenarios. Macroeconomic variables prevailing during these estimates are gross domestic product (GDP), unemployment rate and foreign trade balance.

When expected credit losses are estimated in accordance with the forward looking macroeconomic information, the Bank evaluates three scenarios (base, pessimistic and optimistic) with various weights based. Each of these scenarios are in relation with different probability of default risk. Within the scope of the effects of COVID-19 on Expected Credit Loss calculations, the Bank has reviewed the macroeconomic model used in the process and increased 30 basis points the weight of the pessimistic scenario by reducing the weight of the basis scenario with the same amount and used the data considered to reflect the current situation in the best way. On the other hand, researches have been carried out on the sectors affected by COVID-19, the effects that belonged to the period which COVID-19 was the most effective, were segregated on a sectoral basis and analyzed whether in which direction the Borsa Istanbul Index data differed from the cumulative index data and this differentiation is reflected in the probability of default values on a sectoral basis. The Bank made no change in its current approach in current period.

In the light of macroeconomic expectations, the Bank reflected the calculations made to its financial statements considering the probability of default values and the possible changes in the exposure at default. In this context, the Bank has measured the effect of the change in macroeconomic data used in the calculation of expected credit loss such as gross domestic product, unemployment rate and foreign trade deficit, on the non performing loans under different scenarios and reflected the coefficient increase, which was considered to be the most accurate, to its provision calculations by projecting it on the loan parameters within the range of NPL ratio obtained throughout the calculations. The Bank reflected the possible effects of the COVID-19 and estimation of cash flows with reasonable and supportable information used in calculating the expected loan loss provision for the loans subject to individual assessment. This preferred approach will be revised in the coming reporting periods considering the impact of the outbreak, the credit portfolio and changes in future expectations.

9. Explanations on offsetting financial assets:

Financial as sets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Bank has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and to collect/pay related financial as sets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realise the as set and settle the liability simultaneously.

10. Explanations on sales and repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions:

Securities subject to repurchase agreements ("Repo") are classified as "Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss", "Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income" and "Financial assets measured at amortised cost" according to the investment purposes of the Bank and measured according to the portfolio to which they belong. Funds obtained from repurchase agreements are accounted under "Money market funds" in liabilities and the difference between the sale and repurchase price is accrued over the life of the repurchase agreements using the "Effective interest method". Interest expense on repo transactions are recorded under "Interest expense on money market transactions" in the income statement.

Funds given against securities purchased under agreements to resell ("Reverse repo") are accounted under "Receivables from money markets" on the balance sheet. The difference between the purchase and determined resell price is accrued over the life of repurchase agreements using the effective interest method.

The Bank has no securities lending transactions.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

11. Information on assets heldfor resale and related to discontinued operations and explanations on liabilities related with these assets:

According to the "TFRS – 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", a tangible asset (or a bank of assets to be disposed) classified as "Asset held for resale" is measured at lower of carrying value and fair value less costs to sell. An asset (or a bank of assets to be disposed) is regarded as "Asset held for resale" only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or a bank of assets to be disposed) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. For a highly probable sale, there must be a valid plan prepared by the management for the sale of asset including identification of possible buyers and completion of sale process. Furthermore, the asset should be actively in the market at a price consistent with its fair value.

A discontinued operation is a part of the Bank's business classified as sold or held for sale. The operating results of the discontinued operations are disclosed separately in the income statement.

12. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets:

12.1. Goodwill:

The excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Bank's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities or contingent liabilities of the acquired subsidiary at the date of acquisition of the control is recorded as goodwill and represents a payment made by the acquirer in anticipation of future economic benefits from assets that are not capable of being individually identified and separately recognized. The acquirer also recognizes assets that are capable of being individually identified and separately recognized, intangible assets (e.g. credit card brand value, deposit base and customer portfolio) and contingent liabilities at fair value, irrespective of whether the asset had been recognized by the acquire before the business combination, if it can be distinguished from the goodwill and if the asset's fair value can be measured reliably.

As explained in Note 2, Section 1, in 2006, all rights, receivables, debts and liabilities of Koçbank were transferred to the Bank pursuant the merger of the two banks. The goodwill resulting from the merger and calculated in line with TFRS 3, was recorded in the unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank.

In line with "TFRS – 3 Bus iness Combinations", the goodwill is not subject to amortization but is tested annually or more frequently for impairment losses, if any, in line with "TAS – 36 Impairment on Assets". For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Bank's cash-generating units that is expected to benefit from the combination. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment once a year. If there are any indications that the unit is impaired, the impairment test is performed more frequently. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in profit or loss in the income statement. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

Due to there is no evidence of impairment on the good will amount as a result of the impairment test, previous period fair value has been used.

12.2. Other intangible assets:

Other intangible assets are measured at cost on initial recognition and any directly attributable costs of setting the asset to work for its intended use are included in the initial measurement. Subsequently, intangible assets are carried at historical costs after the deduction of accumulated amortization and the provision for impairment.

The Bank evaluates the possibility of existence of impairment of intangible assets at the end of each reporting period. If there is an evidence of impairment, the Bank estimates a recoverable amount in accordance with the "TAS – 36 Impairment of Assets". The recoverable amount is the higher of net sales price or the value in use. When the book value of another intangible asset exceeds the recoverable amount, the related asset is considered to be impaired. If there is no evidence of impairment, there is no need to estimate the recoverable amount.

Intangibles are amortized over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The useful life of the asset is determined by assessing the expected useful life of the asset, technical, technological and other kinds of obsolescence and all required maintenance expenses necessary to utilize the economic benefit from the asset.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

13. Explanations on property and equipment:

Property and equipment is measured at its cost when initially recognized and any directly attributable costs of setting the asset in working order for its intended use are included in the initial measurement in accordance with "TAS – 16 Property, Plant and Equipment". Subsequently, properties and equipment, except art objects, paintings and buildings are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment.

The Bank adopted a fair value accounting method for its buildings as of March 31, 2015 in tangible assets in accordance with "TAS – 16 Property, Plant and Equipment".

The depreciation rate for buildings is 2-4%, for movables and movables acquired under financial leasing depreciation is calculated over estimated useful life by using the straight-line method.

The depreciation charge for items remaining in property and equipment for less than a full accounting period at the balance sheet date is calculated in proportion to the period the item remained in property and equipment.

In accordance with "TAS – 36 Impairment of Assets", where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated "recoverable amount", it is written down to its "recoverable amount" and the provision for impairment is charged to the income statement.

Gains and losses on the disposal of property and equipment are determined by deducting the net book value of the property and equipment from its sales proceeds.

Expenditures for the repair and maintenance of property and equipment are recognized as expense. The capital expenditures made in order to increase the capacity of the tangible asset or to increase its future benefits are capitalized on the cost of the tangible asset. The capital expenditures include the cost components which are used either to increase the useful life or the capacity of the asset or the quality of the product or to decrease the costs.

14. Explanations on leasing transactions:

The Bank performs leasing transactions in the capacity of the lessee and lessor.

Accounting of leasing operations according to lessee:

The Bank has adopted "TFRS 16: Leases" approach in the accounting of leasing transactions.

In accordance with TFRS 16, the Bank calculates "right-of-use" amount using the present value of the lease payments of fixed asset at the beginning of the leasing period and recognizes under "property and equipment". Unpaid leasing payments are calculated at their net present value and recognized under "lease payables" in liabilities. Lease payments are discounted using related borrowing rates.

Fixed assets that are subject to leasing is amortised on the basis of leasing period. Interest expense related to lease payables is classified under "interest on lease payables" under "interest expense" and exchange rate changes are classified under "foreign exchange gains/losses". Leasing payments are deducted from lease payables.

Accounting of the leasing transactions in terms of the less or:

The major risks and benefits of the property carried by the lessor are classified as operational leasing. The payments that are received as operational leasing are accounted as income via the linear method throughout the leasing term

15. Explanations on provisions, contingent assets and liabilities:

Provisions and contingent liabilities, except for the expected credit loss recognized for financial instruments within the scope of TFRS 9 standards, are accounted in accordance with "TAS – 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets".

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions for contingent liabilities arisen from past events are recognized in the period of occurrence in accordance with the "Matching principle". A provision is recognized when it is probable that the contingent event will occur and a reliable estimate can be made. When a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation cannot be made or it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, it is considered that a "contingent" liability exists and it is disclosed in the related notes to the financial statements.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Contingent assets usually arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the entity. Contingent assets are not recognized in financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realized. Contingent assets are disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

16. Explanations on obligations related to employee rights:

16.1. Employee termination benefits

Obligations related to employee termination and vacation rights are accounted for in accordance with "TAS – 19 Employee Rights" and are classified under "Reserve for employee rights" account in the balance sheet.

Under the Turkish Labour Law, the Bank is required to pay a specific amount to the employees who have retired or whose employment is terminated other than for the reasons specified in the Turkish Labour Law. The reserve for employment termination benefits represents the present value of the estimated total liability for the future probable obligation of the Bank determined by using certain actuarial assumptions. Actuarial gains and losses generated after January 1, 2013, are accounted for under equity in accordance with the revised "TAS – 19 Employee Rights" standard.

16.2. Pension rights

The Bank's personnel are members of the Yapı ve Kredi Bankası Anonim Şirketi Mensupları Yardım ve Emekli Sandığı Vakfı ("the Fund") which was established in accordance with the 20th temporary article of the Social Security Law No.506. The technical financial statements of the Fundare audited in accordance with the Article 38 of the Insurance Supervision Law and the "Regulation Regarding the Actuaries" by a registered independent actuary.

Temporary article 23 paragraph 1 of the Banking Act published in the Official Gazette No. 25983 dated November 1, 2005 stated that foundations like the Fund are to be transferred to the Social Security Institution ("SSI") within three years beginning from the publication date of the article.

The article of the Law related to the transfer was cancelled (pursuant to the application by the President on November 2, 2005) by the decision of Constitutional Court (decision no: E.2005/39, K. 2007/33 dated March 22, 2007) published in the Official Gazette No. 26479 dated March 31, 2007, and the effect of the law article was suspended from the date of the publication of the decision.

The reasoning of the Constitutional Court regarding the abrogation of the corresponding article was published in the Official Gazette dated December 15, 2007, No 26731. With the publication of the reasoning of the decision, the Grand National Assembly of Turkey ("GNAT") started to work on new legal arrangements regarding the transfer of the fund members to SSI and the related articles of the "Law Regarding the Changes in Social Insurance and General Health Insurance Law and Other Related Laws and Regulations" No 5754 ("the New Law") regulating the transfer of the funds were approved by the GNAT on April 17, 2008. The New Law was published in the Official Gazette No. 26870 dated May 8, 2008. With the new law, the banks' pension funds will be transferred to SSI within three years from the date of publication of the decree and this period can be extended for a maximum of two years with the decision of the Council of Ministers. The transfer period was extended for another two years with the decision of the Council of Ministers No. 2011/1559 published in the Official Gazette dated April 9, 2011. According to the "Amendment of Social Insurance and General Health Insurance Law No. 6283" published in the Official Gazette dated March 8, 2012, Council of Ministers was authorized to increase the two-year extension period mentioned above to four years. According to the decision of The Council of Ministers dated February 24, 2014, the transfer date is set as May 2015. The Council of Ministers was authorized to determine the transfer date of pension funds in accordance with the last amendment in the first paragraph of the 20th provisional article of Law No.5510 implemented by the Law No. 6645 on Amendment of the Occupational Health and Safety Law and Other Laws and Decree Laws published in the Official Gazette dated April 23, 2015 and numbered 29335. The president was authorized to determine the transfer date of pension funds in accordance with the last amendment by the Law No. 30473 published in the Official Gazette dated July 9, 2018.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

A commission (whose members are the representatives of the SSI, the Ministry of Finance, Turkish Treasury, State Planning Organization, BRSA, Saving Deposit Insurance Fund ("SDIF"), one member representing the Fund and one member representing the Fund members) is in charge of the calculation of the value of the payment that would need to be made to SSI to settle the obligation using a technical interest rate of 9,8% by law taking into consideration income and expenses by insurance branches of the funds and the excess of salaries and income paid by the funds over the salaries and income to be paid in accordance with the SSI arrangements which should not be less than SSI arrangements, related to the members of the Fund as of the date of the transfer including the members who have left the scheme.

In accordance with the New Law, after the transfer to SSI, any social rights and payments to Fund members and their beneficiaries which are not provided although they are included in the Fund Title Deed will continue to be provided by the Fund and the employers of the Fund members.

The Bank accounts for a provision for the technical deficit based on the report prepared by a registered actuary in accordance with the rates determined by the New Law and in accordance with TAS 19.

16.3. Short term benefits of employee:

Within the scope of "TAS – 19 Employee Rights", the Bank measures the expected costs of accumulated paid leaves as expected payments it will make due to unused leave rights as at the end of the reporting date.

17. Explanations on taxation:

17.1. Current tax:

The corporate taxrate is 20% in accordance with the article number 32 of the New Corporate Tax Law no.5520 which is published in the official Gazette dated June 21, 2006 and numbered 26205. In accordance with the 11 and 14th articles of the Law numbered 7316 on "Amendment of Law on Collection Procedure of Public Receivables and Certain Laws" published in the Official Gazette dated April 22, 2021 and numbered 31462, starting from the declarations that must be submitted starting from July 1, 2021 and to be valid for the taxation period starting from January 1, 2021, corporate tax rate will be applied as 25% for enterprises' corporate income belonging to the taxation periods of 2021 and 23% for enterprises' corporate income belonging to the taxation periods of 2022. Standard corporate tax rate for financial sector is inreased to 25% starting from the declarations as of July 1, 2022 and to be valid for the taxation periods of 2022 according to the Law numbered 7394 published in the Official Gazette No. 31810 dated April 15, 2022.

Corporate taxrate business income taxin accordance with the laws of the institutions to be added as unacceptable the reduction of costs in the taxlaws, exemptions and reductions to the taxbase found as a result of the reduction that will be applied. Additional taxis not payable unless the profit is distributed.

Dividends paid to non-resident corporations, which have a place of business in Turkey or to resident corporations are not subject to withholding tax. Otherwise, dividends paid are subject to withholding tax at the rate of 15%. An increase in capital via is suing bonus shares is not considered as profit distribution and no withholding tax incurs in such a case.

Corporations are required to pay advance corporate tax quarterly on their corporate income. Advance tax is declared and paid by the 17th day of the second month following each calendar quarter end. Advance tax paid by corporations for the current period is credited against the annual corporation tax calculated on the annual corporate income in the following year. Despite the offset, if there is temporary prepaid tax remaining, this balance can be refunded or used to offset any other financial liabilities to the government.

A 75% portion of the capital gains derived from the sale of equity investments and 50% portion of the capital gains derived from immovable properties held for at least two years is tax exempt, if such gains are added to paid-in capital or held in a special account under shareholder's equity for five years.

Under the Turkish Corporate Tax Law, losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Tax returns are required to be filled and delivered to the related tax office until the last evening of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and the accrued tax is paid same day. Tax returns are open for 5 years from the beginning of the year following the balance sheet date and during this period the tax authorities have the right to audit tax returns, and the related accounting records on which they are based, and may is sue re-assessments based on their findings.

Non-monetary items on the financial statements must have been restated for inflation according to the repeated article 298/A of Tax Procedure Law. In law numbered 7352 published on 29 January 2022 in the Official Gazette numbered 31734, 2021 and 2022 accounting periods including advance taxperiods are deemed as the periods in which the requirements for inflation adjustment are not met.

17.2. Deferred tax:

The Bank calculates and accounts for deferred income taxes for temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in these financial statements in accordance with "TAS – 12 Income Taxes" and in accordance with BRSA's explanations and circulars and the tax legislation. The Bank calculates deferred tax on deductible temporary differences, to the extent that future taxable income is estimated to be available. In the deferred tax calculation, the enacted tax rate is used as of the balance sheet date by estimating when the temporary differences will be taxable / deductible in accordance with the current tax legislation.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all resulting temporary differences whereas deferred tax as sets resulting from temporary differences are recognized to the extent that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax as set can be utilized.

The calculated deferred tax as set and deferred tax liability are presented as net in these financial statements.

Tax effects of the transactions that are directly accounted under equity are also reflected to equity.

17.3. Transfer pricing:

The article no.13 of the Corporate Tax Law No.5520 describes the issue of transfer pricing under the title of "disguised profit distribution" by way of transfer pricing (previously included as "Disguised profit" in the Corporate Tax Law No.5422). "The General Communiqué on Disguised Profit Distribution by Way of Transfer Pricing" published at November 18, 2007/26704, explains the application related issues on this topic effective from January 1, 2007, also taking into account the regulations in Article 41 of the Income Tax Law.

"Arm's length principle", which is the basis for the transfer pricing rule, is the pricing system to be followed for purchase or sale activities between related parties for any product or service transactions as if the transaction is realized with any other third party. According to this communiqué, if the taxpayers conduct transactions like purchase and sale of goods or services with the related parties where the prices are not determined according to the arm's length principle, then it will be concluded that there is a disguised profit distribution by way of transfer pricing. Such disguised profit distributions will not be deducted from the corporate tax base for tax purposes.

As discussed in the relevant section of this communiqué, the taxpayers are required to fill out the "Transfer Pricing, Controlled Foreign Entities and Thin Capitalization" form for the purchase and sale of goods or services conducted with their related parties in a taxation period, attach these forms to their corporate tax returns and submit to the tax offices.

18. Explanations on borrowings:

The financial liabilities classified at fair value through profit/loss, trading and derivative financial liabilities are valued with their fair values and the other financial liabilities are carried at "amortized cost" including costs of transactions using the "effective interest method".

Bank, classified its part of the financial debts as fair value through profit / loss on financial liabilities. Difference between fair value of the debt and amortized cost of the debt together with the interest expense paid on financial instrument is presented as trading gain and losses in the accompanying financial statements.

The Bank utilises various hedging techniques to minimise the currency, interest rate and liquidity risks of its financial liabilities. No convertible bonds have been issued by the Bank.

Also, the Bank obtains funds by is suing bonds and bills.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

19. Explanations on issuance of share certificates:

When shares are issued above their nominal value, the excess over the nominal value is accounted under shareholders' equity as "Share premium".

20. Explanations on bill of guarantees and acceptances:

Bill of guarantees and acceptances are included in the "Off-balance sheet commitments".

21. Explanations on government grants:

None (December 31, 2021 - None).

22. Profit reserves and profit distribution:

Retained earnings as per the statutory financial statements other than legal reserves are available for distribution, subject to the legal reserve requirement referred to below. Legal reserves consist of first and second reserves as foreseen in the TCC. The TCC specifies that the first legal reserve is appropriated at the rate of 5% until the total reserve is equal to 20% of paid-in capital and that the second legal reserve is appropriated at the rate of 10% of distributions in excess of 5% of paid-in capital; however holding companies are not subject to this application. According to the Turkish Commercial Code, legal reserves can only be used to compensate for accumulated losses and cannot be used for other purposes unless they exceed 50% of paid-in capital.

No dividend payments were announced after the balance sheet date.

23. Earnings per share:

Earnings per share disclosed in the income statement are calculated by dividing net profit/(loss) for the year to the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period concerned.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Net Income/(loss) to be appropriated to ordinary shareholders	35.315.448	6.932.090
Weighted average number of issued ordinary shares(thousand)	844.705.128	844.705.128
Earnings per share (full TL)	0,0418	0,0082

In Turkey, companies can increase their share capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares ("bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings. These bonus shares are treated as issued shares in earnings per share computations. For the purpose of earnings per share computations, the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year is adjusted in respect of bonus shares issued without a corresponding change in resources by giving them a retroactive effect. In case bonus shares are distributed after the balance sheet date but before the preparation of the financial statements, earnings per share is calculated considering the new number of shares.

No bonus shares were is sued during 2022 (2021 – None).

24. Related parties:

For the purpose of these financial statements, shareholders having control shares of the Bank, key management personnel and board members together with their families and companies controlled by/affiliated with them associated companies and joint ventures and the Fund providing post employment benefits are considered and referred to as related parties in accordance with "TAS – 24 Related Parties". The transactions with related parties are disclosed in detail in Note 5 of Section Five.

25. Explanations on operating segments:

Information about operating segments which are determined in line with "TFRS – 8 Operating Segments" together with organizational and internal reporting structure of the Bank, are disclosed in Note 10 of Section Four.

26. Explanations on other matters:

None.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30,2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Section four - Information related to financial position of the Bank

1. **Explanations on equity:**

The calculation of the own funds and the capital adequacy standard ratio are performed in accordance with the communiqués such as "Regulation Regarding the Measurement and Evaluation of Banks' Capital Adequacy Ratio", "Regulation Credit Risk Mitigation Techniques", "Regulation on calculation of Risk-Weighted Amounts of Securitizations" and "Regulation Regarding Banks' Shareholders' Equity". The capital adequacy ratio of the Bank is 20,43% (December 31, 2021 - 18,67%).

1.1. **Information on equity:**

	Current Period	Prior Period
COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL		
Paid-up Capital	8.447.051	8.447.051
Share issue premiums	556.937	556.937
Retained earnings	43.702.404	34.213.005
Accumulated other comprehensive income and other disclosed reserves which defined in the Turkish Accounting Standards	30.146.913	14.708.689
Profit	35.315.448	10.489.758
Net profit of the period	35.315.448	10.489.758
Profit of the previous years	-	-
Shares acquired free of charge from subsidiaries, affiliates and jointly controlled partnerships and cannot be recognised within profit for the period	26.210	25.382
Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	118.194.963	68.440.822
Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments		
Prudential valuation adjustments	97.314	89.872
The sum of the net loss for the current period and the previous years which could not be absorbed by the retained earnings and losses	5 (55 (10	4056644
recognised in equity in accordance with TAS	5.677.619	4.956.644
Improvement costs for operating leasing	149.047	131.078
Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	979.493	979.493
Other intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	943.921	910.108
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)		
Cash-flow hedge reserve	6.152.120	2.328.663
Shortfall of provisions to expected losses	-	-
Securitization gainon sale	-	-
Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	-
Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	-	-
Investments in own shares	-	-
Credits extended contrary to the fourth paragraph of Articles 56 of the Banking Law	-	-
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold) Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank owns more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold) Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold)	_	_
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	-	_
Amount exceeding the 15% threshold (-) of the common equity Tier 1 in accordance with the second paragraph of the provisional article 2 in the regulation regarding the Banks' Shareholders' Equity	-	-
The amount above threshold for the investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank owns more than 10% of the issued share capital		
The amount above threshold for mortgage servicing rights	-	-
The amount above threshold for deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	-	-
National specific regulatory adjustments which shall be determined by the BRSA	-	-
Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions		
Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier 1	13.999.514	9.395.858
Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CETI)	104.195.449	59.044.964

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş. Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

ADDITIONAL TIER 1 CAPITAL	Current Down	Drien Doni- J
Preferred shares that are not included in Common Equity Tier 1 capital and related shares issue premiums	Current Period	Prior Period
Eligible capital instruments and relevant share issue premiums that are approved by the BRSA	12.027.470	8.435.375
Eligible capital instruments and relevant share issue premiums that are approved by the BRSA (For the purposes of the Provisional	12.027.170	01.00.070
Article 4 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds)	-	<u>-</u>
Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	12.027.470	8.435.375
Additional Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments		-
Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	-	-
Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of		-
eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount		
above 10% threshold)	-	-
Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory		
consolidation (net of eligible short positions) National specific regulatory adjustments which shall be determined by the BRSA	-	-
Regulatory Adjustments which will be deducted from Tier 1 capital during the transition period	-	-
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital		
for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the sub-paragraph of		
the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital	-	
Total Additional Tier 1 capital	12.027.470	8.435.375
Fotal Tier 1 capital (Tier 1 capital = Common Equity Tier 1 capital + Additional Tier 1 capital)	116.222.919	67.480.339
TIER 2 CAPITAL	110(2220)1)	0711001255
Eligible capital instruments and relevant share issue premiums that are approved by the Agency	11.051.105	9.507.903
Eligible capital instruments and relevant share issue premiums that are approved by the Agency (For the purposes of the Provisional	11.031.103	7.507.703
Article 4 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds)	-	-
Provisions (Article 8 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks)	4.204.585	3.000.710
Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	15.255.690	12.508.613
Fier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments		
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank on its own Tier 2 Capital (-) (Investments of the Bank to banks that invest on the Bank's Tier 2 and components of equity issued by financial institutions with the	-	-
conditions declared in Article 8	_	-
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of		
eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount		
above the 10% threshold) (-) Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	-	-
(net of eligible short positions) (-)	-	-
National specific regulatory adjustments which shall be determined by the BRSA	-	-
Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	-	-
Total Tier 2 capital	15.255.690	12.508.613
Total Capital (The sum of Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital)	131.439.384	79.912.127
The Sum of Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital (Total Capital)	0.474	
Credits extended contrary to the provisions of Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law	9.456	41.724
Portion of the sum of the banks' real estate net book values, which is in excess of fifty per cent of their own funds and net book values of those of merchandise and real estate which have to be acquired due to their receivables and disposed of pursuant to		
Article 57 of the Banking Law, which cannot be disposed of despite the lapse of a period of five years since the date of such		
acquisition ⁽¹⁾	-	-
National specific regulatory adjustments which shall be determined by the BRSA	29.769	35.101
Regulatory Adjustments which will be deducted from Total Capital during the transition period [Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of		
eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital		
for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Significant investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold) which will not deducted from		
Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold), mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold), deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)		
which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article		

 $(Convenience\ translation\ of\ publicly\ announced\ unconsolidated\ financial\ statements\ originally\ issued\ in\ Turkish, see in\ note\ 1.\ of\ section\ three)$

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30,2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

OWN FUNDS	Current Period	Prior Period
Total Capital (The sum of Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital)	130.996.628	79.407.743
Total Risk Weighted Assets (2)	641.069.651	425.334.230
CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS		
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	16,25	13,88
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	18,13	15,87
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	20,43	18,67
BUFFERS	-	-
Institution specific buffer requirement of the Bank(a+b+c)	2,517	2,523
a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2,500	2,500
b) Bank's specific countercyclical buffer requirement (%)	0,017	0,023
c) Systemically important Bank buffer (%)	-	-
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier 1 capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the Article 4		
of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital buffers to Risk Weighted Assets (%)	11,753	9,382
Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting)		
Non-significant investments in the capital of other financials	418.280	317.593
Significant investments in the common stock of financials	2.673.972	2.050.744
Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	-	-
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	10.077.695	5.514.747
Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 capital		
General provisions for standard based receivables (before ten thousand twenty five limitation)	1.023.406	1.946.844
Up to 1.25% of total risk-weighted amount of general provisions for receivables where the standard approach used	767.555	789.760
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	13.882.565	11.706.25
Excess amount of total provision amount to 0,6% of risk weighted receivables of credit risk Amount of the Internal	13.002.303	11.700.23
Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	3.437.030	2.210.950

According to the "Regulation Regarding to changes on Regulation on Banks' Shareholders' Equity" published in Official Gazette No.30121 on July 11, 2017, related article has been abolished.

⁽²⁾ In the calculation of credit risk amount, spot purchase rates announced as of December 31, 2021 by Central Bank are used in accordance with their accordance with the legislation of BRSA numbered 10188 dated April 28, 2022.

(Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements originally issued in Turkish, see in note 1. of section three)

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30,2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.2. Details on Subordinated Liabilities:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Lender (1,2), Issuer (3,4,5)	UNICREDIT SPA	UNICREDIT SPA	Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.	Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.S.	Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.	Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.	Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.
Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private			XS0861979440/		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
placement)	-	-	US984848AB73	XS2286436451 / US984848AN12	XS1867595750 / US984848AL55	TRSYKBK62914	TRSYKBK92911
Governing law(s) of the instrument	BRSA / Austria Law	BRSA / Austria Law	BRSA / CMB / LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE / English Law	English Law /Turkish Law	English Law /Turkish Law	BRSA /CMB / Turkish Law	BRSA /CMB / Turkish Law
		ļ.		Regulatory treatment		l .	
Transitional Basel III rules	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
Eligible at stand-alone / consolidated	Stand-alone -Consolidated	Stand-alone -Consolidated	Stand-alone -Consolidated	Stand-alone -Consolidated	Stand-alone -Consolidated	Stand-alone -Consolidated	Stand-alone -Consolidated
Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Loan	Loan	Bond	Bond	Bond	Bond	Bond
Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent		000		0.252	12.020	500	300
reporting date)	-	999	-	9.252	12.028	300	300
Par value of instrument	10.825	4.996	16.761	9.252	12.028	500	300
	Liability –	Liability –	Liability –	Liability –	Liability –	Liability –	Liability –
Accounting classification	Subordinated Loans-	Subordinated Loans-	Subordinated Loans-	Subordinated Loans-	Subordinated Loans-	Subordinated Loans-	Subordinated Loans-
	amortised cost	amortised cost	amortised cost	amortised cost	amortised cost	amortised cost	amortised cost
Original date of issuance	January 9, 2013	December 18, 2013	December 6, 2012	January 22, 2021	January 15, 2019	July 3, 2019	October 3, 2019
Perpetual or dated	Dated	Dated	Dated	Dated	Perpetual	Dated	Dated
Original maturity date	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years	-	10 years	10 years
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	After 5th year	After 5th year	-	5 years	Every 5 years	After 5th year	After 5th year
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	After 5th year	After 5th year	-	-	-	After 5th year	After 5th year
				Coupons / dividends		_	
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Floating	Floating
Coupon rate and any related index	5,7%	First 5 years 6,55%fixed, second 5 years 7,7156% fixed	5,5%	First 5 years 7,875% fixed, second 5 years U.S. five year treasury bond rate +741.50 basis points	First 5 years 13,875% fixed, second 5 years midswap+11,245% fixed	TLREF index change +1,93 %	TLREF index change + 1,30%
	No interest accrue after the date of	No interest accrue after the date of	-	No interest accrue after the date of	No interest accrue after the date of	No interest accrue after the date of	No interest accrue after the date of
Existence of a dividend stopper	value decrease for the decreased	value decrease for the decreased		value decrease for the decreased	value decrease for the decreased	value decrease for the decreased	value decrease for the decreased
	amount	amount		amount	amount	amount	amount
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	-	-	-	Mandatory	Optional	Mandatory	Mandatory
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
	-			Convertible or non-convertible			
If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
If convertible, fully or partially	-		-	-	-	-	-
If convertible, conversion rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	-		-	-	-	-	-
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
				Write-down feature			
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	-	-	-	In case of default	In case of default/ Common Equity Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio of the bank falls below 5.125%	In case there is a possibility that the official authorization of the Bank is cancelled or the Bank shares are transferred to SDIF	In case there is a possibility that the official authorization of the Bank is cancelled or the Bank shares are transferred to SDIF
If write-down, full or partial	-	-	-	Partial and complete	Partial and complete	Partial and complete	Partial and complete
If write-down, permanent or temporary	-			Permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Permanent
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	-	-	-	-	In case of cancellation of default' Common Equity Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio of the bank is higher than 5.125%	-	-
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type	After the senior creditors,	After the senior creditors,	After the senior creditors, before	After the senior creditors,	After the senior creditors,	After the senior creditors, before the TIER	After the senior creditors, before the TIER 1
immediately senior to instrument)	before the TIER 1 subdebt, same with TIER 2	before the TIER 1 subdebt, same with TIER 2	the TIER 1 subdebt, same with TIER 2	before the TIER 1 subdebt, same with TIER 2	and the TIER 1	1 subdebt, same with TIER 2	subdebt, same with TIER 2
In compliance with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	No No	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
Details of incompliances with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"			8-2-ğ	_	-	- 10	
will interest the arrive number / and of own fund regulation							

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.3. There are differences between the figures in the own funds and their corresponding amounts in the balance sheet. Within this context; in the calculation of own funds, the losses and gains that are related to cash flow hedge transactions are not considered in the own funds and the prudential valuation adjustments calculated in accordance with the (i) item of the first paragraph in the ninth article of the "Regulation Regarding Banks' Shareholders' Equity" are considered in the own funds. In addition, the subordinated liabilities are considered after the adjustments made in accordance with the ninth paragraph of the eighth article and in the provisional fourth article of the "Regulation Regarding Banks' Shareholders' Equity".

2. Explanations on Risk Management:

Notes and explanations in this section have been prepared in accordance with the Communiqué on Disclosures about Risk Management to be Announced to Public by Banks that have been published in Official Gazette no. 29511 on October 23, 2015 and became effective as of March 31, 2016.

2.1. General Information on Risk Management and Risk Weighted Amount

As of June 30, 2021, the Bank has started to calculate its credit risk, which is subject to the regulatory capital adequacy ratio reporting, with the Internal Rating-Based (IRB) approach. Foundation IRB approach is used for the corporate exposure class and advanced IRB approach is used for the retail exposure class as determined by "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks".

2.1.1. Overview of risk-weighted amounts

		Risk Weighted Assets		Minimum Capital Requirements
		Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR) (1)	571.987.965	369.831.219	45.759.037
2	Of which standardised approach (SA)	52.551.883	38.983.014	4.204.151
3	Of which internal rating-based (IRB) approach	519.436.082	307.443.458	41.554.887
4	Counterparty credit risk	15.266.064	11.310.348	1.221.285
5	Of which standardised approach for counterparty credit risk			
5	(SA-CCR)	15.266.064	11.310.348	1.221.285
6	Of which internal model method (IMM)	-	-	
7	Equity positions in banking book under market-based			
,	approach	-	-	
8	Equity investments in funds – look-through approach	32	3.117	3
9	Equity investments in funds – mandate-based approach	-	-	
10	Equity investments in funds – fall-back approach	-	-	
11	Settlement risk	5	8	
12	Securitisation exposures in banking book	-	-	•
13	Of which IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	
14	Of which IRB Supervisory Formula Approach (SFA)	-	-	
15	Of which SA/simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)	-	-	
16	Market risk	6.061.991	6.080.358	484.959
17	Of which standardised approach (SA)	6.061.991	6.080.358	484.959
18	Of which internal model approaches (IMM)	5.551.551	-	.0,
19	Operational risk	42.578.789	34.598.266	3.406.303
20	Of which Basic Indicator Approach	42.578.789	34.598.266	3,406,303
21	Of which Standardised Approach	=	_	
22	Of which Advanced Measurement Approach	_	_	
	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to			
23	250% risk weight)	5.174.805	3.510.914	413.984
24	Floor ad justment	-	_	
	TOTAL (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	641.069.651	425.334.230	51.285.571

⁽¹⁾ For the prior period, in the context of transition to IRB regulation, there is a value adjustment amounting to TL 23.404.747.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2.1.2. RWA Movement Table Under IRB Approach

		Current Period	Prior Period
1	Previous Period Closing Amount ⁽¹⁾	307.443.458	-
2	Changes in Volume	115.207.424	-
3	Changes in Asset Quality	10.430.785	-
4	Model Updates	(198.188)	-
5	Policy and Regulatory Changes (2)	86.552.603	-
6	Purchasing and Selling	-	-
7	FX Difference	-	-
8	Other	-	307.443.458
9	Current Period Closing Amount	519.436.082	307.443.458

2.13. RWA changes regarding CCR within the scope of internal model method

		Current Period	Prior Period
1	Previous Period Closing Amount ⁽¹⁾	3.219.629	-
2	Changes in Volume	(2.233.332)	-
3	Changes in Asset Quality	115.610	-
4	Model Updates	-	-
5	Policy and Regulatory Changes ⁽²⁾	2.267.773	-
6	Purchasing and Selling	-	-
7	FX Difference	946.272	-
8	Other	-	3.219.629
9	Current Period Closing Amount	4.315.952	3.219.629

The Bank has started to use IRB approach as of June 30,2021. Includes the effects of legistations of BRSA numbered 10188 dated April 28,2022 and numbered 10265 dated July 7,2022.

The Bank has started to use IRB approach as of June 30,2021.

Includes the transition effect of the standard approach in the measurement of CRR as of July 1, 2022 in accordance with the A rticle 2 of the "Amendment of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks" which published in Official Gazette No.31740 and dated February 4, 2022.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

3. Explanations on currency risk

The difference between the Bank's foreign currency denominated and foreign currency indexed on- and off-balance sheet assets and liabilities is defined as the "Net Foreign Currency Position" and it is the basis of currency risk. Cross currency risk is also taken into consideration for the currency risk calculations and measurements.

The Bank keeps the amount of currency risk exposure within the related legal limits and follows the exchange position on a daily/regular basis. In addition, although the internal exchange position limit is lower when compared to the related legal limit, there has not been any limit exceeding during the period. As an instrument of currency risk management, derivatives such as swap and forwards are used to reduce risk whenever needed. In order to guard against extreme volatility during the year stress tests are applied. Value at risk method is used for the measurement of foreign exchange risk.

The details of hedging of the foreign currency debt instruments and net foreign currency investment risk with derivative instruments are disclosed in section four Note 8.

The Bank's publicly announced foreign exchange bid rates as of the date of the financial statements and for the last five work days prior to that date are as follows:

(Exchange rates presented as full TL)	USD	EUR
Balance sheet evaluation rate:	18,5038	17,9232
First day current bid rate	18,4862	17,6711
Second day current bid rate	18,4509	17,7719
Third day current bid rate	18,4266	17,7909
Fourth day current bid rate	18,3702	17,9431
Fifth day current bid rate	18,3702	17,9431
Arithmetic average of the last 30 days:	18,2756	18,1397
Balance sheet evaluation rate as of prior period:	12,9775	14,6823

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Information related to financial position of the Bank

			OTHER	
Current Period	EUR	USD	FC ⁽⁴⁾	Total
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased)				
and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	34.131.621	69.932.945	14.925.113	118.989.679
Banks	2.058.318	18.361.183	310.897	20.730.398
Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement	33.746	1.352.840	-	1.386.586
Money markets	_	804.660	_	804.660
Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to other		001.000		001.000
comprehensive income statement	1.651.856	13.372.752	_	15.024.608
Loans (1)	70.135.724	96.351.228	5.869.869	172.356.821
Investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	8.240.752	1.039.213	2.673.972	11.953.937
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	4.445.175	61.021.188	2.073.772	65.466.363
Hedging derivative financial assets	710.990	2.857.273	-	3.568.263
Tangible assets	/10.550	2.631.213	-	3.306.203
	-	-	-	-
Intangible assets Other assets ²⁾	9.263.025	20 125 5 49	2 (40 27)	42.028.040
		30.135.548	2.640.376	42.038.949
Total assets	130.671.207	295.228.830	26.420.227	452.320.264
Liabilities	2.362.145	1.646.797	36.229	4.045.171
Bank deposits				4.045.171
Foreign currency deposits	85.455.374	173.052.259	35.277.580	293.785.213
Funds from money market	4.349.536	3.413.931		7.763.467
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	25.993.546	46.149.371	337	72.143.254
Marketable securities issued	182.657	27.435.181	953.725	28.571.563
Miscellaneous payables	4.431.945	620.939	164.812	5.217.696
Hedging derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities (3)	5.704.654	97.814.177	28.515	103.547.346
Total liabilities	128.479.857	350.132.655	36.461.198	515.073.710
Net on-balance sheet position	2.191.350	(54.903.825)	(10.040.971)	(62.753.446)
Net off-balance sheet position ⁽⁵⁾	(2.993.329)	55.307.319	12.719.279	65.033.269
Financial derivative assets	21.921.462	102.865.641	15.150.262	139.937.365
Financial derivative liabilities	24.914.791	47.558.322	2.430.983	74.904.096
Net Position	(801.979)	403.494	2.678.308	2.279.823
Non-cash loans	62.643.094	72.541.653	10.747.800	145.932.547
Prior Period				
Total assets	127.107.231	217.103.318	16.676.138	360.886.687
Total liabilities	114.883.876	279.151.713	26.617.461	420.653.050
Net on-balance sheet position	12.223.355	(62.048.395)	(9.941.323)	(59.766.363)
Net off-balance sheet position	(10.660.274)	61.558.734	11.969.789	62.868.249
Financial derivative assets	14.368.163	86.627.947	17.176.405	118.172.515
Financial derivative liabilities	25.028.437	25.069.213	5.206.616	55.304.266
Net Position	1.563.081	(489.661)	2.028.466	3.101.886
Non-cash loans	55.144.392	57,797,998	6.581.082	119.523.472

- (1) Includes FX indexed loans amounting to TL 246.571 (December 31, 2021 TL 320.109) which have been disclosed as TL in the financial statements.
 (2) Does not include foreign currency prepaid expenses amounting to TL 841.833 (December 31, 2021 TL 444.304).
 (3) Does not include foreign currency other comprehensive income and expense under equity.
 (4) Other FC column includes also gold balance.
 (5) Forward transactions classified as commitments are also included.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

4. Explanations on interest rate risk

The monitoring of interest rate sensitive as sets and liabilities, including sensitivity analysis regarding the effect of interest rate fluctuations on the financial statements, is performed by the risk management department for all interest sensitive instruments over carrying values. The results are presented monthly to the Asset and Liability Management function of the Executive Committee. By using sensitivity and scenario analyses, the possible effects by interest rate volatility are analyzed. In these analyses possible losses are calculated for the change in fair value of interest sensitive products by applying shock tests to interest rates.

Sensitivity analyses are also calculated daily within Market Risk reporting on the basis of maturity and foreign exchange types and reported to Senior Management by checking them against the determined limits.

The Bank utilizes TL/foreign currency and TL/TL interest rate and money swap transactions in order to limit the interest and foreign currency risk arising from short-term deposit and long-term consumer loans within the balance sheet

4.1. Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items based on repricing dates:

	Up to 1		2 12 2 1	4.537	5 Years and	Non-interest	7 7
Current Period Assets	Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over	bearing	Total
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central							
Bank of the Republic of Turkey			_			150.319.560	150.319.560
Banks	50.018	1.439.625	_	_	_	19.291.750	20.781.393
Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement	-	677.285	26.747	107.833	190,660	384.142	1.386.667
Money markets	1.454.893	077.200	20.7.7	-	-	50 1.2	1.454.893
Financial assets where fair value change is reflected	1.434.073						1.434.07.
to other comprehensive income statement	8.755.814	12.039.670	20.946.642	9.229.544	12.879.258	105.211	63.956.139
Loans ⁽¹⁾	92.406.615	99.862.602	202.673.952	122.320.902	23.927.200	(13.538.223)	527.653.048
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	2.852.263	10.161.746	52.942.516	24.984.380	52.744.602		143.685.507
Other assets	2.258.514	2.808.436	2.017.965	10.146.495	3.866.780	99.548.527	120.646.717
Total assets	107.778.117	126.989.364	278.607.822	166.789.154	93.608.500	256.110.967	1.029.883.92
Liabilities							
Bank deposits	8.005.313	1.834.006	3.111.145	16.944	-	4.733.355	17.700.763
Other deposits	219.875.988 20.684.540	108.307.555 650.850	26.919.478 4.577.009	30.945	-	232.355.791	587.489.75
Funds from money market	20.064.340	030.830	4.377.009	-	-	27 525 026	25.912.399 37.525.020
Miscellaneous payables Marketable securities issued	12.965.922	11.245.285	11.377.303	366.299	-	37.525.026	35.954.809
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	17.451.137	41.973.972	13.185.515	1.376.982	161.219		74.148.825
Other liabilities ⁽²⁾	2.522.270	56.360.701	14.873.854	30.907.891	3.864.668	142.622.961	251.152.345
Total liabilities	281.505.170	220.372.369	74.044.304	32.699.061	4.025.887	417.237.133	1.029.883.92
Balance sheet long position		-	204.563.518	134,090,093	89.582.613	-	428,236,224
Balance sheet short position	(173.727.053)	(93.383.005)		-	-	(161.126.166)	(428.236.224
Off-balance sheet long position	-	5.739.861	44.930.568	-	-	-	50.670.42
Off-balance sheet short position	-	-	-	(35.478.324)	(13.815.628)	-	(49.293.952
Total position	(173.727.053)	(87.643.144)	249.494.086	98.611.769	75.766.985	(161.126.166)	1.376.47
	Up to 1				5 Years and	Non-interest	
Prior Period	Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over	bearing	Tota
Assets	Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over	bearing	Tota
Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit,	Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over	bearing	Tota
Assets	Month 68.178.110	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over	bearing 48.010.456	
Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central		1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over - -	48.010.456	116.188.56
Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets where fair value change is reflected	68.178.110	732.023	-	-	-	48.010.456 19.271.609	116.188.56 25.605.76
Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement	68.178.110 5.602.134	-	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over	48.010.456	116.188.56 25.605.76 1.210.78
Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement Money markets	68.178.110	732.023	-	-		48.010.456 19.271.609	116.188.56 25.605.76 1.210.78
Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement Money markets Financial assets where fair value change is reflected	68.178.110 5.602.134 - 1.809.366	732.023 489.206	5.683	- - 58.396 -	- - 139.374 -	48.010.456 19.271.609 518.127	116.188.56 25.605.76 1.210.78 1.809.36
Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement Money markets Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to other comprehensive income statement	68.178.110 5.602.134 - 1.809.366 4.910.379	732.023 489.206 - 8.509.892	5.683 - 13.328.397	58.396 - 3.636.480	139.374 - 4.101.999	48.010.456 19.271.609 518.127 - 22.553	116.188.56 25.605.76 1.210.78 1.809.36 34.509.70
Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement Money markets Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to other comprehensive income statement Loans(1)	68.178.110 5.602.134 1.809.366 4.910.379 58.261.264	732.023 489.206 - 8.509.892 52.653.416	5.683 - 13.328.397 150.581.894	58.396 - 3.636.480 106.139.104	139.374 - 4.101.999 20.480.008	48.010.456 19.271.609 518.127	116.188.56 25.605.76 1.210.78 1.809.36 34.509.70 377.768.09
Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement Money markets Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to other comprehensive income statement Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost	68.178.110 5.602.134 - 1.809.366 4.910.379 58.261.264 20.256.530	732.023 489.206 - 8.509.892 52.653.416 10.834.713	5.683 - 13.328.397 150.581.894 12.873.962	58.396 - 3.636.480 106.139.104 8.883.497	- - 139.374 - 4.101.999 20.480.008 39.026.798	48.010.456 19.271.609 518.127 - 22.553 (10.347.595)	116.188.56 25.605.76 1.210.78 1.809.36 34.509.70 377.768.09 91.875.50
Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement Money markets Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to other comprehensive income statement Loans(1)	68.178.110 5.602.134 - 1.809.366 4.910.379 58.261.264 20.256.530 5.369.048	732.023 489.206 - 8.509.892 52.653.416 10.834.713 7.907.524	5.683 - 13.328.397 150.581.894 12.873.962 2.714.168	58.396 - 3.636.480 106.139.104 8.883.497 5.708.196	- - 139.374 - 4.101.999 20.480.008 39.026.798 329.298	48.010.456 19.271.609 518.127 - 22.553 (10.347.595) - 65.773.757	116.188.56 25.605.76 1.210.78 1.809.36 34.509.70 377.768.09 91.875.50 87.801.99
Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement Money markets Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to other comprehensive income statement Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets	68.178.110 5.602.134 - 1.809.366 4.910.379 58.261.264 20.256.530	732.023 489.206 - 8.509.892 52.653.416 10.834.713	5.683 - 13.328.397 150.581.894 12.873.962	58.396 - 3.636.480 106.139.104 8.883.497	- - 139.374 - 4.101.999 20.480.008 39.026.798	48.010.456 19.271.609 518.127 - 22.553 (10.347.595)	116.188.56 25.605.76 1.210.78 1.809.36 34.509.70 377.768.09 91.875.50 87.801.99
Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement Money markets Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to other comprehensive income statement Loans ⁽¹⁾ Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets	68.178.110 5.602.134 - 1.809.366 4.910.379 58.261.264 20.256.530 5.369.048	732.023 489.206 - 8.509.892 52.653.416 10.834.713 7.907.524	5.683 - 13.328.397 150.581.894 12.873.962 2.714.168	58.396 - 3.636.480 106.139.104 8.883.497 5.708.196	- - 139.374 - 4.101.999 20.480.008 39.026.798 329.298	48.010.456 19.271.609 518.127 - 22.553 (10.347.595) - 65.773.757	116.188.56 25.605.76 1.210.78 1.809.36 34.509.70 377.768.09 91.875.50 87.801.99
Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement Money markets Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to other comprehensive income statement Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities Bank deposits Other deposits	68.178.110 5.602.134 1.809.366 4.910.379 58.261.264 20.256.530 5.369.048 164.386.831 2.782.718 187.039.765	732.023 489.206 8.509.892 52.653.416 10.834.713 7.907.524 81.126.774 823.611 32.753.294	5.683 - 13.328.397 150.581.894 12.873.962 2.714.168 179.504.104 1.736.802 4.662.820	58.396 - 3.636.480 106.139.104 8.883.497 5.708.196 124.425.673	- - 139.374 - 4.101.999 20.480.008 39.026.798 329.298	48.010.456 19.271.609 518.127 - 22.553 (10.347.595) - 65.773.757 123.248.907	116.188.56 25.605.76 1.210.78 1.809.36 34.509.70 377.768.09 91.875.50 87.801.99 736.769.76
Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement Money markets Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to other comprehensive income statement Loans ⁽¹⁾ Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities Bank deposits Other deposits Funds from money market	68.178.110 5.602.134 1.809.366 4.910.379 58.261.264 20.256.530 5.369.048 164.386.831 2.782.718	732.023 489.206 8.509.892 52.653.416 10.834.713 7.907.524 81.126.774	5.683 - 13.328.397 150.581.894 12.873.962 2.714.168 179.504.104 1.736.802	58.396 - 3.636.480 106.139.104 8.883.497 5.708.196 124.425.673	- - 139.374 - 4.101.999 20.480.008 39.026.798 329.298	48.010.456 19.271.609 518.127 22.553 (10.347.595) 65.773.757 123.248.907 2.764.181 168.466.032	116.188.56 25.605.76 1.210.78 1.809.36 34.509.70 377.768.09 91.875.50 87.801.99 736.769.76 8.118.88 392.976.53 52.908.27
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Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement Money markets Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to other comprehensive income statement Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities Bank deposits Other deposits Funds from money market Miscellaneous payables Marketable securities issued	68.178.110 5.602.134 1.809.366 4.910.379 58.261.264 20.256.530 5.369.048 164.386.831 2.782.718 187.039.765 48.560.168 2.832.011	732.023 489.206 8.509.892 52.653.416 10.834.713 7.907.524 81.126.774 823.611 32.753.294 3.315.191 16.258.438	5.683 - 13.328.397 150.581.894 12.873.962 2.714.168 179.504.104 1.736.802 4.662.820 1.032.918 - 15.163.293	58.396 - 3.636.480 106.139.104 8.883.497 5.708.196 124.425.673 11.573 54.620	139.374 - 4.101.999 20.480.008 39.026.798 329.298 64.077.477	48.010.456 19.271.609 518.127 22.553 (10.347.595) 65.773.757 123.248.907 2.764.181 168.466.032	116.188.56 25.605.76 1.210.78 1.809.36 34.509.70 377.768.09 91.875.50 87.801.99 736.769.76 8.118.88 392.976.53 52.908.27 25.172.40 34.253.74
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Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement Money markets Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to other comprehensive income statement Loans ⁽¹⁾ Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Total assets Liabilities Bank deposits Other deposits Funds from money market Miscellaneous payables Marketable securities issued Funds borrowed from other financial institutions Other liabilities ⁽²⁾	68.178.110 5.602.134 1.809.366 4.910.379 58.261.264 20.256.530 5.369.048 164.386.831 2.782.718 187.039.765 48.560.168	732.023 489.206 - 8.509.892 52.653.416 10.834.713 7.907.524 81.126.774 823.611 32.753.294 3.315.191 - 16.258.438 41.982.748 30.506.219	5.683 13.328.397 150.581.894 12.873.962 2.714.168 179.504.104 1.736.802 4.662.820 1.032.918 - 15.163.293 11.617.423 13.935.249	58.396 - 3.636.480 106.139.104 8.883.497 5.708.196 124.425.673 11.573 54.620 - - - 2.585.498 31.847.398	139.374 - 4.101.999 20.480.008 39.026.798 329.298 64.077.477	48.010.456 19.271.609 518.127 22.553 (10.347.595) 65.773.757 123.248.907 2.764.181 168.466.032 25.172.406	116.188.56 25.605.76 1.210.78 1.809.36 34.509.77 377.768.09 91.875.50 87.801.99 736.769.76 8.118.88 392.976.53 52.908.27 25.172.44 34.253.74 61.124.16 162.215.75
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Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey Banks Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement Money markets Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to other comprehensive income statement Loans(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost Other assets Total assets Liabilities Bank deposits Other deposits Funds from money market Miscellaneous payables Marketable securities issued Funds borrowed from other financial institutions Other liabilities(2) Total liabilities Balance sheet long position	68.178.110 5.602.134 1.809.366 4.910.379 58.261.264 20.256.530 5.369.048 164.386.831 2.782.718 187.039.765 48.560.168 - 2.832.011 3.977.880 4.883.941 250.076.483	732.023 489.206 	5.683 13.328.397 150.581.894 12.873.962 2.714.168 179.504.104 1.736.802 4.662.820 1.032.918 - 15.163.293 11.617.423 13.935.249	58.396 - 3.636.480 106.139.104 8.883.497 5.708.196 124.425.673 11.573 54.620 - - - 2.585.498 31.847.398	139.374 - 4.101.999 20.480.008 39.026.798 329.298 64.077.477	48.010.456 19.271.609 518.127 - 22.553 (10.347.595) - 65.773.757 123.248.907 2.764.1.81 168.466.032 25.172.406 - 77.641.261 274.043.880	116.188.56 25.605.76 1.210.78 1.809.36 34.509.70 377.768.09 91.875.50 87.801.99 736.769.76 8.118.88 392.976.53 52.908.27 25.172.40 34.253.74 61.124.16 162.215.75 736.769.76 280.997.35
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 $⁽¹⁾ Non-performing\ loans\ are\ shown\ in\ net\ Non-Interest\ Bearing\ loss\ column\ after\ being\ offset\ by\ expected\ loss\ provisions.$

⁽²⁾ Shareholders' equity is presented under "Non interest bearing".

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30,2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

4.2. Average interest rates for monetary financial instruments:

The following average interest rates are calculated by weighting the rates with their principal amounts outstanding as of the balance sheet date.

Current Period	EUR	USD	Yen	TL
	%	%	%	%
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey				
Banks	_	_	_	12,65
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5,06	4,93	-	12,05
Receivables from money markets	-	1,63	-	12,90
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	3,32	7,39	-	47,64
Loans	5,69	7,47	-	24,24
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	4,32	6,42	-	57,09
Liabilities				
Bank deposits ⁽¹⁾	-	0,07	-	12,46
Other deposits ⁽¹⁾	0,20	0,97	-	8,97
Funds from money market	3,24	4,18	-	10,39
Miscellaneous payables	-	-	-	-
Marketable securities issued	5,00	7,90	-	20,65
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	2,31	4,87	-	11,64

Prior Period	EUR	USD	Yen	TL
	%	%	%	%
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques				
purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	8,89
Banks	-	-	-	13,72
Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss	3,87	3,43	-	15,57
Money market placements	-	· -	-	12,31
Available-for-sale financial assets	3,32	6,31	-	28,85
Loans	4,63	5,76	-	19,26
Held-to-maturity investments	4,33	6,28	-	30,36
Liabilities				
Bank deposits ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	16,08
Other deposits ⁽¹⁾	0,08	0,34	-	10,30
Funds from money market	1,01	· -	-	11,92
Miscellaneous payables	-	-	-	-
Marketable securities issued	5,00	6,46	-	17,39
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	1,84	2,47	-	15,52

Demand deposit balances are included in average interest rate calculation.

5. Explanation on share certificates position risk from banking book:

None.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

6. Explanations on Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio:

Liquidity risk is defined as risk of unexpected loss to be occurred or bank to have difficulties in raising funds while meeting maturing liabilities. Liquidity management is daily monitored in the Bank under Treasury Management and Risk Management. The liquidity policy of the Bank is approved by the Bank's Board of Directors. Treasury Management is responsible for carrying out transactions which are appropriate to Bank's policy, monitoring of liquidity position and submitting necessary reports to executives. Treasury management contributes to determine strategies and operating actions for the management of the liquidity position in addition to prepare funding plan and contingency funding plan of the Bank. Liquidity risk is evaluated with liquidity gap analysis, liquidity stress tests and supplementary precautions/measurements. Liquidity Gap analysis are performed for two different periods as short-term and long-term. Going concern scenario and structural positions are reported monthly. This reporting constitutes the basis of monitoring and management of liquidity position.

The Bank does not function as a central funding institution in its relations with its subsidiaries. Intra-group liquidity management and funding strategies are limited with related legal boundaries.

The Bank is sues an annual funding plan in order to sustain funding in a consistent and balanced way. Funding plan have to be updated at least annually and approved by the Executive Committee since it is complied with budgeting process and risk appetite frameworks. The primary purpose of the funding plan is to provide a reliable balance between assets and liabilities.

Both short-termliquidity and long-term(structural) liquidity measurement and reporting for all types of currencies are periodically made in the Bank and its subsidiaries. There are limits which are predetermined and approved by the Board of Directors on the basis of all currencies for each period.

The Bank mainly uses derivative transactions as managing liquidity risk and monitors cash inflow and outflow periods in the framework of funding plan balancing the distribution among currencies.

The Bank aims to reduce the risks to the lowest level if required via measuring possible risks in liquidity with stress tests. Stress tests make it possible for the Bank to reinterpret analysis of its liquidity position according to scenarios depending on possible cases and tail risks except for crisis situations. Liquidity Stress Test methodology makes a similar approach with LCR template and hence allows the overview of the results in line with Basel approaches. The Bank applies and reports liquidity stress tests consisting of different scenarios and maturity segments both on unconsolidated and consolidated level and the results are compared with limit and trigger levels set, with different frequencies (weekly, monthly etc.) according to the scenarios.

"Liquidity Contingency Plan" is applied if the Bank needs more liquidity than its daily liquidity need because of possible financial events in future. Duties and responsibilities are defined in detail in the aforementioned plan. Both the liquidity policy and liquidity contingency policy are in line with BRSA best practice documents on liquidity risk management. The abovementioned policies and the thresholds (limits etc.) covered within liquidity risk management framework are updated and approved at least annually.

Funding sources of the Bank mainly consist of deposits which constitute 59% (December 31, 2021 - 54%) of total liabilities of the Bank and also include repo, secured loans, syndication, securitization, bond/security is suance and other instruments including subordinated loans and borrowings.

The Bank calculates and reports the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) in full compliance with the regulations. LCR is a metric measuring the adequacy of unencumbered free liquid as sets owned by banks (called high quality liquid as sets) to meet expected net cash outflows over the next 30 days. The metric is an important Basel regulation that measures short-term liquidity and is closely monitored in the Bank. In addition to the Bank LCR, the Net Stable Funding Rate (NSFR), which is considered another complementary element and provides another important medium / long-term liquidity risk measurement, has also begun internally. These two metrics are also included within the Risk Appetite Indicators and closely monitored at the Bank.

High quality liquid assets mentioned in LCR calculation consist of cash, effective money, Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey ("CBRT") accounts and reserves and unencumbered debt instruments is sued by Treasury of the Republic of Turkey treated as high quality liquid assets.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Cash outflows from derivative transactions in liquidity coverage ratio calculation are based on inclusion of net cash flows with maturity of 30 days in the calculation. Additionally, transactions having a margin possibility are included in liquidity coverage ratio calculation by taking the largest outflow amount according to the negative values of net margin flows realized in the last 24 months in respect of 30 days period or for liability into consideration as cash outflow.

Secured funding consists of repo and other secured borrowings. A large part of securities which are subjects of the aforementioned funding transactions consist of Sovereign Bonds is sued by Treasury of the Republic of Turkey and transactions are carried out in both CBRT market and interbank market.

The Bank manages all the transactions made before its foreign branches and partnership in the framework of central bank, markets and related legislation of the country in which the institutions are located. Legal lending limits and high limit transactions are closely monitored in this framework.

All cash inflow and outflow items related to liquidity profile of the Bank are included in liquidity coverage ratio tables below.

Average amounts of weekly liquidity coverage ratio calculations related to the last three months of current period are explained in the table below.

	Unweighted Amounts		Weighted Amounts		
Current Period	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
High Quality Liquid Assets					
High Quality Liquid Assets			235.109.711	131.759.712	
Cash Outflows					
Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits	349.524.391	193.297.178	32.253.565	19.329.200	
Stable deposits	53.977.495	10.344	2.698.875	517	
Less stable deposits	295.546.896	193.286.834	29.554.690	19.328.683	
Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business					
Customers Deposits	227.471.116	113.166.687	121.972.470	54.528.365	
Operational deposits	-	-	-		
Non-Operational deposits	185.295.656	104.639.386	87.528.875	46.001.064	
Other Unsecured funding	42.175.460	8.527.301	34.443.595	8.527.301	
Secured funding	-	-	146.307	146.307	
Other Cash Outflows	3.395.569	3.395.569	3.395.569	3.395.569	
Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market					
valuation changes on derivatives transactions Debts related to the structured financial products	3.395.569	3.395.569	3.395.569	3.395.569	
Commitment related to debts to financial markets and other off balance sheet liabilities	-	_	-		
Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any time					
by the Bank and other contractual commitments	246,405,614	147.581.696	12.320.281	7.379.085	
Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable commitments	208.728.631	39.549.444	18.949.763	5.959.456	
Total Cash Outflows			189.037.955	90.737.982	
Cash Inflows					
Secured Lending Transactions	-	_	-		
Unsecured Lending Transactions	61.804.250	31.170.277	45.550.968	27.649.468	
Other contractual cash inflows	7.299	52.582.466	7.299	52.582.466	
Total Cash Inflows	61.811.549	83.752.743	45.558.267	80.231.934	
			Capped A	Amounts	
Total High Quality Liquid Assets			235.109.711	131.759.712	
Total Net Cash Outflows			143.479.687	22.684.495	
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			163,86	580,84	

The dates and values of minimum and maximum foreign currency and total liquidity coverage ratios calculated weekly related to the last three months of current period are explained in the table below.

Current Period	Minimum FC (%)	Minimum TL+FC (%)	Maximum FC (%)	Maximum TL+FC (%)
Week	September 9, 2022	July 29, 2022	July 8, 2022	August 26, 2022
Ratio(%)	534,29	143,59	656,97	178,66

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Average amounts of weekly liquidity coverage ratio calculations related to the last three months of prior period are explained in the table below.

	Unweighted Amounts		Weighted An	nounts
Prior Period	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
High Quality Liquid Assets				
High Quality Liquid Assets			136.485.080	99.885.177
Cash Outflows			-	-
Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits	220.705.866	133.656.287	20.365.454	13.365.440
Stable deposits	34.102.642	3.765	1.705.132	188
Less stable deposits	186.603.224	133.652.522	18.660.322	13.365.252
Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business				
Customers Deposits	153.105.835	88.096.833	79.489.818	41.963.108
Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
Non-Operational deposits	126.082.010	80.972.601	57.494.820	34.838.876
Other Unsecured funding	27.023.825	7.124.232	21.994.998	7.124.232
Secured funding	-	-	-	-
Other Cash Outflows	2.325.090	2.325.090	2.325.090	2.325.090
Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market				
valuation changes on derivatives transactions	2.325.090	2.325.090	2.325.090	2.325.090
Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets and	-	-	-	-
other off balance sheet liabilities	_	_	-	-
Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any time				
by the Bank and other contractual commitments	145.973.206	105.434.274	7.298.660	5.271.714
Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable commitments	124.959.351	25.778.514	10.966.152	3.779.047
Total Cash Outflows			120.445.174	66.704.399
Cash Inflows				
Secured Lending Transactions	-	-	-	-
Unsecured Lending Transactions	44.041.465	26.253.757	34.926.930	23.707.262
Other Contractual Cash Inflows	1.531.161	30.960.674	1.531.161	30.960.674
Total Cash Inflows	45.572.626	57.214.431	36.458.091	54.667.936
			Capped A	mounts
Total High Quality Liquid Assets			136.485.080	99.885.177
Total Net Cash Outflows			83.987.084	16.676.100
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			162,51	598,97

The dates and values of minimum and maximum foreign currency and total liquidity coverage ratios calculated weekly related to the last three months of prior period are explained in the table below.

Prior Period	Minimum FC (%)	Minimum TL+FC (%)	Maximum FC (%)	Maximum TL+FC (%)
Week	November 5, 2021	October, 29 2021	November, 12 2021	December 17, 2021
Ratio(%)	446,46	137,62	662,13	189,47

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Breakdown of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities:

						5 Years and		
Current Period	Demand	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over	Unclassified	Total
Assets								
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of								
the Republic of Turkey	80.590.200	68.521.034	1.208.326	-	-	-	-	150.319.560
Banks	19.291.750	50.018	1.439.625	-	-	-	-	20.781.393
Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to income statement	81	-	-	26.747	107.833	867.945	384.061	1.386.667
Money markets	-	1.454.893	-	-	-	-	-	1.454.893
Financial assets where fair value change is reflected to other comprehensive income statement	-	3.213.089	1.001.505	5.263.391	33.372.369	21.000.574	105.211	63.956.139
Loans (1)	-	85.960.845	78.436.320	186.352.101	155.233.530	35.208.475	(13.538.223)	527.653.048
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	-	612.351	-	4.697.927	56.647.039	81.728.190	-	143.685.507
Other assets	31.435.530	1.383.911	1.421.375	3.563.740	10.713.442	4.015.722	68.112.997	120.646.717
Total assets	131.317.561	161.196.141	83.507.151	199.903.906	256.074.213	142.820.906	55.064.046	1.029.883.924
Liabilities								
Bank deposits	4.733.355	8.005.313	1.834.006	3.111.145	16.944	-	-	17.700.763
Other deposits	232.355.791	219.875.988	108.307.555	26.919.478	30.945	-	-	587.489.757
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	-	5.504.944	22.890.796	33.470.909	11.623.828	658.348	-	74.148.825
Funds from money market	-	20.684.540	650.850	4.577.009	-	-	-	25.912.399
Marketable securities issued	-	3.564.434	1.221.593	11.377.303	19.791.479	-	-	35.954.809
Miscellaneous pay ables	253.635	36.427.735	270.699	-	-	-	572.957	37.525.026
Other liabilities (2)	15.818.325	656.943	8.131.581	36.050.063	47.047.400	26.224.075	117.223.958	251.152.345
Total liabilities	253.161.106	294.719.897	143.307.080	115.505.907	78.510.596	26.882.423	117.796.915	1.029.883.924
Net liquidity gap	(121.843.545)	(133.523.756)	(59.799.929)	84.397.999	177.563.617	115.938.483	(62.732.869)	_
rect inflations, guip	(12110431545)	(10010201700)	(53.177.1727)	0410711777	177.203.017	110,750,405	(0217321005)	
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	_	-	59.504	(668.831)	(521.198)	2.507.002	-	1.376.477
Derivative Financial Assets	-	-	24.784.747	170.261.721	104.454.022	77.207.008	-	376.707.498
Derivative Financial Liabilities	-	-	24.725.243	170.930.552	104.975.220	74.700.006	-	375.331.021
Non-Cash Loans	-	10.014.790	29.773.832	96.731.176	28.676.550	12.308.364	52.724.354	230.229.066
Prior Period								
Total assets	92.243.728	121.576.905	51.493.462	136.487.443	186.167.987	102.689.977	46.110.264	736.769.766
Total liabilities	176.846.120	271.440.081	52.976.942	69.845.769	75.890.004	22.102.925	67.667.925	736.769.766
Net liquidity gap	(84.602.392)	(149.863.176)	(1.483.480)	66.641.674	110.277.983	80.587.052	(21.557.661)	2.054.500
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position Derivative Financial Assets	=	817.417 71.498.710	1.622.181 76.638.255	215.922	(1.779.131) 86.096.221	2.198.111 61.842.290	-	3.074.500
	-			33.775.655			-	329.851.131
Derivative Financial Liabilities	-	70.681.293	75.016.074	33.559.733	87.875.352	59.644.179	-	326.776.631
Non-Cash Loans	-	6.575.353	20.152.112	65.509.217	22.666.058	9.226.391	36.490.608	160.619.739

⁽¹⁾ Non-performing loans are presented in the "Unclassified" column after being offset against expected loss provisions.

⁽²⁾ Shareholders' equity is presented under the "Other liabilities" item in the "Unclassified" column.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

7. Explanations on leverage ratio:

The main reason for increase in leverage ratio for the current period is the increase in Tier 1 capital.

	Current Period (1)	Prior Period ⁽¹⁾
On-Balance sheet exposures		
On-Balance sheet assets (Excluding derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives,		
including collaterals)	1.000.659.887	671.365.097
(Asset amounts deducted in determining Tier 1 capital)	(8.110.997)	(6.219.615)
Total on-Balance sheet exposures	992.548.890	665.145.482
Derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives		
Replacement cost of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	12.358.323	14.111.211
Potential credit risk of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	3.869.529	2.628.177
Total derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives exposure	16.227.852	16.739.388
Securities financing transaction exposure		
Total risk of gross securities financing transactions (excluding on-balance sheet exposure)	1.145.348	681.361
Agent transaction exposures	-	-
Total securities financing transaction exposures	1.145.348	681.361
Off-balance sheet items		
Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	513.092.719	296.934.657
(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(48.317.805)	(21.077.112)
Total risk of off-balance sheet items	464.774.914	275.857.545
Capital and total exposure		
Tier 1 capital	108.910.163	64.427.583
Total exposures	1.474.697.004	958.423.776
Leverage ratio (%)	7,38	6,76

⁽¹⁾ The arithmetic average of the last three months in the related periods.

8. Explanations on hedge accounting:

The Bank applies the following hedge accounting models: Fair Value Hedge ("FVH") and Cash Flow Hedge ("CFH").

If the fair value of the hedging instrument within fair value hedge ("FVH") is positive it is classified under, "Derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss"; if the fair value is negative, it is classified under "Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss".

If the fair value of the hedging instrument under hedge of cash flow hedge ("CFH") is positive, it is classified under "Derivative financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income" if the fair value is negative, it is classified under "Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income".

Interestrate swap and cross currency interestrate swap are used as hedging instrument in FVH and interestrate swap, currency swap and cross currency interestrate swap are used as hedging instrument in CFH.

Contractual amounts and the fair values of these hedging instruments as of September 30, 2022, are presented in the table below:

	Current Period			Prior Period			
Hedging instrument	Notional ⁽¹⁾	Asset	Liability	Notional ⁽¹⁾	Asset	Liability	
Interest rate swap / Currency swap / Cross							
currency interest rate swap (CFH)	61.696.622	8.848.709	57.420	55.477.585	3.532.488	683.193	
Interest rate swap / Cross currency interest							
rate swap (FVH)	1.496.587	-	1.206.181	1.225.972	-	988.874	
Total	63.193.209	8.848.709	1.263.601	56.703.557	3.532.488	1.672.067	

⁽¹⁾ Only the "sell" legs of the related derivatives are presented with the addition of the "buy" legs of these derivatives amounting to TL 61.966.764 (December 31, 2021 – TL 55.747.727) the total notional of derivative financial assets amounting to TL 125.159.973 (December 31, 2021 – TL 112.451.284) is accounted for in off-balance sheet under "Hedging Derivative Financial Instruments" line item.

The fair valuation methodology of the derivatives presented in the above table is disclosed in the accounting principles section of these financial statements in Section 3, Part 4.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

8.1. Fair value hedge accounting:

Starting from March 1, 2009, the Bank has hedged the possible fair value effects of changes in market interest rates on some of its fixed interest loan portfolios and fair value effects of changes in foreign exchange rates on part of its foreign currency funds by using interest rate swap, cross-currency interest rate swap. Starting from July 28, 2015, the Bank has hedged the possible fair value effects of changes in market interest rates and foreign exchange rates on marketable securities by using cross-currency interest rates waps. The Bank selected to apply macro FVH accounting for such relationship in accordance with "TAS – 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement".

The impact of application of FVH accounting is summarized below:

Type of hedging instrument	Hedged item (asset and liability)	Nature of hedged risks	Fair value difference / adjustment of the hedged item ⁽¹⁾	Net fair valu		Net gain/(loss) recognised in the income statement (Derivative financial transactions gains/losses) ⁽³⁾
				Asset	Liability	
	Some of fixed					
	interest loan portfolios, foreign	Fixed interest and changes in				
Interest rate swap / Cross currency	currency funds and marketable	foreign exchange rate	(12.211)			(0.1.7.5)
interest rate swaps	securities	risk	(12.211)	-	1.206.181	(24.765)

Prior Period Type of hedging instrument	Hedged item (asset and liability)	Nature of hedged risks	Fair value difference/ adjustment of the hedged item ⁽¹⁾	Net fair valu		Net gain/(loss) recognised in the income statement (Derivative financial transactions gains/losses) ⁽³⁾
				Asset	Liability	
	Some of fixed					
	interest loan	Fixed interest				
	portfolios, foreign	and changes in				
G.	currency funds and	foreign				
Cross currency	marketable	exchange rate	10.554		000.074	7.010
interest rate swaps	securities	risk	12.554	-	988.874	7.018

⁽¹⁾ The amount refers to the fair value of the hedged item calculated for Some of fixed interest loan portfolios, foreign currency funds and marketable securities in accordance with hedge accounting effectiveness tests. The foreign exchange rate changes of foreign currency fundings and cross-currency swaps are reflected to the income statement in foreign exchange gains /losses line item.

- (2) The amounts include the foreign exchange differences and net straight line interest accruals of the related derivatives.
- (3) The ineffective portion of the mentioned hedging transaction is TL 12.688 loss (September 30, 2021 TL 32.862 loss).

At the inception date, the Bank documents the relationship between the hedging instruments and hedged items required by the FVH accounting application in accordance with "TAS 39- Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" and its own risk management policies and principles. Every individual relationship is approved and documented in the same methodology. In accordance with "TAS 39- Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", the effectiveness tests of the relationships are performed in accordance with the Bank's risk management policies. In the effectiveness tests, the fair values of the hedged item are calculated using the same assumptions used in calculation of fair values of the derivatives.

The effectiveness tests are performed prospectively and retrospectively on a monthly basis and the effectiveness of risk relationships are measured. At the inception date the effectiveness tests are performed prospectively. If the underlying hedge does not conform to the FVH accounting requirements (out of the 80% - 125% effectiveness range) or if the management voluntarily decides to discontinue the hedging relation, the adjustments made to the carrying value (amortized cost) of the hedged item are amortized with the straight line method and recognized in the profit and loss accounts within the remaining maturity. In addition if the hedging instrument is sold or closed before its maturity, the amount of the fair value adjustments of the hedged items are amortized to profit and loss accounts with the straight line method within the remaining maturity.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

8.2. Cash flow hedge accounting:

The Bank started to apply macro cash flow hedge accounting from January 1, 2010 onwards in order to hedge its cash flow risk from floating interest rate liabilities. The hedging instruments are USD, EUR and TL interest rate swaps with floating receive, fixed pay legs, and the hedged item is the cash outflows due to financing of interests of repricing USD, EUR and TL deposits, borrowings and repos.

The impact of application of CFH accounting is summarized below:

Current Period						
Type of hedging instrument	Hedged item (asset and liability)	Nature of hedged risks	- 100 - 100-	value of the instrument	Net gain/(loss) recognized in hedging funds ⁽¹⁾	Net gain/(loss) reclassified to equity ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾
			Asset	Liability		
Interest rate swap /		Cash flow risk				
Currency swap /		due to the				
Cross currency	Customer deposits,	changes in the				
interest rate swap	borrowings and repos	interest rates	8.848.709	57.420	6.394.155	4.061.280

Prior Period						
Type of hedging instrument	Hedged item (asset and liability)	Nature of hedged risks	- 100 - 00	value of the	Net gain/(loss) recognized in hedging funds ⁽¹⁾	Net gain/(loss) reclassified to equity ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾
			Asset	Liability		
		Cash flow risk				
Interest rate swaps/		due to the				
Cross currency	Customer deposits,	changes in the				
interest rate swap	borrowings and repos	interest rates	3.532.488	683.193	2.332.875	3.309.704

⁽¹⁾ Includes deferred tax impact.

At the inception date, the Bank documents the relationship between the hedging instruments and hedged items required by the CFH accounting application in accordance with "TAS -39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" and its own risk management policies and principles. Every individual relationship is approved and documented in the same way. In accordance with "TAS -39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", the effectiveness tests of the relationships are performed in accordance with the Bank's risk management policies.

The effectiveness tests are performed on a monthly basis. If the underlying hedge does not conform to the CFH accounting requirements (out of the effectiveness range 80%-125%) or if the management voluntarily decides to discontinue the hedging relation or the hedging instrument is sold or closed before its maturity, the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument that has been recognised in other comprehensive income from the period when the hedge was effective shall remain separately in equity until the forecast transaction occurs or is no longer expected to occur. When the hedged forecasted transactions are no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from other comprehensive income to profit and loss.

8.3. Net Investment Hedge:

The Bank hedges part of the currency translation risk of net investments in foreign operations through foreign currency borrowings. The Bank's EURO denominated borrowing is designated as a hedge of the net investment in the Bank's certain EURO denominated subsidiaries. The total amount of the borrowing designated as a hedge of the net investment at September 30, 2022 is EUR 459 million (December 31, 2021 - EUR 495 million).

Includes tax and foreign exchange differences.

⁽³⁾ The ineffective portion of the mentioned hedging transaction is TL 275.591 gain (September 30, 2021– TL 199.475 gain).

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

9. Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf of others and fiduciary transactions:

The Bank carries out trading, custody, management and consulting services on behalf of customers and on their account. The Bank has no fiduciary transactions.

10. Explanations on operating segments:

The Bank carries out its banking operations through three main business units:

- Retail Banking
- Corporate Banking
- Commercial and SMEBanking

The Bank's Retail Banking activities include card payment systems, individual, individual portfolio, blue class, private banking. Retail Banking products and services offered to customers include card payment systems, consumer loans (including general purpose loans, auto loans, mortgages), commercial installment loans, time and demand deposits, gold banking, investment accounts, life and non-life insurance products and payroll services. In addition, customers who receive their monthly salary/SSI payments through our bank are offered privileges covering various banking transactions. Card payment systems cover the management of products, services, campaigns for member merchants as well as the sales and activities for a variety of customer types. Crystal, Play, A dios and Taksitçi are the other card brands providing services for the different segments within the World brand, shopping and marketing platform of the Bank. Through its Blue Class and Private Banking activities, the Bank serves high net worth customers and delivers investment products to this customer segment. Among the products and services offered to Private Banking customers are time deposit products, mutual funds, foreign exchange, gold and equity trading. Also, personal art advisory, inheritance advisory, real estate advisory, tax advisory, education and philanthropic advisory are offered within the Private Banking and Wealth Management activities.

Corporate, Commercial and SME Banking segment is organized into three subgroups: Corporate Banking for large-scale, international and multinational companies and Commercial Banking for medium-sized enterprises and SME Banking for SME companies. Corporate and Commercial Banking, has a product range of working capital finance, trade finance, project finance, domestic and international non-cash loans such as letters of credit and letters of guarantee, cash management, internet banking, financial advisory and equity management advisory. SME Banking offer to customers SME loans and SME banking packages products.

The Bank's widespread branch network and alternative distribution channels including ATMs, telephone banking, internet banking and mobile banking are utilized to serve customers in all segments. Treasury, Asset – Liability Management and other operations, mainly consist of treasury management's results, operations of supporting business units and other unallocated transactions.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30,2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Major balance sheet and income statement items based on operating segments:

The below table is prepared in accordance with the Management Information System (MIS) data of the Bank.

Current Period	Retail banking	Corporate, banking	Commercial and SME banking	Treasury, asset- liability management and other	Total operations of the Bank
Operating revenue	14.683.269	4.681.100	12.479.645	34.602.299	66.446.313
Operating expenses	(9.173.811)	(3.546.390)	(4.856.960)	(5.750.973)	(23.328.134)
Net operating income / (expense)	5.509.458	1.134.710	7.622.685	28.851.326	43.118.179
Dividend income ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	48.910	48.910
Income/(loss) from investments accounted based on equity method ⁽¹⁾ Profit before tax	5,509,458	1.134.710	7.622.685	2.200.384 31.100.620	2.200.384 45.367.473
Tax provision expense ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	(10.052.025)	(10.052.025)
Net period income	5.509.458	1.134.710	7.622.685	21.048.595	35.315.448
Net profit	5.509.458	1.134.710	7.622.685	21.048.595	35.315.448
Segment asset	181.983.474	137.292.998	195.688.842	496.159.748	1.011.125.062
Investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	18.758.862	18.758.862
Total assets	181.983.474	137.292.998	195.688.842	514.918.610	1.029.883.924
Segment liabilities	372.693.765	80.486.317	152.390.690	311.795.808	917.366.580
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	112.517.344	112.517.344
Total liabilities	372.693.765	80.486.317	152.390.690	424.313.152	1.029.883.924

				Treasury,	
Prior Period (2)	Retail banking	Corporate, banking	Commercial and SME banking	liability management and other	Total operations of the Bank
Operating revenue	6.923.669	2.037.099	4.915.531	4.607.738	18.484.037
Operating expenses	(4.878.441)	(940.676)	(1.587.944)	(3.314.601)	(10.721.662)
Net operating income / (expense)	2.045.228	1.096.423	3.327.587	1.293.137	7.762.375
Dividend income ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	2.615	2.615
Income/(loss) from investments accounted based on equity method ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	940.854	940.854
Profit before tax	2.045.228	1.096.423	3.327.587	2.236.606	8.705.844
Tax provision expense ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	(1.773.754)	(1.773.754)
Net period income	2.045.228	1.096.423	3.327.587	462.852	6.932.090
Net profit	2.045.228	1.096.423	3.327.587	462.852	6.932.090
Segment asset	124.175.913	117.006.139	141.408.200	338.972.405	721.562.657
Investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	15.207.109	15.207.109
Total assets	124.175.913	117.006.139	141.408.200	354.179.514	736.769.766
Segment liabilities	254.056.183	67.134.745	97.106.314	254.988.346	673.285.588
Shareholders' equity	-	=	-	63.484.178	63.484.178
Total liabilities	254.056.183	67.134.745	97.106.314	318.472.524	736.769.766

⁽¹⁾ Related items have not been distributed based on operating segments and presented under "Treasury, Asset-Liability Management and Other".

⁽²⁾ Income statements items presents the balances as of September 30, 2021

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30,2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Section five - Explanations and notes related to unconsolidated financial statements

1. Explanations and notes related to assets

1.1. Information related to cash and the account of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey:

1.1.1. Information on cash and the account of the CBRT:

		Current Period		Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash	2.714.295	11.294.641	1.906.025	10.851.295
The CBRT ⁽¹⁾	28.615.586	107.694.981	20.761.039	82.670.116
Other	-	57	-	91
Total	31.329.881	118.989.679	22.667.064	93.521.502

⁽¹⁾ The balance of gold amounting to TL 13.671.847 is accounted for under the Central Bank foreign currency account (December 31, 2021 – TL 8.606.660).

1.1.2. Information on the account of the CBRT:

	Current Period			Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Demand unrestricted amount ⁽¹⁾	27.407.260	39.173.947	18.760.345	31.597.785
Time unrestricted amount	-	-	2.000.694	-
Time restricted amount	-	-	-	2.936.460
Reserve requirement ⁽²⁾	1.208.326	68.521.034	-	48.135.871
Total	28.615.586	107.694.981	20.761.039	82.670.116

The TL reserve requirement has been classified in "Central Bank Demand Unrestricted Account" based on the correspondence with BRSA letter as of January 3, 2008.

1.2. Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss:

The Bank has financial assets at fair value through profit and loss subject to repo transactions and given as collateral/blocked amounts to TL 677.285 (December 31, 2020 - TL 486.010).

1.3. Information on derivative financial assets:

1.3.1. Positive differences related to derivative financial assets held for trading:

		Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	1.099.190	-	1.233.837	4.633
Swap transactions Futures transactions	6.862.357 48.497	3.401.163	14.696.950 22.123	2.374.437
Options Other	332.388	505.886	94.587	69.179
Total	8.342.432	3,907,049	16,047,497	2,448,249

1.3.2. Positive differences related to derivative financial assets held for hedging:

		Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair value hedges (1)	-	-	-	-
Cash flow hedges (1)	5.280.446	3.568.263	3.486.396	46.092
Hedges for investments made in foreign countries	-	-	-	-
Total	5.280.446	3.568.263	3.486.396	46.092

⁽¹⁾ Explained in Note 8 of section 4.

⁽²⁾ The Bank keeps 'TL, USD, EUR and Gold reserve deposits for its liabilities at Central Bank accounts in accordance with the leg islation of the Central Bank numbered 2013/15, "Decree on Reserve Deposits".

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.4. Information on banks:

1.4.1. Information on banks:

		Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks				
Domestic	50.995	13.401	5.603.000	6.590
Foreign	-	20.716.997	-	19.996.176
Head quarters and branches abroad	-	-	-	_
Total	50.995	20.730.398	5.603.000	20.002.766

1.42. Information on money markets receivables:

As of September 30, 2022 the total amount of TL 1.454.893 money market receivables (December 31, 2021 – TL 1.809.366) contains TL 804.660 reverse repo transactions.

1.5. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income which are subject to repurchase agreements and given as collateral / blocked:

As of September 30, 2022 financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income given as repo transactions amounts to TL 3.190.624 (December 31, 2021 TL 11.993.150). The securities, subject to collateral/blocked are TL 23.358.340 (December 31, 2021 TL 3.864.510) of which blocked at the CBRT is TL 10.713.273.

1.6. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt securities	66.423.964	35.238.392
Quoted on stock exchange	66.423.964	35.238.392
Not quoted	-	-
Share certificates	150.530	67.871
Quoted on stock exchange	-	-
Not quoted	150.530	67.871
Impairment provision (-) ⁽¹⁾	2.618.355	796.563
Total	63.956.139	34.509.700

⁽¹⁾ Includes the negative differences between the acquisition cost and the market price related to the securities portfolio.

1.7. Explanations on loans:

1.7.1. Information on all types of loans or advance balances given to shareholders and employees of the Bank:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Direct loans granted to shareholders	-	-	-	
Corporate shareholders	-	-	-	-
Real person shareholders	-	-	-	-
Indirect loans granted to shareholders	88.688	802,273	296.623	1.070.846
Loans granted to employees	369.615	73	313.942	73
Total	458.303	802.346	610.565	1.070.919

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30,2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.72. Information on the first and second group loans and other receivables and loans and other receivables that have been restructured or rescheduled:

		Loans under close monitoring (2)				
			Loans under restr	ucturing		
Cash Loans	Standard Loans	Not under the scope of restructuring	Modifications on agreement conditions	Refinancing		
Non-specialized loans	459.448.312	29.613.943	8.634.067	42.253.657		
Loans given to enterprises	188.861.193	12.505.475	8.120.597	23.095.351		
Export loans	34.517.279	1.215.048	186.597	14.124.450		
Import loans	-	-	-	-		
Loans given to financial sector	19.153.149	-	-	-		
Consumer loans	85.326.717	5.551.387	-	2.075.811		
Credit cards	83.008.134	4.303.982	-	774.225		
Other ⁽¹⁾	48.581.840	6.038.051	326.873	2.183.820		
Specialized loans	-	-	-	-		
Other receivables	1.241.292	-	-	-		
Total	460.689.604	29.613.943	8.634.067	42.253.657		

	Standard loans	Loans under close monitoring
12-month provisions for possible losses	3.904.187	= .
Significant increase in credit risk	-	15.513.466
Total	3.904.187	15.513.466

1.73. Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and personnel credit cards:

		Medium	
	Short-term	and long-term	Total
Consumer loans-TL	6.639.324	78.639.709	85.279.033
Real estate loans	45.064	13.040.619	13.085.683
Automotive loans	251.484	4.609.789	4.861.273
Consumer loans	6.342.776	60.989.301	67.332.077
Consumer loans-FC index ed	-	23.032	23.032
Real estate loans	-	23.032	23.032
Automotive loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Individual credit cards-TL	60.939.517	326.263	61.265.780
With installments	31.997.839	20.178	32.018.017
Without installments	28.941.678	306.085	29.247.763
Individual credit cards-FC	108.865	-	108.865
With installments	-	-	-
Without installments	108.865	-	108.865
Personnel loans-TL	16.939	121.239	138.178
Real estate loans	-	2.376	2.376
Automotive loans	48	1.699	1.747
Consumer loans	16.891	117.164	134.055
Personnel loans-FC index ed	-	-	-
Real estate loans	-	-	-
Automotive loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Personnel credit cards-TL	214.028	410	214.438
With installments	119.701	334	120.035
Without installments	94.327	76	94.403
Personnel credit cards-FC	630	-	630
With installments	-	-	-
Without installments	630	-	630
Credit deposit account-TL (real person)(1)	7.513.672	-	7.513.672
Total	75.432.975	79.110.653	154.543.628

⁽¹⁾ TL 16.369 of the credit deposit account belongs to the loans used by personnel.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.7.4. Information on commercial installment loans and corporate credit cards:

		Medium	
	Short-term	and long-term	Total
Commercial installments loans-TL	4.526.984	27.901.591	32.428.575
Business loans	2.619	2.042.625	2.045.244
Automotive loans	1.004.137	11.964.243	12.968.380
Consumer loans	3.520.228	13.894.723	17.414.951
Commercial installments loans-FC indexed	-	1.203	1.203
Business loans	-	-	-
Automotive loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	1.203	1.203
Corporate credit cards-TL	26.213.876	277.667	26.491.543
With installment	19.800.745	271.639	20.072.384
Without installment	6.413.131	6.028	6.419.159
Corporate credit cards-FC	5.085	-	5.085
With installment	-	-	-
Without installment	5.085	-	5.085
Credit deposit account-TL (legal person)	2.025.717	-	2.025.717
Total	32.771.662	28.180.461	60.952.123

1.75. Distribution of domestic and foreign loans (1):

Distribution has been disclosed based on the location where the customers operate:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Domestic loans	532.949.937	381.609.663
Foreign loans	8.241.334	6.506.023
Total	541.191.271	388.115.686

⁽¹⁾ Non-performing loans are not included.

1.7.6. Loans granted to associates and subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Direct loans granted to associates and subsidiaries	2.130.647	655.614
Indirect loans granted to associates and subsidiaries	-	-
Total	2.130.647	655.614

1.7.7. Information on credit-impaired (Stage 3):

	Current Period	Prior Period
Loans with limited collectability	717.158	1.182.854
Loans with doubtful collectability	2.639.411	919.102
Uncollectable loans	9.575.878	11.615.890
Total	12.932.447	13.717.846

1.7.8. **Information on non-performing loans (net):**

1.7.8.1. Information on restructured loans from non-performing loans:

	III. Group	III. Group IV. Group	
	Loans with limited	Loans with doubtful	
	collectability	collectability	Uncollectible loans
Current Period			
Gross amounts before specific reserves	247.493	394.355	3.801.739
Restructured loans	247.493	394.355	3.801.739
Prior Period			
Gross amounts before specific reserves	224.398	264.332	2.593.383
Restructured loans	224.398	264.332	2.593.383

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.7.8.2. Information on the movement of total non-performing loans:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with limited	Loans with doubtful	
	collectability	collectability	Uncollectible loans
Prior Period	1.730.133	1.367.787	15.787.882
Additions (+)	4.892.975	256.332	2.221.992
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	-	5.153.120	2.495.236
Transfer to other categories of non- performing loans (-)	5.153.120	2.495.236	-
Collections (-)	330.038	452.254	2.305.265
Write-offs (-)	-	-	2.685.175
Sold (-)	-	-	1.672.492
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	208.612
Consumer loans	-	-	996.783
Credit cards	-	-	467.097
Other	-	-	-
Current Period	1.139.950	3.829.749	13.842.178
Specific provision (-)	717.158	2.639.411	9.575.878
Net balance on balance sheet	422.792	1.190.338	4.266.300

As of September 30, 2022, in accordance with the changes on "Provisioning Regulation" published in the Official Gazette No. 30961 dated November 27, 2019 by BRSA, the Bank has written off corporate loans amounting to TL 2.577.557 that are classified under Group 5, after collaterals deducted approximately 100% of the remaining receivables provisioned hence there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. After the loans had written off within the period in accordance with the changes on Provisioning Regulation, non performing loan ratio decreased from 3,80% to 3,36%.

TL 1.889.254 of non-performing loans, some of which were written off in previous periods, were sold to various asset management companies for TL 318.031.

1.783. Information on non-performing loans granted as foreign currency loans:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with limited	Loans with doubtful	
	collectability	collectability	Uncollectible loans
Current Period			
Period end balance	4.654	1.893.528	6.144.620
Specific provision (-)	2.599	1.323.123	3.253.316
Net balance on-balance sheet	2.055	570.405	2.891.304
Prior Period			
Period end balance	597.711	171.965	6.611.508
Specific provision (-)	483.031	137.296	3.900.372
Net balance on-balance sheet	114.680	34.669	2.711.136

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.7.8.4. Information on the gross and net amounts of the non-performing loans according to types of borrowers:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with limited	Loans with doubtful	
	collectability	collectability	Uncollectible loans
Current Period (net)	422.792	1.190.338	4.266.300
Loans granted to real persons and corporate entities (gross)	1.139.950	3.829.749	13.757.504
Provision amount (-)	717.158	2.639.411	9.491.204
Loans granted to real persons and corporate entities (net)	422.792	1.190.338	4.266.300
Banks (gross)	-	-	774
Provision amount (-)	-	-	774
Banks (net)	-	-	-
Other loans (gross)	-	-	83.900
Provision amount (-)	-	-	83.900
Other loans (Net)	-	-	-
Prior Period (net)	547.279	448.685	4.171.992
Loans granted to real persons and corporate entities (gross)	1.730.133	1.367.787	15.703.208
Specific provision amount (-)	1.182.854	919.102	11.531.216
Loans granted to real persons and corporate entities (Net)	547.279	448.685	4.171.992
Banks (gross)	-	-	774
Specific provision amount (-)	-	-	774
Banks (net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (gross)	-	-	83.900
Specific provision amount (-)	-	-	83.900
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-

1.7.8.5. Information on interest accruals, rediscounts and valuation differences calculated for non-performing loans and their provisions:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with limited	Loans with doubtful	
	collectability	collectability	Uncollectible loans
Current Period (net)	31.475	136.150	314.274
Interest accruals and rediscounts and valuation differences	90.446	461.525	1.227.690
Provision amount (-)	58.971	325.375	913.416
Prior Period (net)	44.797	48.357	473.687
Interest accruals and rediscounts and valuation differences	141.651	159.451	1.384.551
Provision amount (-)	96.854	111.094	910.864

1.79. Explanation on liquidation policy for uncollectible loans and receivables:

Uncollectible loans and receivables, which are classified in accordance with the Provisioning Regulation, are collected through legal follow-up, voluntary payments and liquidation of collaterals.

1.7.10. Explanation on "Write-off" policies:

In order to ensure the liquidation of non-performing loans and other receivables related to the liquidation policy, to provide the maximum collection all possible alternatives within the framework of the legislation are applied, and in case of collection, liquidation or receivables with no possibility of restructuring, the legal follow-up and conversion of collaterals into cash method is applied.

The receivables that are determined to be uncollectible in the Legal Follow-up process regarding the write-off policy can be deleted by the resolution of the Board of Directors by fulfilling the requirements in the relevant laws, regulations and internal directives.

Besides, in accordance with the changes on "Provisioning Regulation" published in the Official Gazette No. 30961 dated November 27, 2019 by the BRSA, the Bank, in line with TFRS 9, write off part of the loans for which the Bank has no reasonable expectation of recovery and that are classified under group 5 with a life time expected credit loss due the to default of debtor, in an appropriate timeline starting from the following reporting date that the loan is classified in group 5. Write off is only an accounting application in accordance with the related change in the regulation and it does not result in waive from the Bank's right to receive.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Information on other financial assets at amortized cost:

1.8.1. Characteristics and carrying values of financial assets measured at amortised cost which are subject to repurchase agreements and given as collateral / blocked:

As of September 30, 2022. Financial assets measured at amortised cost given as repo transactions amounting to TL 23.272.393 (December 31, 2021 TL 38.973.794). The securities subject to collateral/blocked are TL 69.240.110 (December 31, 2021 - TL 37.175.723) of which blocked at the CBRT is TL 6.682.971.

1.8.2. Information on public sector debt securities measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Government bond	143.354.703	91.544.696
Treasury bill	-	-
Other public sector debt securities	330.804	330.804
Total	143.685.507	91.875.500

1.83. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt securities	147.999.716	94.485.705
Quoted on stock exchange	147.999.716	94.485.705
Not quoted	-	-
Impairment provision (-) ⁽¹⁾	4.314.209	2.610.205
Total	143.685.507	91.875.500

Includes amortisation of the premiums paid during the purchase of the securities throughout the maturity of the securities

1.8.4. Movement of other financial assets measured at amortized cost within the period:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Beginning balance	91.875.500	50.741.912
Foreign currency differences on monetary assets ⁽¹⁾	34.587.047	21.284.748
Purchases during the year	25.760.991	22.521.429
Disposals through sales and redemptions(-)	6.834.027	1.376.662
Impairment provision (-) ⁽²⁾	1.704.004	1.295.927
Period end balance	143.685.507	91.875.500

Information on investments in associates (net):

1.9.1. Information on unconsolidated investments in associates(1):

No	Description	Address (City/ Country)	Bank's share holding percentage if different voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share holding percentage(%)
1.	Tanı Pazarlama ve İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş	Istanbul/Turkey	38,05	38,05
2.	Banque de Commerce et de Placements S.A.	Geneva/S witzerland	30,67	30,67
3.	Kredi Kayıt Bürosu	Istanbul/Turkey	18,18	18,18
4.	Bankalararası Kart Merkezi	Istanbul/Turkey	4,89	4,89

⁽¹⁾ Financial statement information disclosed above shows June 30, 2022 results.

1.92. Main financial figures of the investments in associates in the order of the above table:

					Income from marketable securities	Current period	Prior period	
No	Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Total fixed assets	Interest income	portfolio	profit/loss	profit/loss	
1.	81.131	56.157	19.107	4.860	-	(4.834)	1.666	-
2.	66.188.279	11.155.328	42.501	1.101.181	156.727	810.953	266.439	-
3.	690.984	148.119	316.371	14.206	-	19.581	26.499	-
4.	601.847	494.145	102.593	28.736	-	122.202	53.975	-

Also includes the changes in the interest income accruals.
 Includes amortisation of the premiums paid during the purchase of the securities throughout the maturity of the securities.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.93. Movement of unconsolidated investments in associates:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the period	2.089.190	1.214.883
Movements during the period	623.228	874.307
Purchases	-	26.660
Free shares obtained profit from current year's share	-	-
Profit from current year's income	-	-
Sales(-)	-	-
Revaluation (decrease) / increase ⁽¹⁾	672.206	847.647
Impairment provision (-) ⁽²⁾	48.978	-
Balance at the end of the period	2.712.418	2.089.190
Capital commitments	-	-
Shareholding percentage at the end of the period (%)	-	-

⁽¹⁾ Includes the differences in the other comprehensive income related with the equity method accounting.

1.9.4. Information on sectors and the carrying amounts of unconsolidated financial investments in associates:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	2.673.972	2.050.744
Insurance companies	-	-
Factoring companies	-	-
Leasing companies	-	-
Finance companies	-	-
Other financial investments	-	-
Total	2.673.972	2.050.744

1.95. Information on investments in associates quoted on a stock exchange:

None (December 31, 2021 - None).

1.10. Information on shareholders' equity of the significant subsidiaries (net):

There is no deficit of regulatory limits on capital structure of the subsidiaries which are included in the consolidated capital adequacy ratio calculation in accordance with the capital adequacy ratio limits.

1.10.1. Information on shareholders' equity of the significant subsidiaries:

	Yapı Kredi Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Yapı Kredi Faktoring A.Ş.	Yapı Kredi Finansal Kiralama A.O.	Yapı Kredi Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Yapı Kredi Nederland N.V.
Core capital					
Paid in capital	98.918	130.000	389.928	17.642	112.442
Inflation adjustment to share capital	-	-	-	-	_
Share premium	-	-	-	-	_
Other capital reserves	104.470	-	(217.104)	-	-
Other accumulated comprehensive income			,		
that will not be classified in profit or loss	44.941	(6.122)	(22.090)	(2.257)	-
Other accumulated comprehensive income		, ,	,	, ,	
that will be classified in profit or loss	1.307	-	-	-	6.328.973
Legal reserves	76.081	26.000	79.305	62.454	-
Extraordinary reserves	600.750	483.838	659.399	-	1.332.429
Other profit Reserves	-	-	-	-	-
Income or Loss	594.695	289.043	3.124.113	218.252	435.124
Current Year Income/Loss	664.641	289.043	673.164	218.252	435.124
Prior Years' Income/Loss	(69.946)	-	2.450.949	-	-
Leasehold improvements (-)	-	145	-	310	36
Intangible assets (-)	29.423	6.887	17.475	1.365	7.689
Total core capital	1.491.739	915.727	3.996.076	294.416	8.201.243
Supplementary capital	25.160	65.826	247.868	-	66.284
Capital	1.516.899	981.553	4.243.944	294.416	8.267.527
Deductions from the capital	-	-	-	-	-
Total shareholders' equity	1.516.899	981.553	4.243.944	294.416	8.267.527

⁽²⁾ Includes dividend income received in the current period.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

The above information is based on the consolidated financial statements of the Bank as of September 30, 2022.

Paid-in capital is a capital which have been disclosed as Turkish Lira in the articles of incorporation and registered in trade register. Inflation adjustment to share capital is the adjustment difference arising from inflation accounting.

Extraordinary Reserves are the reserves which represent the remaining net income of the previous periods after providing the legal reserves in accordance with the General Assembly of the Bank.

Legal reserves are the income reserves that are provided according to the first paragraph and the third subparagraph of the second paragraph of the article no 466 and no 467 of the Turkish Commercial Code No. 6762 allocated as capital reserves separated from annual profit according to the laws of foundation.

1.10.2. Information on subsidiaries⁽¹⁾:

No	Description	Address (City/ Country)	Bank's share holding percentage if different voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share holding percentage (%)
1	Yapı Kredi Holding B.V.	Amsterdam/Holland	100,00	100,00
2	Yapı Kredi Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	99,98	100,00
3	Yapı Kredi Faktoring A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	99,95	100,00
4	Yapı Kredi Finansal Kiralama A.O.	Istanbul/Turkey	99,99	99,99
5	Yapı Kredi Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	12,65	99,99
6	Yapı Kredi Nederland N.V.	Amsterdam/Holland	67,24	100,00
7	Yapı Kredi Azerbaycan	Baku/Azerbaijan	99,80	100,00
8	Enternasyonal Turizm Yatırım A.Ş	Istanbul/Turkey	99,99	99,99
9	Yapı Kredi Kültür Sanat Yayıncılık Tic.ve San.A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100,00	100,00
10	Yapı Kredi Teknoloji A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100,00	100,00
11	Yapı Kredi Finansal Teknolojiler A.Ş. (2)	Istanbul/Turkey	100,00	100,00

⁽¹⁾ It has been decided to purchase all the shares of Bankhaus J. Faisst oHG ("BHF"), which has banking licenses, in order to carry out banking activities in Germany, and the process of obtaining legal permissions continues.

(2) In order to manage and operate new digital business models, the Bank established Yapı Kredi Finansal Teknoloji A.Ş. and registered on February 7, 2022.

1.10.3. Main financial figures of the subsidiaries in order of the above table:

Financial statement information disclosed consolidated financial statements results.

	Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Total ixed assets	Interest income	Income from marketable securities portfo	Current period profit / loss	Prior period profit/loss	Market value	Required equity
1	87.296	85.970	-	-	-	3.466	561	-	-
2	9.006.976	1.521.162	72.384	414.805	11.739	664.641	295.772	-	-
3	7.930.676	922.759	13.894	915.816	-	289.043	106.639	-	-
4	22.593.204	4.013.551	22.350	1.443.210	-	673.164	342.729	-	-
5	351.623	296.091	2.872	31.741	-	218.252	100.433	-	-
6	39.648.699	8.208.969	10.718	718.701	40.884	435.123	167.209	-	-
7	4.439.149	1.041.295	231.385	122.941	9.499	41.223	5.544	-	-
8	74.235	61.252	12.353	3.632	-	4.533	4.423	-	-
9	115.647	68.056	1.897	48	-	7.366	12.248	-	-
10	41.132	23.113	29.255	1.742	-	(148)	7.671	-	-
11	25.015	25.015	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.10.4. Movement schedule of subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the period	13.110.619	8.811.658
Movements in period	2.903.509	4.298.961
Purchases	-	-
Free shares obtained profit from current years share	-	-
Dividends from current year income	2.200.384	1.293.019
Sales(-) ⁽¹⁾	163.842	-
Revaluation increase/decrease ^{(1),(2)}	1.006.671	3.048.890
Impairment provision (-) ⁽³⁾	139.704	42.948
Balance at the end of the period	16.014.128	13.110.619
Capital commitments	-	-
Shareholding percentage at the end of the period (%)	-	-

⁽¹⁾ The paid in capital amounting to EUR 60 million of Yapı Kredi Bank Malta Ltd, of which 100% of its shares indirectly owned by the Bank through Yapı Kredi Holding B.V., was reduced within the framework of the liquidation process on 20 May 2022 and concurrently the paid in capital of Yapı Kredi Holding B.V. amounting to EUR 102 million, was reduced to EUR 42 million.

1.105. Sectoral information on financial subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

Financial subsidiaries	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	6.559.188	4.961.699
Insurance companies	-	-
Factoring companies	922.320	635.757
Leasing companies	4.013.306	3.340.483
Finance companies	-	-
Other financial subsidiaries	4.519.314	4.172.680
Total	16.014.128	13.110.619

1.10.6. Subsidiaries quoted on stock exchange:

None (December 31, 2021 - None).

1.11. Information on joint ventures (net):

None (December 31, 2021 – None).

1.12. Information on lease receivables (net):

None (December 31, 2021 - None).

1.13. Information on investment property:

None (December 31, 2021 - None).

1.14. Information on deferred tax:

In accordance with TAS 12, deferred taxassets and deferred taxliabilities in the financial statements are clarified and deferred tax asset amounting to TL 5.464.255 is presented in the financial statements (December 31, 2021 - TL 3.484.572 deferred taxassets).

1.15. Movement schedule of assets held for resale and related to discontinued operations:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Net book value at the beginning of the period	1.327.210	709.869
Additions ⁽¹⁾	214.998	1.045.265
Disposals (-), net	503.133	429.324
Impairment provision reversal	16	1.400
Impairment (-)	-	-
Depreciation (-)	-	-
Net book value at the end of the period	1.039.091	1.327.210
Cost at the end of the period	1.040.572	1.328.824
Accumulated depreciation at the end of the period (-)	1.481	1.614
Net book value at the end of the period	1.039.091	1.327.210

⁽¹⁾ In current period, the carrying value of asset held for resale with a right of repurchase is TL 33.533 (December 31, 2021 – TL 900.827). The total net carrying value of asset held for resale with a right of repurchase is TL 915.813 (December 31, 2021 – TL 1.196.027).

⁽²⁾ Includes the shares taken from the other comprehensive income according to the equity method.

⁽³⁾ Includes dividend income received in the current period.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

As of September 30, 2022, the Bank booked impairment provision on assets held for resale with an amount of TL 1.223 (December 31, 2021 – TL 1.239).

1.16. Information on other assets:

As of September 30, 2022, other as sets do not exceed 10% of the total as sets.

2. Explanations and notes related to liabilities

2.1. Information on deposits:

2.1.1. Information on maturity structure of deposits/collected funds:

		II 4 1			(M4b	1 V	Cumulative	
Current Period ⁽¹⁾	Demand	Up to 1 month	1-3 Months	3-6 Months	6 Months- 1 Year	1 Year and over	savings account	Total
Saving deposits	36.385.022	3.990.873	118.840.363	4.520.581	430.707	4.148.408	449	168.316.403
Foreign currency deposits	137.735.839	31.391.238	84.992.241	6.498.603	2.038.049	1.870.143	-	264.526.113
Residents in Turkey	134.950.094	31.042.793	82.253.380	6.144.198	1.903.012	918.417	-	257.211.894
Residents abroad	2.785.745	348.445	2.738.861	354.405	135.037	951.726	-	7.314.219
Public sector deposits	2.570.980	64	113.735	674	-	3	-	2.685.456
Commercial deposits	27.877.306	26.698.566	45.483.714	10.089.197	39.230	6.915.852	-	117.103.865
Other institutions deposits	281.351	373.483	4.825.826	74.350	646	43.164	-	5.598.820
Precious metals vault	27.505.293	-	550.709	-	1.083.777	119.321	-	29.259.100
Bank deposits	4.733.355	4.885.560	4.051.887	2.294.462	1.623.747	111.752	-	17.700.763
The CBRT	1.875.910	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.875.910
Domestic banks	3.338	4.878.054	4.008.535	2.294.462	1.623.747	111.752	-	12.919.888
Foreign banks	1.193.236	7.506	43.352	-	-	-	-	1.244.094
Participation banks	1.660.871	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.660.871
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	237.089.146	67.339.784	258.858.475	23.477.867	5.216.156	13.208.643	449	605.190.520

						4	Cumulative	
Prior Period	Demand	Up to 1 month	1-3 Months	3-6 Months	6 Months- 1 Year	1 Year and over	savings account	Total
Saving deposits	22.111.618	4.191.239	47.945.594	909.775	216.979	480.874	688	75.856.767
Foreign currency deposits	110.100.707	28.233.704	80.040.324	8.818.938	1.744.737	1.436.993	_	230.375.403
Residents in Turkey	108.499.354	27.828.517	77.421.578	8.685.909	1.602.143	912.347	-	224.949.848
Residents abroad	1.601.353	405.187	2.618.746	133.029	142.594	524.646	_	5.425.555
Public sector deposits	1.832.847	9.106	38.455	21.947	131	41	_	1.902.527
Commercial deposits	14.039.210	20.250.529	25.198.224	117.320	696.524	27.873	-	60.329.680
Other institutions deposits	201.166	237.363	1.728.377	24.270	67.643	255.287	-	2.514.106
Precious metals vault	20.180.484	-	416.447	-	1.332.472	68.645	-	21.998.048
Bank deposits	2.764.181	2.626.562	488.047	1.228.300	924.793	87.002	-	8.118.885
The CBRT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	7.048	2.579.646	472.761	1.228.300	924.793	87.002	-	5.299.550
Foreign banks	1.765.738	46.916	15.286	-	-	-	-	1.827.940
Participation banks	991.395	-	-	-	-	-	-	991.395
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	171.230.213	55.548.503	155.855.468	11.120.550	4.983.279	2.356.715	688	401.095.416

⁽¹⁾ Within the scope of the "Decision on Supporting Deposit and Participation Accounts Against Exchange Rate Increases (Decision No: 5206)" published in the Official Gazette dated February 24, 2022 and numbered 31760, and the CBRT's communiqués numbered 2021/14, 2021/16, 2022/7 and 2022/11, the "Currency protected TL deposit" product which provide protection against foreign currency exchange rate changes for TL deposits was launched for customers. In this context as of the report date, the total amount of deposits opened is TL 113.081.466 (31 December 2021 – TL 3.193.103).

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2.1.2. Information on deposits insurance:

2.1.2.1. Information on deposits under the guarantee of the deposits insurance fund and exceeding the limit of deposit insurance fund:

	Under the guarantee of	deposit insurance	Exceeding limit of the deposit insurance		
Deposits	Current Period(1)	Prior Period	Current Period(1)	Prior Period	
Deposits	83.018.256	38.474.256	192.006.291	37.382.499	
Foreign currency saving deposits	38.104.261	26.996.762	225.517.680	99.859.979	
Other deposits	12.749.341	8.382.987	16.509.242	11.481.306	
Foreign branches' deposits under foreign					
authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-	
Off-shore banking regions' deposits under					
foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-	

⁽¹⁾ All deposit and participation funds have been covered by insurance except official institutions, credit institutions and financial institutions in accordance with the "Amendment of Regulation on the Insurable Deposit and Participation Funds and Premiums to be Collected by the Savings Deposit Insurance Fund" published in the Official Gazette dated August 27, 2022 and numbered 31936.

2.122. Deposits which are not under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance fund:

	Current Period ⁽¹⁾	Prior Period
Foreign branches' deposits and other accounts	1.673.325	22.114
Saving deposits and other accounts of controlling shareholders and deposits of their		
mother, father, spouse, children in care	-	-
Saving deposits and other accounts of president and members of board of directors, CEO		
and vice presidents and deposits of their mother, father, spouse, children in care	822.268	353.230
Saving deposits and other accounts in scope of the property holdings derived from crime		
defined in article 282 of Turkish criminal law no:5237 dated 26.09.2004	-	-
Saving deposits in deposit bank which is established in Turkey in order to engage in off-		
shore banking activities solely	-	-

⁽¹⁾ Deposits of real persons and legal entities, which are not covered by "Deposit Insurance Fund", are included.

2.2. Information on trading derivative financial liabilities:

2.2.1. Negative differences table for derivative financial liabilities held for trading:

		Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	512.149	-	1.609.823	3.431
Swap transactions	6.887.536	6.173.789	11.099.391	3.583.345
Futures transactions	33.656	-	3.346	-
Options	4.215	384.867	9.660	50.985
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	7.437.556	6.558.656	12,722,220	3.637.761

2.22. Negative differences table for derivative financial liabilities heldfor hedging:

	Current Period			Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair value hedges (1)	1.206.181	-	988.874	-
Cash flow hedges (1)	57.420	-	-	683.193
Hedges for investments made in foreign countries	-	-	-	-
Total	1.263.601	-	988.874	683.193

 $^{(1) \,} Explained \, in \, Note \, 8 \, \, of \, section \, 4.$

2.3. Information about banks and other financial institutions:

2.3.1. Information on borrowings:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
The CBRT borrowings	-	-	-	-
From domestic banks and institutions	1.083.693	1.547.076	797.351	780.731
From foreign banks, institutions and funds	921.878	70.596.178	748.055	58.798.031
Total	2.005.571	72.143.254	1.545.406	59.578.762

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2.3.2. Information on maturity structure of borrowings:

		Current Period		Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term	981.611	9.146.313	623.569	7.394.532
Medium and long-term	1.023.960	62.996.941	921.837	52.184.230
Total	2.005.571	72.143.254	1.545.406	59.578.762

2.33. Information on securitization borrowings:

2.33.1. The Bank obtains borrowings via its structured entity, Diversified Payment Rights Finance Company, with securitization transactions which is founded on its future money transfers within its funding programme.

	Cur	Current Period		or Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From foreign banks	-	-	-	-
From foreign institutions	-	41.033.434	-	31.133.988
From foreign funds	-	-	-	-
Total	-	41.033.434	-	31.133.988

2.332. Information on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

The Bank classified some of its financial liabilities as the financial liabilities classified at fair value through profit/loss in order to eliminate the accounting mismatch at the initial recognition in accordance with TFRS 9. As of September 30, 2022, the total amount of financial liabilities classified as fair value through profit/loss is TL 36.199.932 (December 31, 2021 – TL 25.794.232) with an accrued interest income of TL 3.449.257 (December 31, 2021 - TL 1.512.319 income) and with a fair value difference of TL 2.124.937 recognized in the income statement as an income (December 31, 2021 - TL 1.145.200 income). On the other hand, the nominal amounts of the total return swaps and bond forwards which are closely related with these financial liabilities as of September 30, 2022 are TL 38.723.999 (December 31, 2021 - TL 26.657.676) for buy legs and sell legs with a fair value differences amounting to TL 3.437.579 liability (December 31, 2021 – TL 1.377.439 liability). The mentioned total return swaps have 8 year maturity in average.

2.34. Information on marketable securities issued:

		Current Period		Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Bonds	5.977.358	246.101	5.828.651	-
Bills ⁽¹⁾	1.405.888	28.325.462	1.411.897	27.013.194
Total	7.383.246	28.571.563	7.240.548	27.013.194

⁽¹⁾ Including mortgage backed securities amounting to TL 2.054.551 as of September 30, 2022 (December 31, 2021 – TL 2.037.105).

2.4. Information on other liabilities:

As of September 30, 2022, other liabilities do not exceed 10% of the total balance sheet commitments.

2.5. Information on lease payables:

		Current Period		
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	541.098	372.896	435.020	291.639
Between 1 – 4 years	1.071.625	738.582	879.335	589.544
More than 4 years	722.072	497.613	633.999	425.034
Total	2.334.795	1.609.091	1.948.354	1.306.217

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2.6. Information on provisions:

2.6.1. Information on reserve for employee rights:

In accordance with Turkish Labour Law, the reserve for employment termination benefits is calculated as the present value of the probable future obligation in case of the retirement of employees. "TAS – 19 Employee Rights" necessitates actuarial valuation methods to calculate the liabilities of enterprises.

The following actuarial as sumptions were used in the calculation of total liabilities:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Discount rate (%)	4,45	4,45
Possibility of being eligible for retirement (%)	95,39	95,39

The principal actuarial assumption is that the maximum liability will increase in line with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the effects of future inflation. As the annual ceiling is revised semi-annually, the ceiling of full TL 15.371,40 effective from July 1, 2022 has been taken into consideration in calculating the reserve for employment termination benefits.

Movement of employment termination benefits liability in the balance sheet:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Prior period ending balance	897.413	635.407
Changes during the period	143.360	90.323
Recognized in equity	384.040	244.984
Paid during the period	(84.159)	(73.301)
Balance at the end of the period	1.340.654	897.413

In addition, the Bank has accounted for unused vacation rights provision amounting to TL 321.996 as of September 30, 2022 (December 31, 2021 - TL 180.721).

2.6.2. Information on provisions related with the foreign currency difference of foreign currency indexed loans:

None. (December 31, 2021 – None).

2.6.3. Other provisions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Pension fund provision	1.813.098	1.813.098
Provisions on unindemnified non cash loans	1.040.523	843.108
Expected credit loss on non cash loans	1.100.526	874.667
Provision on lawsuits	113.730	112.488
Provisions on credit cards and promotion campaigns related to banking services	97.397	65.061
Other	1.712.796	1.039.943
Total	5.878.070	4.748.365

2.7. Information on taxes payable:

2.7.1. Information on taxes payable:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Corporate Tax Payable	5.647.146	2.006.608
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax ("BITT")	481.293	266.769
Taxation of Marketable Securities	239.846	221.126
Value Added Tax Payable	32.758	75.843
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	64.180	26.780
Property Tax	6.198	4.593
Other	120.033	160.196
Total	6.591.454	2.761.915

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2.7.2. Information on premium payables:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social security premiums – employee	-	-
Social security premiums – employer	-	- 1
Bank pension fund premiums – employee	59.683	44.576
Bank pension fund premiums – employer	82.649	61.826
Pension fund deposit and provisions – employee	-	
Pension fund deposit and provisions – employer	-	- 1
Unemployment insurance – employee	4.261	3.182
Unemployment insurance – employer	8.524	6.366
Other	-	-
Total	155.117	115.950

2.8. Liabilities for property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net):

None (December 31, 2021 - None).

2.9. Information on subordinated debt(1):

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Debt instruments to be included in additional capital calculation	-	12.372.961	-	8.973.642
Subordinated loans	-	-	-	-
Subordinated debt	-	12.372.961	-	8.973.642
Debt instruments to be included in contribution capital calculation	752.740	42.334.847	808.921	29.659.436
Subordinated loans	-	15.890.157	-	11.144.441
Subordinated debt	752.740	26.444.690	808.921	18.514.995
Total	752.740	54.707.808	808.921	38.633.078

⁽¹⁾ Subordinated loans are explained in detail in Note "Details on Subordinated Liabilities" of section four.

2.10. Information on shareholders' equity:

2.10.1. Presentation of paid-in capital:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common stock	8.447.051	8.447.051
Preferred stock	-	_

2.10.2. Paid-in capital amount, explanation as to whether the registered share capital system is applied and if so, amount of registered share capital ceiling:

		Registered Share
Capital System	Paid-In Capital	Capital Ceiling
Registered Capital System	8.447.051	15.000.000

2.103. Information on the share capital increases during the period and the sources:

None (December 31, 2021 – None).

2.10.4. Information on transfers from capital reserves to capital during the current period:

None (December 31, 2021 – None).

2.10.5. Information on capital commitments, until the end of the fiscal year and the subsequent interim period:

None (December 31, 2021 - None).

2.10.6. Information on prior period's indicators on the Bank's income, profitability and liquidity, and possible effects of these future assumptions on the Bank's equity due to uncertainties of these indicators:

The interest, liquidity, and foreign exchange risk related to on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet assets and liabilities are managed by the Bank within several risk and legal limits.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2.10.7. Privileges on the corporate stock:

None (December 31, 2021 - None).

2.10.8. Information on marketable securities value increase fund:

	Current Period			Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
From investments in associates, subsidiaries, and joint					
ventures	717.308	10.022.501	725.343	8.335.590	
Revaluation difference ⁽¹⁾	717.308	438.646	725.343	438.066	
Foreign currency difference ⁽¹⁾	-	9.583.855	-	7.897.524	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive					
income	10.541.824	(2.418.973)	1.716.630	(257.924)	
Revaluation difference (2)	10.541.824	(2.418.973)	1.716.630	(257.924)	
Foreign currency differences	-	-	-	-	
Total	11.259.132	7.603.528	2.441.973	8.077.666	

Includes differences between historical cost basis and equity method of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures.
 Includes tax effect related to foreign currency valuation differences in TL column.

2.10.9. Information on profit distribution:

It was decided to distribute unconsolidated net profit of TL 10.489.758 as of December 31, 2021, in accordance with the General Assembly dated March 23, 2022 as follows: TL 202.649 to be transferred to legal reserves, TL 18.763 to be transferred to special funds account in accordance with the article No 5 1/e section of the Corporate TaxLaw numbered 5520, TL 1.000.000 to be distributed as cash dividend and the remaining TL 9.268.346 to be transferred to extraordinary reserves. As of April 13, 2022, cash dividend has been paid.

3. Explanations and notes related to off-balance sheet accounts

Information on off balance sheet commitments: 3.1.

3.1.1. The amount and type of irrevocable commitments:

	CurrentPeriod	Prior Period
Commitments on credit card limits	112.740.405	58.777.036
Asset purchase and sale commitments	61.860.801	19.796.270
Loan granting commitments	48.077.396	26.827.510
Commitments for cheques	5.306.582	4.306.427
Other irrevocable commitments	23.766.164	12.933.577
Total	251.751.348	122.640.820

3.1.2. Type and amount of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items:

Obligations arising from off-balance sheet are disclosed in "Off-balance sheet commitments". The Bank set aside general provision for its non-cash loans amounting to TL 1.100.526 (December 31, 2021 - TL 874.667) and specific provision amounting to TL 1.435.146 (December 31, 2021 - TL 1.138.170) for non-cash loans which are not indemnified yet amounting to TL 1.040.523 (December 31, 2021 - TL 843.108).

3.1.2.1. Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptance loans, collaterals that are accepted as financial guarantees and other letter of credits:

	CurrentPeriod	Prior Period
Bank acceptance loans	1.138.814	545.822
Letter of credits	32.070.375	25.507.486
Other guarantees and collaterals	22.366.522	15.072.056
Total	55.575.711	41.125.364

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

3.122. Guarantees, suretyships and other similar transactions:

	CurrentPeriod	Prior Period
Temporary letter of guarantees	3.723.549	2.091.040
Definite letter of guarantees	86.485.745	62.846.729
Advance letter of guarantees	29.972.276	19.182.209
Letter of guarantees given to customs	5.771.565	3.690.473
Other letter of guarantees	48.700.220	31.683.924
Total	174 653 355	119 494 375

3.13. Information on non-cash loans:

3.13.1. Total amount of non-cash loans:

	CurrentPeriod	Prior Period
Non-cash loans given against cash loans	47.197.360	30.422.800
With original maturity of 1 year or less than 1 year	12.998.783	8.963.485
With original maturity of more than 1 year	34.198.577	21.459.315
Other non-cash loans	183.031.706	130.196.939
Total	230.229.066	160.619.739

3.2. Information on contingent liabilities and assets:

The Bank has recorded a provision of $TL\,113.730$ (December 31, $2021-TL\,112.488$) for litigation and has accounted for it in the accompanying financial statements under the "Other Provisions" account. Except for the claims where provisions are recorded, management considers as remote the probability of a negative result in ongoing litigations and therefore does not foresee cash outflow for such claims .

3.3. Information on services in the name and account of others:

The Bank's activities such as intermediation and custody to serve the investment needs of customers are followed up under off balance sheet accounts.

4. Explanations and notes related to income statement:

4.1. Information on interest income:

4.1.1. Information on interest income on loans:

	C	Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term loans (1)	14.949.125	1.721.427	6.793.267	614.861
Medium/long-term loans (1)	22.019.435	7.305.864	13.215.576	4.259.809
Interest on loans under follow-up	1.336.438	-	714.416	-
Premiums received from resource utilization support fund	-	-	-	-
Total	38.304.998	9.027.291	20.723.259	4.874.670

⁽¹⁾ Includes fees and commissions received for cash loans.

4.12. Information on interest income on banks:

	Cu	Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From the CBRT	2.293	-	969	-
From domestic banks	128.680	82	145.105	53
From foreign banks	-	401.081	1.367	90.901
Headquarters and branches abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	130.973	401.163	147.441	90.954

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

4.13. Information on interest income on marketable securities:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5.481	28.555	6.477	11.780
From financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	11.492.712	739.205	2.781.183	115.174
From financial assets measured at amortised cost	19.373.310	1.883.510	5.103.466	886.703
Total	30.871.503	2.651.270	7.891.126	1.013.657

As of September 30, 2022, the valuation of related CPI-indexed government bonds has been calculated according to the annual inflation forecast of 65%. In case the CPI forecast increases or decreases by 1%, profit before taxes as of September 30, 2022 will be impacted by approximately TL 356.129.

4.1.4. Information on interest income received from associates and subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Interest received from associates and subsidiaries	200.072	75.471
Total	200.072	75.471

4.2. Information on interest expense:

4.2.1. Information on interest expense on borrowings:

		Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	203.599	1.957.575	123.847	984.711
The CBRT	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	110.152	33.372	65.977	9.172
Foreign banks	93.447	1.924.203	57.870	975.539
Headquarters and branches abroad	-	-	-	-
Other institutions	-	1.285.220	-	378.422
Total (1)	203.599	3.242.795	123.847	1.363.133

⁽¹⁾ Includes fees and commissions related to borrowings.

4.2.2. Information on interest expense to associates and subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Interest paid to associates and subsidiaries	139.551	43.473
Total	139.551	43.473

4.23. Information on interest expense to mark etable securities issued:

		Current Period		Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest expense to marketable securities issued	1.099.424	3.834.081	1.054.773	2.114.360
Total	1.099.424	3.834.081	1.054.773	2.114.360

4.2.4. Information on interest expense on money market transactions:

	1	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest expense on money market transactions	3.912.731	134.309	4.476.300	34.902
Total	3.912.731	134.309	4.476.300	34.902

4.25. Information on other interest expenses:

Pursuant to the CBRT's regulation dated December 27, 2021 and numbered 2374 and regulation dated August 31, 2022 and numbered 1579, banks that fail to meet conversion targets from foreign currency to Turkish Lira and banks whose Turkish Lira deposits are below 50% in total deposits are charged a commission over the required reserves for foreign currency deposits. In this regard, a commission expense of TL 1.780.142 has been accounted in other interest expenses as of September 30, 2022.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30,2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

4.2.6. Maturity structure of the interest expense on deposits:

				Time	Deposit				
						More		•	
	Demand	Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 6	Up to 1	than 1	Accumulating		Prior
Account name	Deposit	month	months	months	Year	year	deposit	Total	Period
TL									
Bank deposits	2.593	250.993	13.233	-	-	-	-	266.819	198.827
Saving deposits	-	434.070	9.251.892	95.590	17.104	32.064	-	9.830.720	6.264.420
Public sector deposits	-	8.999	6.258	546	5	1	-	15.809	5.502
Commercial deposits	53	2.447.993	3.011.736	1.099.266	815.566	261.630	-	7.636.244	3.839.613
Other deposits	-	195.037	1.026.093	584.069	92.524	160.899	-	2.058.622	305.022
Deposits with 7 days									
notification	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2.646	3.337.092	13.309.212	1.779.471	925.199	454.594	-	19.808.214	10.613.384
FC									
Foreign currency deposits	893	125.628	1.069.408	53.375	10.543	6.914	-	1.266.761	589.095
Bank deposits	21.352	21.351	103	-	-	-	-	42.806	21.235
Deposits with 7 days									
notification	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious metal vault	-	232	1.593	-	988	164	-	2.977	2.634
Total	22.245	147.211	1.071.104	53.375	11.531	7.078	-	1.312.544	612.964
Grand total	24.891	3.484.303	14.380.316	1.832.846	936.730	461.672	-	21.120.758	11.226.348

4.3. **Information on trading gain/loss (net):**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gain	108.605.753	66.550.140
Gain from capital market transactions	2.360.780	212.980
Derivative financial transaction gains	56.297.772	22.992.054
Foreign exchange gains	49.947.201	43.345.106
Loss (-)	100.894.159	69.601.007
Loss from capital market transactions	124.573	63.629
Derivative financial transaction losses	41.134.988	19.947.446
Foreign exchange loss	59.634.598	49.589.932
Net gain/loss	7.711.594	(3.050.867)

Allowance for expected credit losses and other provision expenses:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Allowance for expected credit losses	9.928.137	3.752.049
12-month expected credit losses (Stage 1)	1.223.951	570.799
Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	2.727.860	1.418.255
Credit-Impaired (Stage 3)	5.976.326	1.762.995
Impairment provisions for financial assets	228.446	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	228.446	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-
Impairment provisions related to investments in associates, subsidiaries and jointly controlled		
partnerships (Joint ventures)	-	-
Investments in associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Jointly controlled partnerships (joint ventures)	-	-
Other	47.105	184.450
Total	10.203.688	3.936.499

4.5. Information on derivatives financial transaction gain/loss:

The net gain resulting from the foreign exchange differences related to derivative financial transactions is TL 16.563.280 (September 30, 2021 – TL 8.009.349 gain).

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

4.6. Information on other operating income:

"Other Operating Income" in the Income Statement mainly includes collections from receivables for which Specific / General provision has been allocated in prior periods. The legal process initiated by the Bank against the Competition Authority's decision to impose an administrative fine on the Bank in 2013, for the cancellation of the decision and the refund of the relevant fine, was concluded in favor of the Bank and the fine of TL 112.340 paid on 14 August 2013 was returned to the Bank.

4.7. Information related to other operating expenses:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reserve for employee termination benefits	59.201	16.997
Provision expense for pension fund	-	-
Impairment expenses of property and equipment	-	-
Depreciation expenses of property and equipment	539.220	389.200
Impairment expenses of intangible assets	-	-
Goodwill impairment expenses	-	-
Amortisation expenses of intangible assets	174.058	149.603
Impairment expenses of equity participations for which equity method applied	-	-
Impairment expenses of assets held for resale	-	-
Depreciation expenses of assets held for resale	-	-
Impairment expenses of fixed assets held for sale and assets related to discontinued operations	-	-
Other operating expenses	5.307.965	2.532.732
IFRS 16 exempt lease expenses	87.142	60.798
Repair and maintenance expenses	213.625	121.844
Advertising expenses	251.121	117.167
Other expense	4.756.077	2.232.923
Loss on sales of assets	-	1.479
Other	1.618.749	850.535
Total	7.699.193	3.940.546

4.8. Information on income/loss before taxes from continuing operations and discontinued operations:

The profit before tax includes TL 46.411.999 (September 30, 2021 - TL 14.824.273) of net interest income, TL 9.622.632 (September 30, 2021 - TL 5.215.021) of net fees and commissions income, TL 5.425.253 personnel expenses (September 30, 2021 - TL 2.844.617) and other operating expenses amounting to TL 7.699.193 (September 30, 2021 - TL 3.940.546).

As of September 30, 2022, the Bank has no profit before tax from discontinued operations (September 30, 2021 – None).

4.9. Provision for taxes on income from continuing operations and discontinued operations:

As of September 30, 2022, the Bank tax expense from continued operations, from discontinued operations amounting to TL 16.251.353 (September 30, 2021 – TL 1.246.994 expense) and deferred tax income from continued operations amounting to TL 6.199.328 (September 30, 2021 – TL 526.760 expense).

4.10. Information on net income/loss for the period:

- **4.10.1.** The characteristics, dimension and recurrence of income or expense items arising from ordinary banking transactions do not require any additional explanation to understand the Bank's current period performance.
- **4.10.2.** The effect of the change in an estimate of financial statement items to profit / loss is not likely to affect subsequent periods

4.11. Other items in income statement:

"Other fees and commissions received" in income statement mainly includes commissions and fees from credit cards and banking transactions.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30,2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

5. Explanations and notes related to the Bank's risk group

5.1. The volume of transactions relating to the Bank's risk group, outstanding loan and deposit transactions and profit and loss of the period:

5.1.1. Information on loans of the Bank's risk group:

Current Period	Direct and indirect Associates, subsidiaries shareholders and joint ventures of the Bank		lders that have been include			
Bank's risk group (1)(2)	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at the beginning of the period	655.614	892.378	3.012.999	1.070.846	7.098.747	3.310.640
Balance at the end of the period	2.130.647	538.296	3.323.630	802.273	8.380.725	5.336.190
Interest and commission income received (3)	200.072	2.166	45.557	1.836	1.174.125	19.548

Prior Period	Direct and indirect Associates, subsidiaries shareholders and joint ventures of the Bank		eholders that have been included			
Bank's risk group (1)(2)	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at the beginning of the period	1.245.321	301.506	883.127	898.824	5.231.297	2.078.697
Balance at the end of the period	655.614	892.378	3.012.999	1.070.846	7.098.747	3.310.640
Interest and commission income received (3)	75.471	1.896	24.613	6.288	502.341	9.562

⁽¹⁾ Defined in subsection 2 of the 49th article of the Banking Act No.5411.

5.12. Information on deposits of the Bank's risk group:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures		ct and indirect shareholders of the Bank	that have	d legal persons been included the risk group
Deposit	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Beginning of the period	2.837.798	1.949.302	38.192.490	24.402.131	50.910.186	30.828.068
End of the period	2.988.959	2.837.798	30.156.042	38.192.490	62.025.524	50.910.186
Interest expense on deposits ⁽³⁾	139.551	43.473	1.511.555	1.223.417	1.023.207	1.339.454

⁽¹⁾ Defined in subsection 2 of the 49th article of the Banking Act No. 5411.

5.13. Information on forward and option agreements and other derivative instruments with the Bank's risk group:

Bank's risk group ⁽¹⁾	Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures			Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real and legal persons that have been included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	
Transactions at fair value through profit							
or loss							
Beginning of the period ⁽²⁾	4.298.899	1.181.891	2.828.070	1.573.859	379.300	1.585.212	
End of the period (2)	2.387.815	4.298.899	2.139.627	2.828.070	1.601.212	379.300	
Total profit / (loss) ⁽³⁾	889.175	506.096	18.229	30.785	(357.968)	55.239	
Transactions for hedging purposes							
Beginning of the period (2)	-	-	525.855	516.747	-	-	
End of the period (2)	-	-	-	525.855	-	-	
Total profit / (loss) ⁽³⁾	-	-	_	20.301	-	-	

⁽¹⁾ Defined in subsection 2 of the 49th article of the Banking Act No. 5411.

5.14. Information regarding benefits provided to the Bank's top management:

Salaries and benefits paid to the Bank's top management amount to TL 39.018 as of September 30, 2022 (September 30, 2021 - TL 41.692).

6. Explanations and notes related to subsequent events

⁽²⁾ The information in table above includes marketable securities and due from banks as well as loans.

⁽³⁾ Prior period present profit / loss information of September 30, 2021.

⁽²⁾ The information in table above includes borrowings and repo transactions as well as deposits.

 $^{(3) \} Prior \ period \ present \ profit \ / \ loss \ information \ of \ September \ 30, 2021.$

⁽²⁾ The balances at the beginning and end of the periods are disclosed as the total of buy and sell amounts of derivative financial instruments.

(3) Prior period present profit / loss information of September 30, 2021.

 $(Convenience\ translation\ of\ publicly\ announced\ unconsolidated\ financial\ statements\ originally\ issued\ in\ Turkish, see in\ note\ 1.\ of\ section\ three)$

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30,2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Section six-Explanations on independent audit review report

1. Explanations on independent auditor's review report

The unconsolidated financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2022 have been reviewed by PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. The independent auditor's review report dated, October 31, 2022 is presented preceding the unconsolidated financial statements.

Explanations and notes prepared by independent auditor 2.

None.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Section seven - Information on interim activity $report^{(1)}$

1. Interim activity report which also contains the evaluation of the Chairman and the CEO of the Bank about the interim period activities

1.1. Message from Yapı Kredi's Board of Directors Chairman Ali Y. Koç:

In the first 9 months of 2022, high inflation, supply chain fluctuations and growth concerns continued to be the main topics with increasing global uncertainties. Especially the high energy prices that came along with the Russia-Ukraine crisis resulted in an increase in concerns for both countries and individuals as the winter months approached.

Despite these challenging conditions, Turkey continued its growth in a controlled manner. The economy grew by 7.5% in the first half of 2022. However, data on industrial production and domestic demand in the third quarter point to a slight slowdown in growth rates.

The Turkish banking sector continued to support the economy, while strengthening its balance sheet structure. In the first 9 months of the year, total loans increased by 68% annually and reached TL 6.415 billion. In the same period, the deposit base grew by 91% to reach TL 7.527 billion. Thus, the loan/deposit ratio of the sector improved by 14 points compared to the same period of the previous year and decreased to 85%.

On the asset quality side, the positive trend continued, and the non-performing loans ratio decreased by 80 basis points to 2.3% since the end of 2021.

Yapı Kredi continued to contribute to the Turkish economy and the Turkish banking sector with its commitment to sustainability in all aspects of its operations. Going forward, preserving strong fundamentals, Yapı Kredi will continue to support the economy and its customers, while maintaining its focus on asset quality and healthy balance sheet structure.

I would hereby like to extend my thanks to all our customers and shareholders for their continuous support and trust, and our employees and their families for their devoted efforts.

Ali Y. Koç Chairman of the Board (Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements originally issued in Turkish, see in note 1. of section three)

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.S.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.2. Message from Yapı Kredi's CEO Gökhan Erün:

In the third quarter of 2022, the negative impact of high inflation and growth concerns on the economic outlook continued. Global economic activity is experiencing a sharper-than-expected slowdown. The cost-of-living crisis, tightening financial conditions in most regions, Russia-Ukraine crisis and the lingering COVID-19 pandemic all weigh heavily on the outlook.

Despite these challenging conditions, Turkey recorded a strong growth of 7.5% in the first half of 2022. Even though data on industrial production and domestic demand in the third quarter point to a slight slowdown in growth rates, the economy continues to grow in a controlled manner.

The Turkish banking sector once again demonstrated its resilience in difficult conditions in this period, as it did in previous years. Despite all the uncertainties in the operating environment arising from the pandemic and geopolitical developments, Turkish banking sector continued to support the economy, while improving its key performance indicators further.

As Yapı Kredi, our support to the economy through cash and non-cash loans has increased by 41% year-to-date and 70% annually exceeding TL 770 billion. In TL cash loans, the Bank recorded a year-to-date growth of 58% and an annual growth of 69%. On the other hand, year-to-date TL customer deposit growth was 109%, well above the loan growth. Thus, the Bank's TL loan deposit ratio decreased by 34 points to 113% during the first 9 months of the year.

While maintaining its support to the economy, the Bank further improved its capital and liquidity ratios. The FX liquidity coverage ratio rose to 581%, while the total liquidity coverage ratio realized at 164% level. On the capital side, in addition to internal capital generation, the contributions of being the first Turkish Bank adopting the internal ratings-based (IRB) approach, the consolidated capital adequacy ratio and the Tier 1 ratio rose to 18.7% and 16.6%, respectively (without the impact of regulatory forbearances).

I would like to take this opportunity to thank our customers, our shareholders for their trust, and our employees for their valuable efforts.

Gökhan Erün CEO

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.3. Overview of Financial Performance:

On 31 October 2022, Yapı Kredi announced its unconsolidated results for the first nine months of 2022 based on Turkish accounting standards (Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency). The Bank's cash and non-cash loans reached TL 770.2 billion while total deposits reached to TL 605.2 billion. The Bank's net income reached TL 35,315 million indicating a return on average tangible equity of 54.8%.

Local currency driven loan and deposit growth with a solid liquidity

In the first nine months of 2022, The Bank achieved 39% year-to-date growth in performing loans to TL 539.9 billion, mainly driven by Turkish Lira. During the same period, the Bank's total customer deposit growth was at 49% year-to-date and reached TL 587.5 billion. Also, demand deposits in total remained at a high level with 39%, within the scope of continued focus on small tickets in deposit gathering. Accordingly, loan-to-deposits plus Turkish Lira bonds ratio realized at 88%. The Bank's total and foreign currency liquidity coverage ratios realized at 164% and 581%, respectively.

Prudent and conservative asset quality approach

In the first nine months of 2022, Yapı Kredi's non-performing loan ratio improved to 3.4%. High level of provisions set aside, despite the limited net NPL inflows in the period. Accordingly, cumulative cost of risk (adjusted for hedged foreign currency impact) materialised at 100 basis points in the first nine months of 2022. Provisions to gross loans realized at 5.8%.

Strong capital ratios and ongoing internal capital generation

In the first nine months of 2022, the capital ratios of the Bank were supported by ongoing internal capital generation and by the contributions of being the first Turkish Bank adopting the IRB method. Hence, unconsolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio and Tier-1 ratio increased to 18.7% and 16.6% respectively, excluding regulatory forbearances.

Solid top-line, improving asset quality and strong liquidity

In the first nine months of 2022, Yapı Kredi recorded TL 53,823 million of core banking revenues. Thanks to the strong ongoing loan deposit spread performance and the support from CPI linker securities, swap adjusted net interest margin improved 438 basis points to 7.55%, in the nine months of the year. Yapı Kredi recorded a substantial 85% improvement in year-over-year fee growth, reaching to TL 9,622 million. Operating costs increased by 93% year over year to TL 13,124 million. All in all, the Bank achieved a net income of TL 35,315 million and 54.8% return on average tangible equity.

1.4. Summary of Unconsolidated Financials

TL million	Current Period	Prior Period
Total Assets	1,029,884	736,770
Performing Loans	539,950	387,382
Total Deposits	605,191	401,095
Shareholder's Equity	112,517	63,484
Loans/Assets	52%	53%
Deposits/Assets	59%	54%
NPL	3.4%	4.6%
$CAR^{(1)}$	20.4%	18.7%
TL million	Current Period	Prior Period
Net Profit	35,315	6,932
Return on Average Tangible Equity	54.8%	18.6%
(1) P	<u> </u>	

⁽¹⁾ Reported

1.5. Important Developments and Transactions Affecting the Bank's Financial Performance:

The Bank sold an NPL portfolio with a total amount of TL565mn for TL113mn in the third quarter.

Notes to unconsolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.6. Current Trends and Expectations for the Upcoming Period:

Yapı Kredi revised its initial 2022 year-end guidance on September 30, 2022.

2022 Yapı Kredi Expectations:

- Loans: Turkish Lira loan growth at around 65%, high twenties reduction in foreign currency loans
- Net Interest Margin (including swap costs): greater than 7.5%
- > Fees: higher than inflation increase
- Costs: around 90%
- ➤ Net Cost of Risk: below 150 basis points
- Return on Tangible Equity: greater than 50%